

**Annual Groundwater Report
April 2009 through March 2010
Tuba City, Arizona, Disposal Site**

July 2010



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Legacy
Management

This page intentionally left blank

**Annual Groundwater Report
April 2009 through March 2010
Tuba City, Arizona, Disposal Site**

July 2010

This page intentionally left blank

Contents

1.0	Introduction.....	1
1.1	Background Information.....	1
1.2	Groundwater Remediation System.....	1
1.3	Groundwater Compliance Strategy.....	1
1.4	Performance Monitoring and Reporting.....	2
1.5	Hydrogeologic Setting.....	3
1.5.1	Site Conceptual Model and Groundwater Flow.....	3
1.5.2	Vertical Discretization of the N-Aquifer.....	3
2.0	Treatment and Extraction Systems.....	4
2.1	Bulk Treatment Parameters.....	4
2.2	Distillate Quality.....	5
2.3	Treatment System Water Budget.....	5
2.4	Extraction Well System Description.....	5
3.0	Groundwater Capture Analysis.....	6
3.1	Extent of Groundwater Contamination.....	6
3.2	Water Table Configuration.....	7
3.2.1	Water Table Contours.....	7
3.2.2	Infiltration Trench.....	8
3.3	Water Level Drawdown.....	8
3.4	Horizontal Capture.....	9
3.5	Vertical Capture.....	9
4.0	Remediation Progress.....	10
4.1	Contaminant Concentration Trends at Monitoring Wells.....	10
4.2	Breakthrough from the Infiltration Trench.....	11
4.3	Contaminant Concentration Trends at Extraction Wells.....	11
4.4	Contaminant Inventory and Removal Rates.....	12
4.4.1	Contaminant Mass Removal Rate Projections.....	12
4.4.2	Aquifer Restoration Indices.....	13
4.4.3	Summary of Restoration Progress.....	14
5.0	Year in Review Summary.....	14
6.0	References.....	15

Figures

Figure 1.	Tuba City Site Location.....	16
Figure 2a.	Tuba City Site Features and Well Locations.....	17
Figure 2b.	Tuba City Site Features and Well Locations—Monitoring Wells Only.....	18
Figure 2c.	Tuba City Site Features and Well Locations—Treatment System Wells Only.....	19
Figure 3.	Treatment Plant Inflow Rate and Nitrate and Sulfate Concentrations.....	20
Figure 4.	Treatment Plant Inflow Rate and Uranium Concentration.....	20
Figure 5a.	Treatment Plant Distillate Quality—Sulfate and TDS.....	21
Figure 5b.	Treatment Plant Distillate Quality—Nitrate, Uranium, and Chloride.....	21
Figure 6a.	Nitrate Concentrations as NO ₃ , Horizons A and B, Baseline Period.....	22
Figure 6b.	Nitrate Concentrations as NO ₃ , Horizons A and B, February 2010.....	23
Figure 7a.	Nitrate Concentrations as NO ₃ , Horizons C and D, Baseline Period.....	24
Figure 7b.	Nitrate Concentrations as NO ₃ , Horizons C and D, February 2010.....	25

Figure 8a. Nitrate Concentrations as NO ₃ , Horizons E and Deeper, Baseline Period	26
Figure 8b. Nitrate Concentrations as NO ₃ , Horizons E and Deeper, February 2010	27
Figure 9a. Sulfate Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons A and B, Baseline Period	28
Figure 9b. Sulfate Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons A and B, February 2010	29
Figure 10a. Sulfate Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons C and D, Baseline Period	30
Figure 10b. Sulfate Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons C and D, February 2010	31
Figure 11a. Sulfate Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons E and Deeper, Baseline Period..	32
Figure 11b. Sulfate Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons E and Deeper, February 2010....	33
Figure 12a. Uranium Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons A and B, Baseline Period	34
Figure 12b. Uranium Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons A and B, February 2010	35
Figure 13a. Uranium Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons C and D, Baseline Period	36
Figure 13b. Uranium Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons C and D, February 2010	37
Figure 14a. Uranium Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons E and Deeper, Baseline Period	38
Figure 14b. Uranium Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons E and Deeper, February 2010.....	39
Figure 15. Water Table Elevations (Feet above Mean Sea Level), Tuba City Site, August 2001	40
Figure 16. Water Table Contour Map, Tuba City Site, February 2010	41
Figure 17. Water Level Drawdowns (Feet), Horizons A and B, February 2010	42
Figure 18. Water Level Drawdowns (Feet), Horizons C and D, February 2010	43
Figure 19. Water Level Drawdowns (Feet), Horizons E, F, G, I, and M, February 2010	44
Figure 20. Approximate Extent of Groundwater Contamination and Extraction System Capture Zone, Horizons A and B	45
Figure 21a. Nitrate Concentration Trends at Extraction Wells 1101–1103, 1119–1125	46
Figure 21b. Nitrate Concentration Trends at Extraction Wells 1104–1115, 1131-1132, 935, 936, 938, 942	47
Figure 21c. Nitrate Concentration Trends at Southernmost Extraction Wells 1116–1118, 1126–1130, 1133	48
Figure 22a. Sulfate Concentration Trends at Extraction Wells 1101–1103, 1119–1125	49
Figure 22b. Sulfate Concentration Trends at Extraction Wells 1104–1115, 1131-1132, 935, 936, 938, 942	50
Figure 22c. Sulfate Concentration Trends at Southernmost Extraction Wells 1116–1118, 1126–1130, 1133	51
Figure 23a. Uranium Concentration Trends at Extraction Wells 1101–1103, 1119–1125	52
Figure 23b. Uranium Concentration Trends at Extraction Wells 1104–1115, 1131-1132, 935, 936, 938, 942	53
Figure 23c. Uranium Concentration Trends at Southernmost Extraction Wells 1116–1118, 1126–1130, 1133	54
Figure 24. Nitrate, Sulfate, and Uranium Mass Removal Rate Projections.....	55
Figure 25. Bulk Restoration Trend for Sulfate.....	56
Figure 26. Bulk Restoration Trend for Uranium.....	57

Tables

Table 1. Groundwater Remediation Targets.....	2
Table 2. Treatment System Performance Summary, April 2009–March 2010.....	5
Table 3. Pumping Wells Where a Contaminant Concentration is Below the Remediation Standard in the Extract, as of February 2010.....	12
Table 4. Summary of Cumulative Mass and Volume Recovery as of April 1, 2010	13

Appendixes

Appendix A	Well Completion Information and Conceptual Site Model
Appendix B	Groundwater Sample Results for Contaminants of Concern: August 2009, February 2010, and the Baseline Period
Appendix C	Nitrate, Sulfate, and Uranium Plume Maps
Appendix D	Monitoring Well Water Level Hydrographs
Appendix E	Contaminant Concentration Trends at Monitoring Wells
Appendix F	Contaminant Concentration Trends at Extraction Wells
Appendix G	Calculation Sets

This page intentionally left blank

1.0 Introduction

1.1 Background Information

This report evaluates the performance of the groundwater remediation system at the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Office of Legacy Management site near Tuba City, Arizona, for the period April 2009 through March 2010, and cumulatively. The site is located in Coconino County, Arizona, within the Navajo Nation and near Hopi Reservation land (Figure 1). A former uranium-ore processing mill operated at the site from 1956 until 1966. DOE conducted surface remedial actions, consisting of encapsulating all solid waste within an on-site engineered disposal cell, between 1988 and 1990. A remnant plume of groundwater contamination, presumed to have originated from evaporation ponds and slurry-emplaced tailings during mill operation, extends off site to the south and southeast in the underlying bedrock sandstone aquifer. The primary site contaminants in groundwater are nitrate, uranium, and sulfate. DOE constructed a pump-and-treat remediation system, operational by mid-2002, to remove contamination from the aquifer and restore groundwater quality. The progress of water quality restoration is evaluated and reported annually.

1.2 Groundwater Remediation System

The groundwater remediation system currently comprises 37 extraction wells completed within the contaminated region of the aquifer. The extracted water is conveyed in underground piping to an on-site treatment plant, where it is mechanically distilled following ion exchange softener pretreatment. An engineered solar evaporation pond receives the waste liquid (brine) and softener regeneration waste, and an infiltration trench located upgradient of the contaminant plume receives the treated water (distillate), where it is returned to the aquifer to promote the restoration process. Six injection wells (wells 1003 through 1008), originally intended to create a hydraulic barrier at the downgradient limit of contamination by injecting a portion of the treated water, remain unused for that purpose. Of the 37 extraction wells, eight wells (wells 1126 through 1133) were installed in summer 2004 to expand the capture zone of the original 25 wells (wells 1101 through 1125, installed in 1999). Wells 935, 936, 938, and 942, used formerly for monitoring purposes only, were converted to extraction use in summer 2005. Numerous other groundwater monitoring wells used to track water quality and water level trends are situated within and surrounding the network of extraction wells. Figures 2a through 2c depict the locations of extraction and monitoring wells and the primary features of the site. Figure 2a shows all well locations, Figure 2b shows monitoring wells only, and Figure 2c shows treatment system wells only. (These figures are referred to collectively hereafter as Figure 2.) Corresponding well completion information is provided in Appendix A.

1.3 Groundwater Compliance Strategy

The groundwater compliance strategy for the Tuba City site, as defined in the *Phase I Ground Water Compliance Action Plan for the Tuba City, Arizona, UMTRA Site* (DOE 1999), is to achieve applicable cleanup levels through active remediation of those portions of the aquifer affected by previous site activities. Cleanup levels for the aquifer consist of restoration “standards” (requirements of Title 40 *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 192 [40 CFR 192], “Health and Environmental Protection Standards for Uranium and Thorium Mill Tailings”) and restoration “goals” (cleanup levels requested by the Navajo Nation but not required by 40 CFR 192).

Groundwater contaminants requiring active remediation at the site are molybdenum, nitrate, selenium, sulfate, and uranium (DOE 1999). The focus of the figures and data analyses presented in this report are nitrate, uranium, and sulfate, because these contaminants are most widespread and contribute most to potential risk. For all constituents except sulfate, restoration standards correspond to a maximum concentration limit in groundwater established in Table 1 of Subpart A of 40 CFR 192 (see Table 1). Sulfate is not regulated by 40 CFR 192; however, a restoration standard was adopted for this constituent because it is present in groundwater at the site at concentrations that cause excess potential risk (DOE 1999).

*Table 1. Groundwater Remediation Targets
(Source: DOE 1999)*

Constituent/Property	Cleanup Level	Baseline Concentrations in Plume
Nitrate ^a as NO ₃	44 mg/L as NO ₃	840–1,500 mg/L as NO ₃
Molybdenum ^a	0.10 mg/L	0.01–0.58 mg/L
Selenium ^a	0.01 mg/L	0.01–0.10 mg/L
Uranium ^a	30 pCi/L (0.044 mg/L) U-234 + U-238	0.3–0.6 mg/L
Sulfate ^a	250 mg/L	1,700–3,500 mg/L
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) ^b	500 mg/L	3,500–10,000 mg/L
Chloride ^b	250 mg/L	20–440 mg/L
pH ^b	6.5–8.5	6.3–7.6
Corrosivity ^b	not corrosive	not applicable

^a Restoration standard

^b Restoration goal

mg/L = milligrams per liter

pCi/L = picocuries per liter

1.4 Performance Monitoring and Reporting

The effectiveness of the remediation system in removing contaminants from the aquifer and progressing toward cleanup levels is evaluated yearly, partly on the basis of groundwater monitoring conducted in August and February of each year. During these events, samples are collected at monitoring wells for water quality analysis, and water levels are measured. The data are then compared to baseline conditions determined between 1998 and March 2002 (DOE 2003) to evaluate the capture zone of the extraction system, plume movement within the aquifer, and concentration trends. Most of the extraction wells are sampled only during the August events (exceptions this period were wells 935, 938, and 942). This is also the case for several distal and lower terrace wells that have no history of contamination (these, too, are only sampled during the August events).

Other information used in evaluating the effectiveness of the groundwater remediation system includes the monitoring data collected during routine operation of the treatment plant, such as (1) continuous flow metering for each extraction well, (2) continuous flow metering of the bulk influent and all outflow streams, (3) approximately weekly determination of bulk inflow and distillate composition through composite sampling, and (4) approximately monthly analysis of groundwater composition at each extraction well.

1.5 Hydrogeologic Setting

1.5.1 Site Conceptual Model and Groundwater Flow

The Tuba City site lies on the middle of three alluvial terraces formed during ancestral flow in Moenkopi Wash, located about 1.25 miles southeast of the site. The terraces are composed of thin (≤ 20 feet [ft]) surface deposits of coarse, semi-indurated, Quaternary alluvium. Loose dune sand and silt mantle the terraces at most locations. The terrace and dune deposits unconformably overlie the regionally extensive Navajo Sandstone, a massively cross-bedded, friable, fine-grained to very fine grained sandstone and siltstone of Jurassic age. Escarpments that separate the terraces are formed by cliffs of the Navajo Sandstone. The regional dip of the bedrock is about 1 degree to the northeast.

At about 200 ft below ground, the massive eolian dune deposits typifying “classic” Navajo Sandstone become interbedded with fine-grained alluvium more typical of the deeper Kayenta Formation. This “intertonguing interval” is 400 to 450 ft thick. Occasional thin (≤ 2 ft), resistant limestone beds, which are relict playa lakes, are interspersed throughout both the classic and intertonguing intervals. The Kayenta Formation consists primarily of 100 ft or more of less-resistant, thin-bedded, red silt and fine sand and lacks the characteristic cross-beds of the Navajo Sandstone. Figure A–1 in Appendix A depicts a conceptual model of the site hydrogeology to illustrate the relationship of surface topography, subsurface geology, and groundwater flow.

Groundwater beneath the Tuba City site occurs in the regionally extensive “N” multiple-aquifer (Cooley et al. 1969), which in the site area comprises the classic and intertonguing intervals of the Navajo Sandstone. Because of the fine-grained composition of the Kayenta Formation locally, it is not water bearing and is considered the base of the N-aquifer in this area. The local water table occurs within the Navajo Sandstone; the terrace and dune deposits in the site area are not saturated. Groundwater saturation extends from the water table, about 50 to 60 ft below ground surface on the upper and middle terraces, to the contact with the Kayenta Formation, accounting for a saturated thickness on the order of 500 ft. Except for the local effects of groundwater withdrawal at the site, groundwater flow is south to southeast to Moenkopi Wash. There, regional aquifer discharge is expressed as a laterally extensive (miles) spring zone near the exposed base of the intertonguing interval. Local discharge of groundwater from higher in the formation occurs in some areas, as evidenced by scattered bands of desert phreatophytes that typically occur near the base of the escarpment between the middle and lower terraces. One such area is noted in Figure 2 as the “greasewood area,” where the depth to water is only about 20 ft.

1.5.2 Vertical Discretization of the N-Aquifer

In the absence of laterally continuous marker beds in the Navajo Sandstone, for this project the subsurface is discretized into 50-ft intervals, or “horizons,” each with a letter designation. These designations are convenient for evaluating the site hydrogeology and depth of contamination. Ground surface of the middle terrace, nominally 5,050 ft in elevation, marks the top of the uppermost horizon, Horizon A (Figure A–1). Horizons A, B, C, and possibly D span the interval of “classic” Navajo Sandstone beneath the site. The depths of Horizons E through J include the regions of the intertonguing interval. Horizons K, L, and M include the lower intertonguing interval and possibly the upper portion of the Kayenta Formation. Because of surface topography, the uppermost horizon on the lower terrace progresses from Horizon C to D, north

to south. The steep topography at Moenkopi Wash intersects Horizons E through G. Contamination of the aquifer is limited in depth; therefore, groundwater remediation at the site focuses primarily on the upper 250 ft of the bedrock aquifer (Horizons A through E).

The stratigraphic relationships to aquifer horizon are shown in Figure A-1 of Appendix A. In Figure 2, color-coding identifies the corresponding horizon in which the midpoint of the screen of each well is located for extraction wells (round symbols) and monitoring wells (square symbols). Well screen depth in relation to aquifer horizon and elevation for all project wells is shown schematically in Figure A-2 of Appendix A. Table A-1 of Appendix A includes additional well completion information such as screen length and elevations.

2.0 Treatment and Extraction Systems

2.1 Bulk Treatment Parameters

During the current review period of April 2009 through March 2010, the treatment plant operated for 235 of 365 total days¹, for a net on-stream factor of 64 percent. This on-stream percentage has decreased from 87 percent (318 operational days) reported for 2008–2009. The decrease in the net on-stream factor is due to a number of factors, the primary one being continued problems with fouling in the evaporator vessel. Power failures and scheduled maintenance requiring plant shutdowns accounted for the remainder of the downtime.

About 31.7 million gallons of water were treated during this period, resulting in an average operating rate of 94 gallons per minute (gpm). The effective rate (downtime included) was 60 gpm, about half of the 120 gpm treatment plant capacity. Aquifer yield generally limits the extraction rate to about 90 to 100 gpm. Corresponding values reported for 2008–2009 were 40.6 million gallons treated, and average operating and effective rates of 89 gpm and 77 gpm, respectively.

Total groundwater treatment as of April 1, 2010, was approximately 338.4 million gallons, equivalent to about 28.2 percent of the total estimated volume of uranium-contaminated groundwater prior to remedial action (see Section 4.0 for discussion of contaminant removal rates). Corresponding values reported for 2008–2009 were 306.7 million gallons (cumulative treated volume), corresponding to 25.6 percent of the total contaminated groundwater volume.

Figure 3 shows the feed rate to the treatment plant and the corresponding concentration of nitrate and sulfate determined from weekly composite samples since the start of remediation. This figure indicates that, on average, the bulk extraction rate (represented by inflow) continues to decrease slightly over time. However, the weekly inflows sometimes vary considerably. This figure also indicates relatively stable concentrations of nitrate and sulfate entering the treatment system at typical inflows.

¹Operational days include only the days when the plant was fully in service and returning treated water to the aquifer. The plant is not considered to be operational on startup days, when equipment is bringing the plant up to operating conditions and is not treating water for reinjection.

As shown in Figure 4, uranium concentrations in the bulk feed show a slight downward trend over the same period. The masses of nitrate, sulfate, and uranium extracted during the current review period, estimated from the weekly monitoring of bulk inflow to the treatment plant, are 105,088 pounds (lbs), 282,908 lbs, and 71 lbs, respectively (Table 2).

Table 2. Treatment System Performance Summary, April 2009–March 2010

Contaminant	Mass Removed During Review Period (lbs)	Typical Feed Concentration (mg/L)	Average Distillate Concentration (mg/L)
Nitrate (as NO ₃)	105,088	409	3.8
Sulfate	282,908	1,158	13.2
Uranium	71	0.29	0.002

mg/L = milligrams per liter

2.2 Distillate Quality

Figure 5 plots average weekly concentrations of nitrate, sulfate, uranium, chloride, and total dissolved solids (TDS) in the distillate ranged over time. Except for increases in 2007 and 2008², distillate quality has remained relatively stable since 2005. During this review period, concentrations of nitrate, sulfate, and uranium in the distillate averaged 3.8, 13.2, and 0.002 milligrams per liter (mg/L), respectively (Table 2).

During this review, TDS concentrations in the distillate ranged from 10 to 110 mg/L (28 mg/L average), and chloride concentrations ranged from 0.5 to 21.6 mg/L (2.1 mg/L average). These results indicate highly effective contaminant removal and a quality of water returned to the aquifer generally well below the remediation targets listed in Table 1.

2.3 Treatment System Water Budget

Consistent with the last reporting period, about 29 million gallons (91 percent) of the total feed to the treatment system was returned to the aquifer at the infiltration trench over the past year. This percentage is consistent with previous years of plant operation and is consistent with system design parameters. Treatment system wastewater sent to the evaporation pond comprised about 5 percent of the total inflow as brine and about 4 percent as loss for softener regeneration. Water levels in the evaporation pond continue to remain safely below the maximum operating level.

2.4 Extraction Well System Description

In Figure 2c, the extraction wells labeled 1101 to 1125 are constructed of 6-inch-diameter Schedule 40 PVC solid casing and 6-inch, continuous V-wrap stainless-steel screen (0.017-inch slot). A filter pack of 20–40 mesh silica sand fills the 2-inch annulus to 30 or 40 ft above the screen slots. Screen lengths are 150 ft, extending from the bottom half of Horizon B to the mid-depth of Horizon E, except for wells 1116, 1117, and 1118, which have 100-ft screens to a

² As addressed in the last annual report, the increases in contaminant concentrations in the distillate observed in 2007 and 2008 were attributable to the need for replacement of the treatment system heat exchanger bags. Bags were replaced in May 2008.

depth near the base of Horizon D. Extraction wells 1126 to 1133 are constructed of 4-inch-diameter casing and screen. These wells have a 30-ft to 50-ft screen that is placed across most of Horizon B. These wells became operational in August 2005, as did former monitoring wells 935, 936, 938, and 942 (4-inch wells). The extraction well pumps are generally positioned 10 to 15 ft above the bottom of the well. Pumps in wells 935, 936, 938, and 942 are at the bottom of the well because these wells are much shallower and so have much less potential drawdown. Refer also to Table A–1 and Figure A–2 in Appendix A.

3.0 Groundwater Capture Analysis

3.1 Extent of Groundwater Contamination

Figures 6a through 14a illustrate the concentrations of nitrate (as NO_3), sulfate, and uranium in groundwater in the respective aquifer horizons before the start of remediation (baseline period). Figures 6b through 14b show contaminant distributions in August 2009 or February 2010 for the respective contaminant and aquifer horizon. Corresponding analytical results are tabulated in Appendix B for August 2009, February 2010, and the baseline period. Most of the baseline period data are from sample collection in March 2002, but data for some locations are from 1999 or 2001. In addition to the primary contaminants, Appendix B also documents analytical results for molybdenum and selenium.

To facilitate review of Figures 6 through 14, although each well location sampled for the respective period is shown, a concentration value is posted only where the applicable remediation goal or standard (Table 1) was exceeded. In comparing the "a" series figures (representing baseline conditions) with the "b" series counterparts (plotting the most recent results), the area of contamination in the various horizons does not appear significantly different from that established for baseline conditions, indicating no lateral spreading of the contaminant plume (additional information regarding contaminant concentration trends is provided in Section 4.1).

The depth of groundwater contamination is generally limited to Horizons A, B, and C beneath the middle terrace. Contamination of Horizon D is confined to the disposal cell and evaporation pond area where groundwater extraction is most focused (Figures 7b, 10b, and 13b). Apparent contamination in Horizon D in these areas may be an effect of downward migration of contaminated groundwater from upper horizons in response to groundwater withdrawal at nearby extraction wells. Contamination in Horizon E (see Figures 8b, 11b, and 14b) is still limited to the occurrence of nitrate in well 268, presently at 75 mg/L. Contamination is absent in the deeper horizon. (Refer to Section 4.0 for a discussion of corresponding time trends.)

In general, contamination of lower terrace wells is absent—with few exceptions, constituent concentrations in these wells continue to be below remediation goals. However, nitrate continues to exceed the 44 mg/L (as NO_3) restoration standard at several locations (Figures 7a and 7b), currently at concentrations between 53 and 290 mg/L as NO_3 . The maximum concentrations (290 and 230 mg/L) were measured respectively at Horizon C well 0691 and paired well 1003 (Horizon D). These paired wells are the only locations on the lower terrace where the sulfate restoration goal is presently exceeded (Figure 10b). In recent years (since the start of

remediation), sulfate concentrations had decreased to levels below the restoration goal of 250 mg/L at all lower terrace locations.

Prior to 2005, uranium was present at several lower terrace wells (e.g., 0691) at concentrations that exceeded the 0.044 mg/L restoration standard. Uranium concentrations had remained less than this standard at all lower terrace locations until February 2010, when uranium was detected at 0.47 mg/L at well 0691. Historically, contaminant trends in wells 0691 and 1003 have not been stable (see Section 4.1 for additional trending information).

Figures C-1, C-2, and C-3 in Appendix C show the distributions of nitrate, sulfate, and uranium during the current period of review. The contours shown in the figures were computer-generated using the natural neighbor interpolation method based on the posted concentration values. This method yields continuous contours from data sets containing areas of sparse and dense data and does not generate contours in areas beyond the data range. One outcome of this method is that contours do not extend far beneath the disposal cell where no data are available. As has been the case for the last several reporting periods, the plume geometry and magnitude of the contour intervals has not changed significantly—for all constituents, contamination is still generally confined to the middle terrace.

3.2 Water Table Configuration

3.2.1 Water Table Contours

Figure 15 shows the estimated water table for the baseline period (August 2001) using water levels in Horizons A and B monitoring wells for the middle terrace and Horizon C wells for the lower terrace. On the middle terrace, water levels at deeper wells are not representative of water table conditions because of pronounced vertical hydraulic gradients (see Section 3.5) and so are not appropriate for constructing a water table map. On the lower terrace, the water table occurs within Horizon C within the area of interest. The horizontal direction of groundwater flow was predominantly south during the baseline period. A steeper hydraulic gradient at the escarpment (Figure 15) mimics ground surface topography.

Figure 16 shows the estimated water table for February 2010. The monitoring wells and corresponding water table elevations used to generate the water table contours are identified in the figure. The computer-generated, grid-based contours were computed using the natural neighbor interpolation method. Additional output of the contouring application (SURFER) includes vector analysis of the groundwater capture zone, as described in Section 3.4.

Comparison of Figures 15 and 16 indicates that operation of the extraction wells has significantly depressed the water table within the central regions of extraction to the south and east of the disposal cell. Also evident in Figure 16 is the development of an elongate groundwater mound and increased hydraulic gradients along the north edge of the disposal cell caused by infiltrating distillate at the trench. Additional analysis of water table drawdown, groundwater flow direction, and groundwater capture, as influenced by groundwater extraction, is provided in Sections 3.3, 3.4, and 3.5.

3.2.2 Infiltration Trench

The infiltration trench is constructed into bedrock along the north side of the site (see Figure 2). Distillate enters at the midpoint of the trench and flows toward each end in perforated pipe that is embedded in a 3-ft-thick gravel pack. Through mid-2003, nonuniform infiltration caused greater than 20 ft of groundwater mounding beneath the southwest section of the trench, but only about 1 ft of mounding beneath the northeast section. The groundwater mound progressively became more symmetrical after November 2003 when flow valves were installed and all inflowing water was diverted to the northeast section of the trench. In April 2005, a small amount of flow was redirected back to the southwest section of the trench, which again resulted in comparatively greater mounding in that section. Water levels at well 946, located near the southwest section of the trench, reached historical maximums in 2007 but have since decreased slightly. The groundwater mound at the infiltration trench currently appears to be symmetrical in shape from the point of water entry to the trench.

Wells 284 and 285 are paired with wells 946 and 943, respectively, to monitor water table conditions at the contact between the terrace deposits and the Navajo Sandstone immediately downgradient of the trench (see Figure 2b). Wells 284 and 285, completed with screen intakes that straddle the alluvium/sandstone contact, have remained dry since installation in 2004, indicating that mounding has not over-topped the trench to saturate the alluvium. Current water levels are closest to alluvium/sandstone contact at well 946, where the water table is within about 6 feet of that contact. Water level hydrographs for wells completed in the aquifer in the area of the trench are presented as Figure D–1 in Appendix D.

3.3 Water Level Drawdown

Figure 17 illustrates the effect of groundwater extraction and infiltration by showing the difference in water levels in Horizons A and B between the baseline period and February 2010. Figures 18 and 19 plot the water level differences between the same periods for the deeper horizons. Positive values identify locations where the water level in February 2010 is less than the baseline value. Negative values, such as those at the wells surrounding the infiltration trench (Figure 17), indicate that water levels at the respective locations are presently higher than during the baseline period.

In the area of groundwater extraction, the pattern of water level drawdown illustrated in Figures 17 through 19 reflects three-dimensional converging flow to the extraction wells. The greatest drawdown (as much as 70 ft) is observed at the monitoring wells closest to or within the east and south areas of extraction and which are screened in the same horizons spanned by the extraction well intakes (Horizon C, D, or E). Drawdown is observed to decrease with vertical and horizontal distance from the extraction well intakes. Well hydrographs in Appendix D provide an additional view of water level variation over time at selected monitoring wells. The predominantly downward trend in groundwater levels indicates that the capture zone continues to expand. Recent increases in water levels at several locations (0906 for example) may reflect the increased periods of plant downtime discussed in Section 2.1.

3.4 Horizontal Capture

Figure 20 depicts the estimated zone of groundwater capture in lateral extent in Horizons A and B, where the bulk of contamination resides. In this depiction, all groundwater within the blue line, the approximate extent of plume capture, is predicted to ultimately flow to an extraction well. This prediction is based on slope analysis of the water table depicted in Figure 16. Using the computer program SURFER, the analysis calculates a vector that describes the direction and magnitude of the water table slope within each user-specified grid cell used in computing the water table contours. The capture line in Figure 20 corresponds to a horizontal flow divide between the vectors that converge on the extraction wells and those that do not.

