

2024 Annual Inspection Report for the DOE Monticello, Utah, Mill Tailings Site and Monticello Vicinity Properties

December 2024



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Appendix A Annual Inspection Checklist

Abbreviations

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

DOE U.S. Department of Energy

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

GRO Groundwater Remedy Optimization

GWRA Groundwater Restricted Area

IC institutional control

LCRS Leachate Collection and Removal System

LDS Leak Detection System

LM Office of Legacy ManagementLMS Legacy Management Support

LTS&M long-term surveillance and maintenance

LTS&M Plan Long-Term Surveillance and Maintenance Plan

MMTS Monticello Mill Tailings Site
MVP Monticello Vicinity Properties

NPL National Priorities List

OU Operable Unit

PL photograph location

PRB permeable reactive barrier

TSF Temporary Storage Facility

UDEQ Utah Department of Environmental Quality

UDOT Utah Department of Transportation

Executive Summary

The annual inspection of the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Monticello Mill Tailings Site (MMTS) and Monticello Vicinity Properties (MVP) site was conducted on September 24–26, 2024. These sites, which are part of the Monticello, Utah, Disposal and Processing Sites, are inspected annually to ensure that the selected remedies remain protective of human health and the environment. Under those remedies, uranium mill tailings-related contamination remains in place at locations where use is restricted and exposure is limited. Annual inspections include the following: (1) verify that long-term surveillance and maintenance (LTS&M) activities implemented throughout the year are effective and appropriate, (2) confirm that the institutional controls (ICs) restricting land and groundwater use under the MMTS and MVP remedies remain effective, and (3) identify deficiencies and maintenance items and recommend corrective actions as needed. This report summarizes the results of the 2024 annual inspection.

Repository Findings: The repository site consists of the access area (including the Temporary Storage Facility [TSF]), the repository perimeter, repository runoff and run-on controls, Pond 4, the repository cover, and cover penetrations. The site is well maintained and well managed. Signs displaying information were in order. All perimeter signs were inspected and found to be in good condition. The TSF bin contains approximately 6.25 cubic yards of excavated soil. The repository cover did not show any evidence of settling, slumping, fracturing, seepage, ponding, or significant erosion. Repository vegetation is healthy and composed primarily of desirable species. Sediment present in the toe trenches does not impair their function. Small amounts of young shrubs were found inside the west and south drainage channels. The shrubs inside the drainage are small enough to be treated with herbicide in fall 2025. Shrub growth along the bottom of the southern fence line is at a height where herbicide treatment is needed to protect the integrity of the fence. The water in Pond 4 was approximately 6.95 feet deep, mostly from the operation of the Groundwater Remedy Optimization (GRO) system. The exposed liner of Pond 4 had two holes located approximately 8 feet above the waterline along the welded seams. The function of the liner is not impaired, and repairs are scheduled for spring 2025. New erosion was present on the east slope of the Pond 4 berm. The erosion does not affect the integrity of the berm but will continue to be monitored. A lightning strike on the embedded lysimeter monitoring equipment occurred on August 26, 2024, damaging many of the sensors. Surface sensor repairs were made during September and October of 2024 and subsurface repairs are yet to be determined.

City-Owned Property Findings: There was no evidence that any ICs were violated on properties owned by the City of Monticello. Wetlands appear to be ecologically healthy. No groundwater drilling applications were sought for the city-owned properties, and no drilling activities within the restricted area were noted or reported by onsite personnel. There was no evidence of recent fire pits or overnight camping. Visible signs of erosion from heavy rain events were seen on property MP-01077 and MP-01041. The existing mountain bike trails were impacted by heavy rain events and new erosion was present. All storm-eroded material was scanned by onsite personnel and no radiological material was detected. The function of these areas is not impaired, but continued monitoring is recommended. There was no evidence that soil has been removed from the site.

City Streets and Utility Corridor Findings: No unplanned or unmonitored excavations related to city streets and utility corridors were identified. New erosion off the west highway shoulder along the U.S. Highway 191 embankment at Montezuma Creek was apparent due to heavy precipitation events. All storm-eroded material was scanned by onsite personnel and no radiological material was detected. All planned excavations had been properly monitored by onsite personnel.

Private Property Findings: No changes in land use on restricted properties were apparent. No well-drilling permit applications were received by the Utah Division of Water Rights within the Montezuma Creek Restrictive Easement Area or the Groundwater Restricted Area. Onsite personnel verified that no wells were drilled in the alluvial aquifer for domestic use within the Groundwater Restricted Area. No significant land-use changes in these areas were apparent.

Records Findings: Deed restrictions were verified at the San Juan County Clerk and Recorder's Office, including those associated with the sale of properties. The information repository and the Operable Unit III Administrative Record were converted to electronic format in 2017. These collections were present and accessible electronically at the site. All site record books were correct and complete with only minor deficiencies, which were corrected before completion of the annual site inspection.

Operable Unit III Findings: Facilities related to the GRO system—including the water transmission pipeline access road, Groundwater Transfer Building, and extraction well field—were intact and functioning. Water sampling teams noted no deficiencies during routine well inspections in October 2023 and April 2024.

Conclusions and Recommendations: The 2024 annual inspection confirmed that DOE LTS&M activities implemented throughout the year remain effective and appropriate, and ICs restricting land and groundwater use as part of the MMTS and MVP remedies remain effective. Corrective actions include repairing two holes of the exposed Pond 4 liner, tentatively planned for spring 2025, herbicide treatment of woody shrubs inside the west and south drainage channels, and herbicide treatment of woody shrubs along the southern fence line. Herbicide treatments of the fence line and diversion channels are scheduled for fall 2025.

1.0 Introduction

The annual inspection of the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Monticello Mill Tailings Site (MMTS) and Monticello Vicinity Properties (MVP) was conducted on September 24–26, 2024. These sites, which are part of the Monticello, Utah, Disposal and Processing Sites, are inspected annually to ensure that the selected remedies remain protective of human health and the environment. Under those remedies, uranium mill tailings-related contamination remains in place at locations where use is restricted and exposure is limited. Annual inspections include the following: (1) verify that long-term surveillance and maintenance (LTS&M) activities implemented throughout the year are effective and appropriate, (2) confirm that the institutional controls (ICs) restricting land and groundwater use under the MMTS and MVP remedies remain effective, and (3) identify deficiencies and maintenance items and recommend corrective actions as needed. This report summarizes the results of the 2024 annual inspection. Photographs to support specific observations are identified in the text and in figures by photograph location (PL) numbers. This report summarizes the results of the 2024 annual inspection in accordance with the *Long-Term Surveillance and Maintenance Plan for Monticello NPL Sites* (DOE 2022), also known as the Long-Term Surveillance and Maintenance Plan (LTS&M Plan).

1.1 Monticello Site Background Information

1.1.1 Site History

From the early 1940s to 1960, uranium and vanadium ores were intermittently handled and processed at the mill and the ore-buying station in Monticello. Mill tailings with low-level radioactivity were impounded at the former mill, and some were dispersed over time to nearby properties by wind and water or were used for construction throughout the City of Monticello. Drainage of liquids from the impounded tailings-contaminated groundwater in the underlying shallow alluvial aquifer eventually discharges into Montezuma Creek.

The MVP and MMTS projects were placed on the National Priorities List (NPL) in 1986 and 1989, respectively, to address mill-related contamination. Figure 1 shows the locations of the Monticello NPL sites. In accordance with the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA), DOE completed remediation of soil contamination at the MMTS and MVP in August 1999. Radioactively contaminated materials were placed in an engineered disposal cell approximately 1 mile south of the former mill site. The disposal cell, which was completed in October 1999, and associated support facilities are known collectively as the repository site (Figure 2).

In some locations, radioactively contaminated material was left in place in compliance with supplemental standards, as codified in Title 40 *Code of Federal Regulations* Section 192.21 (40 CFR 192.21). These areas, referred to as supplemental standards areas (Figure 3 and Figure 4), are on city-owned and private properties, beneath city streets, and in utility corridors. ICs are applied to these properties, as well as properties overlying contaminated groundwater.

Figure 3 identifies the locations of the Monticello properties subject to annual inspection. In this report, many of the inspection items refer to a specific property identifier, such as MS-00893. These identifiers were assigned during remedial actions for the purpose of tracking the scope and progress of remedial actions on individual land holdings.

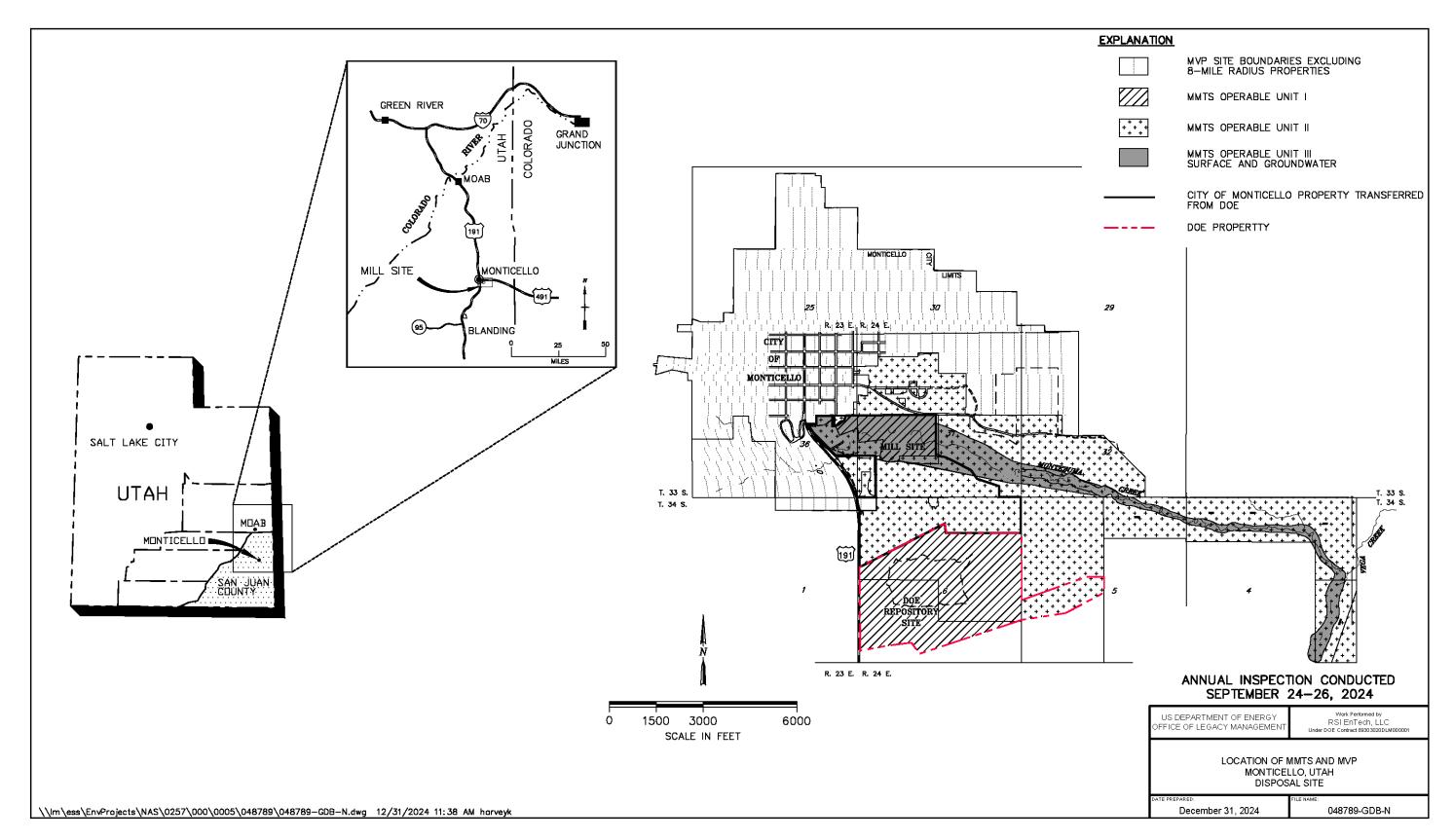


Figure 1. Location of MMTS and MVP, Monticello, Utah, Disposal Site

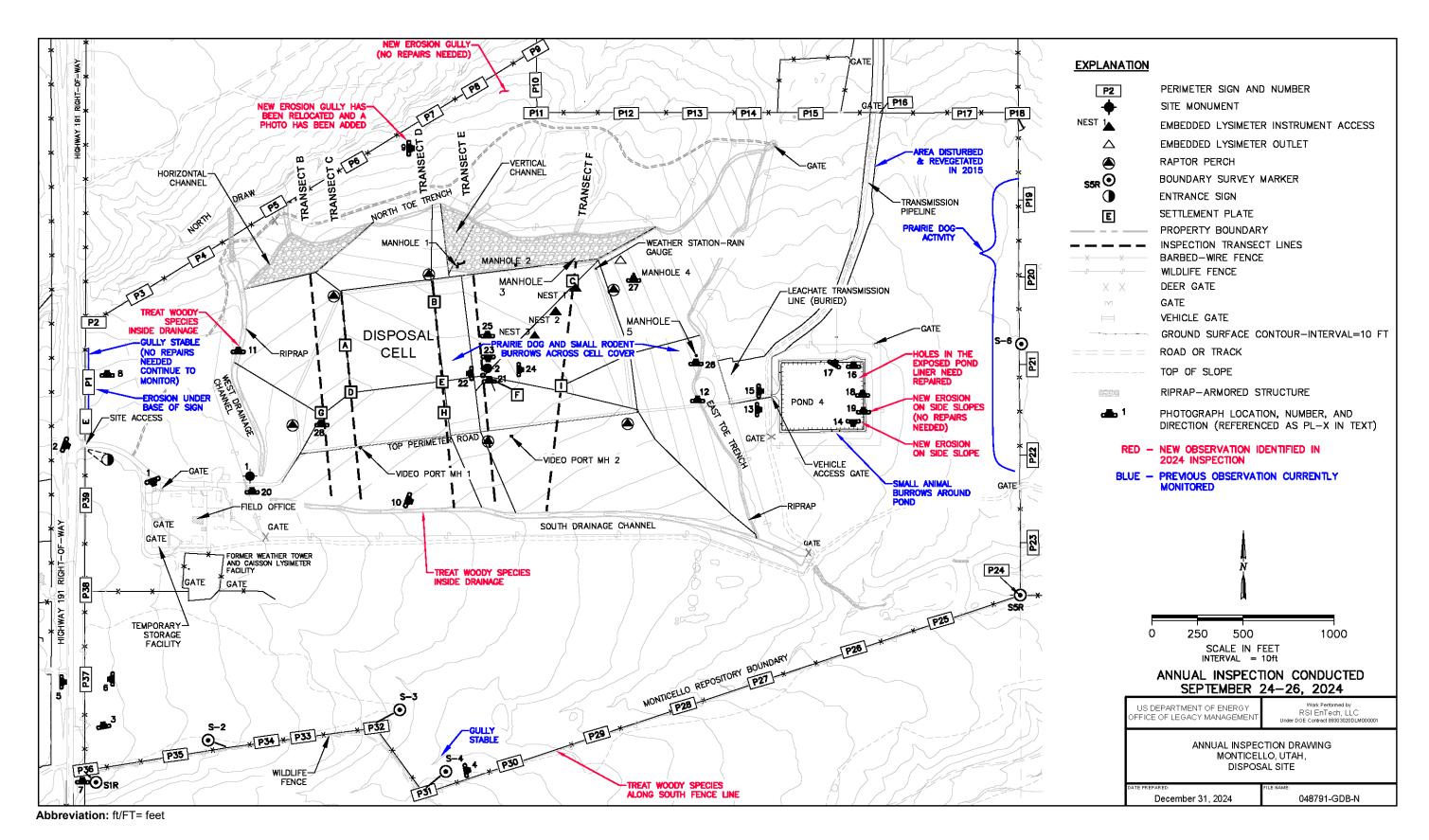


Figure 2. 2024 Annual Inspection Drawing for the Monticello, Utah, Disposal Site

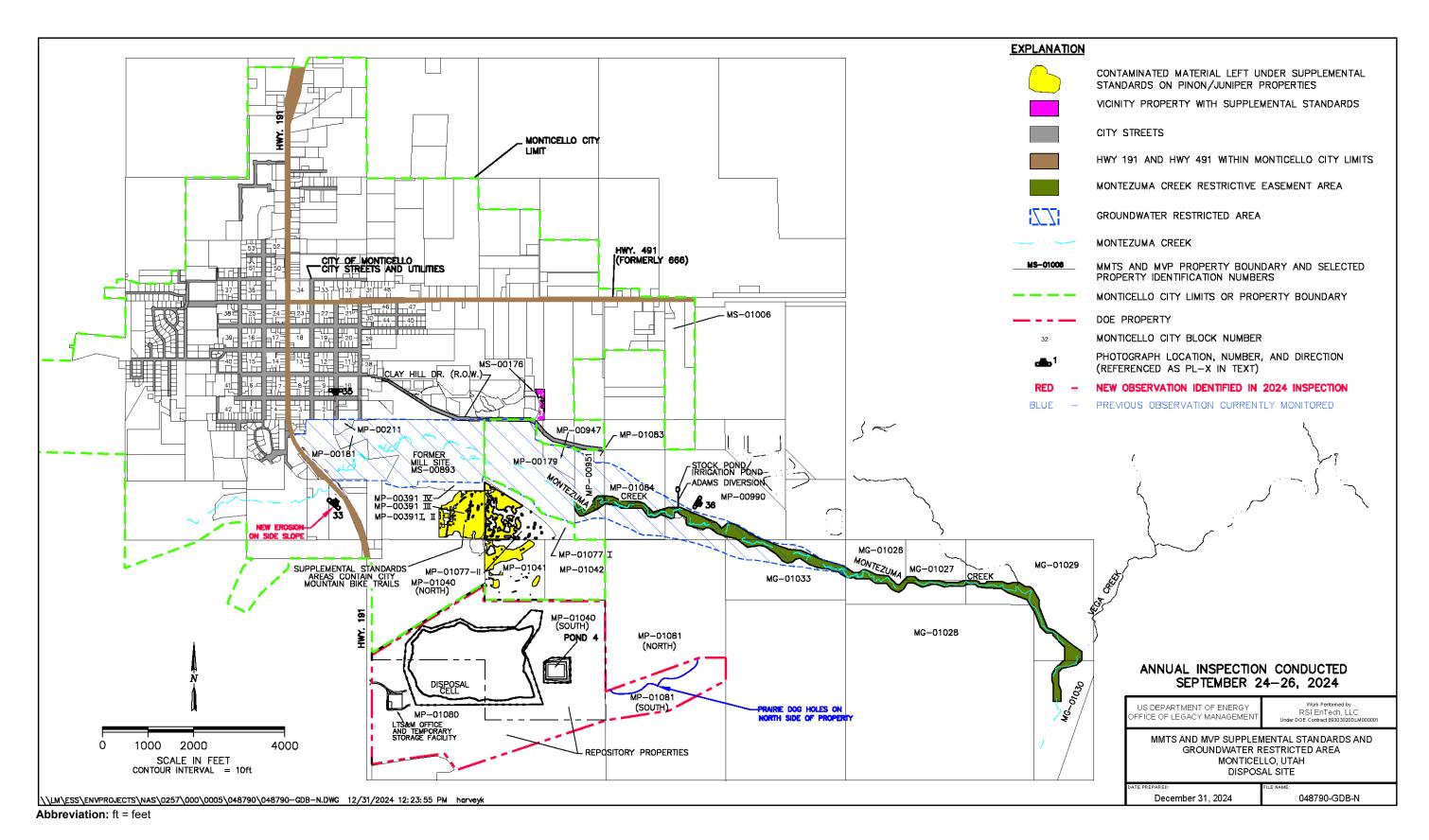


Figure 3. MMTS and MVP Supplemental Standards and Groundwater Restricted Area, Monticello, Utah, Disposal Site

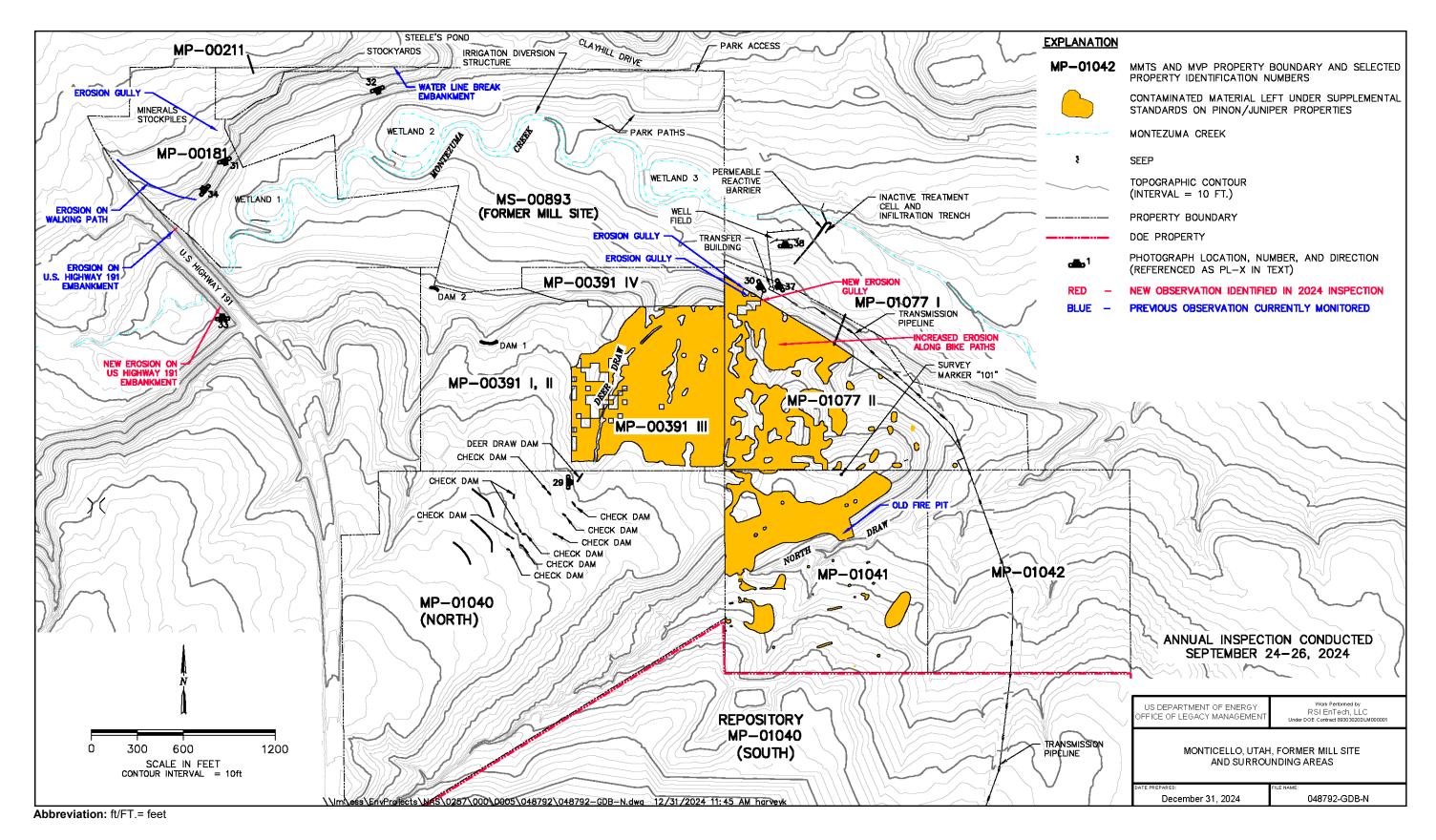


Figure 4. Monticello, Utah, Former Mill Site and Surrounding Areas

1.1.2 Properties and ICs Included in the Annual Inspection

1.1.2.1 Repository Site

The repository site inspection includes the access area, the repository perimeter, the disposal cell, constructed features and support structures, and Pond 4.