The slope analysis indicates that the full width of the contaminant plume along the south edge of the disposal cell is within the capture zone, suggesting that flow of contaminated groundwater from the site has been eliminated. The capture zone encompasses the region of greatest contamination; however, much of the area encompassing extraction wells 1126 through 1129 apparently escapes capture. Water level drawdown in this area is significant (Figures 17 and 18) and generally continues to increase (Figures D-4, D-5, and D-6 in Appendix D). These data indicate an expanding cone of depression and expanding capture zone in this area. Contamination in this area is limited in vertical extent to Horizons A and B and is generally at lower concentrations than within the primary capture zone shown in Figure 20.

3.5 Vertical Capture

Hydrographs included in Appendix D for selected sets of co-located monitoring wells illustrate that at a given location, the hydraulic head in the aquifer is a function of well-intake depth. This relationship clearly identifies vertical flow components throughout the entire monitored thickness of the aquifer, both before and since the start of groundwater remediation. With few exceptions, vertical flow potentials were downward during the baseline period. Since that time, the magnitude of downward flow in Horizons A, B, and C has generally increased, as exemplified by the greater vertical separation in the hydrographs for the respective locations of well pairs 263/264, 265/266, 909/932, and 908/912 since about mid-2002 (see Figures D-4 through D-7 in Appendix D). In the main region of contamination, these increased gradients likely imply capture of groundwater from the upper, most contaminated horizons of the aquifer (Horizons A, B, and C).

In the deeper horizons, vertical gradients are now generally upward to the extraction well intakes in response to groundwater extraction. For example, the vertical flow potentials reversed to upward between Horizons M, I, and E at co-located wells 268/256/257 (Figure D-8; wells 256 and 257 were decommissioned in August 2005). A similar trend for Horizons E and I is apparent at the location of wells 251/252 (see Figure D-9). A downward flow potential remained between Horizon I and M into 2005 at paired wells 254/255 (Figure D-10; wells 254 and 255 were decommissioned in August 2005). Groundwater elevation data for well 273, installed in August 2004 near the location of former wells 254 and 255, implies vertically upward flow from Horizon I to D under the current pumping condition and downward flow from Horizons A and B (Figure D-10). Groundwater extraction has reduced but not reversed the downward flow gradient between Horizons D and G at wells 915 and 916 (Figure D-11); however, this region of the aquifer is not contaminated.

Because the observed vertical influence of the extraction wells extends deeper than the presumed depth of contamination (Horizons A, B, and C, and to a lesser extent Horizon D), it is likely that the remediation system captures the full vertical extent of the contaminant plume. Downward flow potentials in lower terrace groundwater remain strongly downward, extending possibly through Horizon I, as indicated at the lower terrace well cluster identified in Figure D–12. The effect of pumping at that location has been to increase the downward hydraulic gradient between Horizons C and E and decrease the potential between Horizons E and I (Figure D–10). Despite the downward flow potential remaining on the lower terrace, the slight amount of contamination in lower terrace groundwater is limited primarily to Horizon C.

4.0 Remediation Progress

4.1 Contaminant Concentration Trends at Monitoring Wells

Appendix E contains time series graphs of nitrate, sulfate, and uranium concentrations in groundwater at selected monitoring wells located throughout the project area. In the main region of groundwater contamination, nitrate and sulfate concentrations have risen since the baseline period (see Figures E–1 and E–2). Similar trending is not apparent for uranium, for which consistent trending is generally absent (Figure E–3). Movement of more highly contaminated groundwater to less contaminated areas of the aquifer should be expected at some locations in response to groundwater withdrawal. The opposite effect should also be expected. In general, persistent and widespread trending, upward or downward, is not evident.

Toward the downgradient (south) margin of the plume, contaminant concentrations are relatively stable and generally consistent with baseline concentrations (see Figures E–4 through E–6). Horizon A, B, and C wells 271, 683, 684, 914, and 929 are located beyond but near the downgradient or crossgradient extent of contamination. At most of these “sentinel” wells (271, 683, 684, and 914), groundwater has not been contaminated since monitoring began in 1999. Minor nitrate contamination of about 1.5 times the remediation standard remains at well 929 (before and since the start of remediation). These findings indicate that the contaminant plume has not expanded laterally.

On the middle terrace, contaminant concentrations remain stable and below remediation standards in Horizons C and D, as indicated at wells 264, 266, 914, 915, and 932 (Figures E–7 through E–9). These results indicate that the plume is not expanding southward at this depth in the aquifer. In Figures E–7 and E–8, elevated nitrate and sulfate concentrations at well 912 (Horizon C) have trended downward over time, which also indicates that contamination is not spreading farther downgradient to the south of the disposal cell.

As presented in Section 3.1, groundwater contamination beneath the lower terrace is sparse and limited to concentrations that do not greatly exceed the remediation standards. Figures E–10 through E–12 show time-series plots for nitrate, sulfate, and uranium at selected lower-terrace wells. Concentrations of these constituents are shown to be relatively stable before and after the start of groundwater remediation, except at paired well 691 and 1003, where contaminant concentrations are highly erratic. For example, nitrate, sulfate, and uranium concentrations decreased significantly from preremediation conditions to at or below cleanup levels through

about 2007. Concentrations of these constituents have increased significantly at this location to again exceed (if only marginally) the remediation standards.

Contaminant concentrations at monitoring wells screened below Horizon D on both the middle and lower terrace remain stable and below remediation standards, except at well 268 (refer to Appendix E, Figures E-13 through E-15). At well 268 (Horizon E), located in an area of extensive water level drawdown (see Figures 16 and 19), contaminant concentrations have increased, presumably in response to groundwater withdrawal associated with the remediation system. The trend has stabilized at this location since about 2005, and only nitrate has exceeded the remediation standard. The rise in contaminant concentrations at well 268 may be explained by the downward movement of contaminated groundwater from upper horizons to deeper horizons intercepted by the nearby extraction wells. Well 268 is in an area of pronounced drawdown.

4.2 Breakthrough from the Infiltration Trench

The arrival of water from the infiltration trench to the extraction wells may eventually be important in evaluating the flushing process and time requirement for restoration of the aquifer. Breakthrough of clean water from the infiltration trench is expected to be evident as a relatively abrupt decline in contaminant concentration at monitoring and extraction wells nearest the downgradient side of the disposal cell. Such trending is not yet apparent. Darcy's Law predicts a travel time from the infiltration trench to well 940 of about 17 years, based on the observed water table gradient (Figure 16), a hydraulic conductivity of 1 ft per day (from DOE 1998), and 25 percent porosity. This amount of time exceeds the cumulative remediation period to date, so breakthrough of the distillate is not yet expected. DOE may evaluate other possible geochemical indicators of distillate breakthrough downgradient of the disposal cell as remediation progresses.

4.3 Contaminant Concentration Trends at Extraction Wells

Figures 21 to 23 illustrate concentration trends at the extraction wells for nitrate, sulfate, and uranium. Each figure comprises three separate time series plots to show the trends in different areas of the extraction well field. The well field is separated into the area east of the disposal cell (figure "a"), the area immediately south of the disposal cell (figure "b"), and the area encompassing the southernmost portion of the plume (figure "c").

Figures 21a, 22a, and 23a show that concentration trending is generally downward in the eastern area of the extraction well field for each contaminant. Concentration trending is much more variable in the area immediately south of the disposal cell (Figures 21b, 22b, and 23b). In this area, concentrations at some wells are observed to be static over time, while at other wells, trends may be slightly upward or downward. Nitrate and sulfate concentrations rose slightly in the southernmost portion of the extraction field at the onset of remediation. Concentrations have since been relatively stable. Uranium concentrations did not show a similar rise at the onset of remediation, and concentrations remain relatively stable.

Appendix F provides times series plots of nitrate, sulfate, and uranium for each extraction well based on monthly monitoring conducted by treatment plant operators. Monthly monitoring is conducted to provide greater accuracy in evaluating and maintaining treatment system performance than can be accomplished by the separate semiannual monitoring program. Some of

the figures in Appendix F are plotted twice at different scales of the y axis to show greater resolution of trending and comparison to remediation standards at lower-magnitude concentrations.

Table 3 was prepared on the basis of Figures 21 to 23 and the times series plots in Appendix F to list the extraction wells where a primary contaminant concentration was below the remediation standard in the extract during this reporting period.

Table 3. Pumping Wells Where a Contaminant Concentration is Below the Remediation Standard in the Extract, as of February 2010

Extraction Well ^a	Nitrate ^b	Sulfate ^c	Uranium ^b
1112		X	
1113		X	X
1116			X
1117			X
1125		X	X
1133		X	

^a Only those extraction wells where the remediation standard was not exceeded for at least one contaminant are listed above.

^b Results for nitrate and uranium are the same as those reported for 2008–2009. Nitrate continues to exceed the remediation standard in all extraction wells.

^c Results for sulfate differ slightly when compared with the last reporting period (sulfate levels in well 1112 exceeded the standard last year, whereas those in well 1116 did not).

As reported in previous years, there was no extraction well where all three primary contaminants were below remediation standards during this review period. The lowest nitrate concentration in an extraction well was 49 mg/L (well 1125). Sulfate and uranium concentrations in the extracted groundwater are below the remediation standards at wells 1113 and 1125. Although the extraction well samples are likely composites of groundwater from several horizons of variable contamination, the region of the aquifer east of the evaporation pond and encompassing well 1125 is approaching cleanup goals. As has been the case for the last several years, nitrate concentrations during this period exceeded the 44 mg/L standard (as NO₃) in all extraction wells.

DOE expects to develop and implement a protocol to evaluate contaminant rebound at extraction well 1125 as an effect of alternating periods of pumping and nonpumping of that well. Other wells where contaminant concentrations are approaching remediation standards may also be targeted for such evaluation. Evaluating the contaminant rebounding effect may be useful in ultimately determining when remediation is complete and pumping can be permanently discontinued in specific regions of the aquifer.

4.4 Contaminant Inventory and Removal Rates

4.4.1 Contaminant Mass Removal Rate Projections

Table 4 lists the cumulative amounts of nitrate, sulfate, and uranium removed from the aquifer through March 2010, about 8 years into full-scale groundwater extraction and treatment. For comparison, Table 4 also provides the estimated quantities of contamination initially present in the aquifer and the amount of contaminant removed as a percent of the initial quantity.

Calculation methods for these estimates of initial contaminant mass are provided in Appendix G as Calculation Set 1. An estimate of the initial volume of contaminated groundwater is also presented in Table 4 based on Calculation 1 in Appendix G.

These results are plotted in Figure 24, which shows that although cleanup is progressing (more rapidly for uranium), cumulative masses removed for all constituents are not close to the initial mass estimates. Based on the calculations in Appendix G (Calculation Set 2), at the current nitrate mass recovery rate of 1.5 percent per year, the nitrate remediation standard may be attained in 65 years. By the same analysis, at a mass removal rate of 4 percent per year, the uranium standard may be attained in 25 years. Sulfate restoration would be complete in about 50 years.

Table 4. Summary of Cumulative Mass and Volume Recovery as of April 1, 2010

Contaminant	Initial Mass (lbs)	Cumulative Mass Removed (lbs) ^b	Cumulative Percent Mass Reduction	Initial Volume (gal) ^a	Volume Treated (gal)	Percent Plume Volume Reduction
Nitrate	9,500,000	1,136,000	12.0	1.2×10^9	3.4×10^8	28.2
Sulfate	20,150,000	2,860,000	14.2	1.2×10^9	3.4×10^8	28.2
Uranium	2,300	700	31.3	1.2×10^9	3.4×10^8	28.2

Source: Appendix G.

Masses rounded, but percent mass reduction and plume volume reduction calculations used nonrounded values. For the preceding review period (ending April 1, 2009), cumulative mass reductions were 10.8, 12.8, and 28.3 percent for nitrate, sulfate, and uranium. The volume treated was 3.1×10^8 gallons, and the percent plume volume reduction was 25.6 percent.

The corresponding volume of groundwater extracted at 25 years, assuming constant withdrawal of 85 gpm (equivalent to about a 3.6 percent reduction in plume volume per year), is 1 billion gallons, or approximately one estimated pore volume of the contaminant plume.

4.4.2 Aquifer Restoration Indices

An alternative approach of estimating the restoration period to that presented in Section 4.4.1 is based on concentration trending over time and is independent of mass and volume estimates of the initial contaminant plumes. With this approach, the geometric mean concentration of a contaminant is computed for each sampling event from a selected group of monitoring wells. The composition of the groundwater plume is thus represented by a single concentration value, or index, for a given contaminant and time. A time series plot of the index can then provide a measure of bulk trending and restoration progress. Figures 25 and 26 illustrate how the sulfate and uranium indices vary since the start of active remediation. The selected monitoring wells in this analysis are located throughout the contaminant plume and are sampled most regularly. Appendix G provides calculation information for this performance metric as Calculation Sets 3 and 4.

Despite the small increment of change and the relatively brief period of observation, the results presented in Figures 25 and 26 depict a developing trend suggesting that remediation is effective in reducing the bulk concentration of uranium and sulfate (nitrate results have not yet been analyzed using this method). Linear projection of the sulfate and uranium indices, which

disregards possible concentration tailing effects, predicts restoration times of about 30 and 60 years, respectively, since the inception of active remediation in mid-2002. This compares to an estimated 28 years to remove one pore volume of the initial contaminant plume at the current cumulative extraction rate of about 3.6 percent per year by volume (Appendix G, Figure G-2).

Linear projections of contaminant removal rates as indicators of the aquifer restoration period must be regarded with caution, because such projections ignore geochemical and matrix effects known to prolong water quality improvement (see EPA 1994). Examples of such effects are kinetically controlled desorption of a contaminant from aquifer substrate grains and diffusion-controlled transport of a contaminant within dual-domain porosity settings. These effects can lead to concentration tailing, whereby the rate of contaminant release from the substrate decreases with time, or to concentration rebounding following periods of reduced or inactive pumping. Either effect will eventually cause a departure from linear concentration trending and to a longer restoration period than predicted by linear projection.

4.4.3 Summary of Restoration Progress

The projections discussed in Sections 4.4.1 and 4.4.2 based on mass and volume removal rates, and bulk concentration trending, predict a wide range of projected cleanup times, ranging from about 25 to 65 years. However, such forecasts ignore the matrix and geochemical effects discussed above. These effects could explain why—despite the measureable progress in groundwater treatment discussed herein (see Section 2.1 and Table 4)—after 8 years of active groundwater treatment, persistent and significant downward trending in contaminant concentrations at site monitoring wells is not obvious.

5.0 Year in Review Summary

During the current review period of April 2009 through March 2010, close to 32 million gallons of contaminated groundwater were treated, yielding a total cumulative treatment volume of 338 million gallons, or 28 percent of the total estimated volume of uranium-contaminated groundwater prior to remedial action. Major findings are summarized below:

- Although occasional problems with fouling accounted for some decline in plant efficiency, as indicated below, overall the treatment plant is operating effectively and as intended.
 - Distillate quality meets or exceeds design objectives.
 - Return flow to the aquifer as a percentage of extracted water meets design objectives.
 - Infiltration capacity of the infiltration trench and groundwater mounding meets design objectives.
- The current configuration and operation of the extraction system effectively captures the lateral region of maximum groundwater contamination and the full vertical extent. Plume expansion into uncontaminated regions is not significant on either the middle or lower terrace.
- Cumulative contaminant mass and volume extraction, and bulk concentration trends indicate measurable progress in water quality restoration; however, significant and widespread decreases in contaminant concentrations are not obvious.

- Contamination of lower terrace wells (off site and farther downgradient) is generally absent; with few exceptions, constituent concentrations in these wells continue to be below remediation goals.
- Restoration projections documented in this report predict a wide range of cleanup times, ranging from about 25 to 65 years. These forecasts are interpreted with caution, however, because they ignore important geochemical and matrix effects that could explain why—despite the measureable progress in groundwater treatment—after 8 years of full-scale groundwater extraction and treatment, significant and widespread decreases in contaminant concentrations are not obvious.
- Although there is no extraction well where all three primary contaminants are below remediation standards, contaminant concentrations are approaching remediation standards at well 1125 (east of the evaporation pond). DOE expects to develop and implement a protocol to evaluate contaminant rebound at this well as an effect of alternating periods of pumping and nonpumping of that well. Other wells where contaminant concentrations are approaching remediation standards may also be evaluated. Such an evaluation may be useful in ultimately determining when remediation is complete and pumping can be permanently discontinued in specific regions of the aquifer.

6.0 References

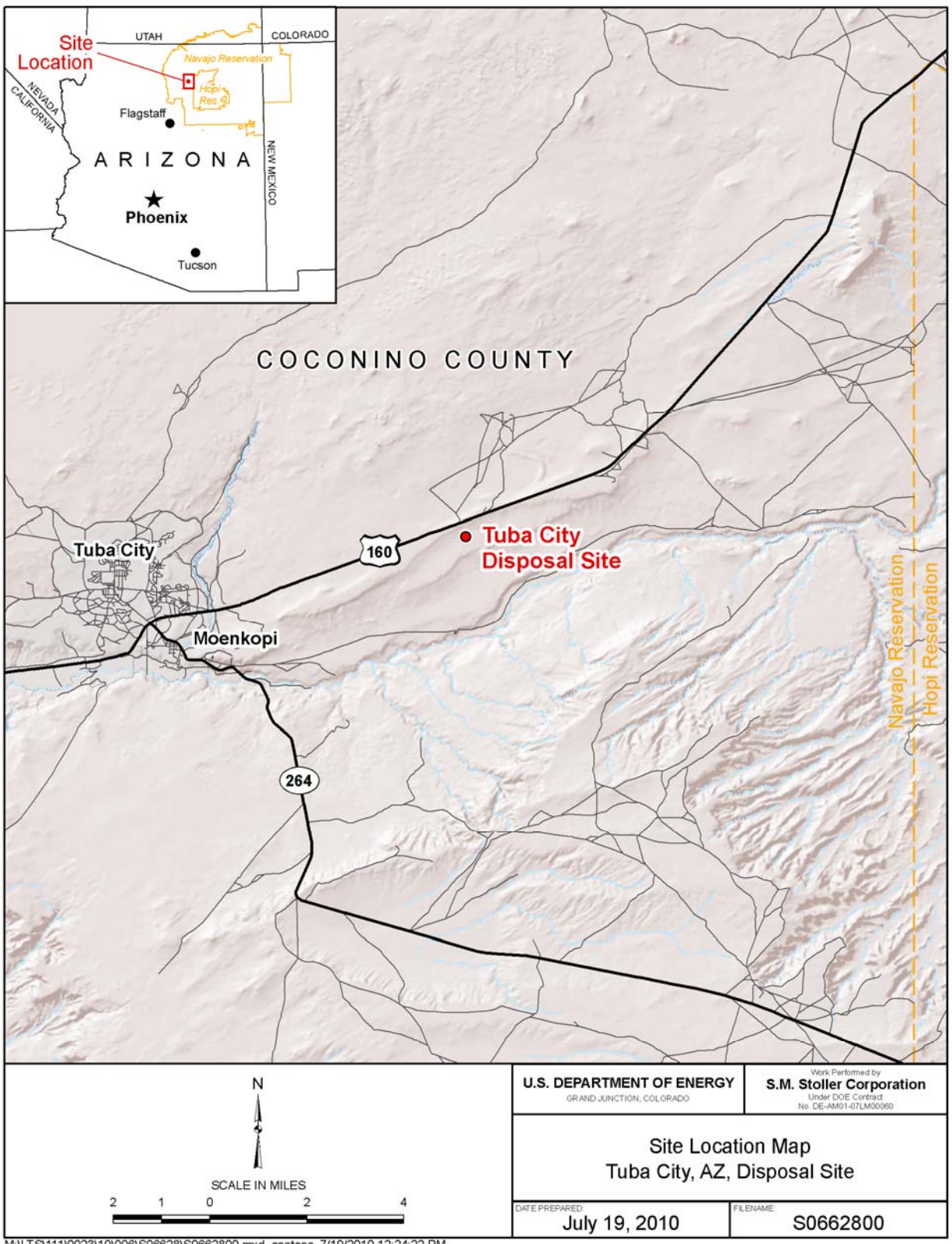
Cooley, M.E., J.W. Harshbarger, J.P. Akers, and W.F. Hardt, 1969. *Regional Hydrogeology of the Navajo and Hopi Indian Reservations, Arizona, New Mexico, and Utah*, U.S. Geological Survey Professional Paper 521-A.

DOE (U.S. Department of Energy), 1998. *Final Site Observational Work Plan for the UMTRA Project Site Near Tuba City, Arizona*, MAC-GWTUB1.1, U.S. Department of Energy Grand Junction Office, Grand Junction, Colorado, September.

DOE (U.S. Department of Energy), 1999. *Phase I Ground Water Compliance Action Plan for the Tuba City, Arizona, UMTRA Site*, GJO-99-99-TAR. U.S. Department of Energy Grand Junction Office, Grand Junction, Colorado, June.

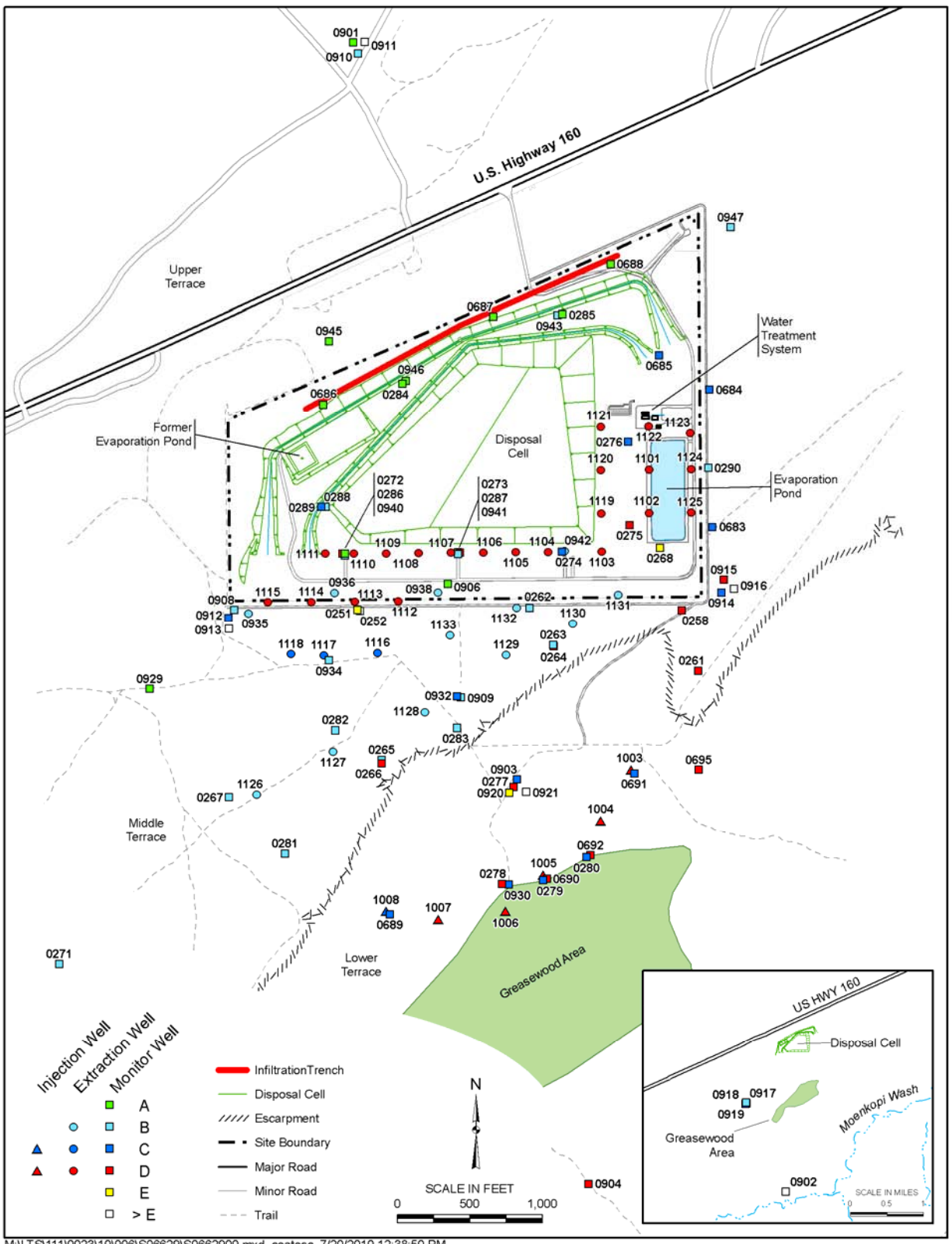
DOE (U.S. Department of Energy), 2003. *Tuba City UMTRA Site Baseline Performance Evaluation*, GJO-2002-370-TAC, GJO-GWTUB 30.13.2-1. U.S. Department of Energy Grand Junction Office, Grand Junction, Colorado, May.

EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency), 1994. *Methods for Monitoring Pump-and-Treat Performance*, EPA/600/R-94/123, June.