The access area (field office) consists of a main office building, support structures, and the Temporary Storage Facility (TSF). Support structures include outbuildings, concrete walks and pads, parking lots, electrical boxes, a meteorological station, an 8-foot-high chainlink fence, and gates. The TSF is a restricted-access, fenced, gravel-surfaced area where newly excavated or operations-generated radioactively contaminated materials are stored before eventual disposal offsite.

The disposal cell surface consists of a soil-covered, vegetated cap and rock riprap side slopes (portions of which also contain surface soil). Around the base of the disposal cell are engineered, rock-lined runoff and run-on controls that collect and direct stormwater and meltwater from the disposal cell. These include the West Drainage Channel, South Drainage Channel, East Toe Trench, and North Toe Trench. Cover penetrations include five manholes, two video ports, nine settlement plates, and structures associated with a large lysimeter, which measures water infiltration and is embedded in the eastern portion of the disposal cell (Figure 2). Manholes 1 and 3 enclose equipment for the repository Leachate Collection and Removal System (LCRS) and Leak Detection System (LDS).

Other constructed features and support structures for the repository site include fences, gates, signs, access roads, boundary survey markers, and site monuments. A barbed-wire stock fence containing several gates marks the repository site boundary and discourages human trespassing and livestock entry. There are 40 numbered location-reference signs (e.g., E for entrance and P1–P39 for perimeter signs 1–39) fixed to separate posts along the site perimeter, and additional signs, including an entrance sign with contact information, are posted on or near site gates. Between the site perimeter fence and the disposal cell is an 8-foot-high wire-mesh wildlife fence that contains two vehicle access gates and five narrow wildlife apertures. Gravel roads provide access to the disposal cell, Pond 4, and the Groundwater Remedy Optimization (GRO) system. Two-track roads provide access to other parts of the site, including most of the perimeter. Six boundary survey markers are along the site perimeter fence. There is one site monument along the access road to the disposal cell and one at the apex of the disposal cell.

Pond 4 is a lined, solar evaporation pond that collects disposal cell leachate, effluent from the GRO system, and a small amount of precipitation. Pond 4 was constructed with its own separate LCRS and LDS. An 8-foot-high security fence surrounds Pond 4, and an appropriately posted vinyl-coated cable surrounds the radiological restricted area of the pond within the security fence. Water rescue equipment is in place around the pond. Two pedestrian gates and one vehicle gate are locked when not in use.

1.1.2.2 City-Owned and Private Properties

Figure 3 shows city-owned and private properties included in the annual inspection and subject to ICs. Supplemental standards areas are on private property MS-00176 and properties

in the Montezuma Creek Restrictive Easement Area (also known as the Montezuma Creek Soil and Sediment Properties: MP-00951, MP-00990, MG-01026, MG-01027, MG-01029, MG-01030, MG-01033, and MP-01084). Groundwater restriction ICs are applied to properties in the Groundwater Restricted Area (GWRA) (also known as the Groundwater Management Area: MP-00179, MP-00181, MP-00211, MS-00893, MP-00947, MP-00951, MP-00990, MG-01033, and MP-01084).

DOE transferred several remediated properties to the city in 2000 for use as a public park (Figure 4). The properties include the former mill site (MP-00181 and MS-00893), three nearby properties with supplemental standards areas (also known as Piñon/Juniper properties: MP-00391, MP-01041, and MP-01077), and two nearby properties without supplemental standards areas (MP-01040 and MP-01042). Property MP-00211, adjacent to the former mill site, was always city-owned. The transferred city-owned properties were annexed in 2007 and are now within city limits where bow hunting is allowed but hunting with firearms is prohibited. Pedestrian and mountain bike trails are used throughout the properties.

Land and groundwater use restrictions apply to city-owned and private properties as follows:

- City-owned properties transferred from DOE are restricted to recreational day use. Overnight camping and the building of habitable structures are prohibited.
- City-owned supplemental standards properties (Piñon/Juniper properties) have an additional restriction that no soil be removed from the properties.
- In addition to the restrictions cited above, damage to Wetlands 1, 2, and 3 is prohibited on the former mill site properties.
- Within the Montezuma Creek Restrictive Easement Area, portions of the properties where supplemental standards have been applied have restrictive easements to prohibit soil removal or the construction of habitable structures.
- Within the GWRA, drilling for and appropriation of groundwater from the alluvial aquifer for domestic use is prohibited. This IC is administered by the Utah Division of Water Rights (Office of the State Engineer) through the well permitting and water rights processes.
- Special zoning ordinances affect properties MP-00211 and MS-00176; the ordinances require radiological scanning for certain ground-disturbing activities, such as the construction of habitable structures.

1.1.2.3 City Streets and Utility Corridors

Radioactively contaminated soil remains in some places beneath city streets and utility corridors in Monticello, in the U.S. Highway 191 embankment over Montezuma Creek, and in Utah Department of Transportation (UDOT) rights-of-way along U.S. Highway 191 and U.S. Highway 491 within city limits (Figure 3). Supplemental standards have been applied to these areas. Through a cooperative agreement with the city, onsite personnel monitor excavations in supplemental standards areas for radioactively contaminated material, and the city transports any such material to the TSF under direction of the onsite personnel. Onsite personnel also monitor excavations of U.S. Highway 191 and U.S. Highway 491 within city limits. Through a memorandum of understanding between UDOT and DOE, UDOT has the option of returning contaminated material to the excavation as backfill or having city workers, under the direction of onsite personnel, haul the material to the TSF.

1.1.2.4 Operable Unit III

Surface components of the Operable Unit (OU) III GRO system and groundwater well surface completions are inspected annually. The system is on the DOE repository site, city-owned properties, and private property MP-00179 (Figure 3).

In 2014, facilities related to the GRO system were installed on property MP-00179, city-owned properties MP-01077 and MP-01042, and the repository site. Facilities include extraction wells, monitoring wells, utility vaults, a Groundwater Transfer Building, and a groundwater transmission pipeline. The system became functional in January 2015. Areas disturbed by the project were revegetated in 2015.

A groundwater treatment system comprising the permeable reactive barrier (PRB) and ex situ treatment cells is on property MP-00179. With the operation of the GRO system, the treatment cells were deactivated in December 2014 and are no longer inspected. The PRB is a subsurface structure and cannot be inspected.

OU III water quality is monitored through a network of active groundwater monitoring wells and surface water monitoring sites. There are 69 PRB wells on property MP-00179. The wells are listed as inactive and are not included in the monitoring program. However, water levels are collected from these locations annually in the fall.

1.2 Long-Term Surveillance and Maintenance

The DOE Office of Legacy Management (LM) administers the long-term stewardship of the Monticello NPL sites to ensure that the selected remedies continue to be protective of human health and the environment. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Region 8 and the Utah Department of Environmental Quality (UDEQ) provide oversight. Annual inspections are one component of LTS&M at the Monticello NPL sites. Other primary components include operating and maintaining the disposal cell's leachate management system (LCRS and LDS), inspecting the repository site and properties affected by ICs on a monthly or quarterly basis, and monitoring and managing radioactively contaminated materials encountered at city and UDOT excavations inside city limits. Long-term procedures related to OU III are included in the LTS&M Plan, and several items are inspected annually (Section 2.7).

The *Annual Inspection Checklist* (Appendix A) includes items associated with the GRO system, which is associated with OU III and the disposal site.

Items inspected annually include the following:

- Onsite Record Books: Document emergency system shutdown drills, maintenance of the GRO system, work in the Area of Attainment (e.g., transducer replacement), property owner concerns, and so on.
- Surveillance Checklists: Particularly Pond 4, which is part of the GRO system.
- **Deed Annotations:** Inspection confirms that deed annotations applicable to restricted properties remain accurately filed and accessible at the San Juan County courthouse. This includes OU III properties.
- **Well Applications:** Contact with the Utah Division of Water Rights is documented on the *Annual Inspection Checklist* to verify that no well drilling applications or water rights have been granted for domestic use in the alluvial aquifer of the OU III GWRA.

CERCLA Five-Year Reviews (begun in 1997) are also conducted in parallel every 5 years with the annual inspection to monitor and document the protectiveness of the MMTS and MVP remedies.

LTS&M activities, including annual inspection and reporting, are conducted by onsite personnel (the Legacy Management Support [LMS] contractor site operations lead and site representatives) and offsite personnel (LM and LMS contractor employees) in accordance with the procedures provided in the LTS&M Plan.

1.3 Annual Site Inspection Scope

Annual inspections of the MMTS and MVP focus on five general topics: recordkeeping and administrative review, the DOE repository site, city-owned and private properties, city streets and utility corridors, and OU III. The *Annual Inspection Checklist* records the items inspected; Appendix A contains the completed checklist for the 2024 annual inspection.¹

Inspectors review site recordkeeping to ensure that day-to-day activities are properly documented. Findings are recorded in Section II of Appendix A. Onsite record books, surveillance checklists, and radiological as-built drawings are verified. Radiological as-built drawings, in addition to onsite record books, document the location and findings of radiological surveys provided by onsite personnel during municipal and State of Utah construction activities inside city limits in accordance with the LTS&M Plan. The inspection confirms that deed annotations applicable to restricted properties remain accurately filed and accessible at the San Juan County courthouse, updated copies of relevant LTS&M documents are available to onsite personnel, and workers accessing the TSF are *Radiological Worker II* (HS 113) certified as required. Workers without *Radiological Worker II* certification must be escorted. Inspectors also verify that copies of the information repository and OU III Administrative Record documents are accessible to the public.²

The repository site is inspected for the integrity of constructed features, support facilities, the perimeter, the disposal cell cover, and cover penetrations. The disposal cell cover is monitored for evidence of erosion, slumping, or settlement. The health and composition of vegetation, an integral part of vegetated cover performance, is assessed. The Pond 4 and TSF inspection are included in the repository site inspection. Observations are recorded in Appendix A, Section III.

City-owned and private properties related to MMTS and MVP are inspected annually to confirm that ICs, as described in the LTS&M Plan, remain effective and to document changes in conditions that may affect the protectiveness of the remedies. Properties are inspected for evidence of violations of applicable restrictions, and findings are recorded in Appendix A, Sections IV, V, VI, and VIII-C.

During the annual inspection, the supplemental standards areas within city streets and utility corridors and UDOT rights-of-way for U.S. Highway 191 and U.S. Highway 491 are inspected for evidence of unmonitored excavations or soil movement. Results are recorded in Appendix A, Sections VIII-A and VIII-B.

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¹ Revised in 2018, this checklist was taken from the revised LTS&M Plan.

² The MMTS OU I and II and MVP Administrative Record documents were archived in accordance with CERCLA guidelines in 2008. The MMTS OU III Administrative Record and the site's information repository are available electronically onsite and on LM's website.

Surface components of the OU III GRO system and groundwater well surface completions are inspected annually and recorded in Appendix A, Section VII. Facilities related to the GRO system are regularly inspected and maintained by onsite personnel. Facilities include surface features of extraction and monitoring wells, utility vaults, the Groundwater Transfer Building, and the groundwater transmission pipeline. Water sampling teams inspect groundwater wells during sampling in April and October of each year; onsite personnel also note any deficiencies during routine inspections.

1.4 2024 Annual Site Inspection Participants and Schedule

Inspection team members and affiliations are listed in Appendix A, on page A-1.

D. Marshall, P. Wetherstein, H. Petrie, S. Daly, and K. Lund conducted the physical site inspection on September 24–26, 2024. A. Kuhlman, R. Kyle, C. Bailey, B. Cary, K. Robinson, and A. Ayers also participated in the inspection. Mr. Irvine, regional engineer with the Utah Division of Water Rights, was contacted in conjunction with the inspection.

Tuesday, September 24, 2024

Inspection team members convened at the DOE Monticello field office to review the inspection procedure, inspection checklist, and safety and health documents. Inspectors completed an inspection of the disposal cell cover and penetrations, site monuments, and runoff and run-on controls.

Wednesday, September 25, 2024

The field inspection included the TSF, Pond 4, repository site access area, field office facilities, perimeter, boundary survey markers, and repository perimeter fence and signs.

The former mill site properties and supplemental standards areas on city-owned properties were inspected.

Property deed restrictions were verified at the San Juan County Clerk and Recorder's Office. ICs in the Montezuma Creek Restrictive Easement Area were verified with the onsite personnel, and portions of Montezuma Canyon were inspected from observation points above the area.

Thursday, September 26, 2024

Inspectors toured recent city street construction projects, completed inspection of the onsite records, and reviewed the inspection checklist.

1.4.1 Additional Inspection-Related Activities

In 2024, areas associated with OU III were inspected by water sampling crews in conjunction with maintenance and sampling activities at the OU III groundwater wells and surface water locations. Structures associated with the GRO system were regularly inspected and maintained by onsite personnel. Compliance with drilling and water use ICs in the GWRA was verified in an email with Mr. Irvine of the Utah Division of Water Rights on September 19, 2024.

2.0 Site Inspection Results

2.1 DOE Repository Site and Disposal Cell

The repository site consists of the access area (support buildings and the TSF), the repository perimeter, runoff and run-on controls, Pond 4, the repository cover, and cover penetrations (manholes, settlement plates, and structures associated with the embedded lysimeter). Results of the 2024 repository site inspection are summarized below and in Appendix A, Section III.

2.1.1 Access Area

The Monticello field office buildings and associated structures were in excellent condition and well maintained (PL-1). Video surveillance cameras are inside and outside of the main office building. Site access signs displaying contact information were visible and in good condition (PL-2). The site's paved access road was in very good condition.

During the 2024 annual inspection, the TSF fence was appropriately posted with access control signs and there was no evidence of vandalism or trespassing. The TSF bin was not opened during the inspection. The TSF yard was well maintained. The lay-down area for potential mixed waste was in good working order, as were the clamshell containers. The TSF was also inspected quarterly by site personnel in 2024, and inspection results were presented in quarterly reports to EPA and UDEQ.

2.1.2 Repository Perimeter

Perimeter Fence

The north, south, east, and west perimeter fences were in good condition (PL-3, PL-4). There was no evidence of vandalism. Areas of excessive vegetation was identified along the southern fence line. The vegetation does not hinder the function of the fence but will need to be treated with herbicide in 2025. There was no debris buildup.

Location-Reference Signs

All perimeter signs were in good condition (PL-5, PL-6). Black-numbered decals to identify sign numbers were in good condition.

Boundary Survey Markers

All six boundary markers were located during the inspection, and all were in good condition (PL-7).

Erosion and Gullies

Erosion channels and drainages around the site perimeter were generally well vegetated and had not changed significantly since the 2023 annual inspection. Erosion controls and revegetated areas related to the GRO system were in good condition, and no major erosional areas were noted. The deep gully on the west edge of the disposal site described in previous inspection

reports has not changed since 2023 (PL-8). A new gully near perimeter sign P7 on the north fence line (PL-9) was mapped. The gullies do not threaten the integrity of site features but will continue to be monitored.

Perimeter Vegetation

Vegetation between the perimeter fence and the wildlife fence (inner fence) was healthy and composed primarily of desirable species. Prairie dog activity was observed along the eastern portion of the site. That activity, which had declined significantly over the past few years, has not changed since the last annual inspection. Burrowing does not threaten the integrity of the site features but will continue to be monitored.

2.1.3 Repository Runoff and Run-On Controls

Siltation in the channels has been photographed and noted in prior inspections. LMS engineers have noted that sedimentation is minor and collects naturally over time. The deposition is monitored during the annual inspection. No substantial change has been identified since the last annual inspection.

South Drainage Channel and West Drainage Channel

The South and West Drainage Channels were in good condition (PL-10, PL-11). Small erosion rills, repaired in October 2020, on the West Drainage Channel were in good condition. Small amounts of young shrubs were found inside the West and South drainage channels. The shrubs inside the drainage are small enough to be treated with herbicide in fall 2025. Burrows from small rodents that are found in places along the margin of the channels do not threaten the channels' integrity.

East Toe Trench and North Toe Trench

The East Toe Trench and North Toe Trench were in good condition. No erosion of these trenches was evident. Beginning in 2013, inspectors observed increased siltation from the repository side slope into both toe trenches during heavy rainfall events. The siltation does not impair the functioning of the trenches (PL-12).

2.1.4 Pond 4

The Pond 4 area is inspected annually, as well as monthly by site personnel. The results of the inspections are presented in quarterly reports to EPA and UDEQ. The exposed liner on the east side of the pond had two holes located approximately 8 feet above the waterline along the welded seams.

Gate, Fence, Entrance, and Perimeter Signs

All gates were in good working condition. Warning signs on the perimeter fence were easily visible and legible. There was no evidence of vandalism or trespassing, and all gates were locked at the time of the inspection (PL-13).

Pond Perimeter and Berm

The pond's new wire radiological rope barrier was intact and in good condition. The vegetation along the pond's access road was mowed and the road is in good condition. Animal burrows made by voles and other small rodents were visible on and below the pond's berm on all sides. However, no large burrows that might threaten the berm's integrity were found. Vegetation on the slopes of the berm was well established and healthy. New erosion was present on the south slope of the Pond 4 berm (PL-14). The erosion does not affect the integrity of the berm but will continue to be monitored. Pond 4 is shown in PL-15. The fence around Pond 4 was in good condition.

Lifesaving Equipment

Lifesaving rings and a rescue and work skiff were present and easily accessible near the pond. Cabinets containing water rescue equipment were also highly visible, adequately labeled, and in good condition (PL-16).

Pond 4 LCRS and LDS Control Cabinet

The weatherproof LCRS and LDS control cabinet was in good condition (PL-17). Operation of the Pond 4 LCRS and LDS is described in Section 2.1.6.

Liner and Pond Interior

The water in Pond 4 was approximately 6.95 feet deep at the time of the inspection, due mostly to the operation of the GRO system. Only the exposed liner was inspected. The exposed liner on the east side of the pond had two holes located approximately 8 feet above the waterline along the welded seams (PL-18 and PL-19). The function of the liner is not impaired, and repairs are scheduled tentatively for spring 2025. New erosion was present on the east slope of the Pond 4 berm. The erosion does not affect the integrity of the berm but will continue to be monitored.

2.1.5 Repository Cover

The repository cover is inspected annually, as well as monthly by site personnel. Results of the monthly inspections are provided in quarterly reports to EPA and UDEQ.

Roads, Wildlife Fence, Site Monuments, and Raptor Perches

The gravel road surrounding the disposal cell and the road to Pond 4 were in very good condition. The wildlife fence and gate apertures were functional and showed no evidence of vandalism. All gates in the wildlife fence were open. Both site monuments—one at the west access gate inside the wildlife fence (PL-20) and one at the apex of the disposal cell (PL-21)—were present and intact. Six raptor perches, installed near the disposal cell cover in 2007, were also in good condition. New metal covers were installed on the bases of the raptor poles in 2024 for wildfire mitigation.

Vegetation

Desirable plants remained well-established on the cover, and no significant barren or eroded areas were identified (PL-22, PL-23, PL-24, PL-25). No damage to vegetation or soils from rainstorms was apparent, and no species of phreatophyte shrubs were growing on the cover. As in recent years, there were many healthy young sagebrush (*Artemisia tridentata*) plants. Standing dead sagebrush was manually removed from the cell top in September 2024 for wildfire mitigation. The small quantity of field bindweed (*Convolvulus arvensis*), which the State of Utah lists as a Class C noxious weed, was still present on the cover, but control was not necessary.

The Repository Cover Vegetation Index, developed in 2009 for use during annual inspections (Appendix A), indicated that the cover vegetation remains healthy. The vegetation condition score, used to detect trends in the health of the vegetation community, was 3.8 in 2024, lower than the 4.0 score in 2023. This year's lower score is due to a slight decrease in canopy cover, which is normal given yearly precipitation amounts. Dominant species identified on the cover in 2024 included sagebrush (*Artemisia tridentata*), rubber rabbitbrush (*Ericameria nauseosa*), western wheatgrass (*Pascopyrum smithii*), crested wheatgrass (*Agropyron cristatum*), intermediate wheatgrass (*Thinopyrum intermedium*), smooth brome (*Bromus inermis*), and slender wheatgrass (*Elymus trachycaulus*). A few areas containing a large amount of standing dead grasses, primarily crested wheatgrass, were observed. Accumulation of standing dead grass can hinder plant regeneration and act as a fire fuel. Mechanical removal may be beneficial for promoting plant regeneration which is important for water balance performance of the evapotranspiration cover.

Vegetation on the repository's soil-covered side slopes, rock slopes, and outlying areas, similar in composition to that on the repository cover, was also healthy.

Burrowing Animals

Evidence of small burrowing animals has been observed on the repository cover for years. Raptors and other predators have kept these populations at low to moderate levels since a vole outbreak in 2006. In 2013, prairie dog burrows were found on the repository cover for the first time. The burrows appeared to be abandoned in 2015, and there was no evidence of new prairie dog activity in 2024. Because the repository cover was engineered to withstand prairie dog and small rodent activity, populations are not a concern, but burrows will continue to be monitored. Inspectors and onsite personnel will continue to look for evidence of gray-colored soils being cast to the surface, as this would indicate excavation into the biointrusion layer. No such soils have been observed on the surface to date.

Stability

No area of the cover indicated settling, slumping, fracturing, seepage, ponding, or significant erosion. The repository was observed to be in good to excellent condition. No settlement, erosion, slope stability, or foundation conditions that present problems were observed.

2.1.6 Cover Penetrations

Manholes and Video Ports

The manholes are restricted areas and were not entered during the annual inspection, but the exteriors were observed (PL-26, PL-27). The other four manhole covers were secure and operable. Appropriate safety warnings and entry procedures were posted on all the manholes, exterior pump access ports were undamaged, telemetry surface installations were in good condition, and no leakage or drainage was evident. Covers of the inoperable video ports were locked and secure.

Settlement Plates

Nine settlement plates, identified by the letters A–I, are on the disposal cell. The outer protective casings (8-inch PVC pipe) and the inner plates were intact and undamaged (PL-28). Corrugated metal was installed around the settlement plate casings in 2024 for wildfire mitigation. Elevation surveys on the settlement plates are performed every 5 years in preparation for the CERCLA Five-Year Review. The next scheduled survey is in 2026.

Embedded Lysimeter

External features of the embedded lysimeter were inspected. Along lysimeter cover penetrations, no seepage was evident, and instrumentation installations were in good condition.

Operation of Repository and Pond 4 LCRS and LDS

Monitoring of leachate production is performed automatically via the repository telemetry system, which relays data to the LM System Operation and Analysis at Remote Sites (SOARS) system for offsite viewing, evaluation, and management. Onsite personnel routinely monitor infrastructure and leachate production in accordance with specifications in the LTS&M Plan. Leachate production rates are provided in quarterly reports to EPA and UDEQ. Interviews with onsite operations personnel indicate that the repository and Pond 4 LCRS and LDS are operating properly.

2.2 City-Owned Properties

Results of the 2024 annual inspection of city-owned properties are summarized below and in Appendix A, Section IV.

2.2.1 Recreational Use

The city-owned properties transferred from DOE are accessible to the public. Access roads were serviceable, although roads on property MP-01040 were eroded and may not be accessible by two-wheel-drive vehicles. Signs on these properties that post ICs (such as a prohibition against overnight camping) were in good condition. No evidence of overnight camping was observed on any of the properties. A mountain bike trail upgradient from the Groundwater Transfer Building is intersected by erosion channels that do not affect the remedy but continue to be monitored. Mountain bike trails have increased erosion rills due to heavy rain events.

2.2.2 Construction of Habitable Structures

No evidence of construction of habitable structures was observed on these properties during the 2024 inspection. Zoning ordinances that restrict the construction of habitable structures on property MP-00211 remain in effect.

2.2.3 Supplemental Standards Areas on Piñon/Juniper Properties

No evidence of soil removal was noted on any of the Piñon/Juniper properties' supplemental standards areas, including mountain bike trails. The bike trails and areas of eroded soils are routinely radiologically surveyed after heavy storms (as defined in the LTS&M Plan). Radiation levels above background have never been detected, and survey records are available at the Monticello field office.