M:\LTS\111\0023\10\006\S0662800\S0662800.mxd coatesc 7/19/2010 12:24:22 PM

Figure 1. Tuba City Site Location



M:\LTS\111\0023\10\006\SO6629\SO662900.mxd coatesc 7/20/2010 12:38:50 PM

Figure 2a. Tuba City Site Features and Well Locations

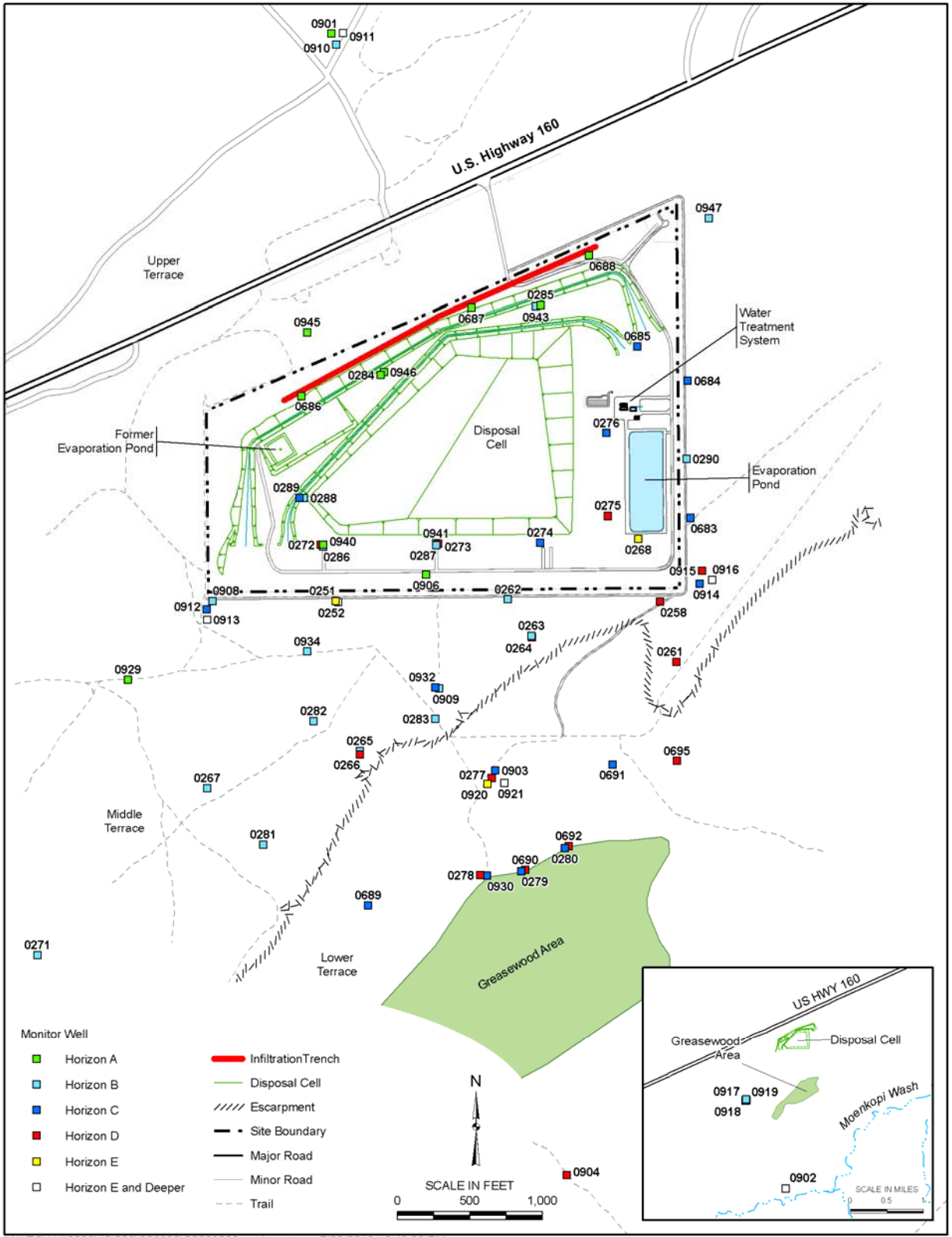


Figure 2b. Tuba City Site Features and Well Locations—Monitoring Wells Only

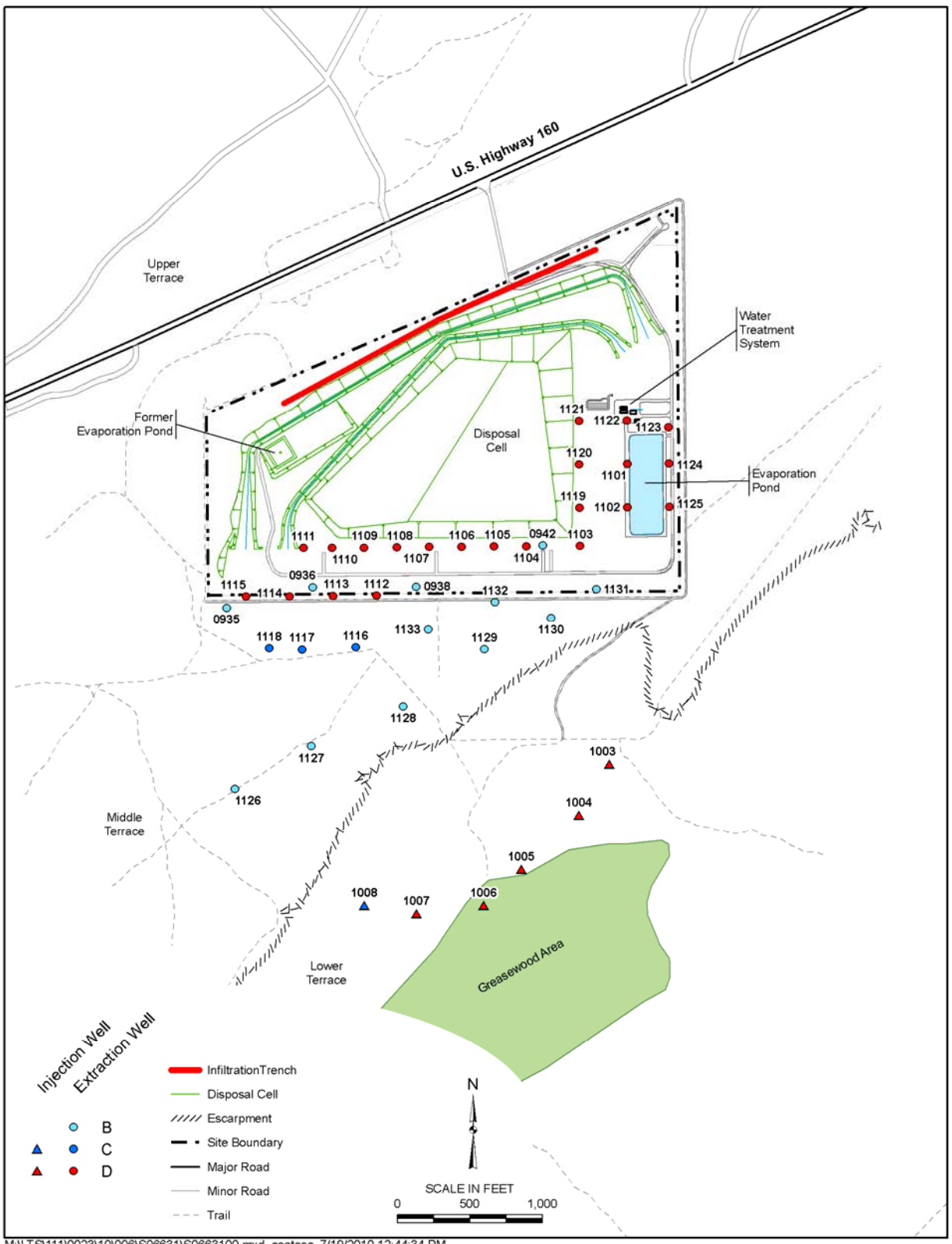


Figure 2c. Tuba City Site Features and Well Locations—Treatment System Wells Only

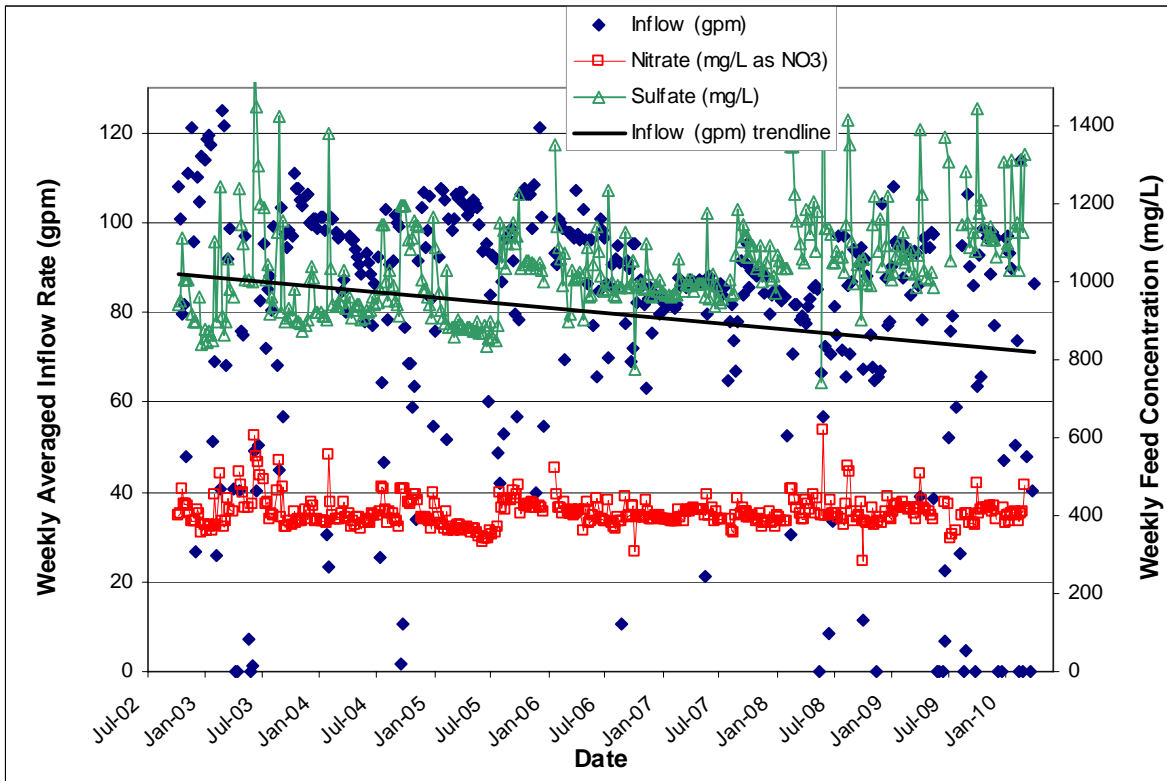


Figure 3. Treatment Plant Inflow Rate and Nitrate and Sulfate Concentrations

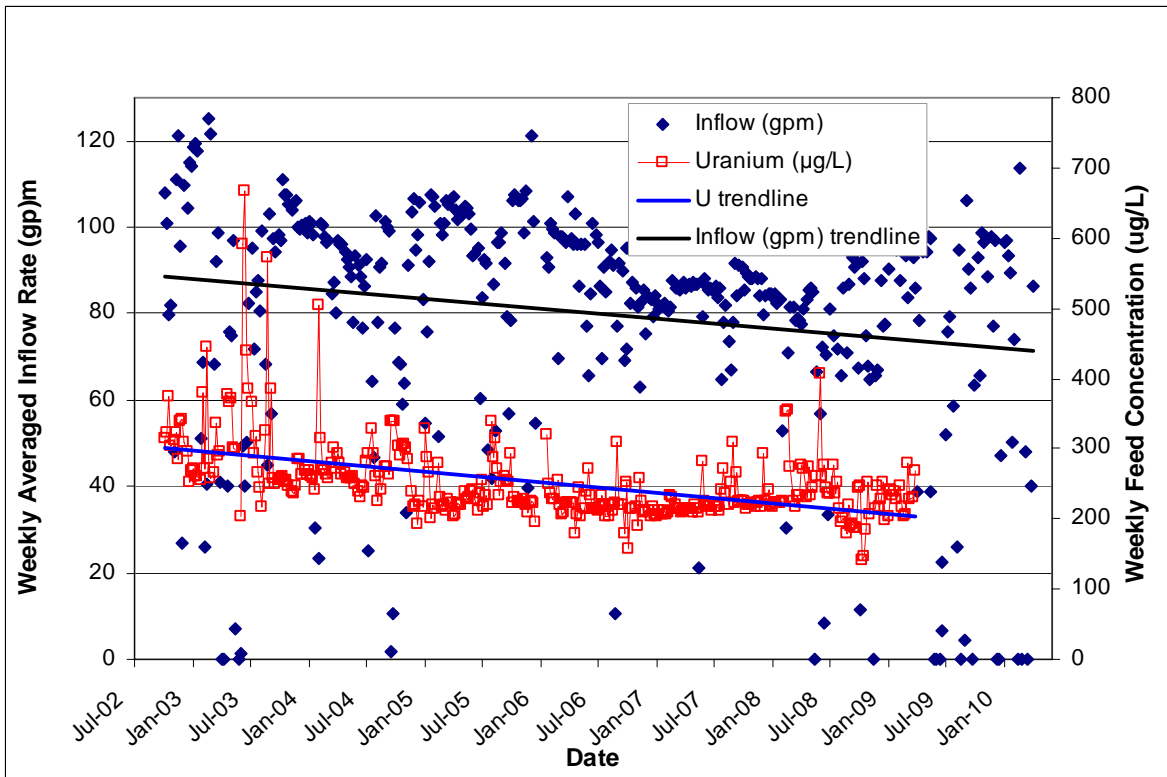


Figure 4. Treatment Plant Inflow Rate and Uranium Concentration

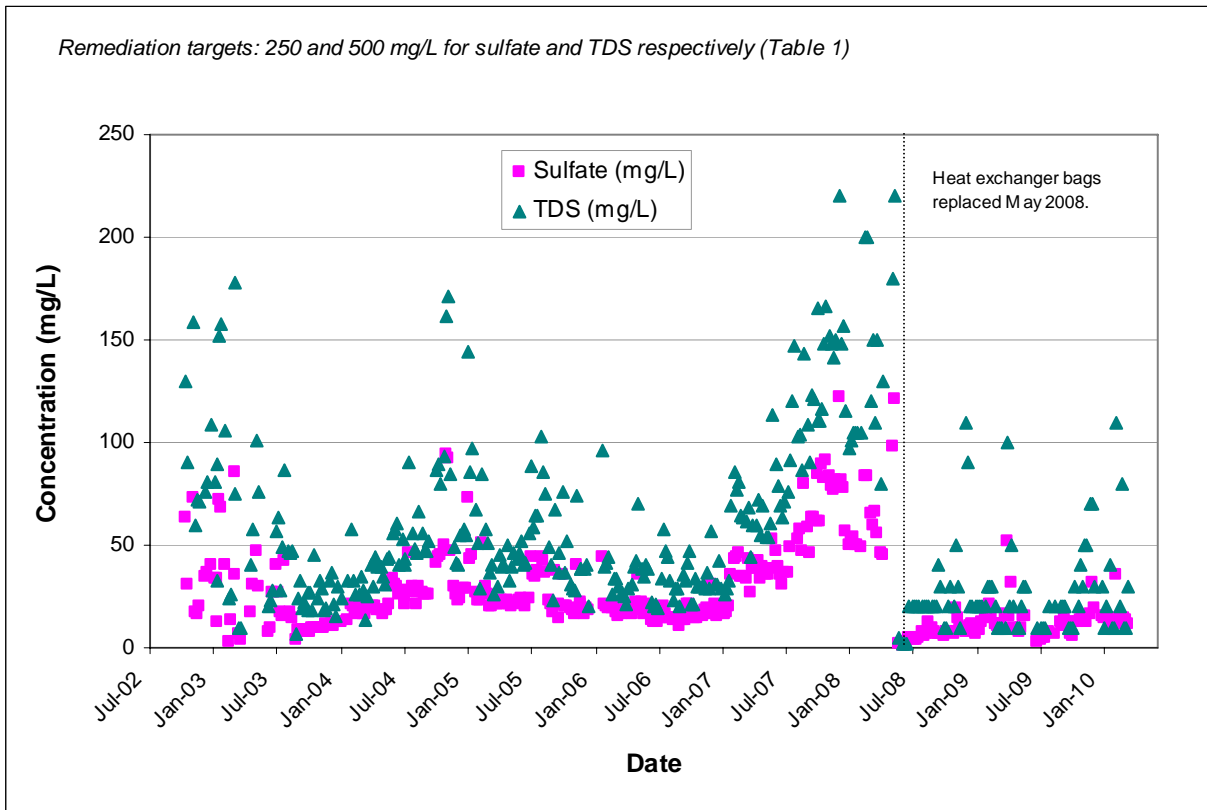


Figure 5a. Treatment Plant Distillate Quality—Sulfate and TDS

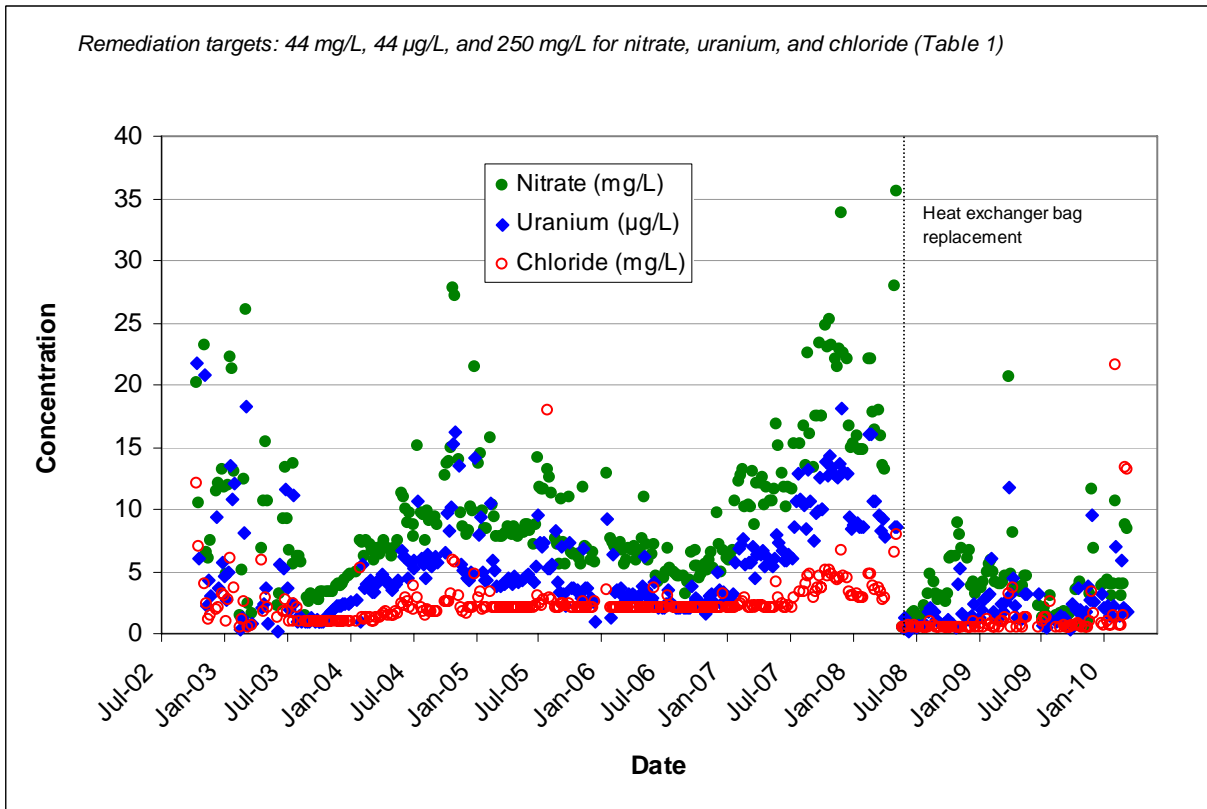
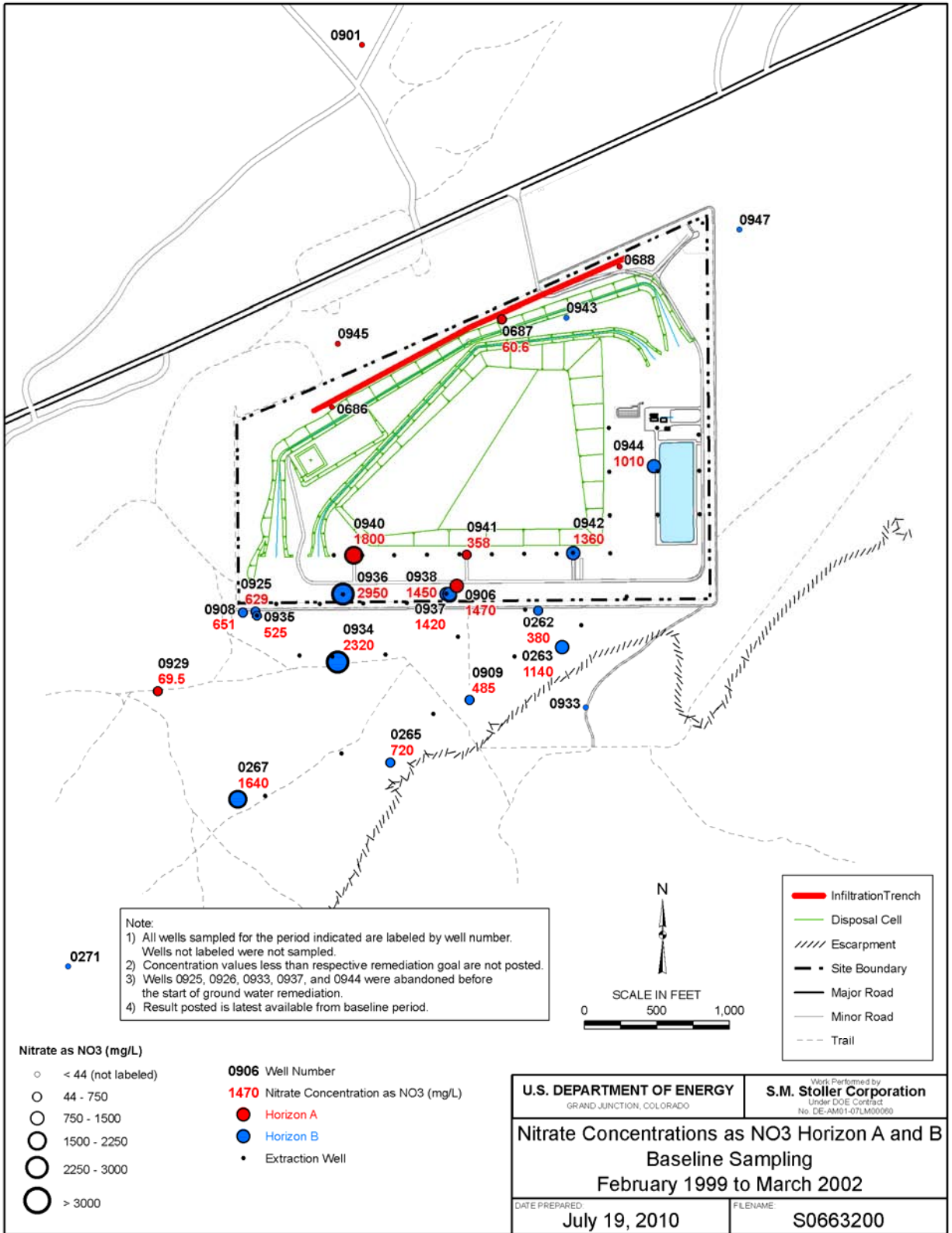
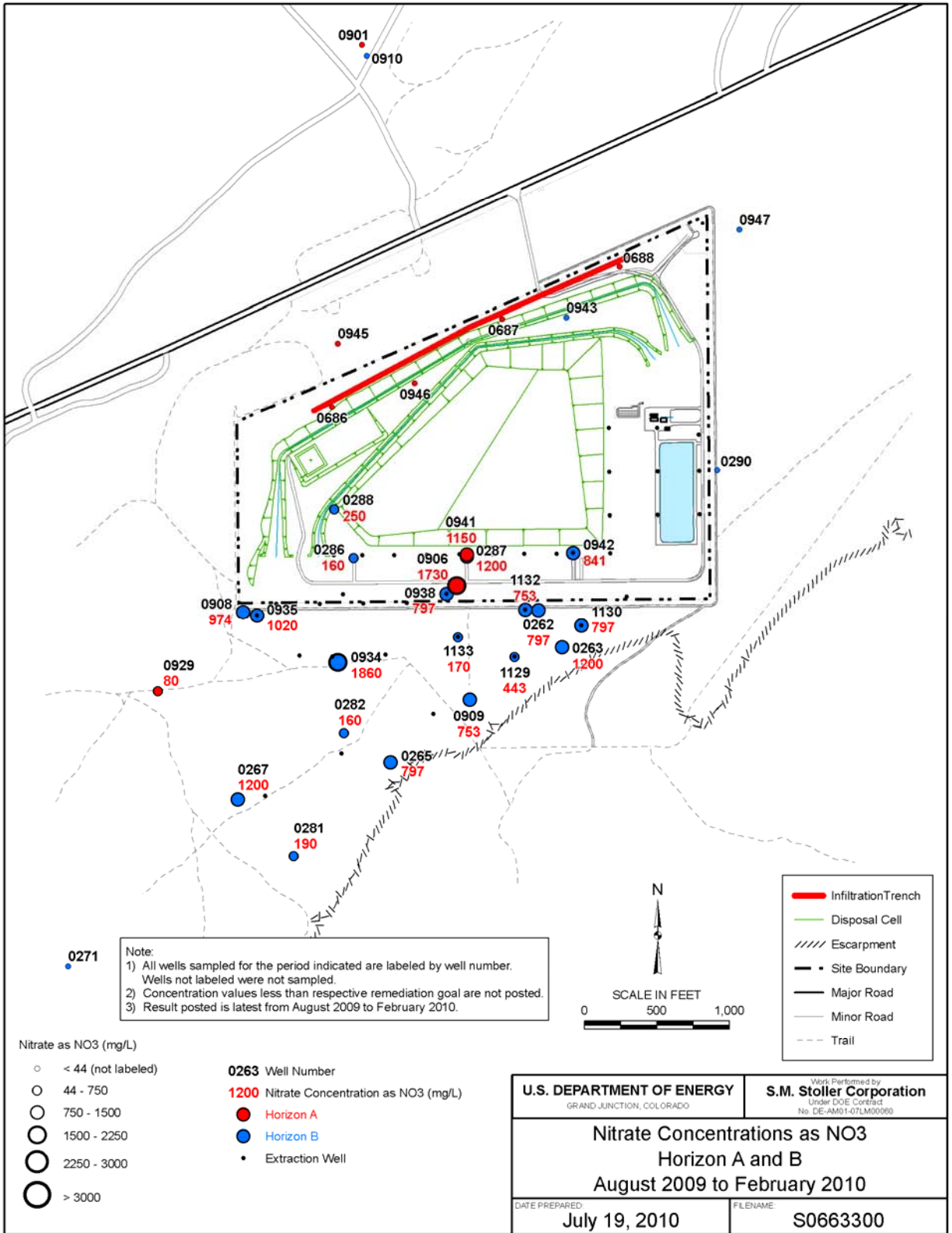


Figure 5b. Treatment Plant Distillate Quality—Nitrate, Uranium, and Chloride



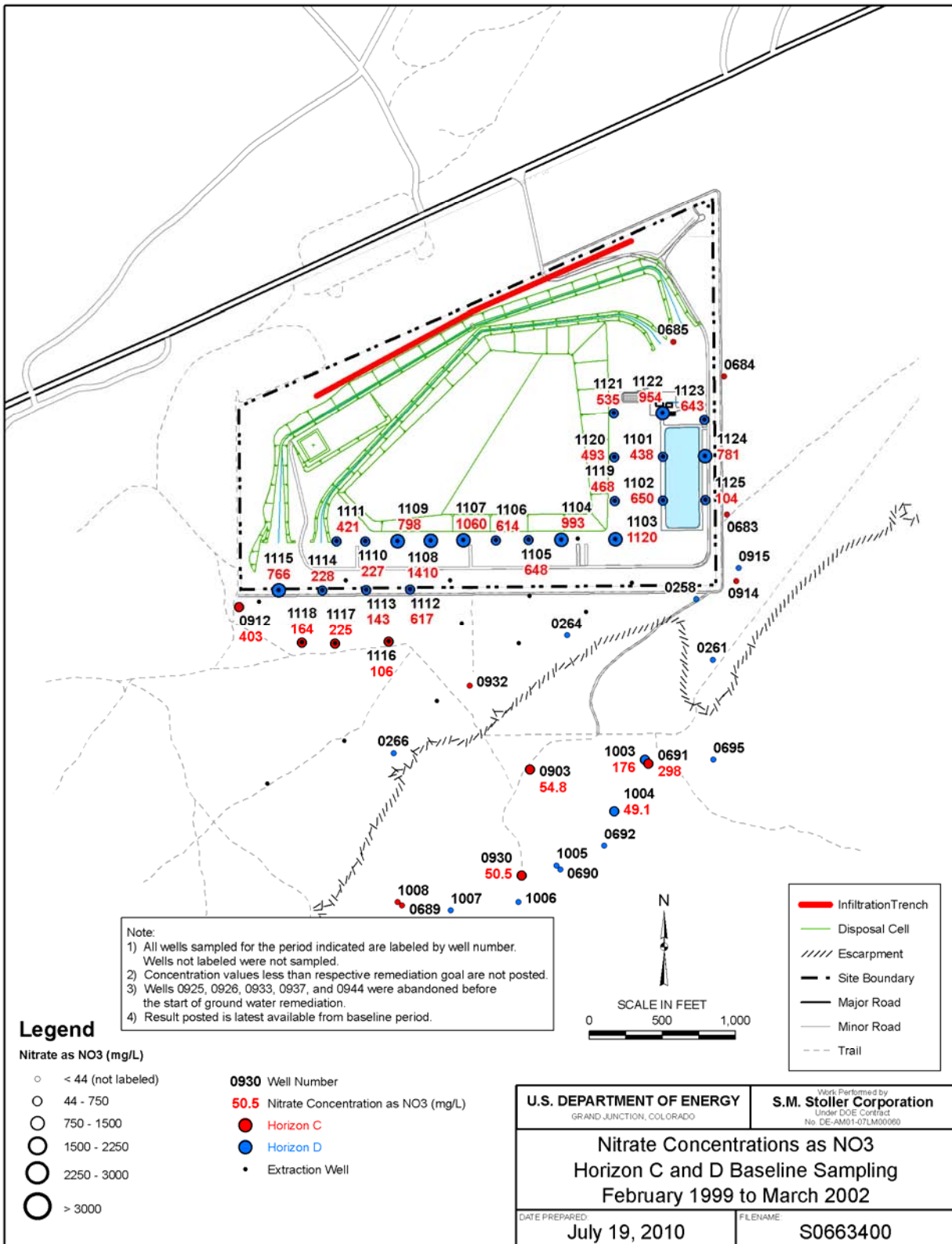
M:\LTS\111\0023\10\006\S0663200.mxd coatesc 7/19/2010 1:09:16 PM