2.2.4 Soil Movement, Drainage, and Runoff Controls

All riprap-armored structures, dams, check dams, berms, and runoff control drainages (Figure 4) were intact and functional. PL-29 shows a portion of the access road near Deer Draw Dam and illustrates the well-vegetated and intact soils that characterize the city-owned properties.

The erosion gully on the hillside on property MP-01077 above the Groundwater Transfer Building was inspected in 2024. The gully has increased in size since 2023. A new erosion gully to the west was discovered (PL-30) and scanned during the inspection. The new gully area had no elevated levels of contamination. The city continues to experience heavy rainfall events in 2024. The gullies do not threaten the integrity of site features but will continue to be monitored.

On June 2, 2020, a water line break on property MP-00181 occurred, causing embankment erosion above Wetland 2. LM was notified, and the city made corrective actions. The 2024 inspection saw no evidence of continued erosion from the break, but the area will continue to be monitored.

2.2.5 Wetlands

Wetlands 1, 2, and 3 are ecologically healthy and undamaged (PL-31, PL-32). There was no evidence of damage from human activity or natural causes. Upgradient erosion from heavy rain events will continue to be monitored due to its proximity to Wetlands 1 and 2.

2.2.6 Groundwater Use

No evidence of water-well drilling on city-owned properties with groundwater restrictions was observed during routine inspections or during the 2024 annual inspection. No applications to appropriate water from or to drill wells into the alluvial aquifer were filed with the Utah Division of Water Rights for these areas (Section 2.6), and no drilling activities within the restricted area were noted or reported by onsite personnel.

2.3 City Streets and Utility Corridors and UDOT Rights-of-Way

Appendix A, Section VIII presents the results of the 2024 annual inspection of UDOT rights-of-way within city limits and city streets and utility corridors. No unmonitored or unplanned excavations were identified. Onsite personnel were aware of all planned excavations, and excavations were monitored in accordance with the LTS&M Plan. New gully erosion was identified by onsite personnel on the west side of the U.S. Highway 191 embankment (PL-33). Eroded material was scanned, and no radiological contamination was discovered. UDOT is aware of the erosion. The U.S. Highway 191 embankment along the former mill site continues to be impacted by heavy rain events and new erosion was observed and mapped. The erosion continues down from the highway embankment into the walking path toward Montezuma Creek (PL-34). No radiological material was discovered but erosion will continue to be monitored. PL-35 shows recently performed excavation work at 200 East and 300 South where contaminated material was removed and transferred to the TSF on September 17, 2024.

2.4 Private Property MS-00176-VL

During the 2024 annual inspection, there was no evidence of erosion, soil removal, or construction of habitable structures (Appendix A, Section VIII-C) on property MS-00176. Zoning ordinances that restrict the construction of habitable structures on this property remain in effect. However, onsite personnel removed approximately 0.5 yards of contaminated material from property MS-00176, after it was found in a new flower bed. This material was transferred to the TSF on May 23, 2024. Over time, stormwater runoff has deposited sediment from this property along the road, and this sediment is radiologically surveyed by onsite personnel after significant rainfall events. Levels of radiation in the sediment have never been above background. Monitoring of this erosion will continue, but at this time, no maintenance is required.

2.5 Properties in the Montezuma Creek Restrictive Easement Area

Properties in the Montezuma Creek Restrictive Easement Area are inspected on a regular basis by onsite and water sampling personnel; during these visits, no evidence of significant erosion or soil removal from the restricted areas of these properties was noted. During the 2024 annual inspection, portions of Montezuma Canyon were inspected from observation points above the area, and no evidence of land-use changes or disturbance to the easement area was found. Observations in the easement area (PL-36) are recorded in Appendix A, Section V.

2.6 Groundwater Restricted Area

On September 19, 2024, Mr. Irvine of the Utah Division of Water Rights confirmed that there were no applications to appropriate water from the shallow alluvial aquifer in the GWRA. There were also no applications or approvals to drill into or through the shallow alluvial aquifer (Appendix A, Section I and Section VI). Onsite personnel also verified during routine surveillance that no new wells were installed within the GWRA.

2.7 Operable Unit III

2.7.1 Groundwater Remedy Optimization System

Facilities related to the GRO system are regularly inspected and maintained by onsite personnel, and results are provided to EPA and UDEQ in quarterly reports and annual groundwater reports. During the annual inspection, the pipeline access road, Groundwater Transfer Building (PL-37), and extraction well field were visited (PL-38), and the visible components of the system were intact and functioning.

A leak occurred in vault CS-MNT-10 on City of Monticello property MP-01077 in 2023 and water flow on the surface crossed the property boundary and onto adjacent property. The leak originated from a 3-inch high-density polyethylene line that transfers low-level uranium-contaminated groundwater from the Groundwater Transfer Building to the evaporation pond (Pond 4). The leak occurred approximately 1360 feet southeast of the Groundwater Transfer Building. The affected area was approximately 440 feet long and approximately 60 feet wide near the head of the leak and gradually tapered to approximately 3 feet wide near the tail; the vertical extent is unknown. The surface/subsurface soils were the only environmental media affected. The cause of the leak was from mechanical failure from ground subsidence and possible vibration. Repair activities were completed in October 2023. Additional engineering controls were installed, such as flowable fill concrete for compaction and additional bracing. Details about the leak were communicated to EPA Region 8 and the UDEQ Division of Environmental Response and Remediation, both of which have overseen the CERCLA cleanup of the MMTS. A Soil Sampling and Analysis Plan for Groundwater Transmission Line Leak Monticello, Utah, Disposal and Processing Sites (DOE 2024b) was developed to describe the sampling, analytical, and data evaluation requirements. Soil samples from the areas affected by the leak were collected on July 2, 2024. The soil sampling results are still being evaluated.

2.7.2 Water Quality Monitoring Well Inspection

Water sampling teams noted no deficiencies during routine well inspections in October 2023 and April 2024.

2.8 Administrative and Records Inspection

The following documents and records, recorded by the onsite personnel, were inspected for completeness and accuracy of information (Appendix A, Section II):

- Radiological as-built drawings (residential and utility maps that document the location and results of radiological surveys provided by onsite personnel).
- Site record books, which include the repository site, the TSF, city-owned properties, private property restricted areas, and public roads and utilities.
- Surveillance checklists, which include meteorological monitoring data; TSF access and security logs; and monthly, quarterly, and Pond 4 surveillance checklists. Pond 4 and repository LCRS and LDS monitoring records are maintained electronically.

Deed restrictions (verified in the San Juan County Clerk and Recorder's Office) were inspected to ensure that administrative controls remain in effect with the City of Monticello and San Juan County.

The following categories of documents and records were inspected to ensure that pertinent information for implementing LTS&M activities is readily available to onsite personnel and the general public:

- LTS&M Plan (including site-specific emergency response information), the *LMS Safety and Health Program* (DOE 2023), and the *Quality Assurance Manual* (DOE 2024a). These documents are available electronically.
- Information repository and OU III Administrative Record.
- LTS&M training records (applicable to onsite personnel and unescorted employees from the city who access the TSF).

No major deficiencies were noted in the above administrative categories. LTS&M documents were available electronically from the field office. Deed restrictions were verified at the San Juan County Clerk and Recorder's Office, including those associated with the sale of properties. The information repository and OU III Administrative Record were accessible electronically and available from the Monticello field office. The site record books were correct and complete and contained only minor errors that were corrected by onsite personnel before the end of the annual inspection.

3.0 Conclusions and Recommendations

The 2024 annual inspection confirmed that DOE LTS&M activities implemented throughout the year remain effective and appropriate and ICs restricting land and groundwater use as part of the MMTS and MVP remedies remain effective. Corrective actions include repairing two holes in the exposed Pond 4 liner tentatively planned for spring 2025, herbicide treatment of woody shrubs inside the west and south drainage channels, and herbicide treatment of woody shrubs along the southern fence line. Herbicide treatments of the fence line and diversion channels are scheduled for fall 2025.

4.0 References

40 CFR 192.21. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, "Criteria for Applying Supplemental Standards," *Code of Federal Regulations*.

DOE (U.S. Department of Energy), 2022. *Long-Term Surveillance and Maintenance Plan for Monticello NPL Sites*, LMS/MNT/S00387-0.1, Office of Legacy Management, December.

DOE (U.S. Department of Energy), 2023. *LMS Safety and Health Program*, LMS/POL/S20043-3.0, Office of Legacy Management, August.

DOE (U.S. Department of Energy), 2024a. *Quality Assurance Manual*, LMS/POL/S04320-19.0, Office of Legacy Management, August.

DOE (U.S. Department of Energy), 2024b. *Soil Sampling and Analysis Plan for Groundwater Transmission Line Leak Monticello, Utah, Disposal and Processing Sites*, LMS/MNT/46277, Office of Legacy Management, April.

5.0 Photographs

Photographs were taken to document findings of the 2024 annual inspection. The locations and orientations of the photographs are identified in Figure 2, Figure 3, and Figure 4.



PL-1. Field Office and Associated Structures



PL-2. Main Entrance Site Gate with RSI EnTech, LLC, Postings



PL-3. West Fence Line Looking North



PL-4. South Boundary of Wildlife-Friendly Fence, Looking East



PL-5. Perimeter Sign P37, Front Label



PL-6. Perimeter Sign P37, Back Label



PL-7. Boundary Survey Marker S1R



PL-8. Looking North Toward Perimeter Sign P1 (No Change in Erosion Channel)



PL-9. Erosion Gully Near Perimeter Sign P7, Looking Northeast



PL-10. South Drainage Channel, Looking East



PL-11. West Drainage Channel, Looking North



PL-12. East Toe Trench, Looking North



PL-13. Pond 4 Entrance Gate with Postings



PL-14. Erosion on the South Slope of Pond 4 Berm, Looking South



PL-15. Pond 4, Looking East



PL-16. Pond 4 Safety Equipment and Cabinet Interior



PL-17. Pond 4 LCRS and LDS Control Cabinet



PL-18. Pond 4 Liner Seam Hole on East Side



PL-19. Pond 4 Liner Hole on East Side



PL-20. Site Monument 1 Adjacent to Access Road



PL-21. Site Monument 2 at Apex of Disposal Cell



PL-22. Top of Disposal Cell Cover, Looking West from Site Monument 2



PL-23. Top of Disposal Cell Cover, Looking South from Site Monument 2



PL-24. Top of Disposal Cell Cover, Looking East from Site Monument 2



PL-25. Top of Disposal Cell Cover, Looking North from the Site Monument 2



PL-26. Manhole 5, Exterior with Postings



PL-27. Manhole 4, Exterior with Postings



PL-28. Interior of Settlement Plate G



PL-29. Access Road near Deer Draw Dam, Looking East



PL-30. Property MP-01077 Erosion Gully Toward Groundwater Transfer Building, Looking Southwest



PL-31. Wetland 1 on Former Mill Site, Looking South



PL-32. Wetland 2 on Former Mill Site, Looking South



PL-33. Erosion on West Side of Highway 191 Embankment, Looking North



PL-34. Property MP-00181 Erosion Along Walking Path, Looking Northwest



PL-35. City Utility Line Work at 381 to 397 South 200 East, Looking South



PL-36. Montezuma Canyon, View Downstream, Looking Southeast



PL-37. Groundwater Transfer Building



PL-38. OU III Monitoring Wells

Appendix A Annual Inspection Checklist

MMTS: DOE Monticello Mill Tailings Site; Operable Units I, II, and III (UT 3890090035)

MVP: Monticello Radioactively Contaminated Properties (Monticello Vicinity Properties) (UTD 980667208)

Location: Monticello, Utah, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Region 8

Annual Inspection Preparation:

The following tasks were completed in preparation for the current MMTS and MVP annual inspection:

	Y	N	NA
Review annual inspection requirements in the LTS&M Plan	$\frac{\mathbf{Y}}{\mathbf{X}}$		
Review additional requirements for Five-Year Review inspections, if applicable			X
Schedule site inspection and appoint chief and assistant inspectors	X		
Review previous reports and records as outlined in the LTS&M Plan	X		
Notes:			
	<u>Y</u>	<u>N</u>	
Provide team members with background information, maps, and inspection checklists	X		
Prepare job safety analysis and other required Safety and Health documents	X		
Notify EPA and UDEQ at least 2 weeks before site visit and invite them to participate	X		
Notify representatives from other agencies as necessary and invite them to participate	X		
Verify names and telephone numbers of parties with access or notification agreements	X		
Contact State Engineer's Office for water well permit applications in and near the GWMA	X		

Date(s) of Annual Inspection: <u>9/24/2024–9/26/2024</u> Inspection Team Members

Name	Affiliation	Phone Number	E-mail
Alison Kuhlman	DOE Monticello Utah Site Manager	(970) 248-6265	Alison.Kuhlman@lm.doe.gov
Kelsey Robinson	UDEQ Superfund NPL/ Federal Facilities Section	(385) 395-7943	KelseyRobinson@utah.gov
Danika Marshall	RSI EnTech, LLC (ecologist)	(970) 248-6137	Danika.Marshall@lm.doe.gov
Paul Wetherstein	RSI EnTech, LLC (environmental compliance)	(970) 248-6711	Paul.Wetherstein@lm.doe.gov
Sonya Daly	RSI EnTech, LLC (ecologist)	(970) 712-3885	Sonya.Daly@lm.doe.gov
Ryan Kyle	RSI EnTech, LLC (site lead)	(970) 248-6104	Ryan.Kyle@lm.doe.gov
April Ayers	RSI EnTech, LLC (real property)	(970) 248-6206	April.Ayers@lm.doe.gov
Hope Petrie	RSI EnTech, LLC (environmental compliance)	(970) 248-6257	Hope.Petrie@lm.doe.gov
Katrina Lund	RSI EnTech, LLC (environmental compliance)	(970) 248-6033	Katrina.Lund@lm.doe.gov
Caleb Bailey	RSI EnTech, LLC (environmental scientist)	(435) 419-0186	Caleb.Bailey@lm.doe.gov

Note: Attach additional sheets as needed for any of the following sections.

I. Interviews					
Name of Individual Interviewed	Affiliation	Date Interviewed			

Notes:

The onsite contractor operations lead accompanied inspectors on portions of the inspection. Notes are included in individual checklist sections below.

Individuals from the City of Monticello were not interviewed during the 2024 inspection.

Name of Individual Interviewed	Affiliation	Date Interviewed
Mr. Irvine	State engineer	09/19/2024

Notes:

Mr. Irvine, Southeastern Regional Engineer with the Utah State Engineer's office (i.e., Utah Division of Water Rights [UDWR]), confirmed in an email to H. Petrie that in 2024:

- There were no requests or approvals to drill into or through the shallow alluvial aquifer in DOE's GWRA.
- There were no new applications or approvals, or change applications or approvals, to appropriate water for domestic purposes from or near the shallow alluvial aquifer in DOE's GWRA.

<u>Limitations on water appropriation and drilling activities in DOE's GWRA were established at DOE's request in the UDWR Ground-Water Management Policy for the Monticello Mill Tailings Site and Adjacent Areas, May 1999.</u>

Name of Individuals Interviewed	Affiliation	Date Interviewed
Ryan Kyle	Site lead	9/24/2024
Caleb Bailey	Environmental scientist	9/24/2024

Notes:

Ryan Kyle, site lead, and Caleb Bailey, environmental scientist, both with RSI EnTech, LLC, were interviewed in tandem. Both confirmed during the interview that in 2024:

- There was no construction or disturbance within the restricted areas.
- Radiological material stored in the TSF is approximately 6.25 cubic yards.
- Caleb Bailey, the new environmental scientist, started on May 13, 2024.
- Access road grading was completed around the site.
- An annual Facilities Information Management System walkthrough was completed.
- Continued progress was made on the OU III closure status.
- The draft Feasibility Study for the Operable Unit III, Monticello Mill Tailings Site, Monticello, Utah (LMS/MNT/48273) was submitted to EPA and UDEQ.
- <u>A lightning strike on the AS&T monitoring equipment occurred on August 26, 2024. Repairs were performed in September and October.</u>
- Corrugated metal was installed on power poles and nonmetal structures and dead shrubs were removed from the cell cover for wildfire mitigation.
- 1600 feet of Pond 4 rad rope was replaced with metal wire.

II. Administrative and Records Inspection								
Readily Available Current								
		<u>Y</u>	<u>N</u>		Y	N		
1.	General LTS&M Documents							
	Ready access from field office to online manuals	Х			X			
	Ready access from field office to online MMTS/MVP							
	Administrative Record, OU III Administrative	.,			.,	_		
	Record, and information repository collection	X	□		Χ			
2.	LTS&M Training Records for Access to Radiologic	ically C	ontrolle	d Areas				
	Onsite employees				X	님	V NI/A	
	Unescorted city workers				닏	닏	X N/A	
3.	All City workers were escorted Record Books				Ш	Ш	X N/A	
ა.	Record book entries and documentation	V Sotio	factory	□llnoot	iofootor	.,		
		X Saus	factory	Unsai	isfactor V	у 		
	Repository Site Record Book	X	H		X X	H		
	City-owned properties Private property restricted areas	X	H		X	H		
	Public Roads and Utilities Record Book	X	H		X	H		
	Documentation/recordkeeping requirements met		∟ sfactory	□lineat	isfactor	, Ш V		
	Information readily traced to updated drawings		sfactory	_	isfactor	-		
	Radiological scan data for eroded/excavated material		sfactory		isfactor			
	Entries include TSF transfers		isfactory	_	isfactor	-	X N/A	
	Entries include information on stockpiled material		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			,		
	and follow-up scan results	X Satis	sfactory	□Unsat	isfactor	ν	□ N/A	
	U.S. 191/491 entries include information on scan		,	_		,		
	results and material returned to excavation	X Satis	sfactory	□Unsat	isfactor	У	□ N/A	
	Storm event surveys documented		sfactory		isfactor		☐ N/A	
Na	·		•	_		•		
	tes for Record Books Inspection:							
	neral LTS&M documents are available online.							
	electronic version of the paper-based system is at the							
	es. An evaluation of the electronic version of the inform	nation r	<u>epository</u>	is posted	to the	Monti	<u>cello</u>	
	es website.							
	ere were two transfers of radioactive material into the							
_	ere were minor discrepancies between information rec							
	ok and corresponding information on the Radiological	As-Built	s. Bill Ca	ary correcte	ed all d	liscre	<u>pancies</u>	
<u>on</u>	<u>September 26, 2024.</u>							
4.	Radiological As-Built Drawings							
	Drawing updated annually	X Satis	factory	□Unsat	isfactor	ν		
	Documentation and recordkeeping requirements met				isfactor	-		
	Radiological scan information recorded		factory	_	isfactor	-		
	-			_				
	<u>R</u>		<u>Available</u>	<u>)</u>	Cur			
_	Ourselliance Okashiista and Decomb	<u>Y</u>	<u>N</u>		<u>Y</u>	<u>N</u>		
5.	Surveillance Checklists and Records		_			_		
	TSF Access/Security Logs	Х			Х			
	Meteorological Monitoring Data, Monthly and Quarter	rly Repo	ository Su	urveillance	Check	dists,		
	and Monthly Pond 4 Surveillance Checklists	Χ			X			
No	tes for Checklist and Records Inspection:							
	•							
<u>No</u>	<u>ne</u>							
6.	Agreements (verify on Five-Year Review inspection							
	DOE/City Cooperative Agreement (verify current with E			npliance)			X N/A	
	DOE/UDOT Memorandum of Understanding does no	t expire).					

7. Zoning Restriction—Overlay Zone OL-1 (verify on Five-Year Review inspections only) Restriction is verified as current through City for property MP-00211-VL Restriction is verified as current through City for property MS-00176-VL Deed Restrictions (verify at San Juan County Recorder's Office, 117 S. Main Street)							
Properties Transf				_		ions in Place	
DOE ID	<u>Parcel</u>	<u>Document</u>		<u>Page</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>N</u>	
Electronic record	A34240063004						
MP-00181-OT	A33230367201		B788	100-113	X		
	33S23E367204		B788	100-113	X		
MP-00391-VL	33S24E316001		B788	100-113	X		
MS-00893-OT	33S24E315400	E061691	B788	100-113	X		
MP-01040-VL (N)	34S24E061200	E061691	B788	100-113	X		
	34S24E061201		electro	nic record	X		
MP-01041-VL	34S24E060600	E061691	B788	100-113	Χ		
MP-01042-VL	34S24E060000		B788	100-113	X		
MP-01077-VL	33S24E318400	E061691	B788	100-113	X		
Notes:							
There was a correc	ction to the quitcle	aim deed for p	roperties t	ransferred to	the city. The	e correction was	
recorded as E0621						, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	
				<u> </u>			
Properties Sold b				_		ions in Place	
DOE ID	<u>Parcel</u>	<u>Document</u>		<u>Page</u>	Y X	<u>N</u>	
MP-01081-VL	34S24E053000	114283	933	105-111	X		
Montezuma Creek	s Soil and Sedim	ent Propertie	s				
DOE ID	Parcel	Document		<u>Page</u>	Υ	<u>N</u>	
MP-00990-CS	33S24E324800		B793	831-852	$\frac{\mathbf{Y}}{\mathbf{X}}$		
	33S24E328400		B921	474-476	X	П	
	33S24E324802			nic record	X	Ħ	
	A33240324802			nic record	Χ	Ħ	
	A33240324804			nic record	X	Ħ	
MG-01033-VL	34S24E050000		B793	831-852	X	H	
	34S24E050601			nic record	X	Ħ	
MS-01026-VL	34S24E043000		B793	831-852	X	H	
MS-01027-VL	34S24E042400		B793	831-852	X	H	
MG-01030-VL	34S24E047200		B793	526-538	X	H	
MG-01029-VL	34S24E040000		B793	390-404	X	H	
01020 12	34S24E040001			nic record	X	H	
MP-00951-VL	33S24E317200		B796	188-202	X	H	
00001 12	33S24E317207			nic record	X	H	
	33S24E317204			nic record	X	H	
	A33240317206			nic record	X	H	
MP-01084-VL	33S24E326000		B796	188-202	Χ		
Notes:							
<u>None</u>							
Utah Department	of Transportation	n Properties					
DOE ID	<u>Parcel</u>	Document	<u>Book</u>	<u>Page</u>	$\frac{\mathbf{Y}}{\mathbf{X}}$	<u>N</u>	
MS-00895-OT	A33230367811	E068703	B814	533	X		
	A33230367825		electronic		X		
	A33230367202	E068704	B814	534	X		
	A33230367812	E068705	B814	535-536	X		
	A33230369001	E068706	B814	537-538	X		
MS-01020-OT	A33230310090	E068885	B815	269	Χ		
Notes for Deed Restriction Inspection: <u>None</u>							

	III. Repos	itor	y Inspection					
	A. Access Area							
1.	Site Access Sign/Emergency Information	X	Satisfactory	П	Repairs/Maintenance Needed			
2.	Field Office	Х	Satisfactory	H	Repairs/Maintenance Needed			
3.	Temporary Storage Facility	X	Satisfactory	H	Repairs/Maintenance Needed			
-	Bin cover	X	Functional	Ħ	Not Functional			
	Approximate volume of bin contents (cu	ubic	yards) <u>6.25</u>					
	Safety and Health/RAD postings	Χ	Appropriate		Inadequate			
	Drums and secondary containment	Χ	Good condition		Unavailable/not good condition			
	Vandalism/trespassing	Χ	Not evident		Evident (locate on map)			
De	scribe Access Area Repairs/Maintenance N	leed	led:					
No	<u>ne</u>							
			ry Perimeter					
	(Note locations of erosion, noxious we	eds	, vandalism, oi	r ex	cessive vegetation on map)			
1.	Outer Fencing and Gates	Χ	Satisfactory		Repairs/Maintenance Needed			
2.	Signs (Note condition of 40 numbered refere		•	s)				
	Signs damaged but legible, requiring mon	nitor	ing: <u>None</u>					
	Signs requiring replacement: <u>None</u>							
_								
3.			markers located	Ц	Marker(s)not located			
4.	Erosion/Gullying	Х	Not evident		Evident			
5.	Vegetation	X	Not excessive	Ļ	Excessive growth			
	Land Har Observes on Adiabata December		Noxious weeds	abse	'			
6.	Land Use Changes on Adjoining Property		No change	Н	Change			
7.	Vandalism/Trespassing	Χ	Not evident	Ш	Evident			
	tes for Condition of Repository Perimeter (
<u>Infe</u>	estations of noxious weeds were mapped and	sche	eduled for herbi	<u>icide</u>	treatment in fall 2025.			
	Repository Rui							
	(North and East Toe Trenches;	; Soi	uth and West L	Drail	nage Channels)			
1.	Settlement	Χ	Not evident		Evident			
2.	Material Degradation		Not evident	Χ	Evident			
3.	Erosion/gullies	Χ	Not evident		Evident			
4.	Siltation		Not evident	Χ	Evident			
5.	Obstructions	Χ	Not evident		Evident			
6.	Excessive Vegetation	Χ	Not evident		Evident			
	tes for Condition of Repository Runoff and map):	Rui	n-On Controls	(no	te: locate all areas of concern			
Ма	terial degradation and siltation do not impact t	he ir	ntegrity of the a	<u>re</u> a.	There was no sign of erosion			
	the North Toe Trench and East Toe Trench. S							
	and will be scheduled for herbicide treatment in fall 2025.							