Figure 6a. Nitrate Concentrations as NO₃, Horizons A and B, Baseline Period



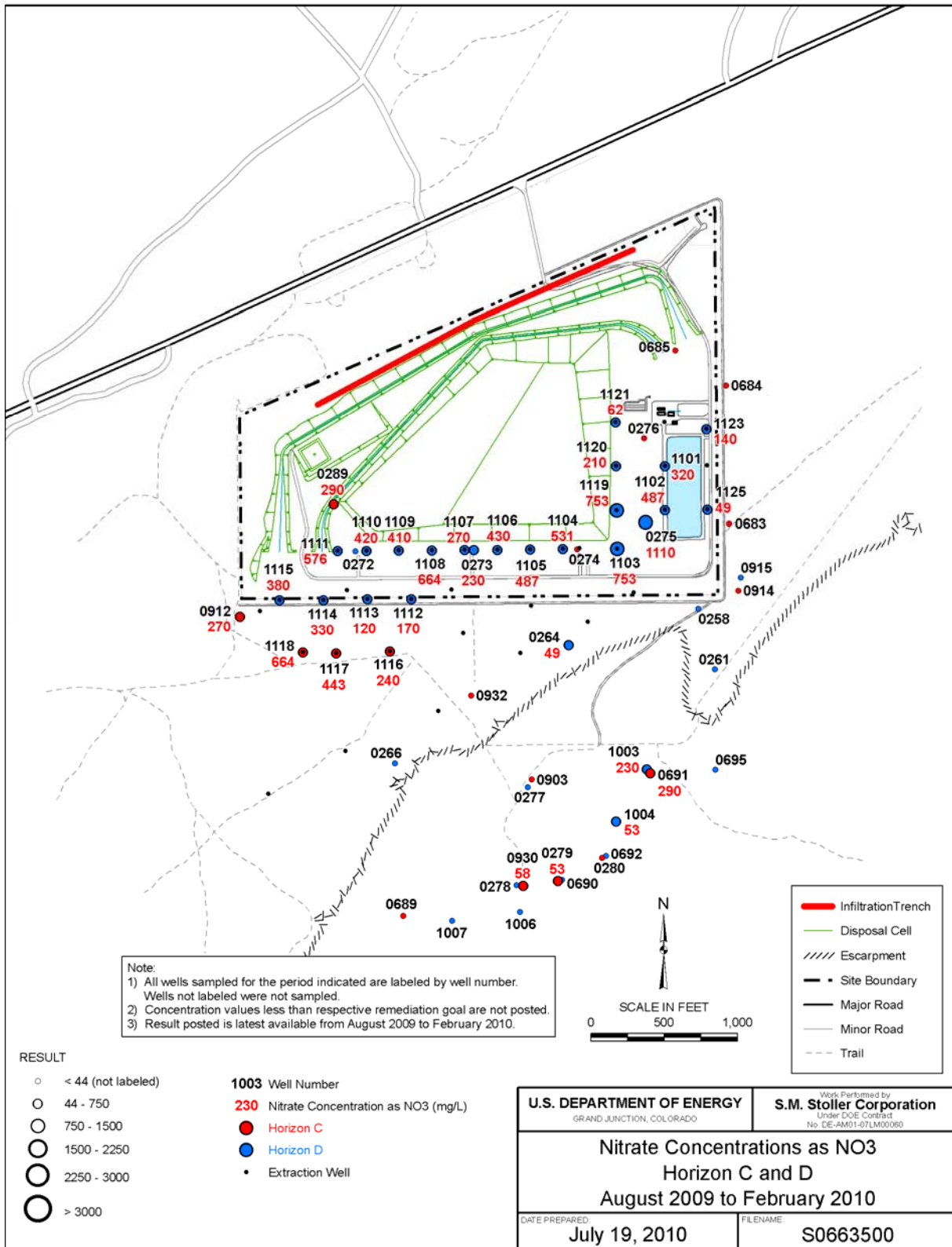
M:\ILTS\11110023\10\006\S066330\S0663300.mxd coatesc 7/19/2010 1:14:47 PM

Figure 6b. Nitrate Concentrations as NO₃, Horizons A and B, February 2010



M:\LTS\111\0023\10\006\SO6634\SO663400.mxd coatesc 7/19/2010 1:38:22 PM

Figure 7a. Nitrate Concentrations as NO₃, Horizons C and D, Baseline Period



M:\LTS\111\0023\10\008\S06635\S0663500.mxd coatesc 6/2/2010 2:25:18 PM

Figure 7b. Nitrate Concentrations as NO₃, Horizons C and D, February 2010

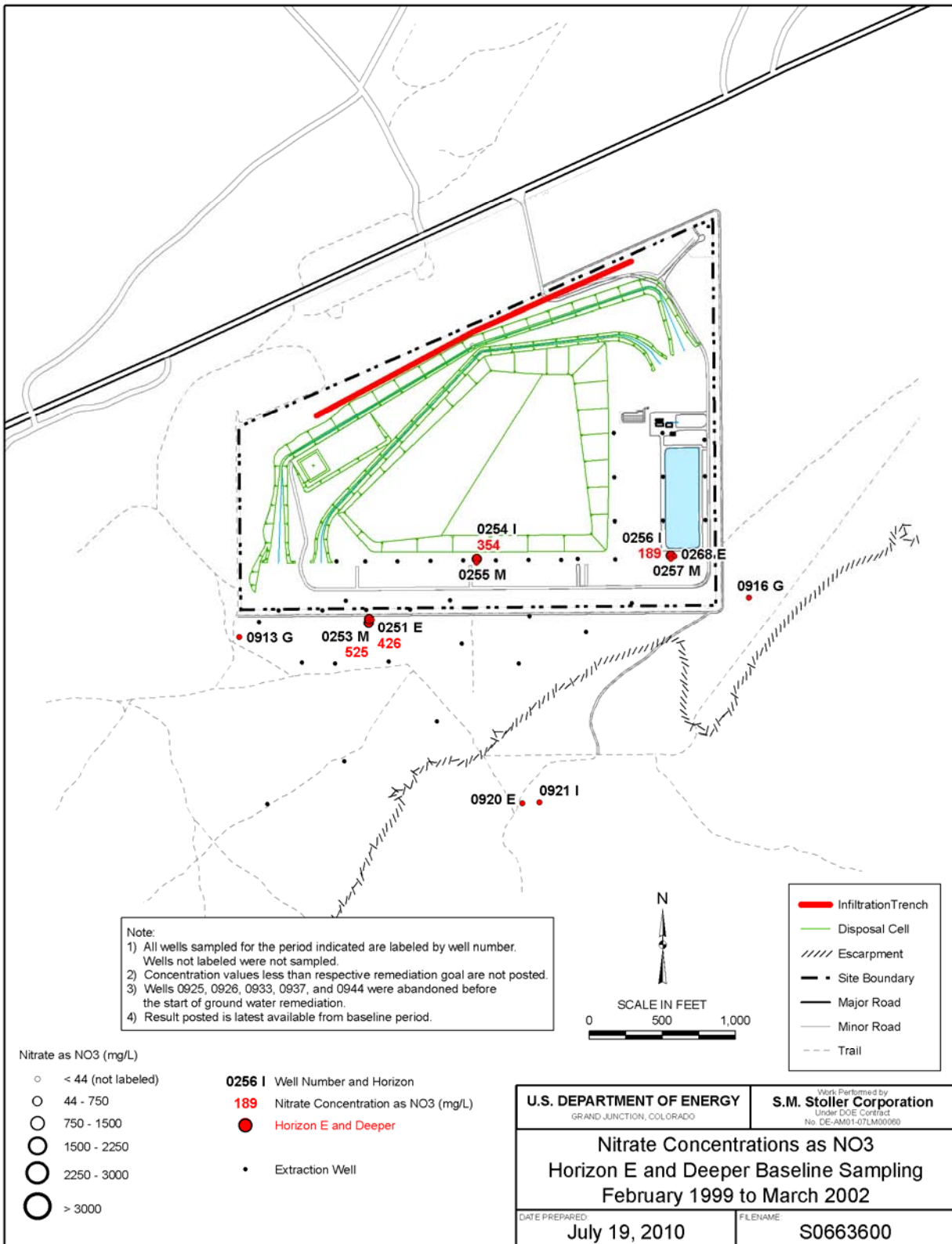


Figure 8a. Nitrate Concentrations as NO₃, Horizons E and Deeper, Baseline Period

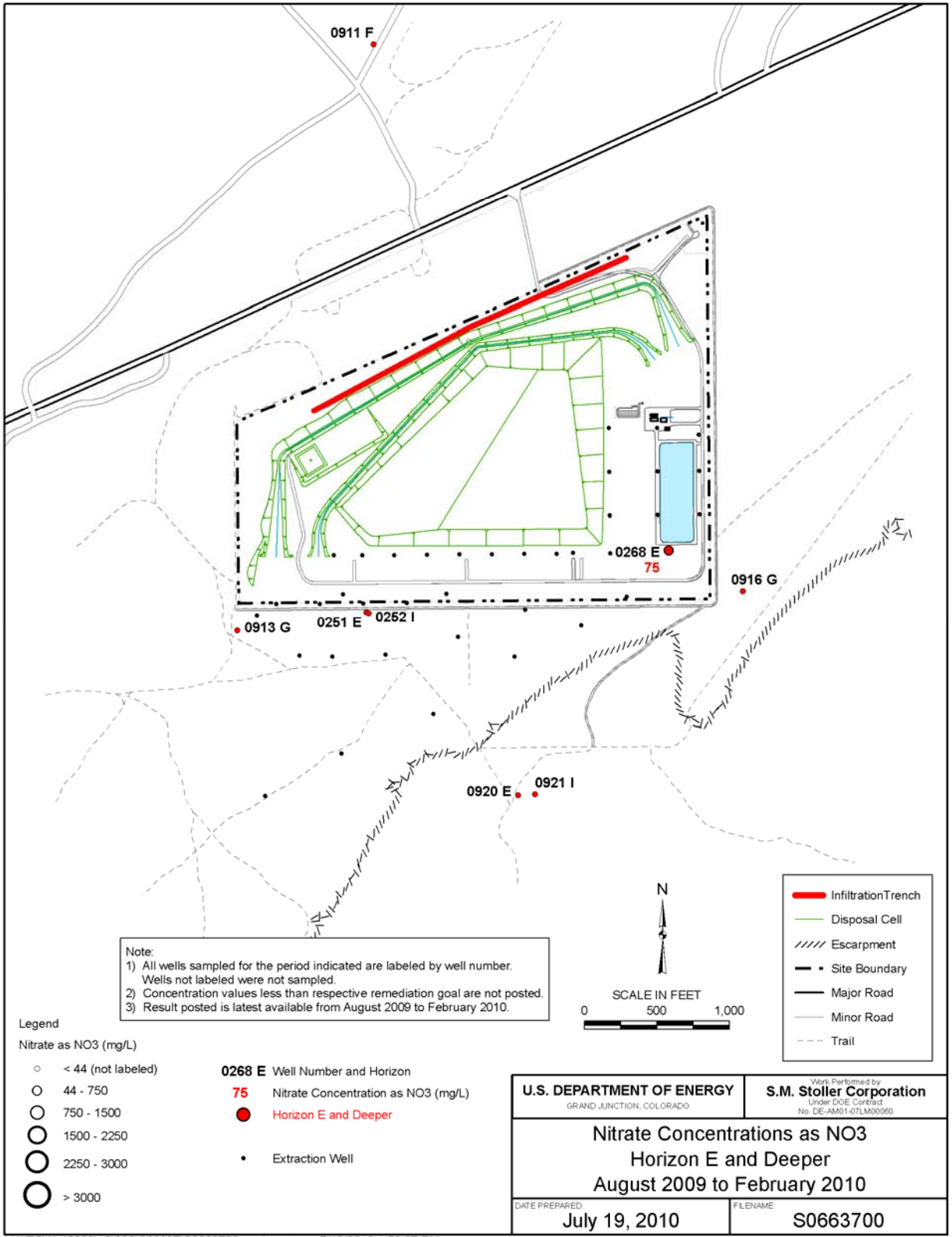


Figure 8b. Nitrate Concentrations as NO₃, Horizons E and Deeper, February 2010

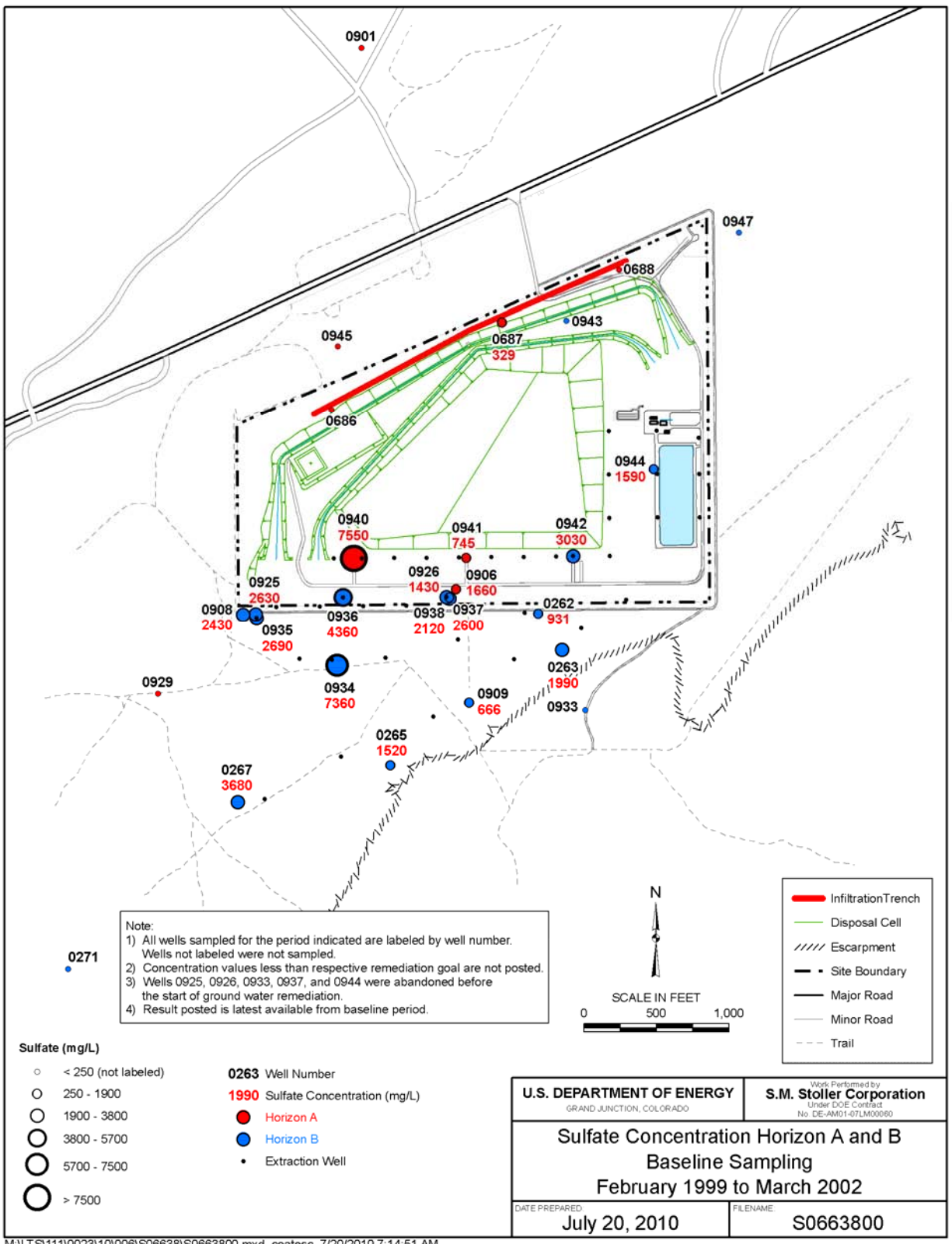
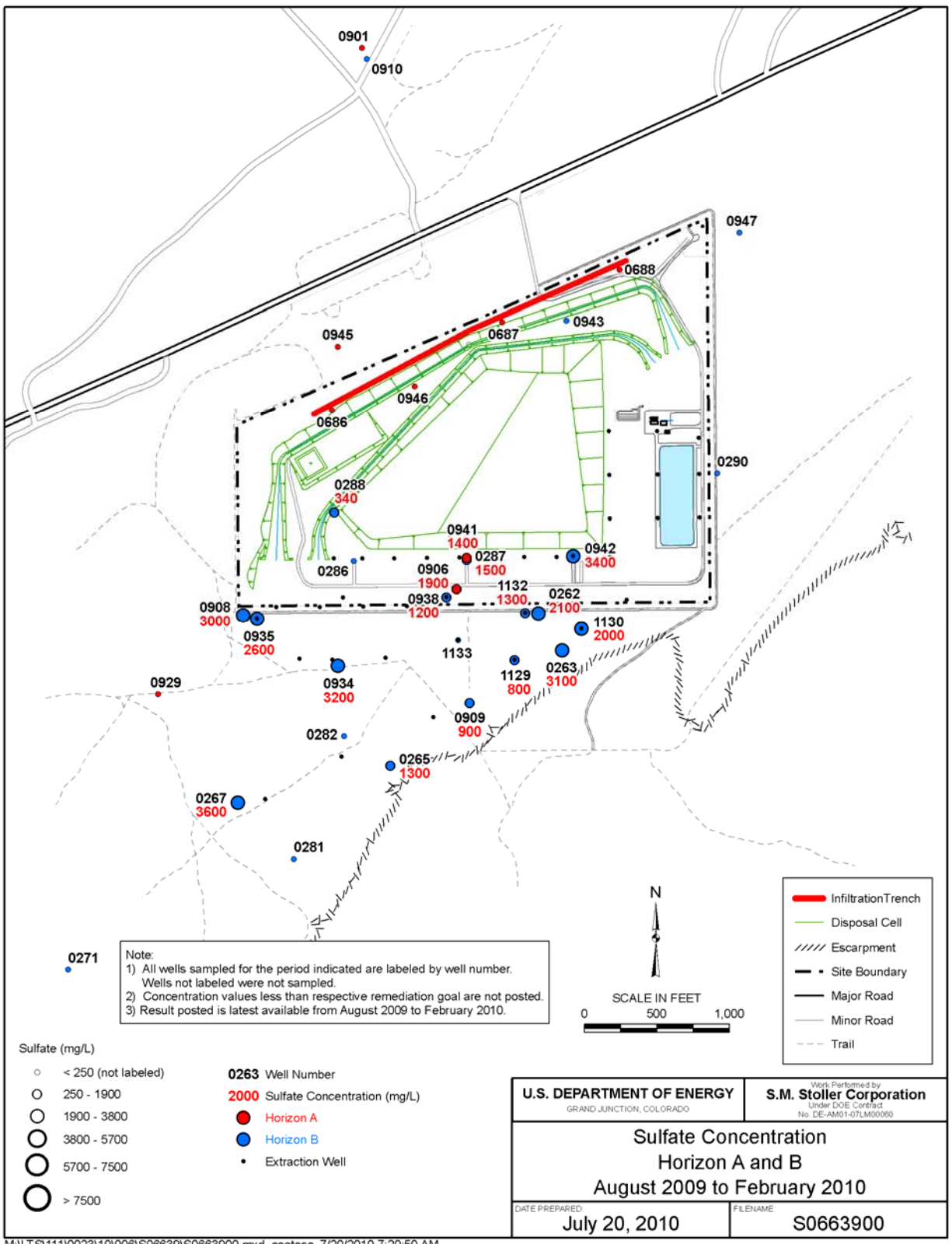


Figure 9a. Sulfate Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons A and B, Baseline Period



M:\LTS\111\0023\10\006\SO66390\SO663900.mxd coatesc 7/20/2010 7:20:50 AM

Figure 9b. Sulfate Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons A and B, February 2010

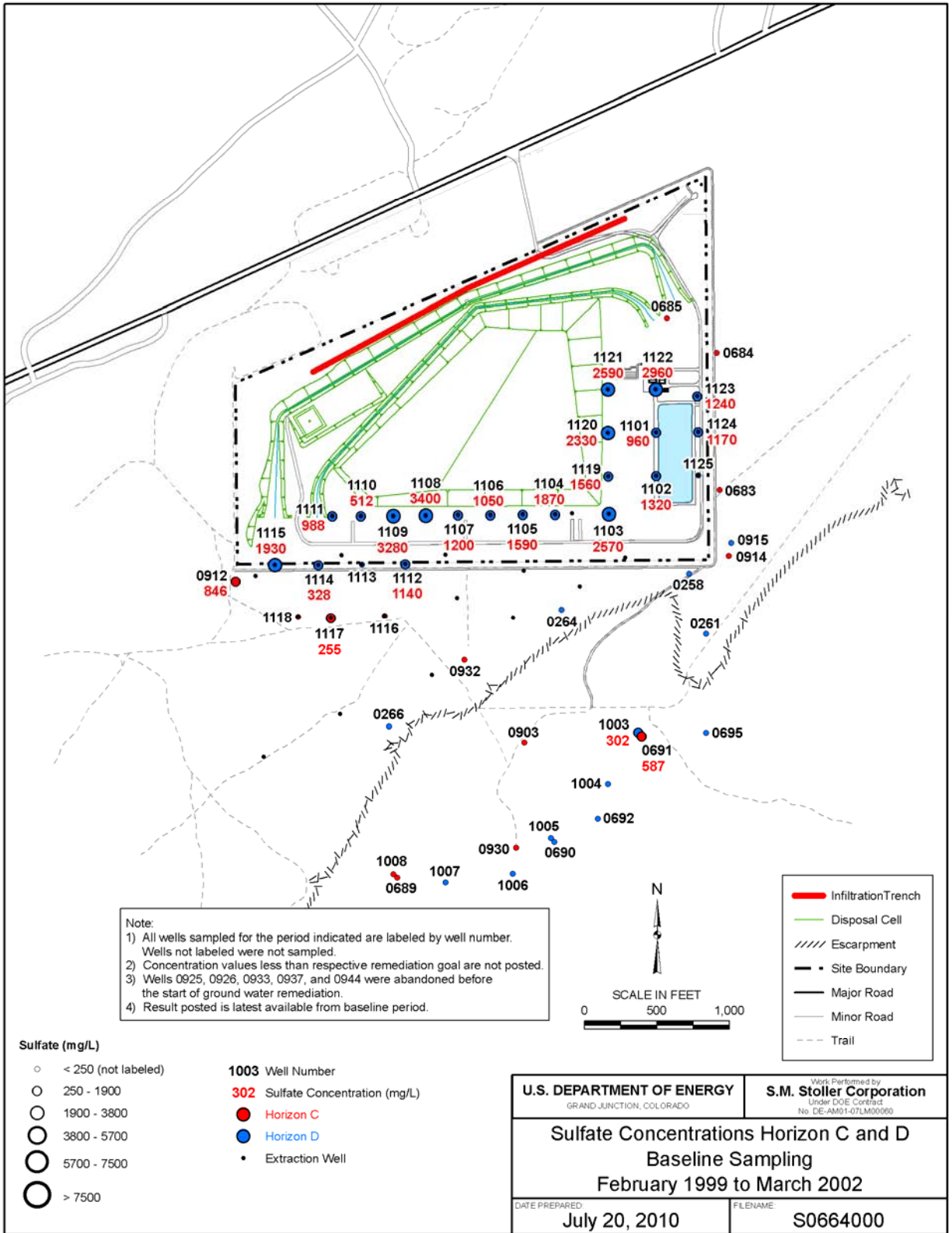


Figure 10a. Sulfate Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons C and D, Baseline Period

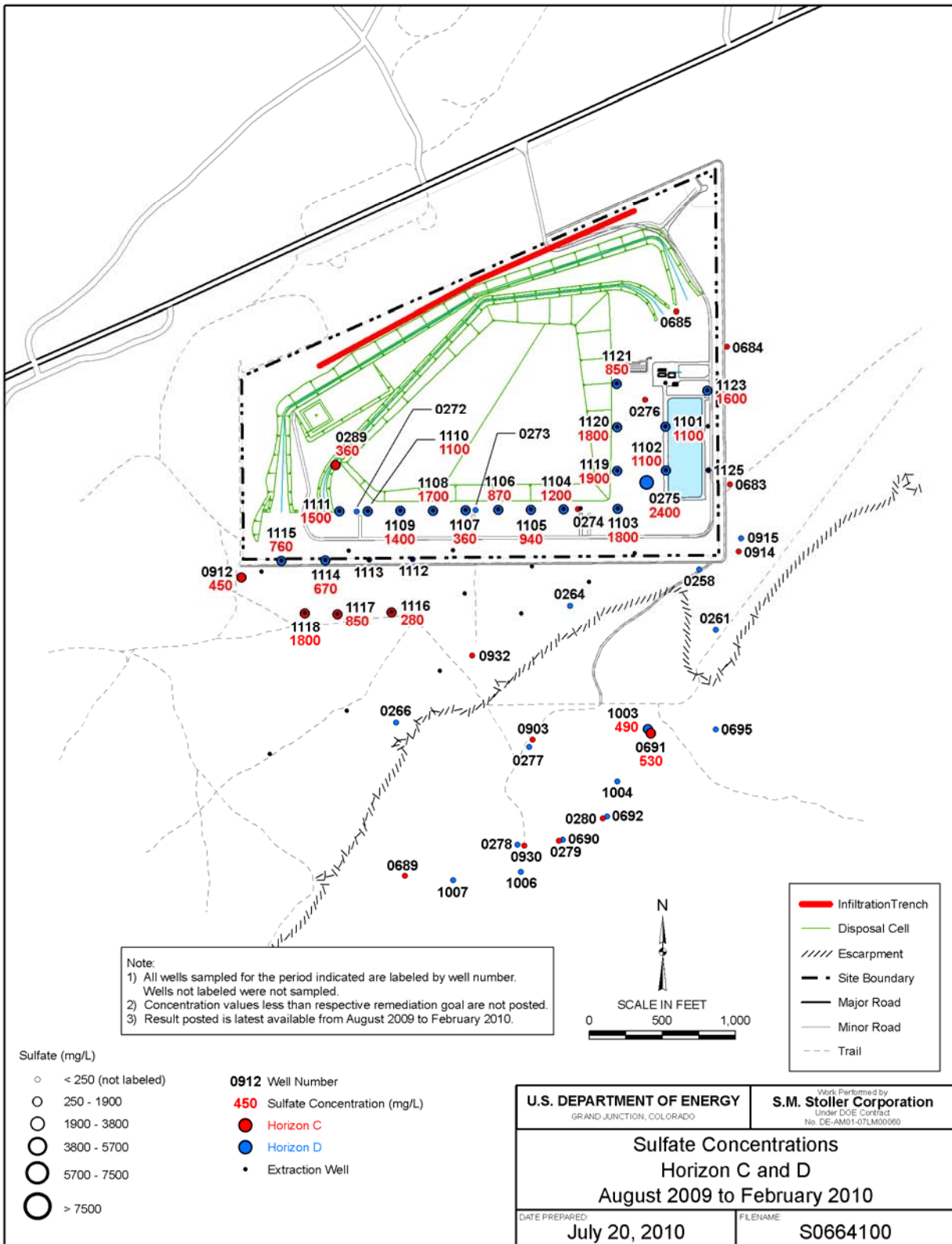


Figure 10b. Sulfate Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons C and D, February 2010