	Pond 4 (Note: Locat	te a	ll areas of concer	n on map)
1.	Perimeter Fence and Access Gate		X Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory
2.	Erosion/Biointrusion of Pond Berm	ſ	☐ Not evident	X Evident
3.	Safety Equipment Pond barrier rope	int:		Yes □ No
٥.	Personal floatation devices and postings pr			Yes No
	r croonar nodiation devices and postings pr	1000	SITE GITG VISIBIO X	165
4.	Pond 4 LCRS and LDS Electrical Housin	าต/ร	Surface Installatio	ons
••	Physical condition is:	_	X Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory
-	Liner—Holes/Cracks/Tears	•	Not Evident	_
5.				
6.	Siltation and Vegetation in Pond 4		X Not evident	Evident
7.	Pond 4 Water Level Estimated wa	ater (depth is <u>6.95 fee</u>	<u>t</u>
8.	Vandalism		X Not evident	Evident
No	tes for Condition of Pond 4 Features:			
The	ere was evidence of rodent biointrusion on t	he i	north and west side	es but liner function is not impaired
	ntinued monitoring is recommended. Two h			
	nd liner. The function of the liner is not impai			
	25. New erosion was present on the east slo			
	egrity of the berm but will continue to be mor			n. The crosion does not ancet the
11100				
_	-		/ Cover Inspectio	
1.	Top Perimeter Road and Road to Pond		X Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory
2.	Interior Wildlife Fence and Wildlife Gate	S		
	Physical condition is:		X Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory
3.	Cover Vegetation			
	See attached Repository Cover Vegetation	ı Ind	dex form; note area	as of concern on map
4.	Riprap Armoring			
	X Slumping/sliding not evident		Slumping/sliding ev	rident (locate on map)
	X Rock deterioration not evident	\Box		evident (locate on map)
5.	Settlement/Desiccation/Erosion/Gullies			` ',
	X Settlement depressions not evident	П	Settlement depress	ions evident (locate on map)
	X Desiccation cracking not evident	\Box	•	g evident (locate on map)
	X Erosion/gullies not evident	H		lent (locate on map)
6.	Holes/Burrows/Biointrusion	ш	Eroolori, gainloo ovia	on (locate on map)
0.		Х	Holes/hurrows/higir	ntrusion evident (locate on map)
7.	Seepage/Ponding	^	Tioles/bullows/bloil	ittusion evident (locate on map)
٠.	X Seepage not evident		Seepage evident (le	ocate on man)
	X Ponding not evident	\vdash	Ponding evident (lo	
	X Soft subgrade not evident	\vdash	Soft subgrade evide	
	•	\vdash	-	sent (note species/locate on map)
	1 7 1		Satisfactory	` .
8.	•	X	, –	Repairs/maintenance needed
	Site Monument at Boundary Gate	Χ	Satisfactory [Repairs/maintenance needed
No	tes for Repository Cover Inspection:			
The	ere was evidence of small rodent biointrusio	n, k	out cover function i	s not impaired. Continued
	nitoring is recommended.			<u> </u>
		er F	Penetrations	
	(Caution: Confined space entr			fect for all manholes)
1.	Manholes 1 and 3 (LCRS and LDS access			,
١.	•	5 5 V	•	′oo □ No
	Covers secure and operable			′es □ No
	Exterior pump access ports are undamage	a		′es □ No
	Evidence of leakage into vaults		_	es X No
	Evidence of drainage through cover penetr	atic	ons U Y	es X No

	Manholes 2, 4, and	d 5								
	Covers secure and	•			X Ye	es 🗌	No			
	Evidence of drainage	ge through	n cover pene	etrations		es X	No			
Notes for Condition of Manholes (include condition of telemetry equipment and appropriateness of safety and health postings):										
Noi	<u>пе</u>									
3.	LCR Video Ports (check co	vers only: i	orts are in	operable)					
	Covers secure and		10.0 0,		X Ye	es 🗆	No			
	Evidence of drainage	•	n cover pene	etrations	□ Ye	es X	No			
4.	Settlement Monur	•	•		eved durina	Five-Year	Review inst	pections		
	only)	(, (-,					
	Surface completion		aged		X Ye	es 🗌	No			
	Inner plates undam	-			X Ye	es 🗌	No			
5.	Embedded Lysimo									
	Evidence of seepag				☐ Ye		No			
	Instrumentation ins				☐ Ye		No			
	Evidence of draina		•		☐ Ye		No			
-	Telemetry surface i				X Ye	<u> </u>	No			
6.	Operation of Repo	•			`		• ,			
	nping rates are repo						A and UDE	Q. Reports		
are	available in System	Operatio	n ana Anaiy	sis at Remo	te Sites (SO	ARS).				
No	te Any Anomalies o	or Other (Observation	ns Reported	d by the LM	Operator:				
A li	ghtning strike on the	embedde	ed lysimeter	monitoring	equipment o	ccurred on A	August 26, 2	024,		
Sul	<u>osurface repairs are</u>	to be dete	ermined.	damaging many of the sensors. Surface repairs were made during September and October 2024. Subsurface repairs are to be determined.						
Notes for Cover Penetrations Inspection and Operation of LCRS/LDS:										
No	tes for Cover Pene	trations I		ınd Operati	on of LCRS	LDS:				
		trations I		ınd Operati	on of LCRS	LDS:				
No:			nspection a							
		IV	nspection a	ed Proper	ties Inspec	ction				
		IV A. City 391, MP-00	nspection a City-Own y-Owned Pr	ed Proper	ties Inspec	ction rom DOE	042, and MP-	01077)		
	<u>ne</u>	IV A. City	nspection a City-Own y-Owned Pr	ned Proper roperties Tr 040 (North Po	ties Inspec	ction rom DOE	042, and MP-0 1042	01077) 1077		
Noi	<u>(MP-00181, MP-00</u> <u>Property</u>	IV A. City 391, MP-00	nspection a . City-Own y-Owned Pr 0893, MP-010	ned Proper roperties Tr 1940 (North Po	ties Inspectansferred frontion), MP-01	ction om DOE 1041, MP-010				
Acc	(MP-00181, MP-00 Property tessible to public	IV A. City 391, MP-00 181 Y N X	nspection a C. City-Own y-Owned Pr 0893, MP-010 391 Y N X	ned Proper roperties Tr 040 (North Po 893 Y N X	ties Inspectansferred frontion), MP-03 1040 Y N X	etion rom DOE 1041, MP-010 1041 Y N X	<u>1042</u> <u>Y</u> <u>N</u> X □	1077 <u>Y</u> <u>N</u> X		
Acc Evi	(MP-00181, MP-00 Property cessible to public dence of camping	IV A. City 391, MP-00 181 Y <u>N</u>	nspection a . City-Own y-Owned Pr 0893, MP-010 391 Y N	ned Proper coperties Tr 040 (North Po 893 Y N	ties Inspectant for tion), MP-07 1040 Y N X X	etion rom DOE 1041, MP-010 1041 Y <u>N</u>	<u>1042</u> <u>Y</u> <u>N</u>	1077 Y N		
Acc Evi Hal	(MP-00181, MP-00 Property eessible to public dence of camping bitable structure(s)	IV A. City 391, MP-00 181 Y N X	. City-Own y-Owned Pro893, MP-010	ned Proper roperties Tr 140 (North Po 893 Y N X D X X	ties Inspectansferred frontion), MP-07 1040 Y N X X X X X X X X X	ction rom DOE 1041, MP-010 1041 Y N X	1042 Y N X X X X X	1077 <u>Y</u> <u>N</u> X		
Acc Evi Hall	(MP-00181, MP-00 Property essible to public dence of camping bitable structure(s) lies/erosion	IV A. City 391, MP-00 181 Y N X X X X X	Section and section are section and sectio	eed Proper roperties Tr 240 (North Po 893 Y N X D X X X X	ties Inspectansferred frontion), MP-03 1040 Y N X	etion rom DOE 1041, MP-010 1041 Y N X	1042 Y N X	1077 Y N X X X		
Acc Evi Hal Gul Rui	(MP-00181, MP-00 Property cessible to public dence of camping bitable structure(s) lies/erosion noff/drainage contro	IV A. City 391, MP-00 181 Y № X □ X X □ X X □ Is intact a	7. City-Own y-Owned Pr 0893, MP-010 391 Y N X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	red Proper roperties Tr 140 (North Posses) Y N X	rties Inspectansferred frontion), MP-02 1040 Y N X	Ction Com DOE Cod1, MP-010 Y N X X X X X X X X X	1042 Y N X X X X X X X X X	1077 Y N X		
Acc Evi Hal Gul Rui	(MP-00181, MP-00 Property essible to public dence of camping bitable structure(s) lies/erosion noff/drainage controcheck dams, berms)	IV A. City 391, MP-06 181 Y N X	City-Own y-Owned Pro893, MP-010 391 Y N X	ned Proper roperties Tr. 140 (North Posts 140) X	ransferred frontion), MP-07 1040 Y N X	ction rom DOE 1041, MP-010 1041 Y N X	1042 Y N X	1077 Y N X		
Acc Evi Hal Gul Rui C	(MP-00181, MP-00 Property cessible to public dence of camping bitable structure(s) lies/erosion noff/drainage controcheck dams, berms) ad use changes	IV A. City 391, MP-06 181 Y N X X X X Is intact at X X X X X X X X X X	Section and sectio	red Proper roperties True 140 (North Possesses 1	ties Inspectansferred frontion), MP-02 1040 Y N X	ction rom DOE 1041, MP-010 1041 Y N X	1042 Y N X	1077 Y N X		
Acc Evi Hal Gul Rui C Lar Evi	(MP-00181, MP-00 Property cessible to public dence of camping bitable structure(s) lies/erosion noff/drainage controcheck dams, berms) ad use changes dence of vandalism	IV A. City 391, MP-06 181 Y N X	City-Own y-Owned Pro893, MP-010 391 Y N X	ned Proper roperties Tr. 140 (North Posts 140) X	ransferred frontion), MP-07 1040 Y N X	ction rom DOE 1041, MP-010 1041 Y N X	1042 Y N X	1077 Y N X		
Acce Evii Hall Guil Ruii c Larr Evii Soi	(MP-00181, MP-00 Property cessible to public dence of camping bitable structure(s) lies/erosion noff/drainage controcheck dams, berms) ad use changes dence of vandalism I removal evident	IV A. City 391, MP-06 181 Y N X X X X Is intact at X X X X X X X X X X	Section and sectio	red Proper roperties True 140 (North Possesses 1	ties Inspectansferred frontion), MP-02 1040 Y N X	ction rom DOE 1041, MP-010 1041 Y N X	1042 Y N X	1077 Y N X		
Acce Evii Hall Guil Ruii c Larr Evii Soi	(MP-00181, MP-00 Property cessible to public dence of camping bitable structure(s) lies/erosion noff/drainage controcheck dams, berms) ad use changes dence of vandalism	IV	Section a consequence of the con	ned Proper roperties Tro40 (North Posts No. 1) X	ties Inspectansferred frontion), MP-02 1040 Y N X	Ction Com DOE Codd, MP-010 Y	1042 Y N X	1077 Y N X		
Acce Evi Hall Gul Rui Co Larr Evi Soi Wa	(MP-00181, MP-00 Property cessible to public dence of camping bitable structure(s) lies/erosion noff/drainage controcheck dams, berms) ad use changes dence of vandalism I removal evident	IV	Section a consideration and co	ed Proper roperties Troperties Tr	ties Inspectansferred frontion), MP-02 1040 Y N X	Ction Tom DOE 1041, MP-010 Y	1042 Y N X	1077 Y N X		
Acce Evii Hall Guil Ruii Con Larr Evii Soii Wa	(MP-00181, MP-00 Property eessible to public dence of camping bitable structure(s) lies/erosion hoff/drainage controcheck dams, berms) and use changes dence of vandalism I removal evident ter well installation	IV	Section a sectio	ed Proper roperties Troperties Tr	ties Inspectansferred frontion), MP-02 1040 Y N X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	ction rom DOE 1041, MP-010 1041 Y N X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	1042 Y N X	1077 Y N X		
Acc Evi Hal Gul Run c Lar Evi Soi Wa We on	(MP-00181, MP-00 Property cessible to public dence of camping bitable structure(s) lies/erosion hoff/drainage controcheck dams, berms) ad use changes dence of vandalism I removal evident ter well installation tland/creek damage scribe Any Violatio	IV	City-Own y-Owned Pro893, MP-010 391 Y N X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	red Proper roperties Tro 140 (North Posts 1893 Y N X	ransferred frontion), MP-07 1040 Y N X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	ction rom DOE 1041, MP-010 1041 Y N X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	1042 Y N X	1077 Y N X		
Acce Evii Hall Guil Ruii Soii Wa We on Old uph	(MP-00181, MP-00 Property cessible to public dence of camping bitable structure(s) lies/erosion noff/drainage controcheck dams, berms) ad use changes dence of vandalism I removal evident ter well installation tland/creek damage scribe Any Violatio map):	IV	City-Own y-Owned Pro893, MP-010 391 Y N X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	ed Proper roperties Tr. 140 (North Posts 1893 Y N X	ransferred frontion), MP-07 1040 Y N X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	ction rom DOE 1041, MP-010 1041 Y N X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	1042 Y N X	1077 Y N X		