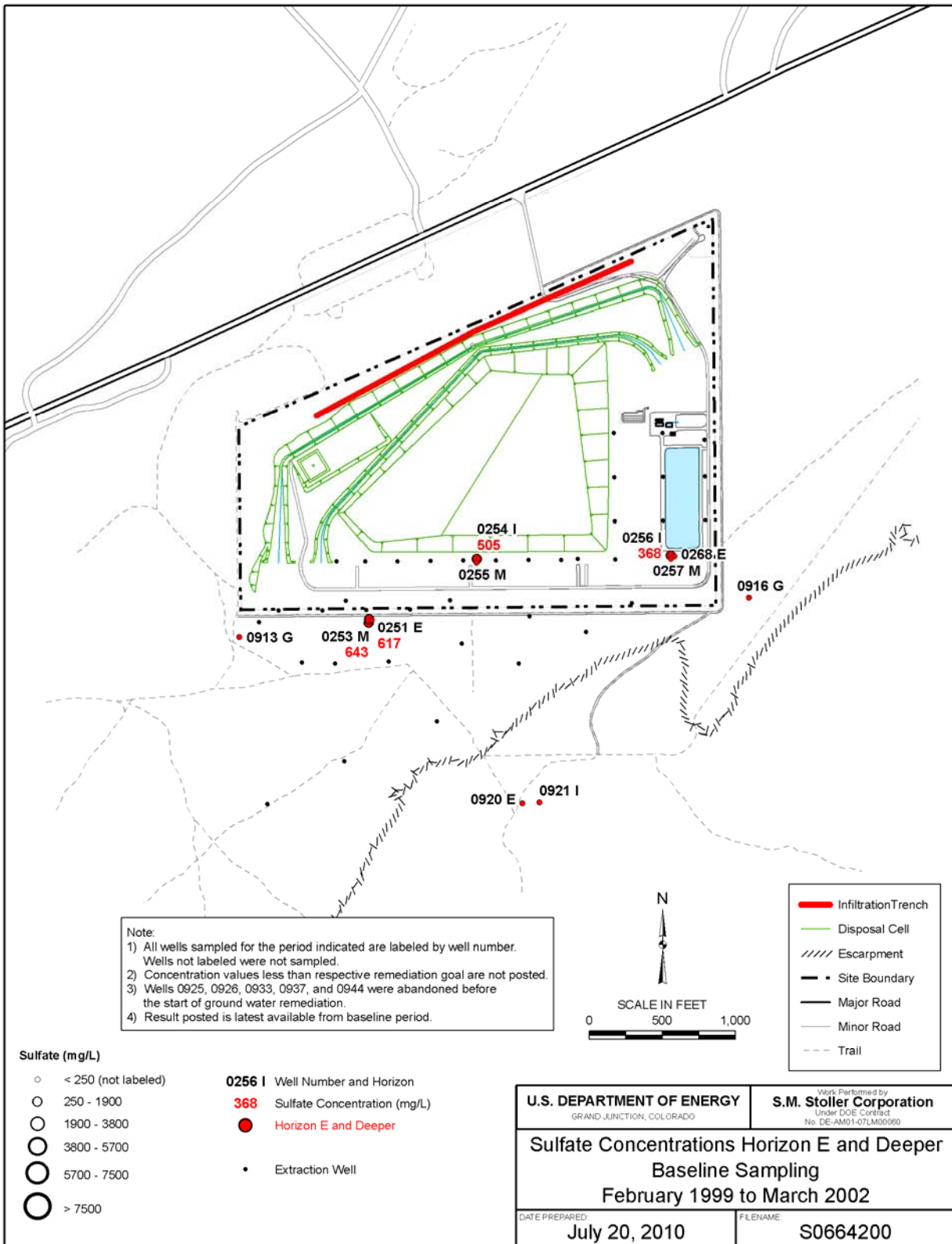
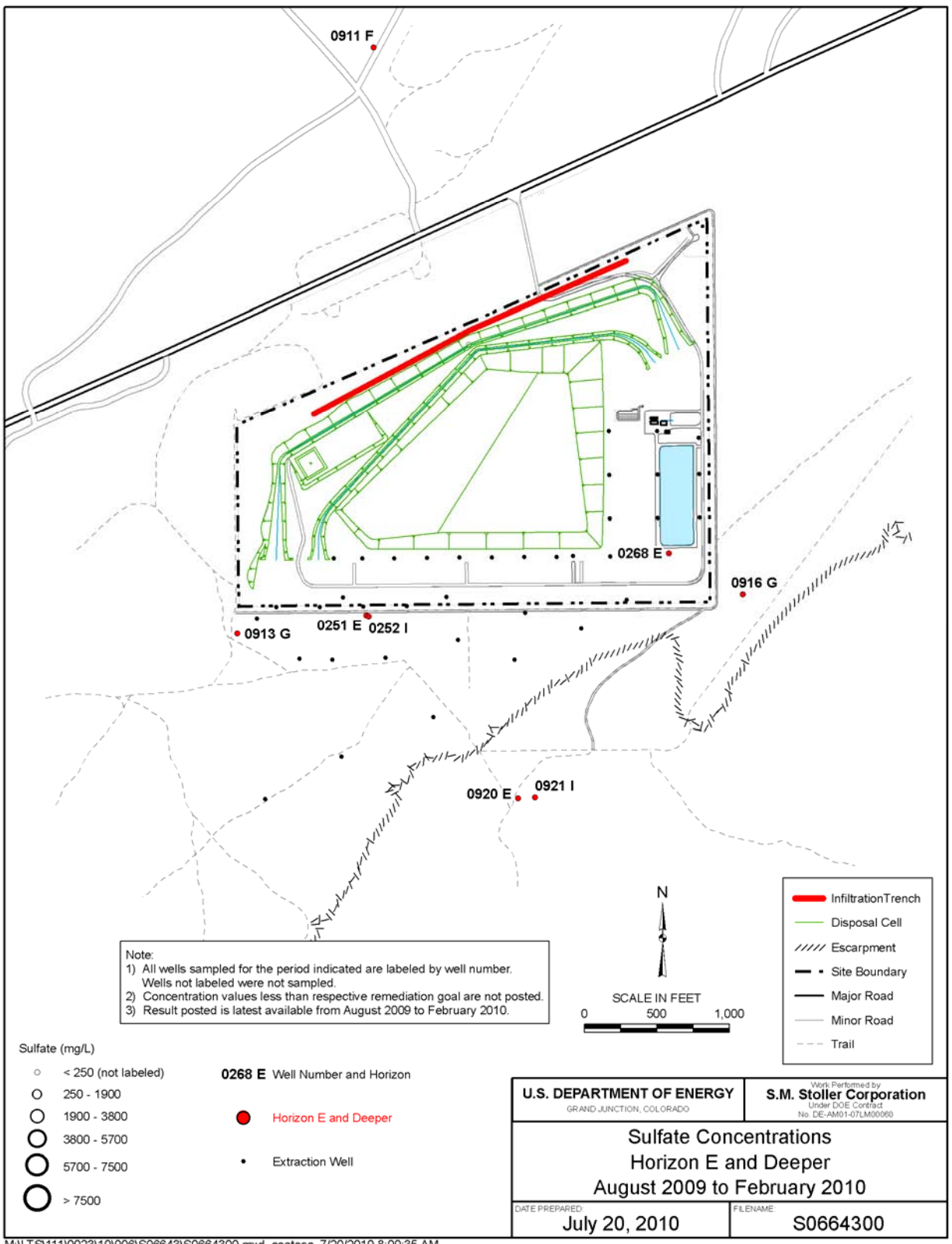
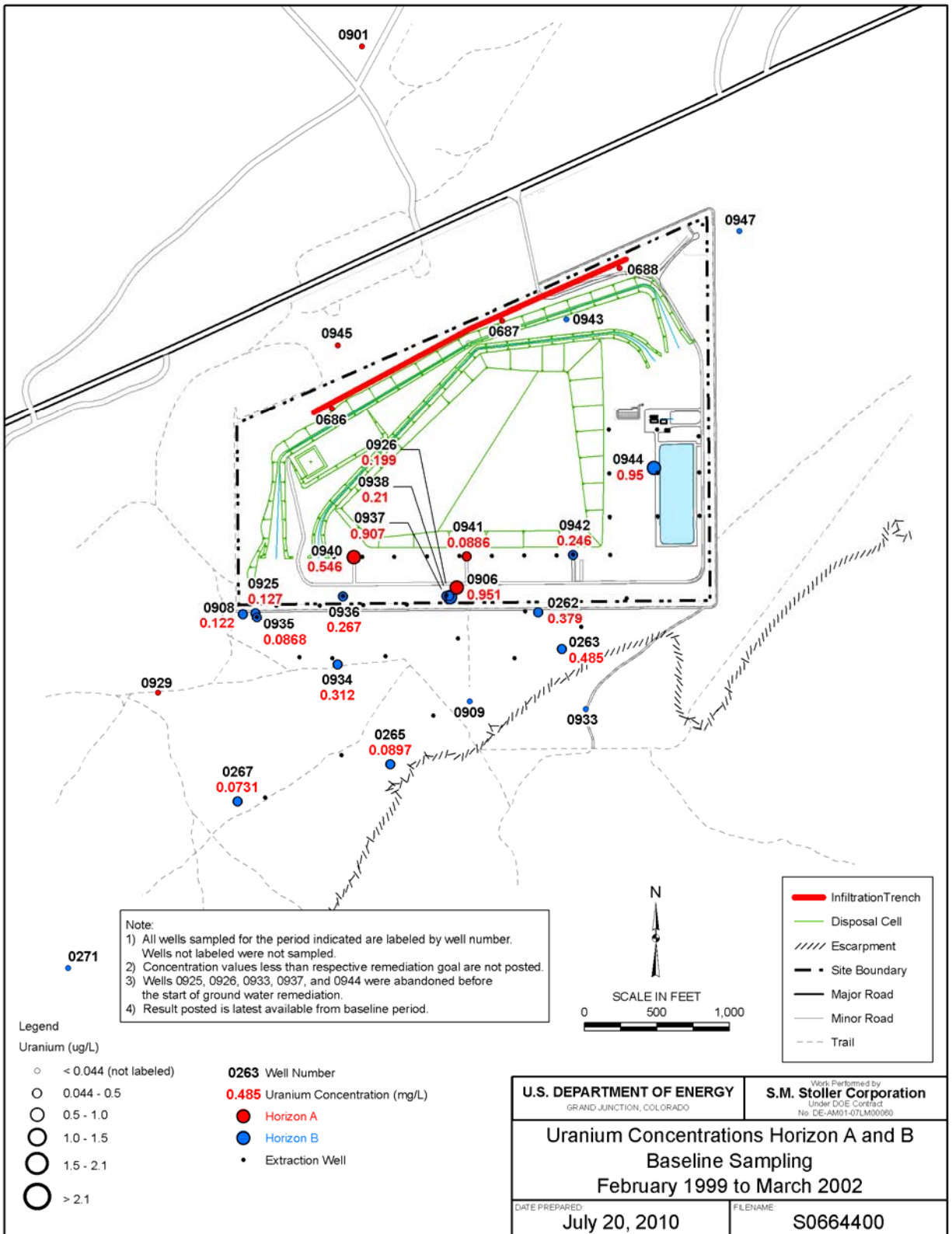


Figure 11a. Sulfate Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons E and Deeper, Baseline Period



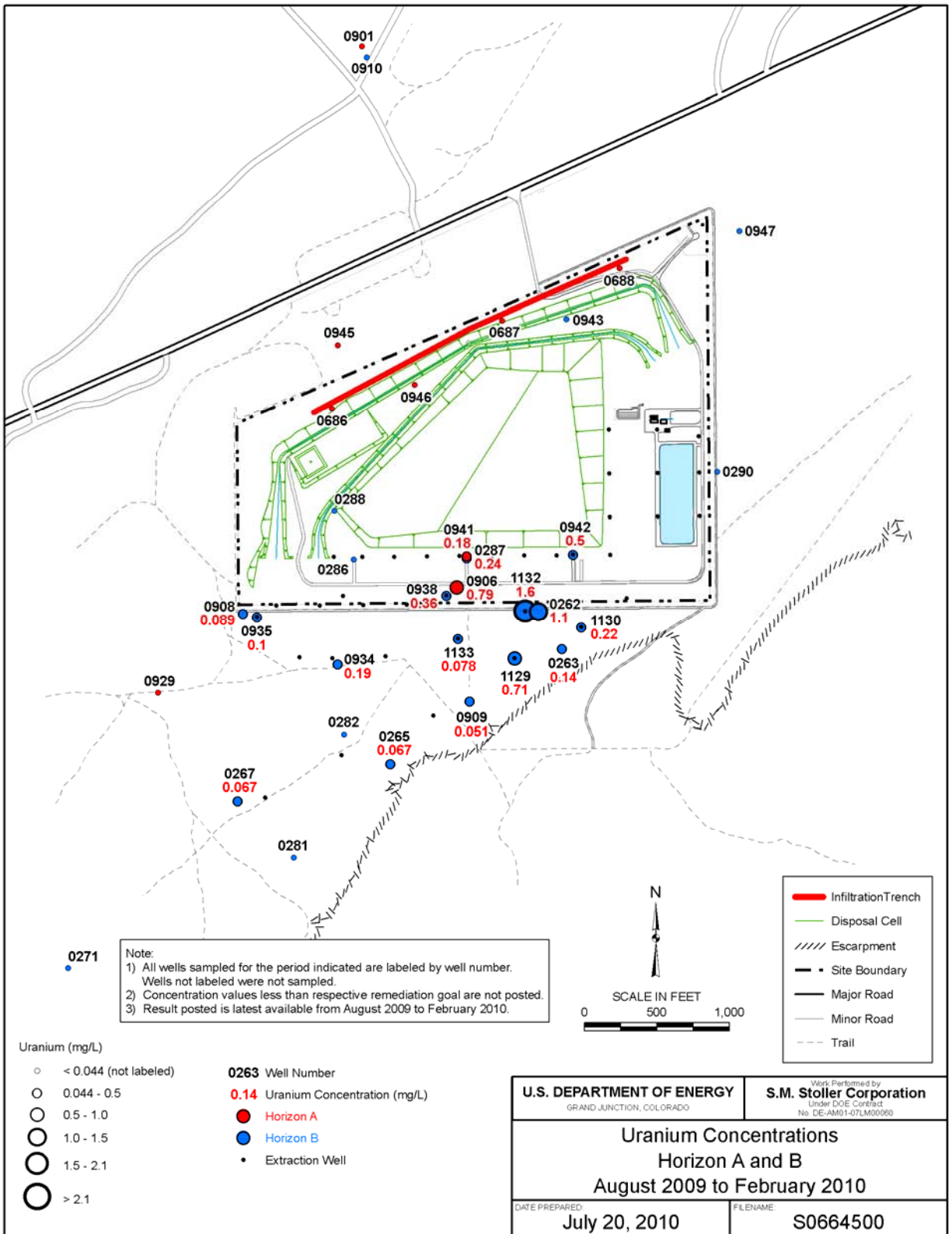
M:\LTS\111\0023\10\006\SO6643\SO664300.mxd coatesc 7/20/2010 8:00:35 AM

Figure 11b. Sulfate Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons E and Deeper, February 2010



M:\LTS\111\0023\10\006\S06644\S0664400.mxd coatesc 7/20/2010 8:08:13 AM

Figure 12a. Uranium Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons A and B, Baseline Period



M:\LTS\111\0023\110\006\SO6645\SO664500.mxd coatesc 7/20/2010 8:10:31 AM

Figure 12b. Uranium Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons A and B, February 2010

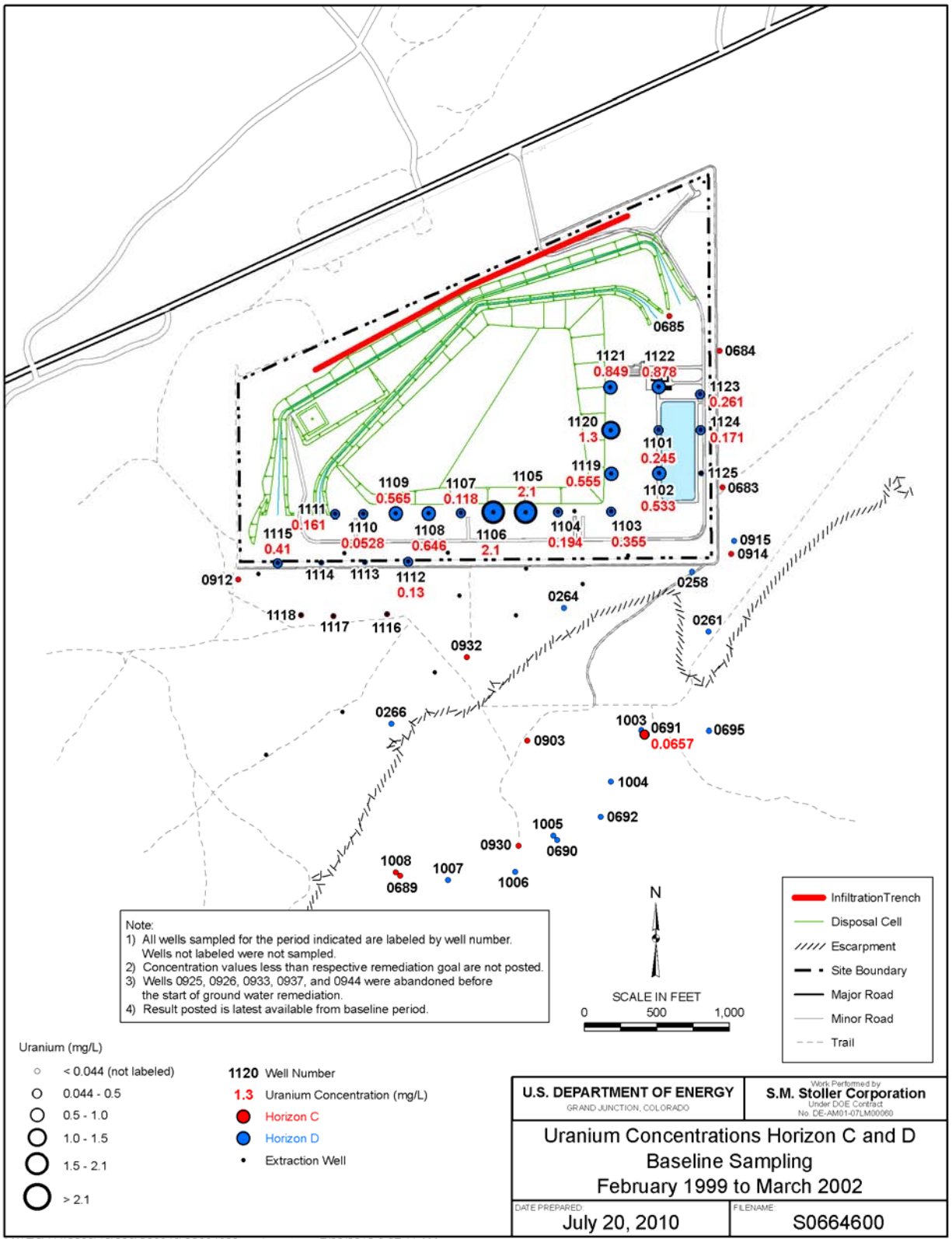


Figure 13a. Uranium Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons C and D, Baseline Period

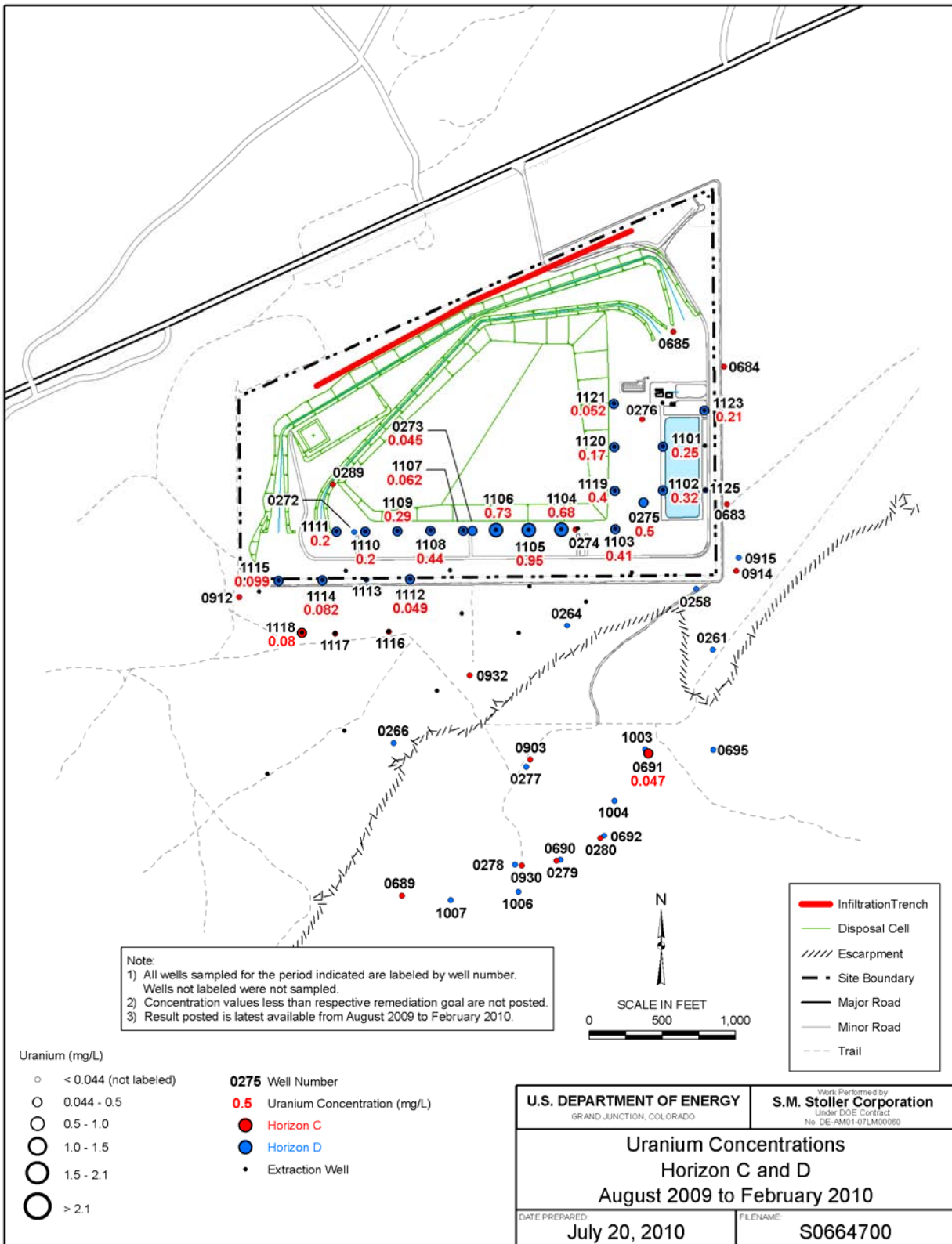


Figure 13b. Uranium Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons C and D, February 2010

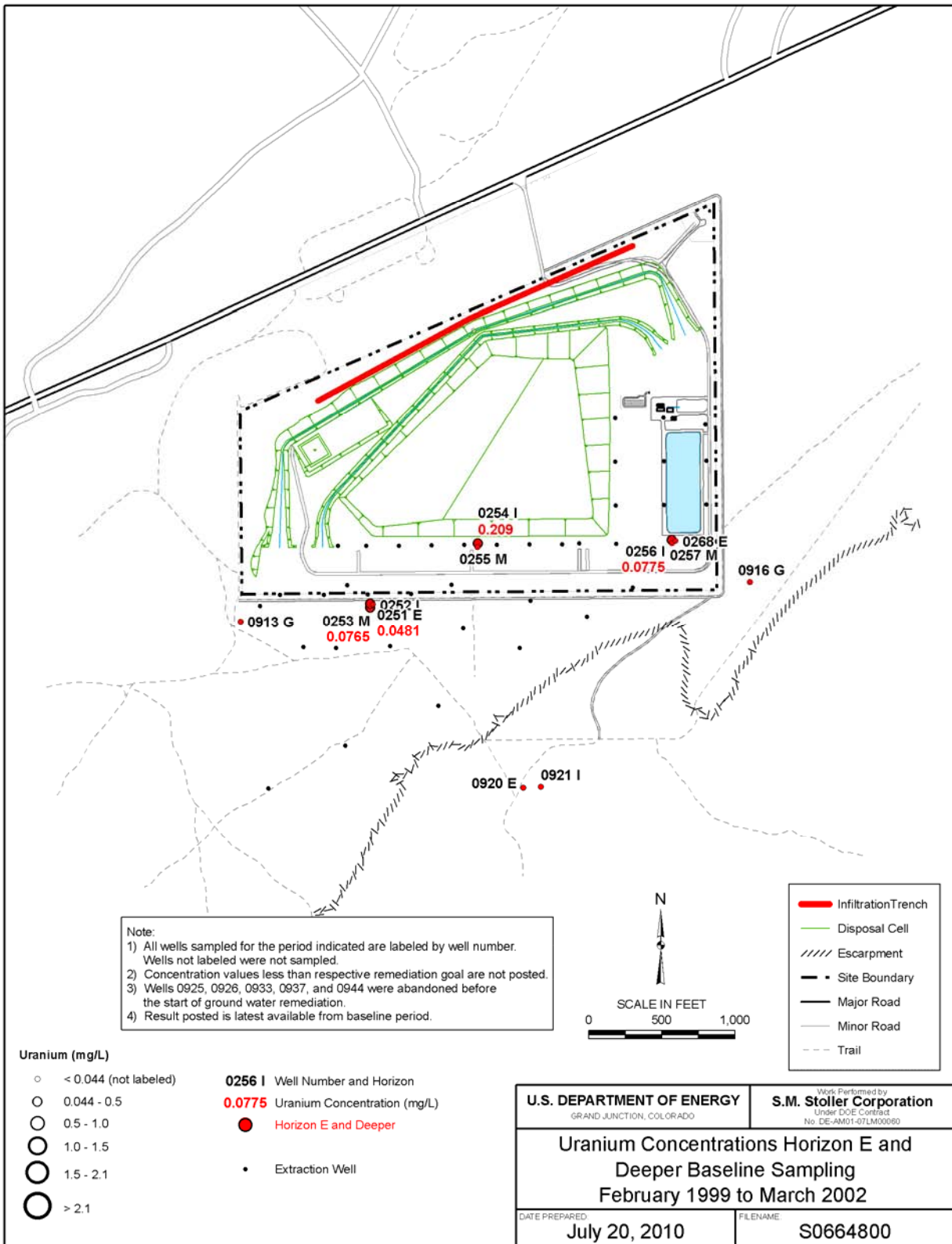


Figure 14a. Uranium Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons E and Deeper, Baseline Period

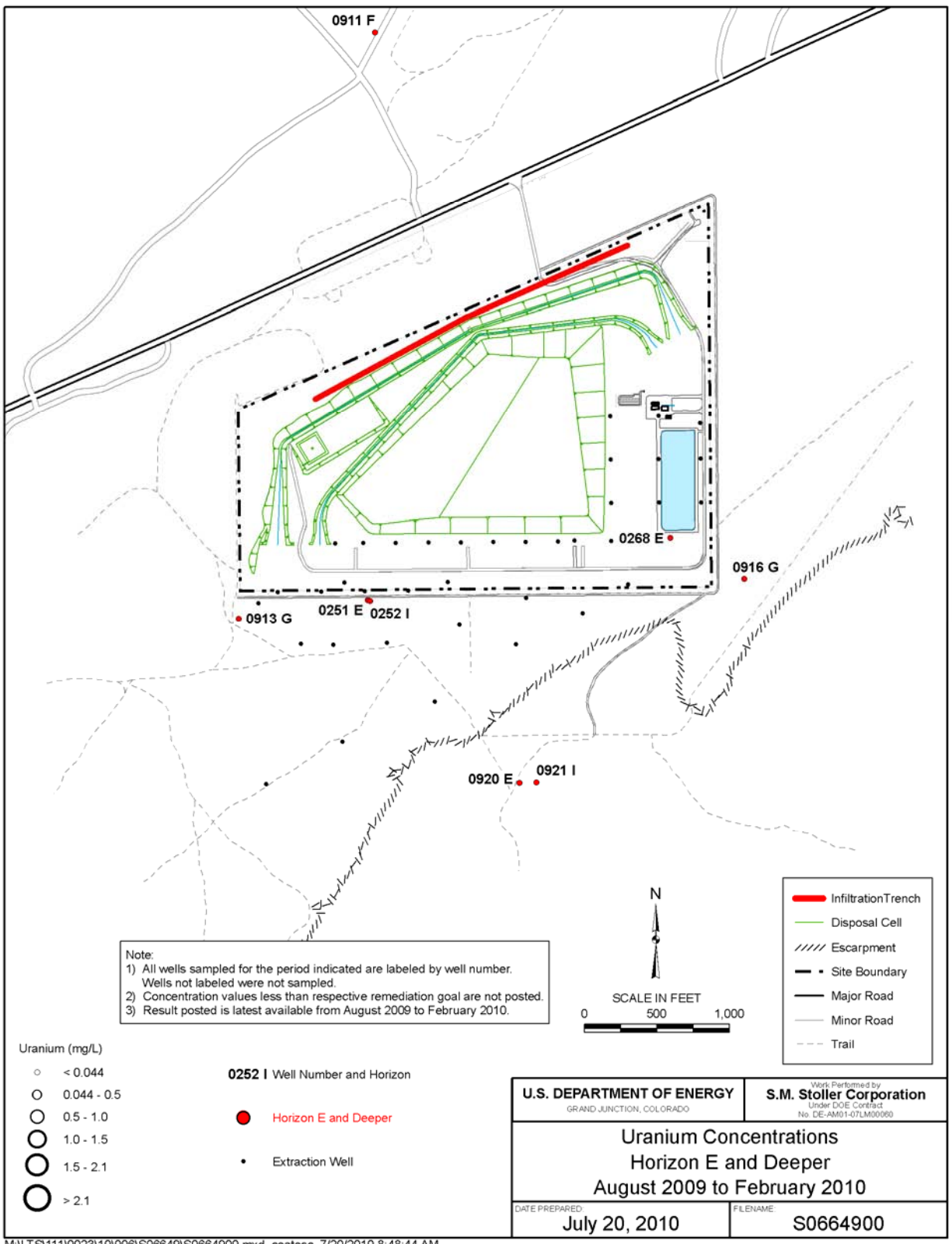


Figure 14b. Uranium Concentrations in Groundwater, Horizons E and Deeper, February 2010

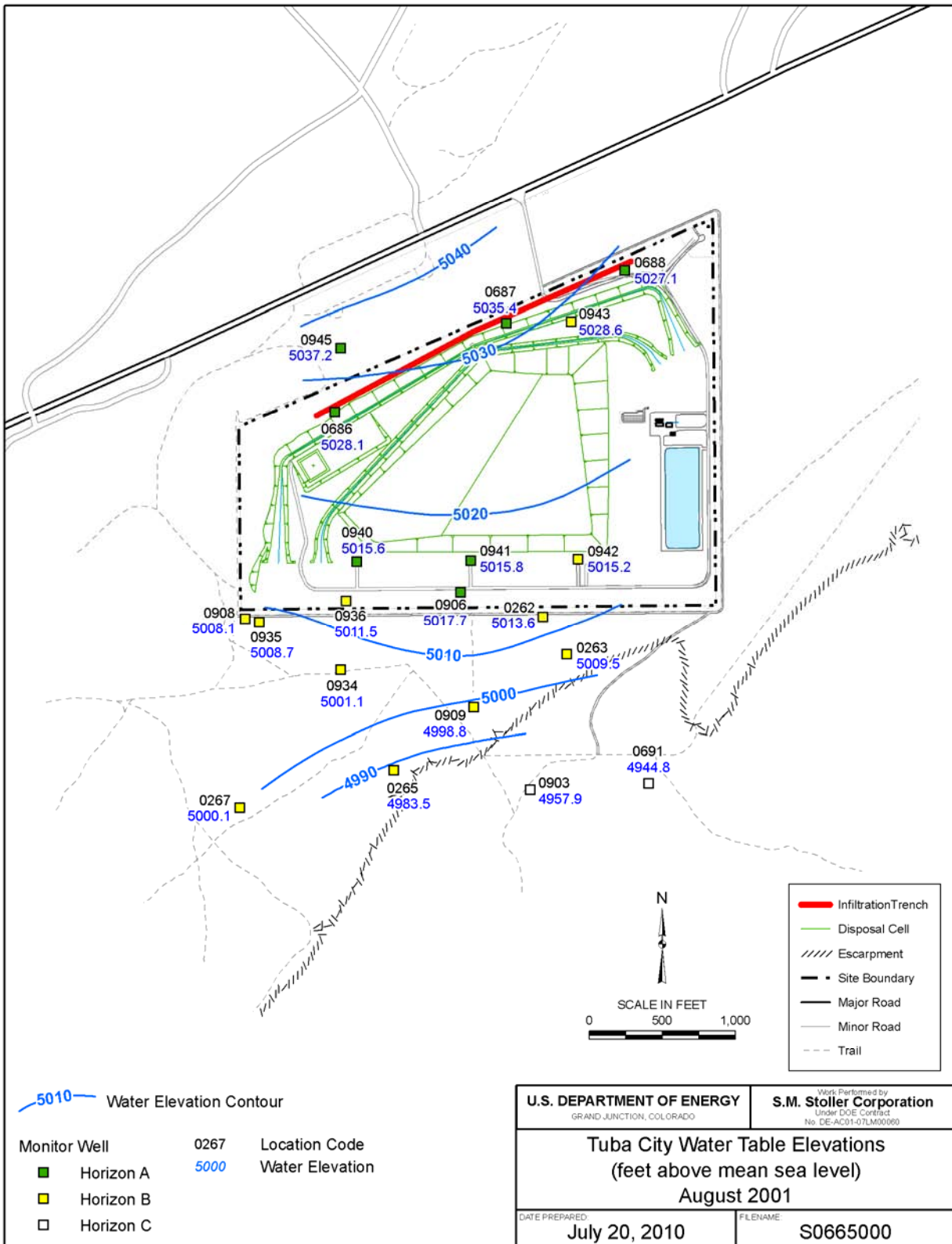
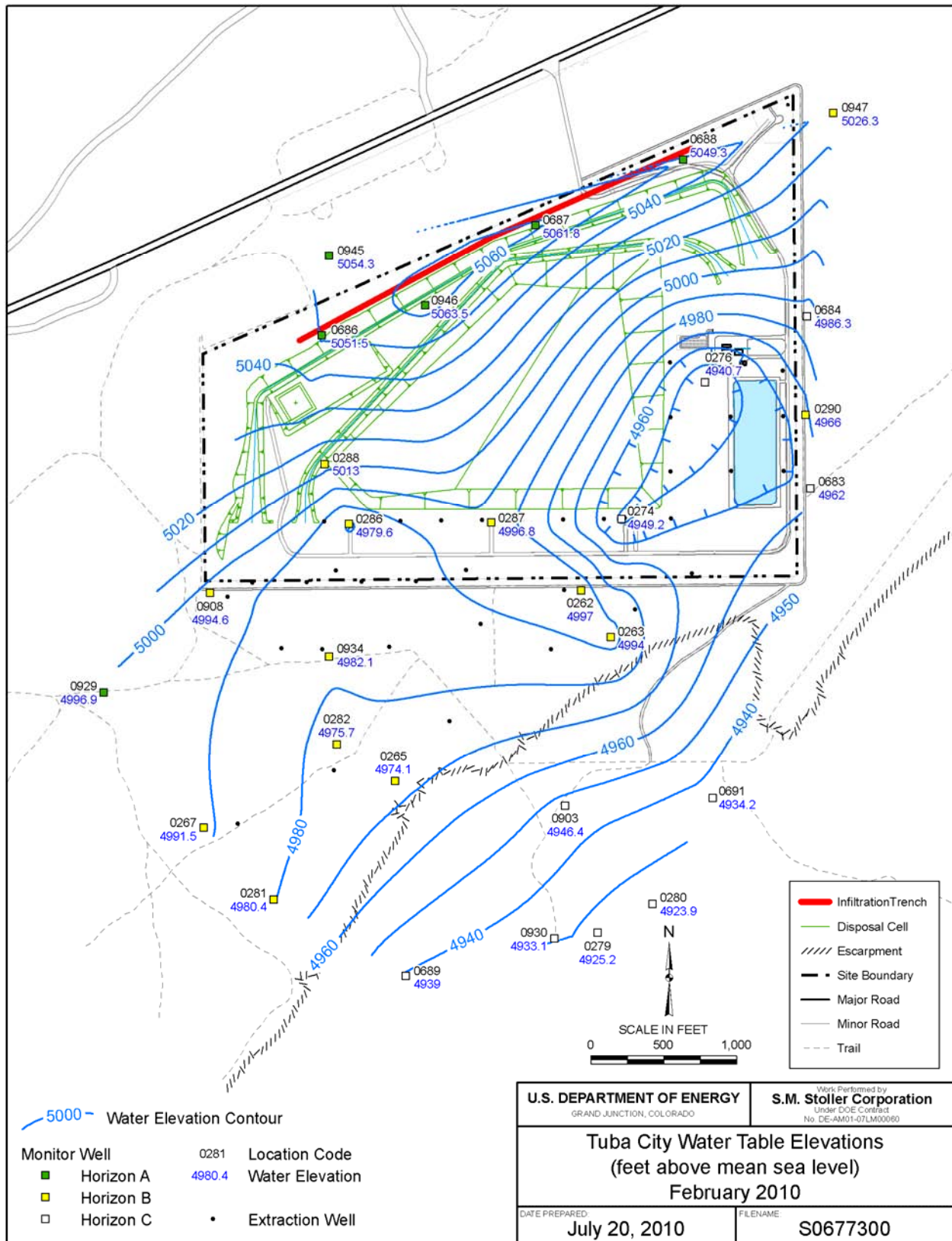
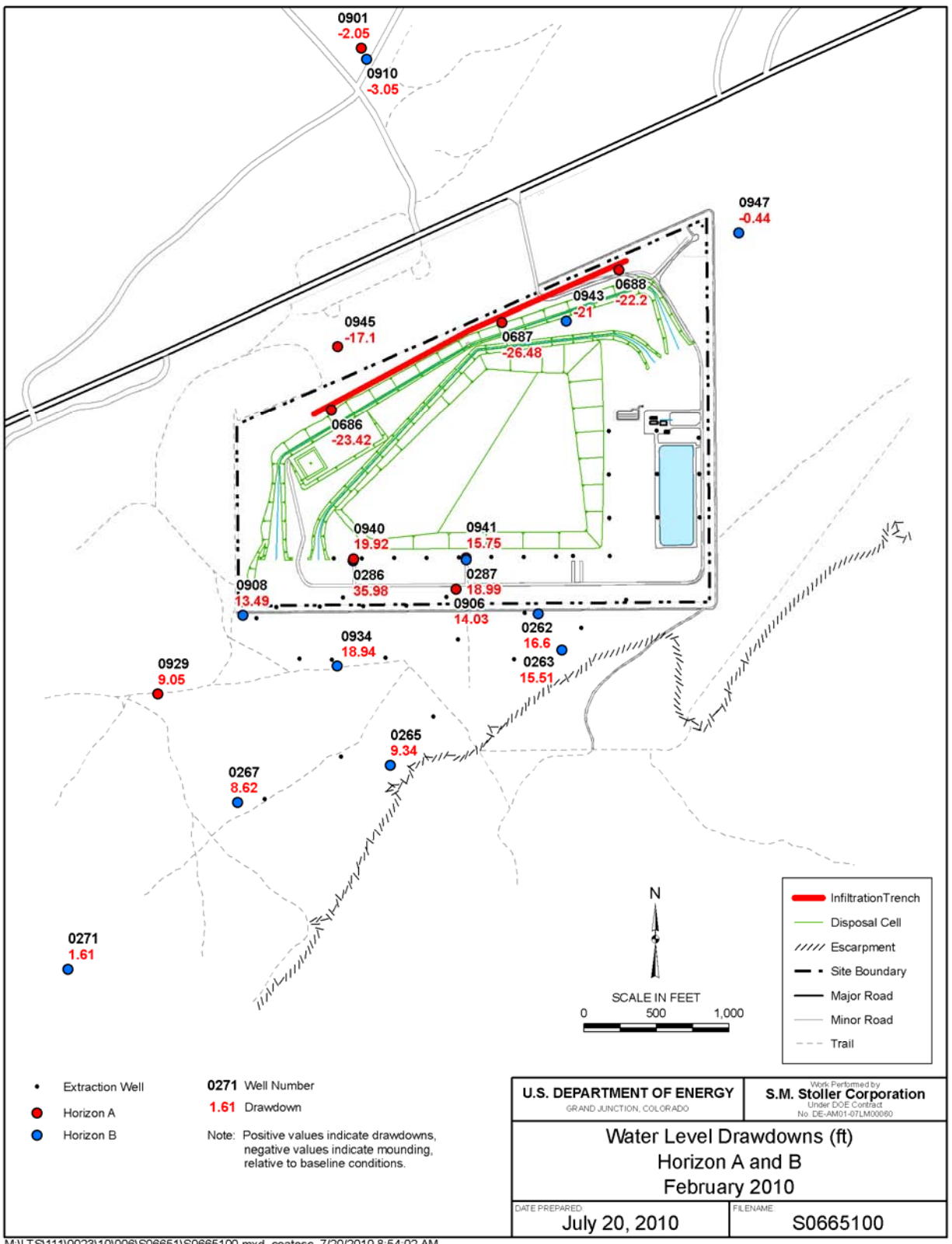


Figure 15. Water Table Elevations (Feet above Mean Sea Level), Tuba City Site, August 2001



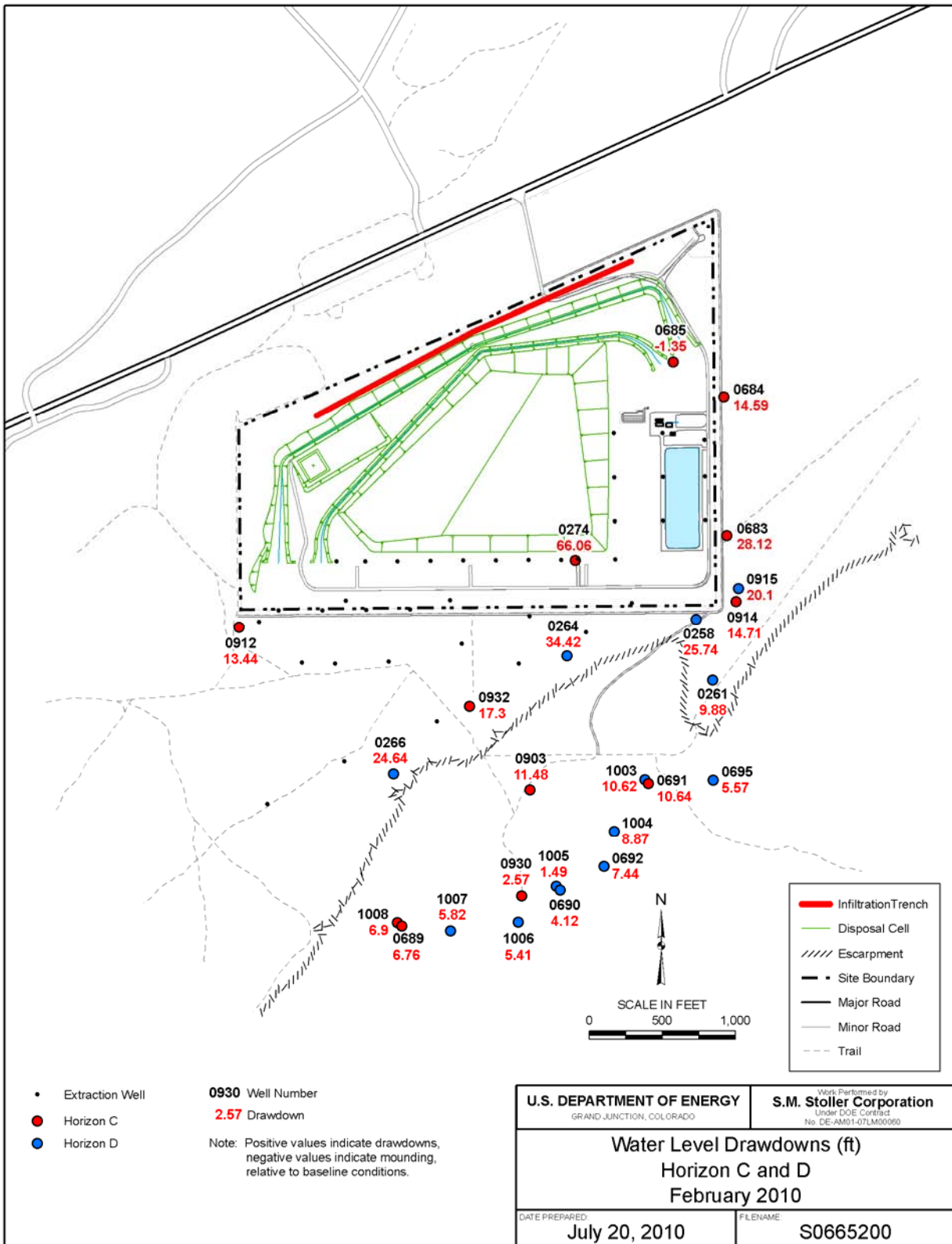
M:\LT\S\111\0023\10\006\S06773\S0677300.mxd coatesc 7/20/2010 1:00:29 PM

Figure 16. Water Table Contour Map, Tuba City Site, February 2010



M:\LTS\111\0023\10\006\1\S06651\S0665100.mxd coatesc 7/20/2010 8:54:02 AM

Figure 17. Water Level Drawdowns (Feet), Horizons A and B, February 2010



M:\LTS\111\0023\10\006\S06652\S0665200.mxd coatesc 7/20/2010 8:55:29 AM

Figure 18. Water Level Drawdowns (Feet), Horizons C and D, February 2010

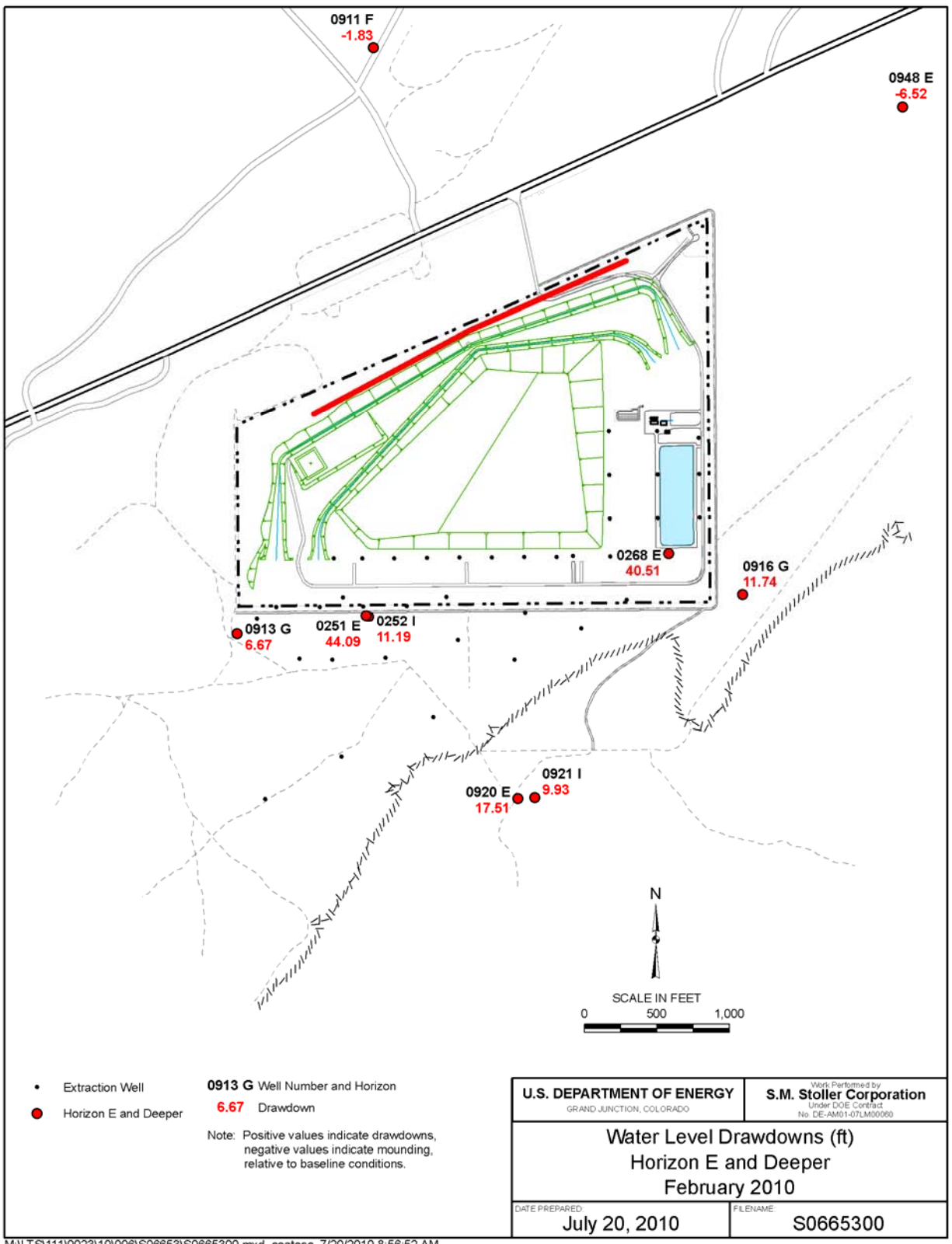


Figure 19. Water Level Drawdowns (Feet), Horizons E, F, G, I, and M, February 2010

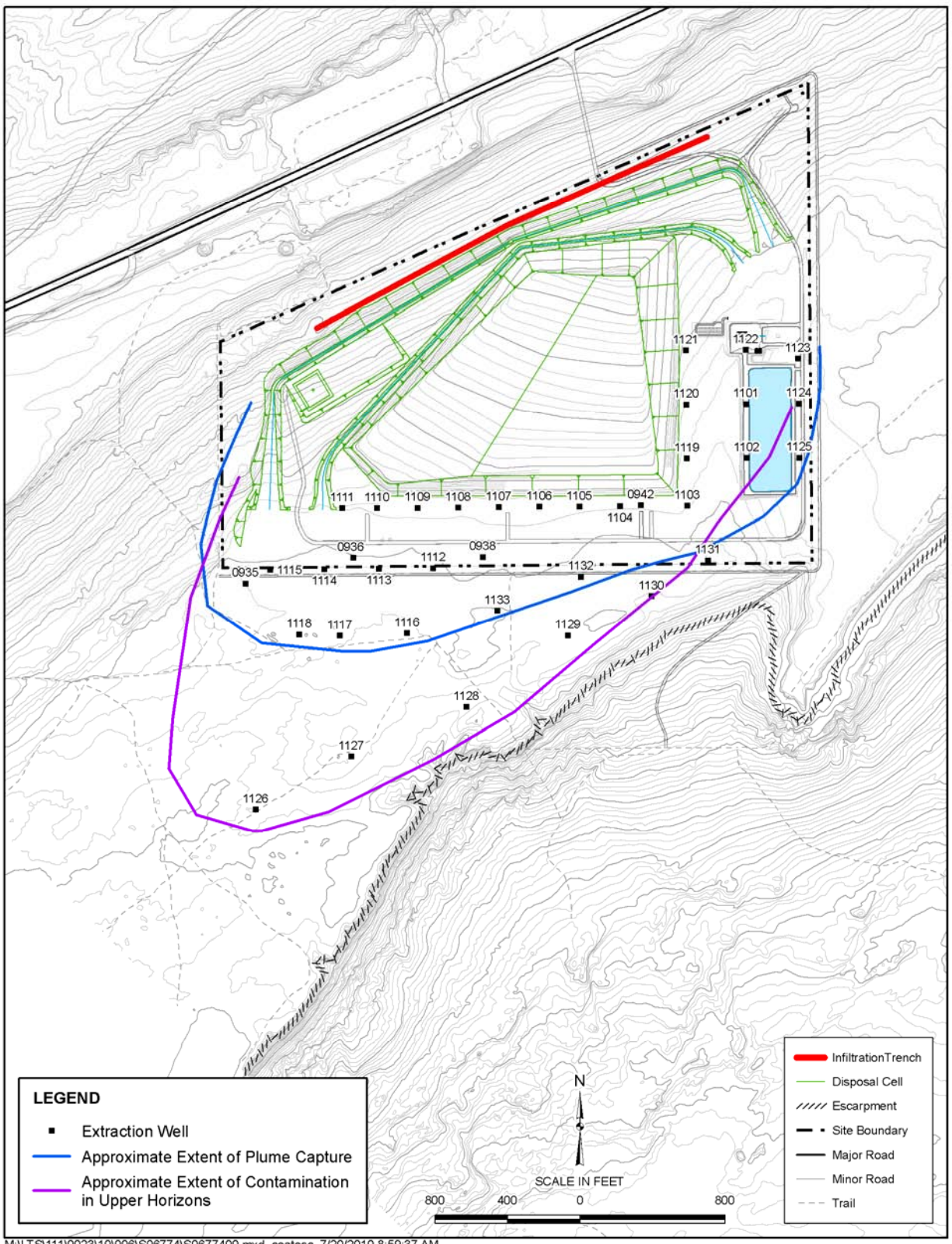


Figure 20. Approximate Extent of Groundwater Contamination and Extraction System Capture Zone, Horizons A and B

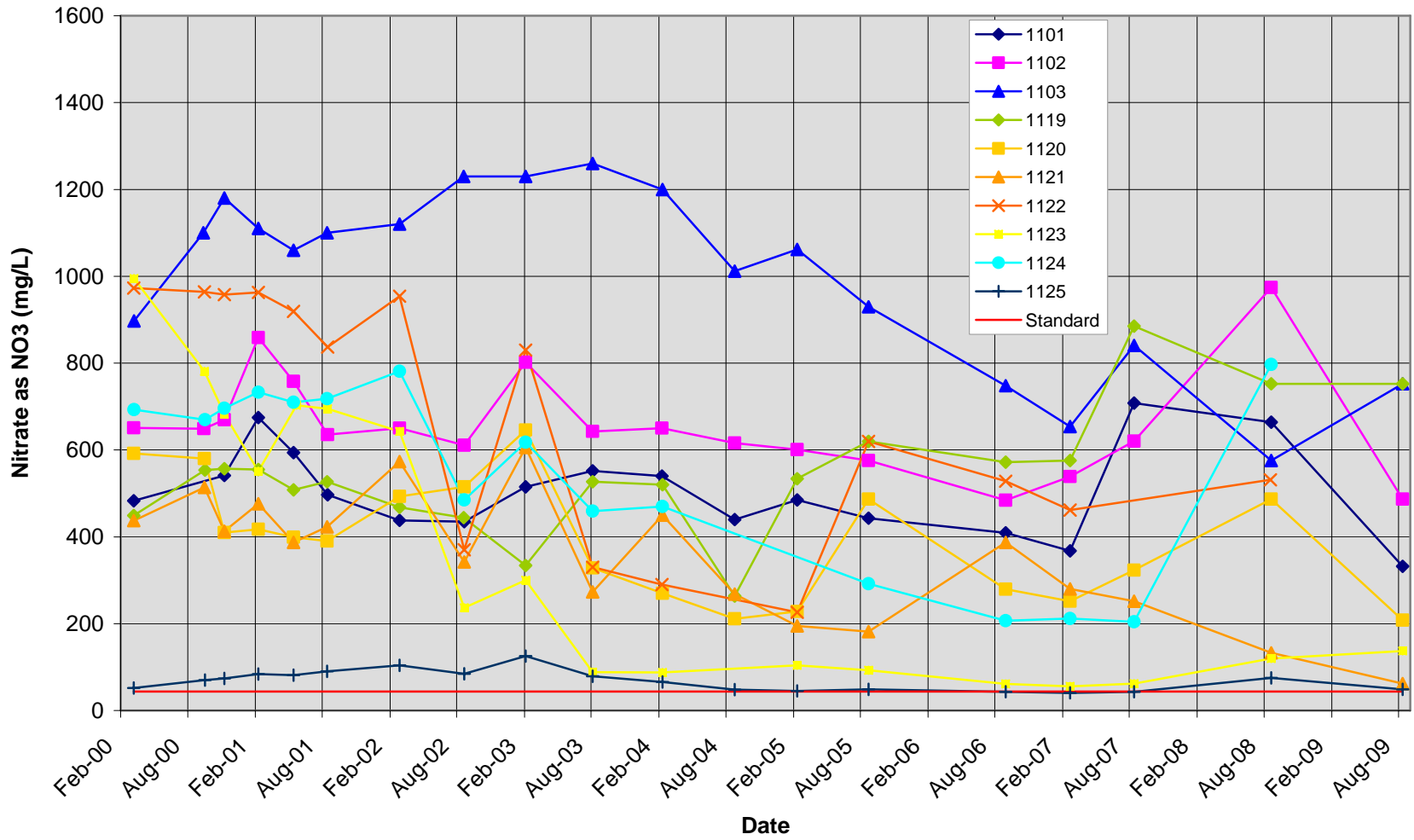


Figure 21a. Nitrate Concentration Trends at Extraction Wells 1101–1103, 1119–1125 (East of Disposal Cell)

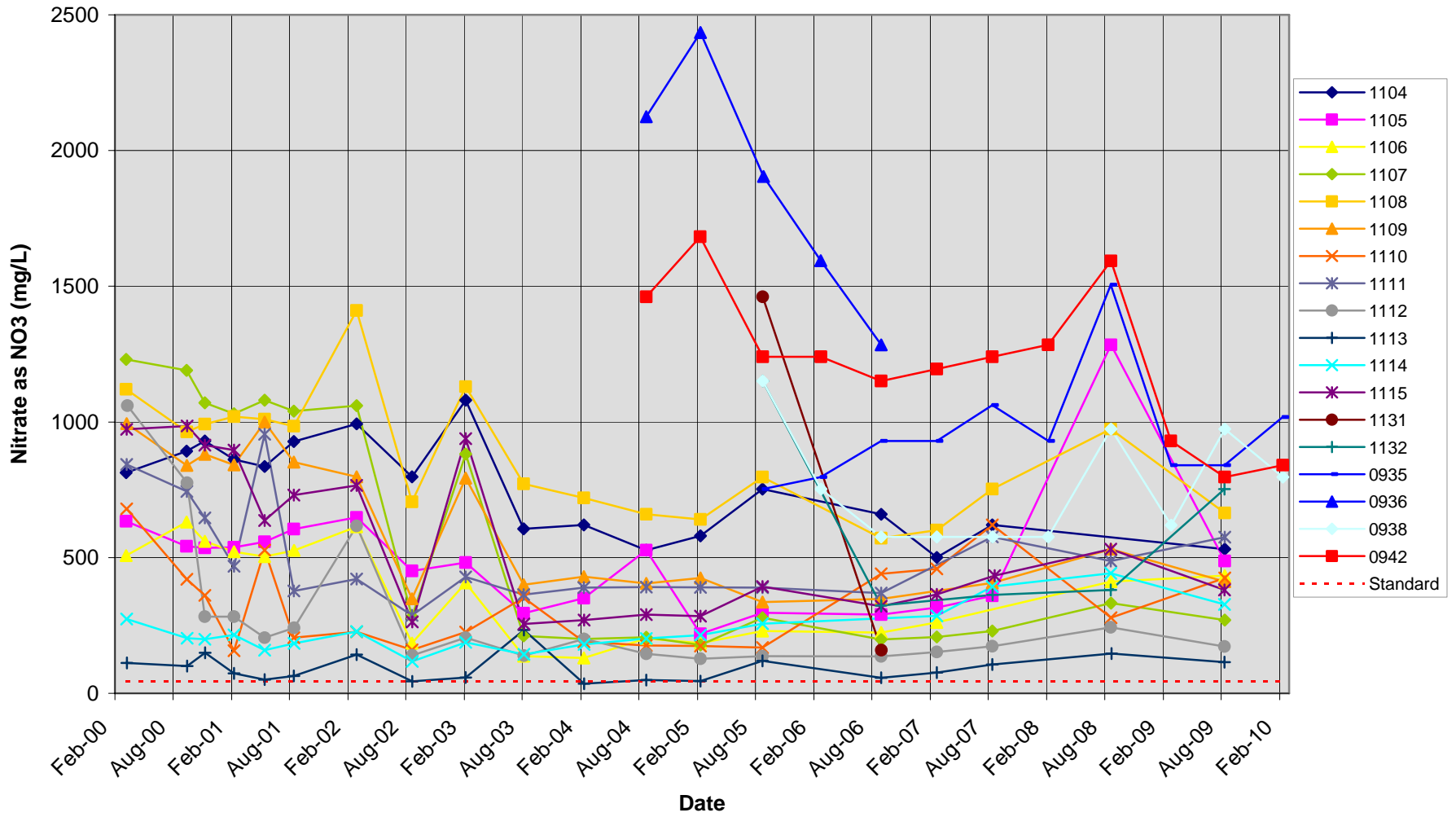


Figure 21b. Nitrate Concentration Trends at Extraction Wells 1104–1115, 1131–1132, 935, 936, 938, 942 (South of Disposal Cell at or within Site Boundary)