B. City-Owned Property MP-0021	1			
	Yes	No	N/A	
Evidence of Excavation or Construction		X		
If yes, confirm the following with onsite LM representative:				
In accordance with Monticello zoning district Overlay Zone (OL-1) 🗌		Χ	
Violation has been reported			Χ	
Radiological contamination was encountered			Χ	
Radiological contamination was appropriately managed			Χ	
Corrective Action Required		X		
Notes for City-Owned Property MP-00211 Inspection:				
<u>None</u>				
V. Montezuma Creek Soil and Sedimen	t Pro	pertie	S	
Evidence of Habitable Structures Within the Restricted Area		⁄es	X No	
Evidence of Soil Removal from the Restricted Area		⁄es	X No	
Land Use/Ownership Has Changed*		⁄es	X No	
Landowners Are Aware of Use Restrictions*			☐ No	
Violations Have Been Reported*	므	⁄es	☐ No	X N/A
Corrective Action Required		⁄es	X No	
*confirm with onsite LM representative				
Notes for Soil and Sediment Properties Inspection:				
No anomalies have been reported by sampling teams or onsite repres	<u>sentati</u> v	<u>/es.</u>		
VI. Groundwater Management	Area			
Evidence of Water Well Installation Within the Restricted Area* No Permits for Water Well Installation Within the Restricted Area Violations Have Been Reported* Land Ownership Has Changed* Landowners Are Aware of Water Use Restriction* Corrective Action Required	X \	/es /es /es /es	X No No No No No X No No X No	X N/A
*confirm with onsite LM representative	_			
Notes for Groundwater Management Area Inspection:				
Onsite representatives regularly inspect the area to verify that new we	ells hav	e not b	een drilled.	
VII. OU III Monitoring Wells and Water Trea	atmer	nt Sys	tems	
A. Monitoring Well Surface Complet				
(Note: Active wells are inspected and maintained biannual	ly duri			ıts.
Observations on inactive wells are reported to the	sam	oling te	am.)	
	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>		
Outer Casing or Flush Mount Vault of Inactive Wells Intact	Χ			
Wells Are Locked, and Flush Mount Well Lids Are Secured	X			
Groundwater Treatment Facility and Building X Satisfactor	, –	•	s/Maintenand	
Pipeline X Satisfactor	ry 🗌	Repairs	s/Maintenand	e Needed
Notes for Inactive Monitoring Well Inspection (note location of ar	ny mai	ntenan	ce issues d	on map):
Wells are checked and maintained twice a year by a groundwater san	npling	team.		

VIII. MVP Field Inspection						
A. City Streets and Utilities						
	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>				
Roads/Utilities Under Construction Unmonitored excavations observed during inspection Planned excavations are identified by onsite LM representative Radiological material is properly controlled and managed	□ x □	X		X	N/A	
Notes for City Streets and Utilities Inspection:						
Onsite personnel routinely drive city streets daily to look for excavation work. The utility locator service is accessed through Blue Stakes of Utah 811 notices. A small golf ball size of ore was scanned during construction activities located on the intersection of 200 East and 300 South. Material was transferred to the TSF on October 17, 2024.						
B. UDOT U.S. Highways 191 and 491 Righ	ts-of-W	/ay				
	Yes	No				
Roads Under Construction Unmonitored excavations observed during inspection Planned excavations are identified by onsite LM representative Radiological material is properly controlled and managed			X N/A X N/A X N/A			
Notes for UDOT Highways Inspection:						
<u>UDOT information is available on their website; there was no constructive representative routinely consults the website for future projects. No high in 2024.</u>						
Erosion (highway shoulders and U.S. 191 embankment at Montez X New erosion evident X Previous erosion evident; unchanged	uma Cr	eek)	No erosi	on e	vident	
Eroded Material Scanned for Radiological Contamination and Pro	perly N	lanaged				
	X Ye	es 🗌	No		N/A	
Describe Erosion Noted on UDOT Highways:						
Heavy storm event erosion is visible near the west guardrails. Eroded radiological contamination was discovered. The U.S. Highway 191 em site continues to be impacted by heavy rain events and new erosion we continues down from the highway embankment into the walking path to	bankme as map	ent along ped. The	the form e erosion	er m		
C. Property MS-00176						
(Note: Observations and activities for MS-00176-VL are recorded in the Private Properties Restricted Areas Re			.M repres	sent	ative	
Monticello zoning district Overlay Zone (OL-1) requires radiological schabitable structures. Radiologically contaminated material is removed LM representative.	under t	he direct			ite	
Unmonitored Excavations Observed During Inspection Planned Excavations Are Identified by Onsite LM Representative Site Conditions Indicate ICs Properly Implemented	Yes □ X X	<u>No</u> X □ □				
Notes for Property MS-00176 Inspection:						
Approximately 0.5 yards of contaminated material was removed from a transferred to the TSF on May 23, 2024.	a propei	rty owne	r's gardei	n bed	<u>d and</u>	

Repository Cover Vegetation Index Monticello, Utah

Date inspected: <u>10/2/2024</u> Inspected by: <u>David Holbrook</u>

Dominant species present on the repository cover at time of inspection

(Note: Dominant species make up an estimated 10% or more of the vegetative cover):

Species Name	Growth Form		Life Cycle		Vegetation Type			
Species Name	Shrub	Grass	Other	Annual	Perennial	Native	Weedy	Other
Agropyron cristatum		Х			X			Х
Elymus trachycaulus		Х			Х	Х		
Bromus inermis		Х			Х			Х
Artemisia tridentata	Х				Х	Х		
Pseudoroegneria spicata		Х			Х	Х		
Pacopyrum smitii		Х			Х	Х		

Less common species present on repository cover:

Grindelia squarrosa, Machaeranthera canescens, Pleuraphis jamesii, Sphaeralcea coccinea, Sphaeralcea parvifolia, Heliomeris species, Artemisia frigida, Ericameria nausesoa

Noxious weed species present (record locations on map or GPS):

Nonnoxious species present: Salsola tragus, Portulaca oleracea, Amaranthus retroflexus

Additional notes:

Vegetation Condition Score (see reverse): 3.8

(Notes: Has the composition of vegetation changed, including plant diversity? If so, how? Describe any evidence of vegetation disturbance or relevant climate factors. If the vegetation score is less than 3.0, provide explanation and/or recommendations.)

<u>Last year's inspection yielded a score of 4.0. This year's lower score is due to a slight decrease in canopy cover, which is normal given yearly precipitation amounts.</u>

<u>Standing dead vegetation of Artemisia tridentata were mechanically removed in summer 2024 to reduce</u> fire fuel.

A few areas containing large amount of standing dead grasses (primarily Agropyron cristatum) were observed. Accumulation of standing dead grass can hinder plant regeneration and act as a fire fuel. Mechanical removal may be beneficial for promoting plant regeneration which is important for water balance performance of the evapotranspiration (ET) cover.

Condition of Vegetative Cover

(indicate number in each row that best represents current conditions):

Indicator	1	2	3	4	5
Composition of plant cover (estimated visually)	Annual weeds dominant; nonweedy perennial species <20% of total cover	Annual weeds abundant and expanding; nonweedy perennial species 20%–40% of total cover	Annual weeds present and expanding; nonweedy perennial species 40%–60% of total cover	Some weeds present; nonweedy perennial species 60%–80% of total cover	No obvious weeds; nonweedy perennial species exceeding 80% of total cover
Total plant cover (visual estimate)	Canopy cover less than 30%	Canopy cover 30%–50%	Canopy cover 50%–70%	Canopy cover 70%–90%	Canopy cover over 90%
Bare soil	Mostly bare soil	Large areas of bare soil	Moderate areas of bare soil	Few areas of bare soil	No obvious areas of bare soil
Diversity of dominant species	One species dominant across site	2–3 species dominant across site, one or both of which are weedy; species occur in patches	2–3 species dominant across site, both of which are nonweedy; species evenly distributed with some monoculture patches	More than 3 species dominant across site, at least 2 of which are nonweedy perennials; few patches of monocultures	More than 4 nonweedy perennial species dominant across site; few to no patches of monocultures
Diversity of trace species	0–1 nonweedy trace species observed on cover	2 nonweedy trace species observed	3–4 nonweedy trace species observed	5–6 nonweedy trace species observed	7 or more nonweedy trace species observed
Plant residue	No plant residue on soil surface	1%–10% of soil surface covered with plant residue	10%–20% of soil surface covered with plant residue	20%–30% of soil surface covered with plant residue	30%–70% plant residue on soil surface
Standing dead vegetation (visual estimate)	Standing dead >25%	Standing dead 15%–25%	Standing dead 5%–15%	Standing dead <5%	No obvious standing dead
Erosion	Sheet erosion visible; rills/gullies present, or blowouts or dunes forming	Sheet erosion visible; some small rills present, or soil swept from onsite, causing burial or abrasion of vegetation	Sheet erosion not obvious; no visible rills or rills stabilized, or soil swept from offsite, causing burial or abrasion	No obvious sheet erosion; rills not present or fully stabilized, or some soil deposition from off site without burial or abrasion	No visible signs of current or past sheet or wind erosion
Disturbance	Evidence of mass disturbance to several species of vegetation (fire, animal damage, etc.)	Evidence of some disturbance to several species of vegetation or major disturbance to one species	Evidence of minor disturbance to one or two species of vegetation; localized to individual patches	Evidence of minor damage to individual plants only; disturbance not sitewide	No evidence of disturbance to any plant species or individual plants
Total each column	0	1	1	5	3

Add up all columns for total condition score:

		Total:	=	35
+	2	(Column 5) \times 5	=	10
	5	(Column 4) \times 4	=	20
	1	(Column 3) \times 3	=	3
	1	(Column 2) × 2	=	2
	0	(Column 1) × 1	=	0

Divide total by 9 to calculate vegetative cover condition score = 3.8