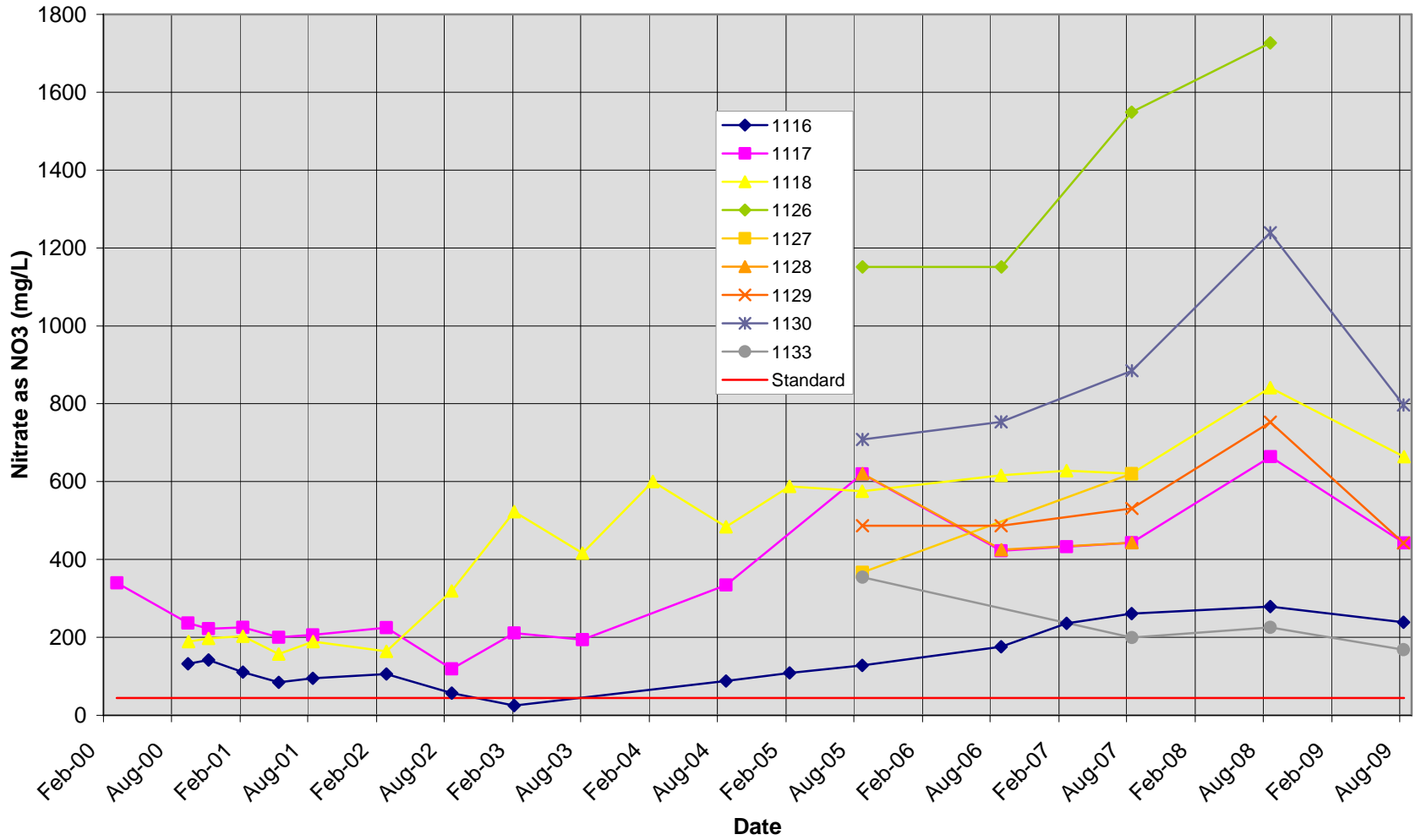


Figure 21c. Nitrate Concentration Trends at Southernmost Extraction Wells 1116–1118, 1126–1130, 1133

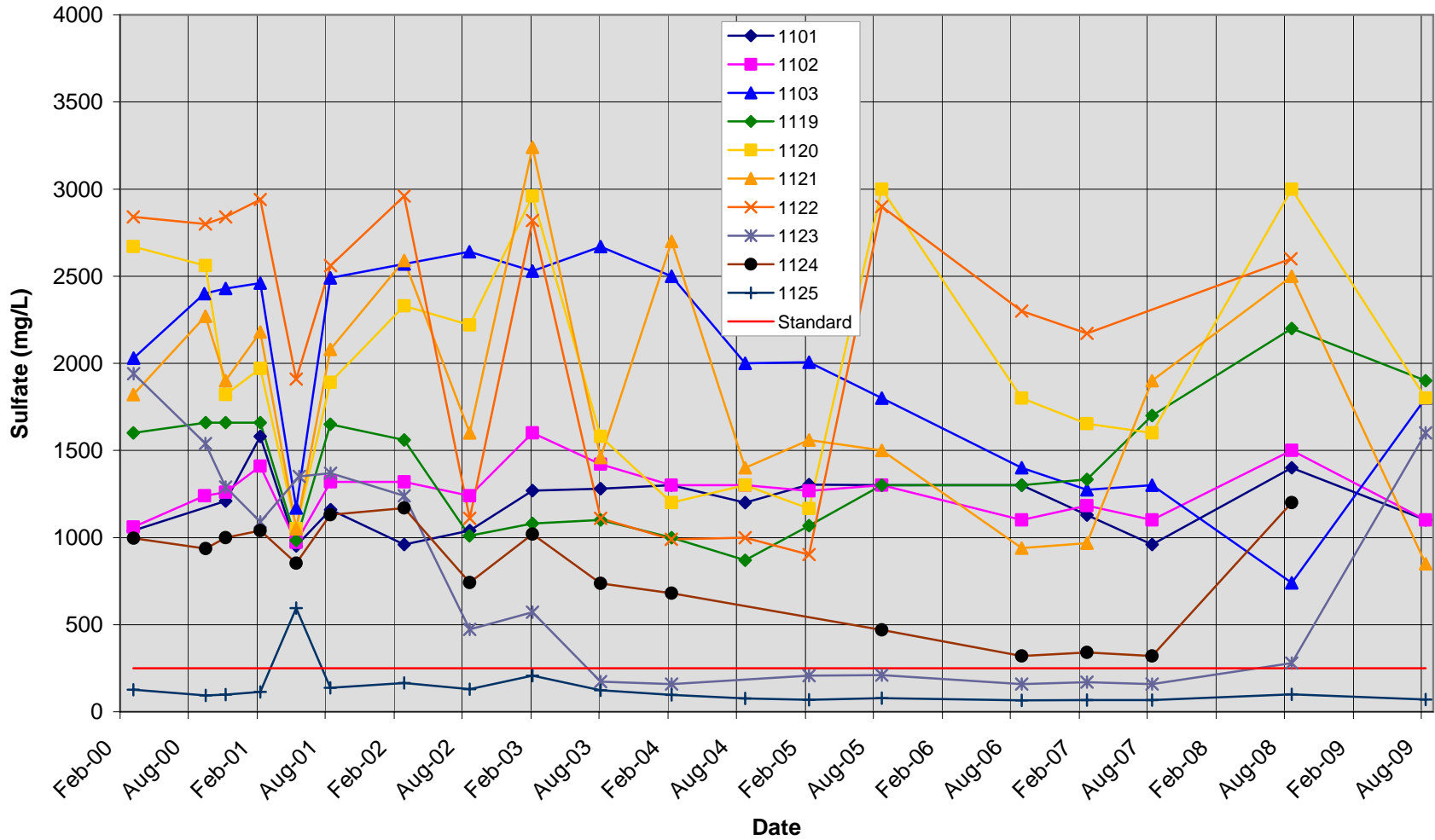


Figure 22a. Sulfate Concentration Trends at Extraction Wells 1101–1103, 1119–1125 (East of Disposal Cell)

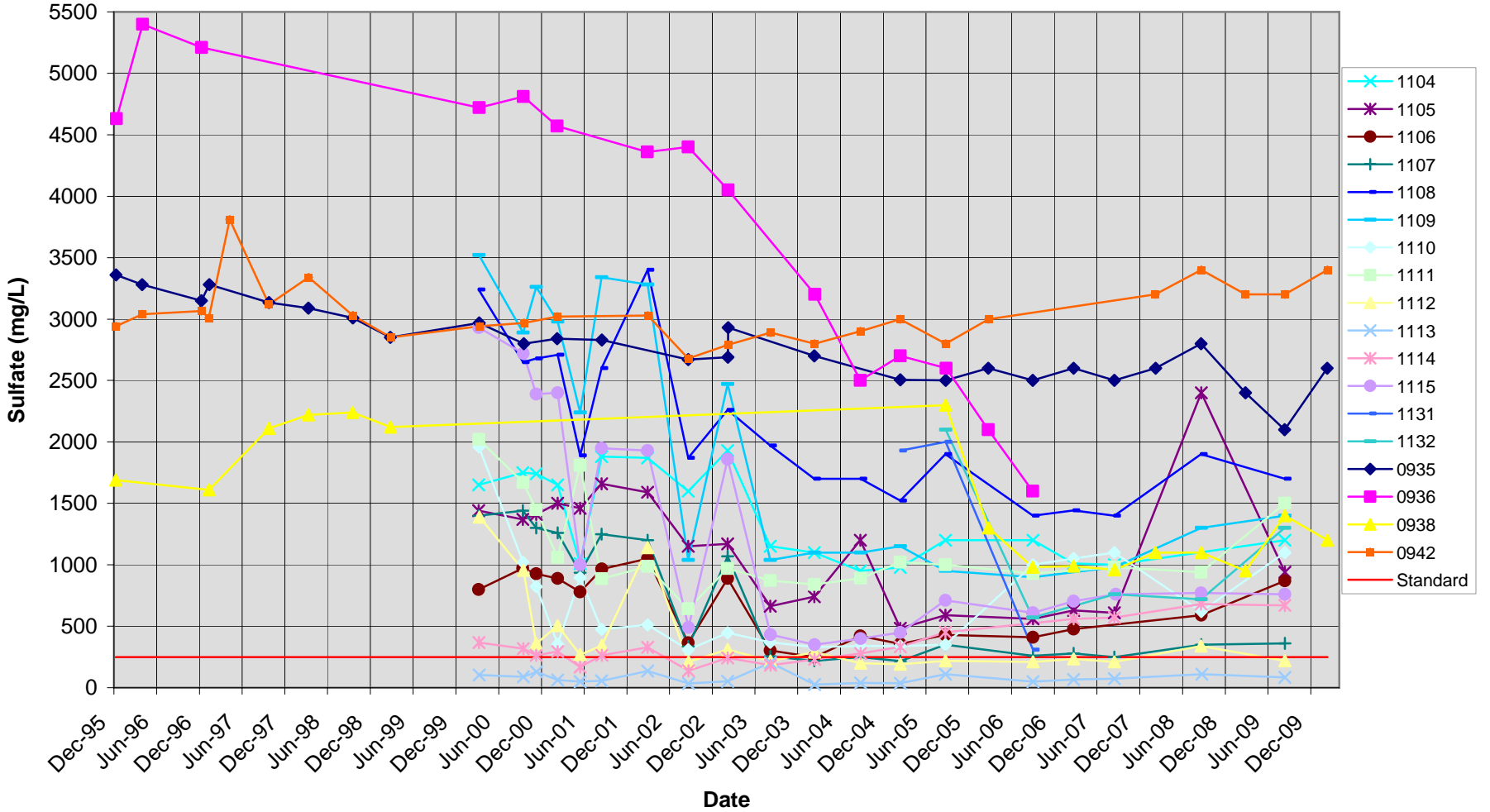


Figure 22b. Sulfate Concentration Trends at Extraction Wells 1104–1115, 1131–1132, 935, 936, 938, 942 (South of Disposal Cell at or within Site Boundary)

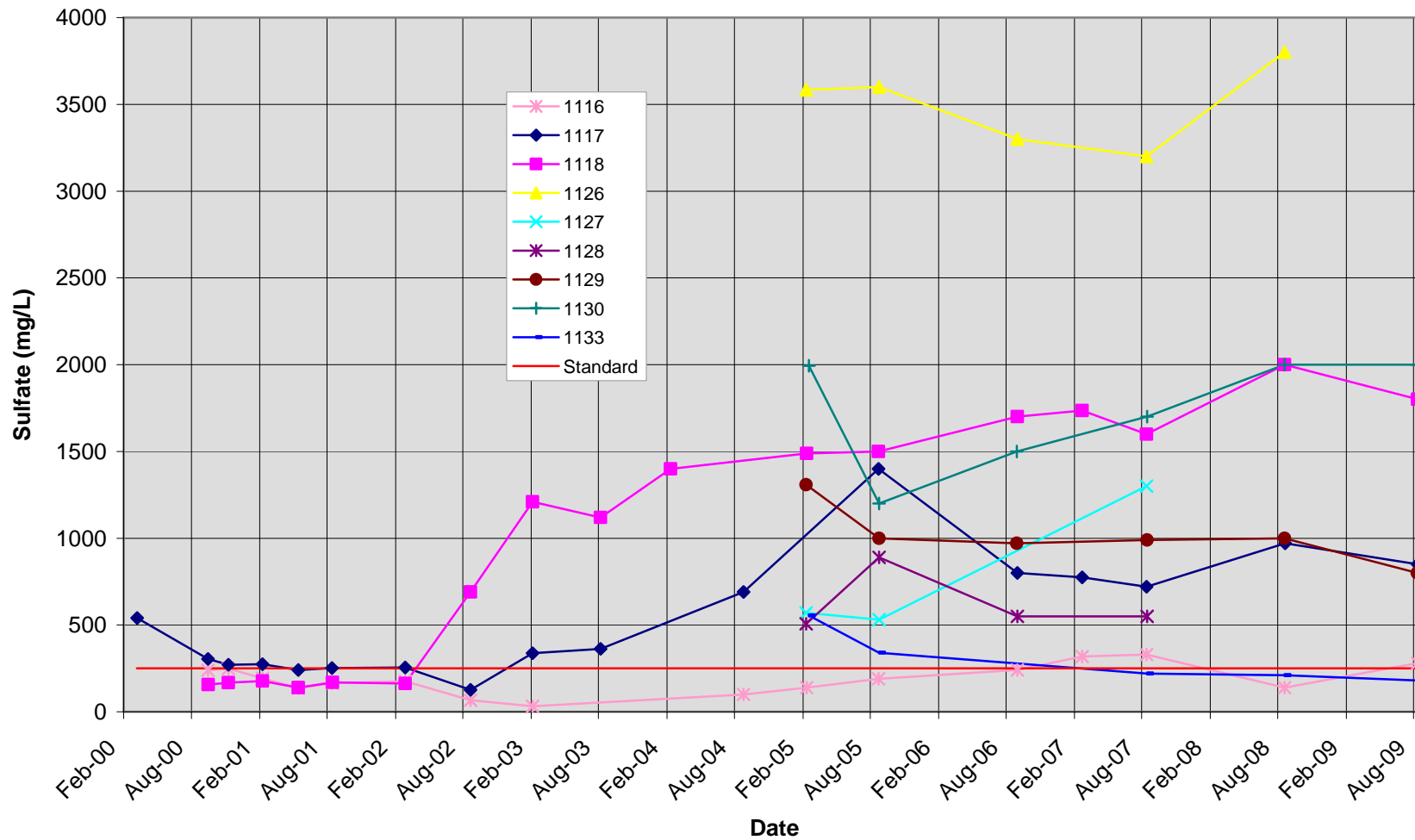


Figure 22c. Sulfate Concentration Trends at Southernmost Extraction Wells 1116–1118, 1126–1130, 1133

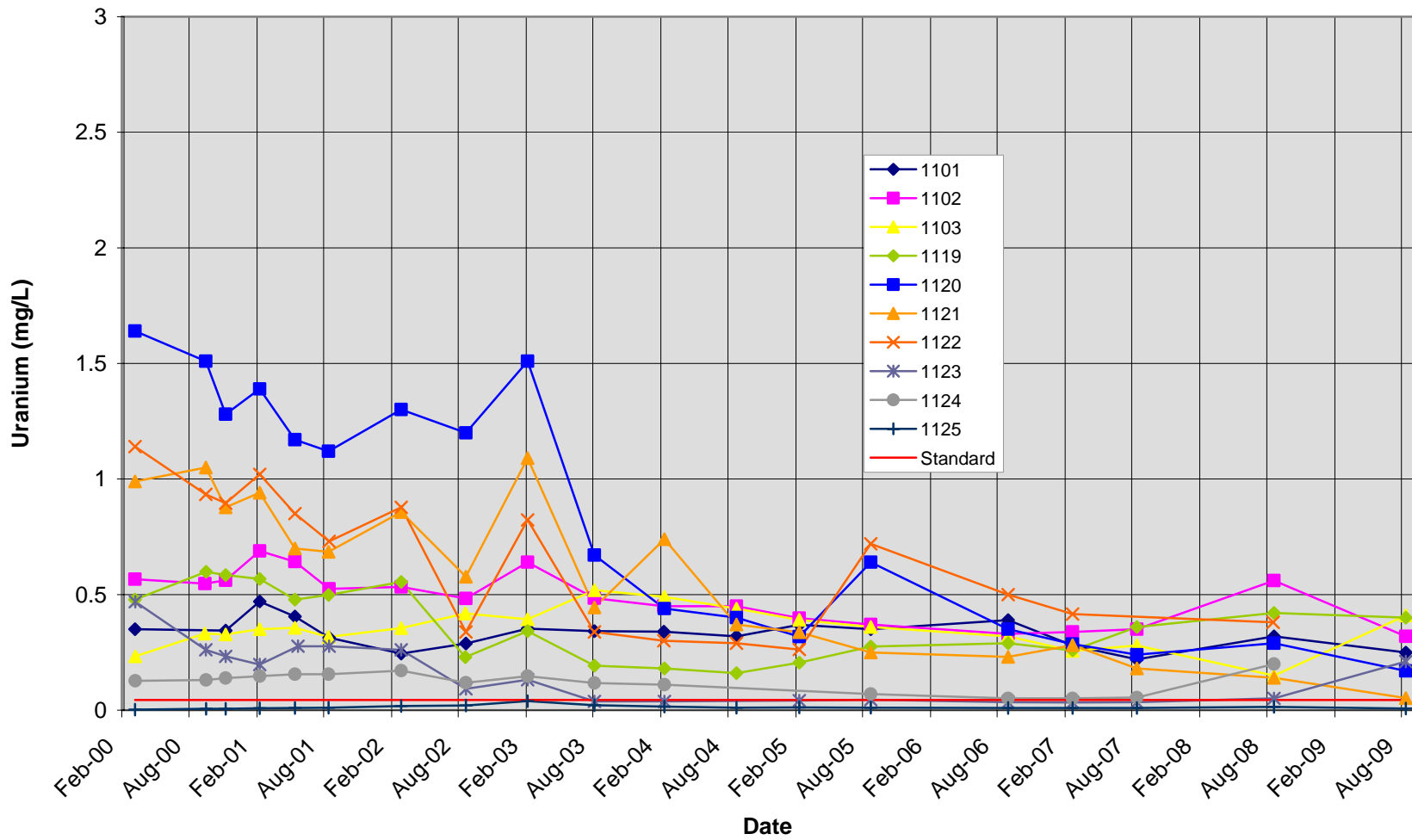


Figure 23a. Uranium Concentration Trends at Extraction Wells 1101–1103, 1119–1125 (East of Disposal Cell)

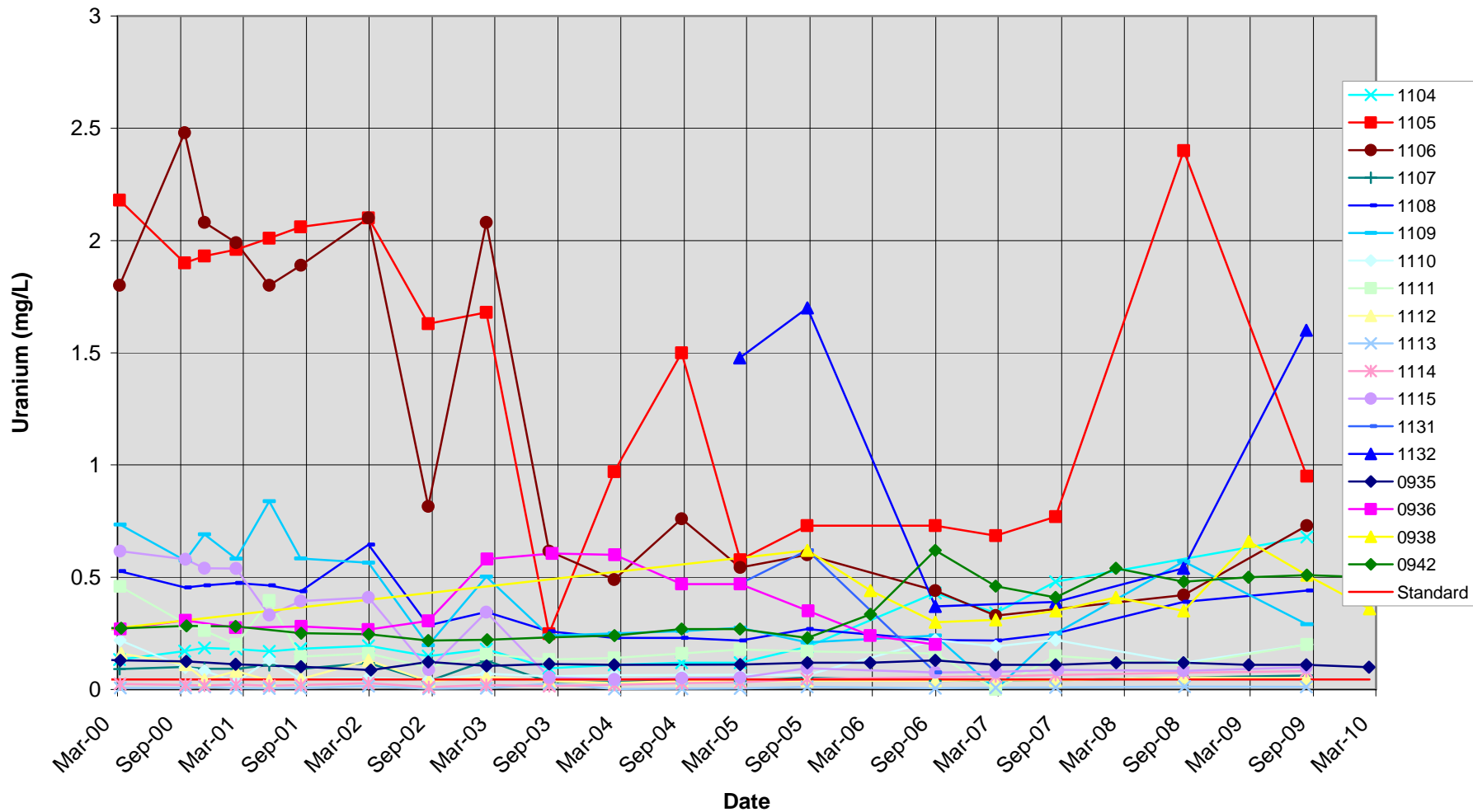


Figure 23b. Uranium Concentration Trends at Extraction Wells 1104–1115, 1131–1132, 935, 936, 938, 942 (South of Disposal Cell at or within Site Boundary)

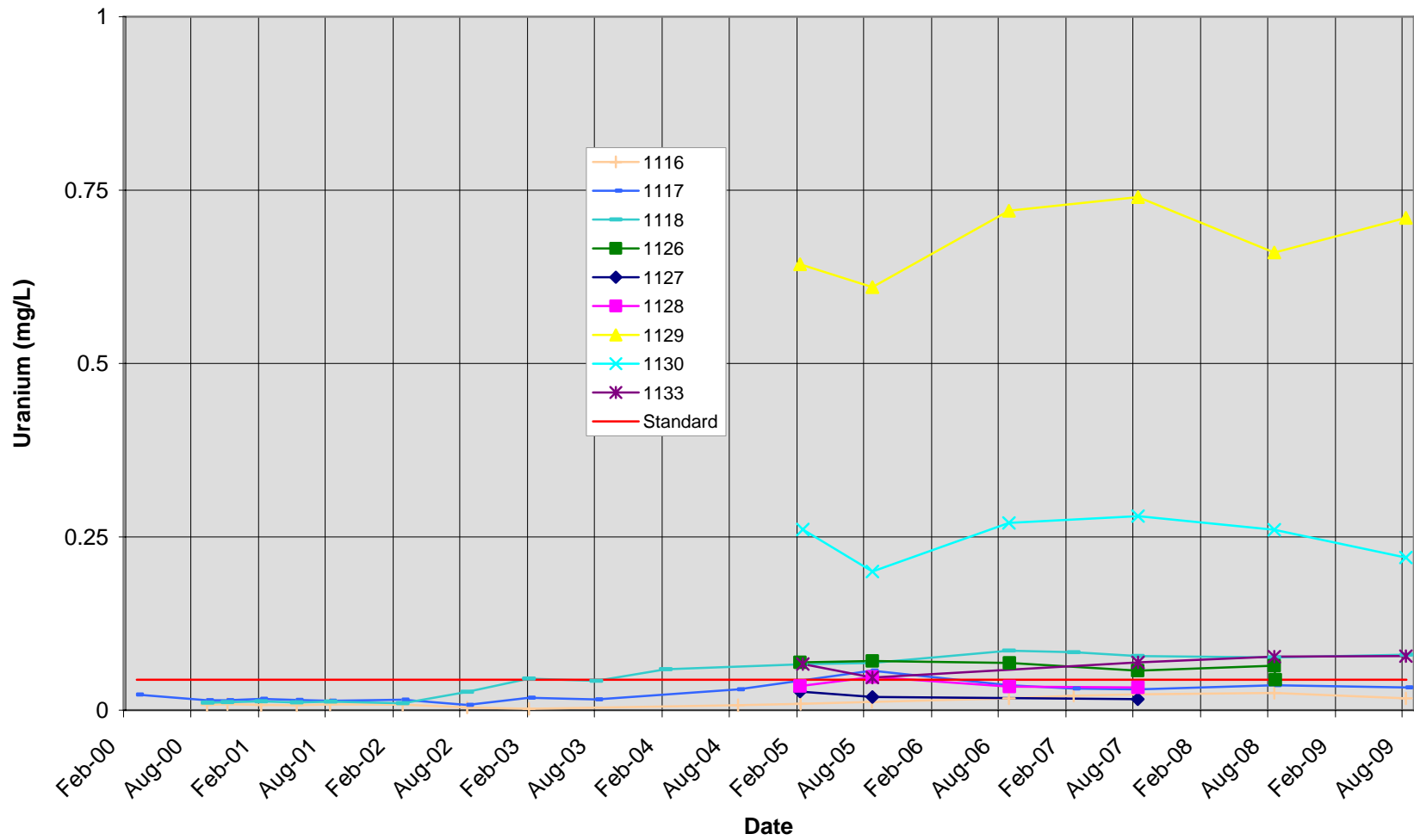


Figure 23c. Uranium Concentration Trends at Southernmost Extraction Wells 1116–1118, 1126–1130, 1133

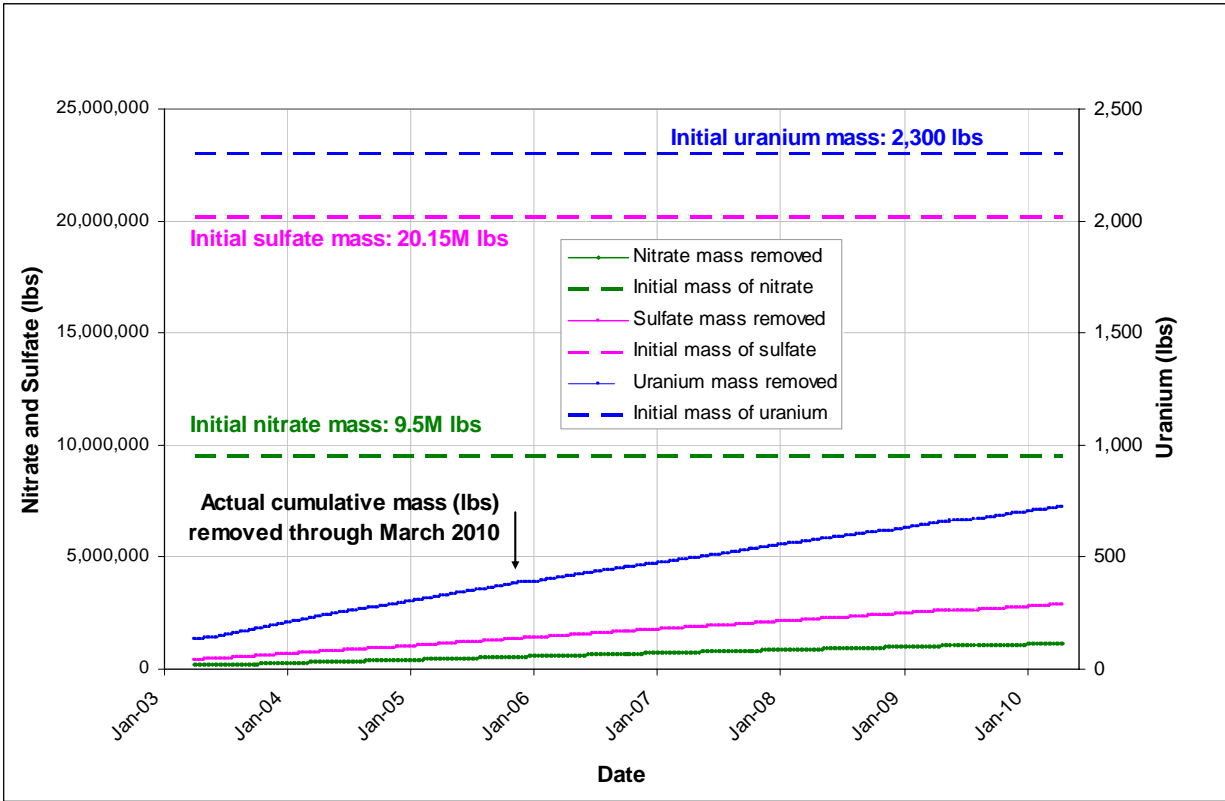


Figure 24. Nitrate, Sulfate, and Uranium Mass Removal Rate Projections

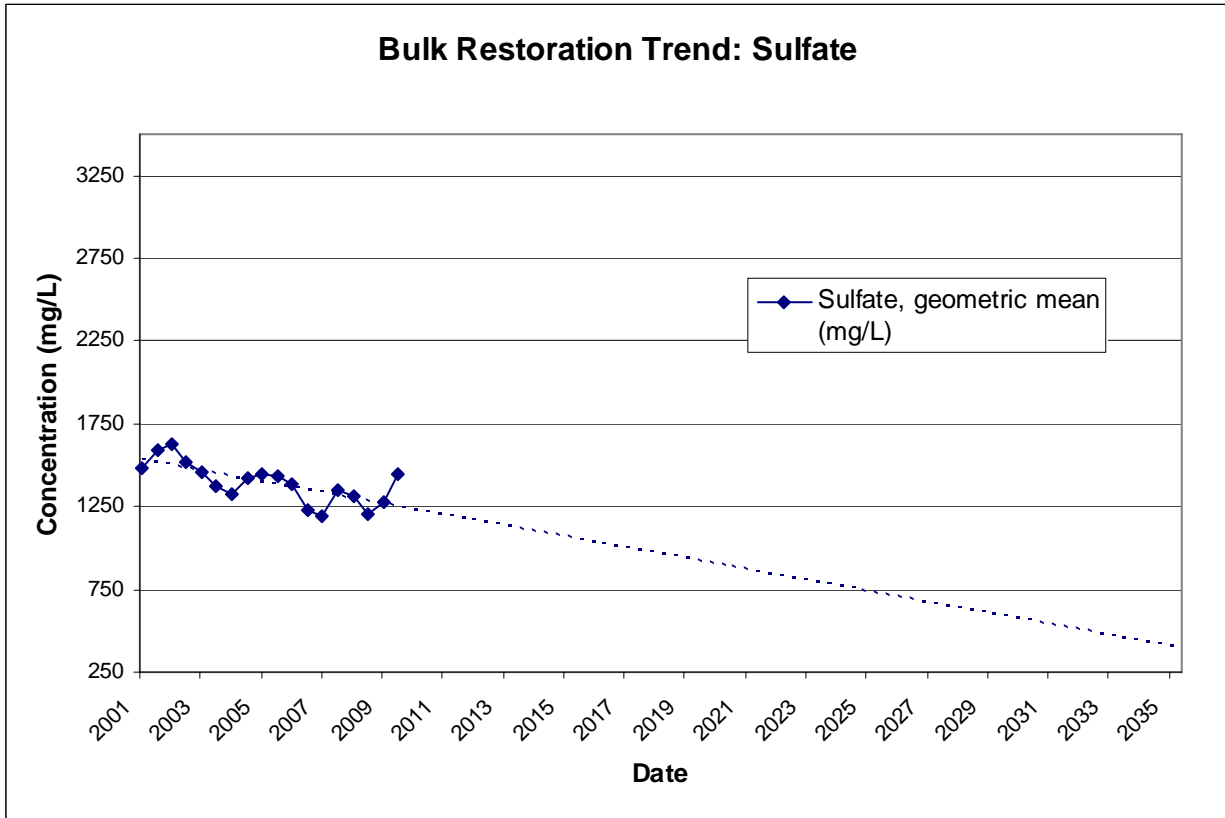


Figure 25. Bulk Restoration Trend for Sulfate

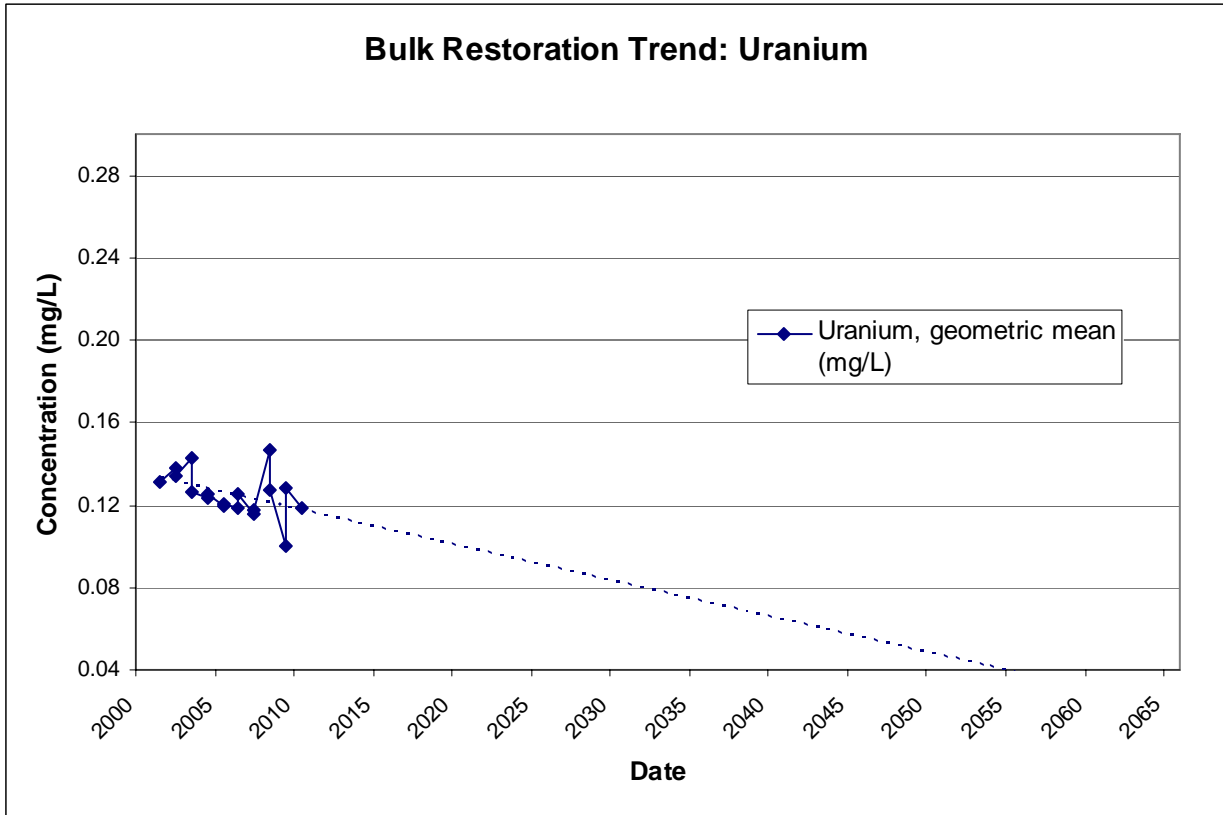


Figure 26. Bulk Restoration Trend for Uranium

This page intentionally left blank

Appendix A

Well Completion Information and Conceptual Site Model

This page intentionally left blank

Contents

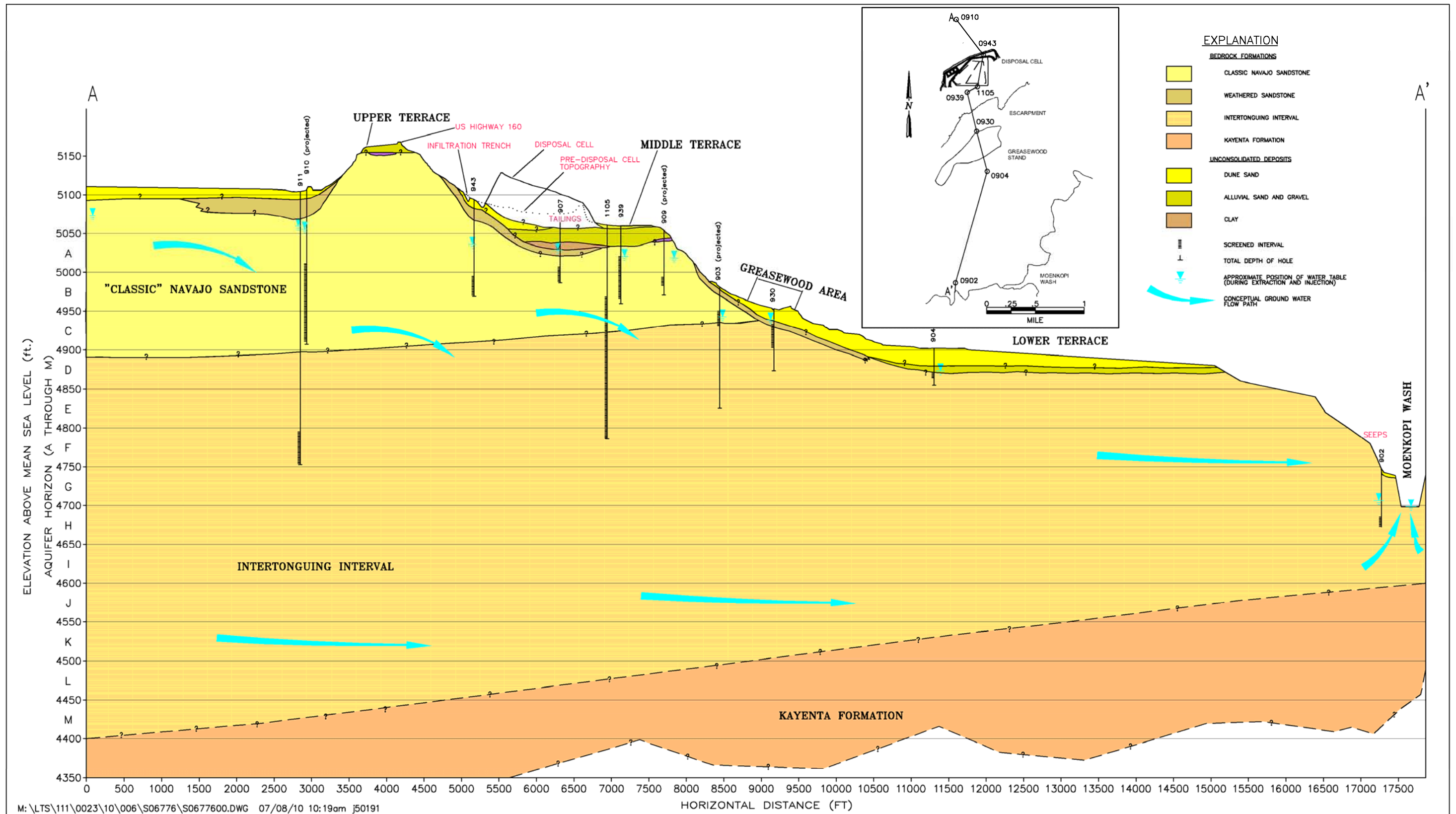
Figures

Figure A-1. Conceptual Model of the Site Hydrogeology.....	A-1
Figure A-2. Well Completions Schematic.....	A-2

Table

Table A-1. Well Completion Information.....	A-3
---	-----

This page intentionally left blank



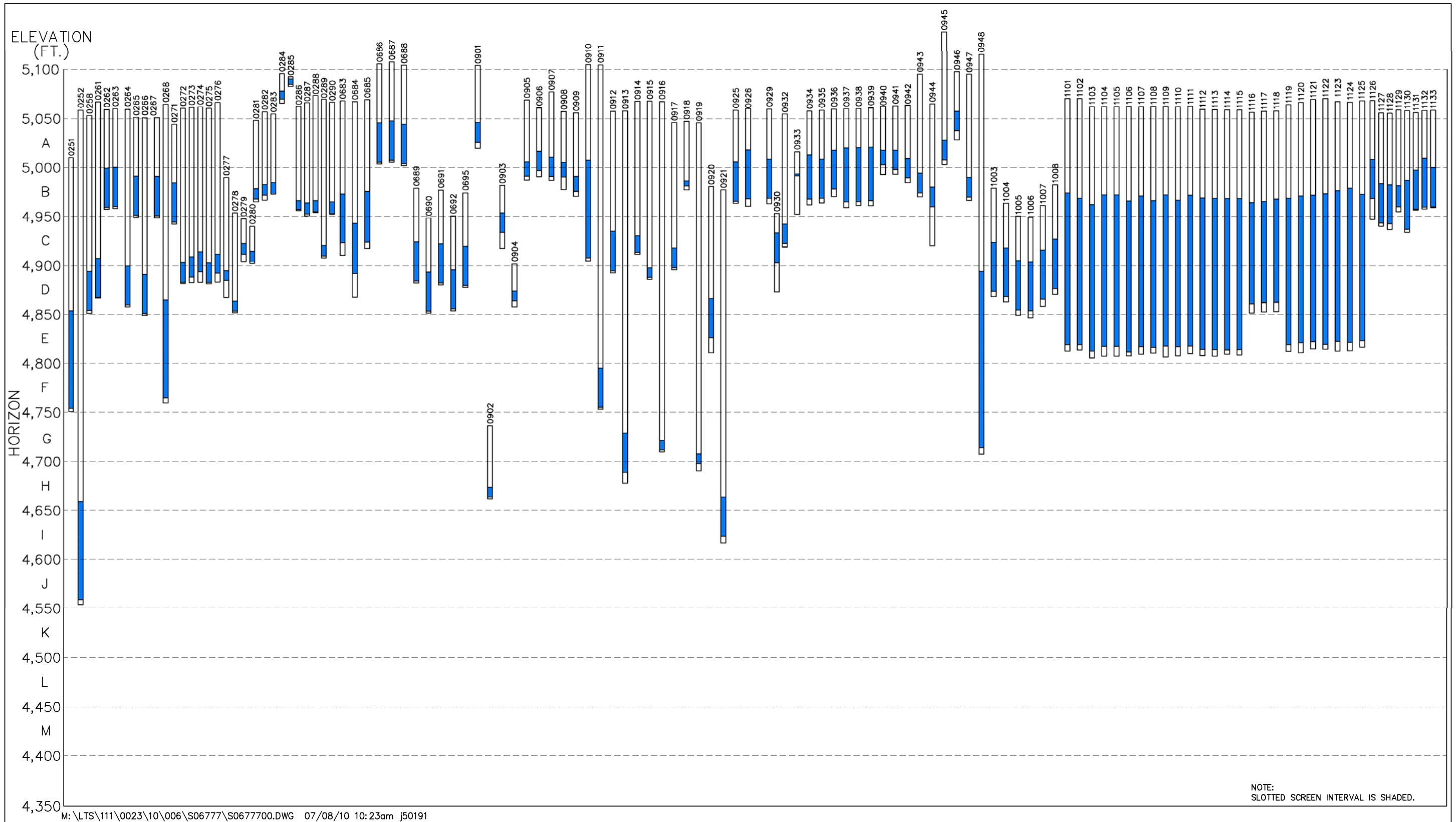


Figure A-2. Well Completions Schematic

Table A-1. Well Completion Information

Well	Type	Horizon	Top Of Screen Elev.	Mid Screen Elev.	Bottom of Screen Elev.	Top of Screen Depth	Mid Screen Depth	Bottom of Screen Depth	Screen Length	Sump Length	Well Depth	Top of Casing Elev.	Ground Elev.	Well Diameter	Boring Started	Decommission Date	State Plane East	State Plane North
0284	MW	A	5079.8	5074.8	5069.8	16.5	21.5	26.5	10.0	1.5	28.0	5098.72	5096.3	2	16-Aug-04		730525	1873562
0285	MW	A	5090.8	5088.3	5085.8	3.0	5.5	8.0	5.0	0.1	8.1	5096.47	5093.8	2	16-Aug-04		731629	1874042
0686	MW	A	5045.5	5025.5	5005.5	60.0	80.0	100.0	40.0	0.3	100.3	5107.97	5105.5	2	28-Mar-00		729978	1873416
0687	MW	A	5047.6	5027.6	5007.6	60.0	80.0	100.0	40.0	0.3	100.3	5109.82	5107.6	2	29-Mar-00		731152	1874024
0688	MW	A	5044.1	5024.1	5004.1	60.0	80.0	100.0	40.0	0.3	100.3	5106.98	5104.1	2	29-Mar-00		731961	1874385
0901	MW	A	5045.8	5035.8	5025.8	58.0	68.0	78.0	20.0	2.0	80.0	5105.46	5103.8	2	16-Oct-84		730185	1875918
0906	MW	A	5016.9	5006.9	4996.9	44.0	54.0	64.0	20.0	2.0	66.0	5062.10	5060.9	2	19-Nov-84		730838	1872181
0907	MW	A	5010.7	5000.7	4990.7	66.5	76.5	86.5	20.0			5079.17	5077.2	2	30-Nov-84	19-Apr-88	731252	1872920
0928	MW	A	5022.1	5009.6	4997.1	30.0	42.5	55.0	25.0	3.0	58.0	5053.99	5052.1	4	20-Oct-95	24-May-00	729401	1870814
0929	MW	A	5010.4	4990.4	4970.4	48.2	68.2	88.2	40.0			5060.82	5058.6	4			728780	1871453
0940	MW	A	5017.9	5010.4	5002.9	45.0	52.5	60.0	15.0	3.0	68.0	5064.77	5062.9	4	01-Nov-95		730130	1872391
0941	MW	A	5018.0	5008.0	4998.0	45.0	55.0	65.0	20.0	3.0	68.0	5065.97	5063.0	4	10-Nov-95		730908	1872398
0945	MW	A	5028.1	5018.1	5008.1	110.0	120.0	130.0	20.0	3.0	133.0	5140.49	5138.1	4	11-Oct-95		730019	1873857
0946	MW	A	5057.6	5047.6	5037.6	40.0	50.0	60.0	20.0	3.3	63.3	5100.50	5097.6	4	02-Nov-95		730547	1873582
0262	MW	B	4999.2	4979.2	4959.2	60.0	80.0	100.0	40.0	0.3	100.3	5061.99	5059.2	2	03-Apr-00		731402	1872012
0263	MW	B	5000.2	4980.2	4960.2	60.0	80.0	100.0	40.0	0.3	100.3	5063.10	5060.2	2	04-Apr-00		731565	1871757
0265	MW	B	4991.1	4971.1	4951.1	60.0	80.0	100.0	40.0	0.3	100.3	5053.88	5051.1	2	16-Apr-00		730382	1870964
0267	MW	B	4990.8	4970.8	4950.8	60.0	80.0	100.0	40.0	0.3	100.3	5053.40	5050.8	2	14-Apr-00		729329	1870707
0271	MW	B	4984.0	4964.0	4944.0	60.0	80.0	100.0	40.0	0.3	100.3	5046.72	5044.0	2	29-Apr-00		728160	1869555
0281	MW	B	4977.8	4972.8	4967.8	70.5	75.5	80.5	10.0	1.5	82.0	5051.00	5048.3	2	11-Aug-04		729714	1870315
0282	MW	B	4983.3	4978.3	4973.3	74.1	79.1	84.1	10.0	1.5	85.6	5060.04	5057.4	2	10-Aug-04		730062	1871168
0283	MW	B	4984.8	4979.8	4974.8	70.5	75.5	80.5	10.0	1.5	82.0	5057.97	5055.3	2	03-Aug-04		730901	1871185
0286	MW	B	4968.84	4963.8	4958.84	93.2	98.2	103.2	10.0	0.4	103.6	5063.99	5062.0	2	13-Mar-07		730128	1872377
0287	MW	B	4962.29	4957.3	4952.29	100.7	105.7	110.7	10.0	0.4	111.1	5065.65	5063.0	2	15-Mar-07		730908	1872386
0288	MW	B	4965.86	4960.9	4955.86	104.0	109.0	114.0	10.0	0.5	114.5	5072.54	5069.9	2	18-Mar-07		729995	1872709
0290	MW	B	4964.33	4959.3	4954.33	102.7	107.7	112.7	10.0	0.4	113.1	5068.91	5067.0	2	17-Mar-07		732633	1872979
0905	MW	B	5006.0	4998.5	4991.0	63.0	70.5	78.0	15.0	2.0	80.0	5072.80	5069.0	2	14-Nov-84	24-May-00	732933	1873200
0908	MW	B	5005.3	4997.8	4990.3	52.0	59.5	67.0	15.0	2.0	69.0	5058.14	5057.3	2	17-Nov-84		729366	1871999
0909	MW	B	4990.8	4983.3	4975.8	65.0	72.5	80.0	15.0	2.0	82.0	5057.17	5055.8	2	18-Nov-84		730927	1871393
0910	MW	B	5007.6	4957.6	4907.6	97.0	147.0	197.0	100.0	1.0	198.0	5106.70	5104.6	4	26-Jul-85		730219	1875840
0918	MW	B	4986.2	4983.7	4981.2	61.0	63.5	66.0	5.0	2.0	68.0	5049.63	5047.2	4	15-Aug-85		727294	1868724
0925	EXT	B	5005.8	4985.8	4965.8	53.0	73.0	93.0	40.0	0.5	93.5	5060.87	5058.8	6	21-Oct-95	24-May-00	729452	1872006
0926	EXT	B	5018.3	4993.3	4968.3	42.2	67.2	92.2	50.0	3.0	95.2	5062.85	5060.5	6	25-Oct-95	17-May-00	730790	1872126
0933	MW	B	4993.3	4992.3	4991.3	23.0	24.0	25.0	2.0			5018.03	5016.3	4	18-Oct-95	24-May-00	731727	1871341
0934	MW	B	5013.0	4990.5	4968.0	45.0	67.5	90.0	45.0	3.0	93.0	5059.73	5058.0	4	02-Nov-95		730018	1871649
0935	MW/EXT	B	5008.8	4988.8	4968.8	50.0	70.0	90.0	40.0	3.0	93.0	5061.50	5058.8	4	28-Oct-95	*	729461	1871978
0936	MW/EXT	B	5017.9	4997.9	4977.9	42.0	62.0	82.0	40.0	3.0	85.0	5062.30	5059.9	6	26-Oct-95	*	730055	1872121
0937	MW	B	5020.2	4992.7	4965.2	40.0	67.5	95.0	55.0	3.0	98.0	5062.80	5060.2	4	09-Nov-95	24-May-00	730790	1872116
0938	MW/EXT	B	5020.4	4992.9	4965.4	40.0	67.5	95.0	55.0	3.0	98.0	5063.64	5060.4	4	26-Oct-95	*	730769	1872124
0939	EXT	B	5021.1	4993.6	4966.1	40.0	67.5	95.0	55.0	3.0	98.0	5063.23	5061.1	6	23-Oct-95	16-May-00	731403	1872132
0942	MW/EXT	B	5009.5	4999.5	4989.5	54.0	64.0	74.0	20.0	3.0	77.0	5066.45	5063.5	4	03-Nov-95	*	731642	1872409

Table A-1 (continued). Well Completion Information

Well	Type	Horizon	Top Of Screen Elev.	Mid Screen Elev.	Bottom of Screen Elev.	Top of Screen Depth	Mid Screen Depth	Bottom of Screen Depth	Screen Length	Sump Length	Well Depth	Top of Casing Elev.		Ground Elev.		Well Diameter	Boring Started	Decommission Date	State Plane East	State Plane North
0943	MW	B	4994.1	4984.1	4974.1	101.0	111.0	121.0	20.0	3.0	124.0	5098.05		5095.1		4	13-Oct-95		731596	1874034
0944	MW	B	4979.9	4969.9	4959.9	85.0	95.0	105.0	20.0	2.0	107.0	5067.00		5064.9		4	04-Nov-95	28-Jul-99	732199	1873007
0947	MW	B	4990.0	4980.0	4970.0	105.0	115.0	125.0	20.0	3.3	128.3	5097.01		5095.0		4	03-Nov-95		732786	1874642
1126	EXT	B	4991.9	4971.9	4951.9	60.0	80.0	100.0	40.0	3.3	103.3	5051.9	**	5051.9	**	4	09-Sep-04		729517	1870728
1127	EXT	B	4984.2	4964.2	4944.2	72.7	92.7	112.7	40.0	3.3	116.0	5056.9	**	5056.9	**	4	11-Sep-04		730044	1871022
1128	EXT	B	4982.3	4962.3	4942.3	72.7	92.7	112.7	40.0	3.3	116.0	5055.0	**	5055.0	**	4	12-Sep-04		730679	1871294
1129	EXT	B	4990.9	4975.9	4960.9	68.2	83.2	98.2	30.0	3.3	101.5	5059.1	**	5059.1	**	4	30-Aug-04		731237	1871690
1130	EXT	B	4987.3	4962.3	4937.3	71.7	96.7	121.7	50.0	3.3	125.0	5059.0	**	5059.0	**	4	29-Jul-04		731699	1871907
1131	EXT	B	4998.1	4978.1	4958.1	59.7	79.7	99.7	40.0	3.3	103.0	5057.8	**	5057.8	**	4	08-Sep-04		732011	1872106
1132	EXT	B	5009.1	4984.1	4959.1	49.7	74.7	99.7	50.0	3.3	103.0	5058.8	**	5058.8	**	4	31-Aug-04		731310	1872015
1133	EXT	B	4999.4	4979.4	4959.4	59.7	79.7	99.7	40.0	3.3	103.0	5059.1	**	5059.1	**	4	02-Sep-04		730850	1871827
0274	MW	C	4913.6	4903.6	4893.6	149.0	159.0	169.0	20.0	1.5	170.5	5064.42		5062.6		2	30-Aug-04		731623	1872403
0276	MW	C	4910.0	4900.0	4890.0	154.5	164.5	174.5	20.0	1.5	176.0	5067.55		5064.5		2	01-Sep-04		732081	1873158
0279	MW	C	4922.1	4917.1	4912.1	26.5	31.5	36.5	10.0	1.5	38.0	4951.04		4948.6		2	15-Aug-04		731494	1870132
0280	MW	C	4922.6	4917.6	4912.6	26.5	31.5	36.5	10.0	1.5	38.0	4951.52		4949.1		2	15-Aug-04		731794	1870289
0289	MW	C	4920.3	4915.3	4910.3	148.3	153.3	158.3	10.0	0.4	163.0	5070.82		5068.6		6	28-Mar-07		729965	1872709
0683	MW	C	4973.2	4948.2	4923.2	95.0	120.0	145.0	50.0	3.0	148.0	5070.64		5068.2		6	31-Aug-99		732661	1872574
0684	MW	C	4943.1	4917.4	4891.8	124.2	149.9	175.5	51.3	2.5	178.0	5070.05		5067.3		6	20-Aug-99		732642	1873521
0685	MW	C	4975.6	4949.7	4923.8	93.7	119.6	145.5	51.8	2.5	148.0	5072.44		5069.3		6	19-Aug-99		732295	1873760
0689	MW	C	4923.9	4903.9	4883.9	55.0	75.0	95.0	40.0	0.3	95.3	4981.63		4978.9		2	31-Mar-00		730439	1869893
0691	MW	C	4921.9	4901.9	4881.9	55.0	75.0	95.0	40.0	0.3	95.3	4979.41		4976.9		2	30-Mar-00		732124	1870872
0903	MW	C	4953.5	4943.5	4933.5	28.0	38.0	48.0	20.0	2.0	50.0	4983.33		4981.5		2	30-Oct-84		731314	1870829
0912	MW	C	4934.7	4914.7	4894.7	123.0	143.0	163.0	40.0	2.0	165.0	5059.97		5057.7		4	12-Aug-85		729324	1871942
0914	MW	C	4930.3	4921.8	4913.3	137.2	145.7	154.2	17.0	2.0	156.2	5070.10		5067.5		4	16-Aug-85		732723	1872119
0917	MW	C	4917.8	4907.8	4897.8	128.0	138.0	148.0	20.0	2.0	150.0	5048.02		5045.8		4	14-Aug-85		727255	1868642
0930	MW	C	4933.0	4918.0	4903.0	20.0	35.0	50.0	30.0	3.0	53.0	4954.96		4953.0		4	23-Oct-95		731257	1870099
0932	MW	C	4942.3	4932.3	4922.3	112.5	122.5	132.5	20.0	2.7	135.2	5057.32		5054.8		4	29-Oct-95		730900	1871401
1008	INJ	C	4926.8	4901.6	4876.4	55.6	80.8	106.0	50.4	2.5	108.5	4980.52		4982.3		6	23-Jul-99		730410	1869916
1116	EXT	C	4964.1	4912.5	4861.0	92.4	143.9	195.5	103.1	2.5	198.0	5053.74		5056.5		6	08-Aug-99		730350	1871702
1117	EXT	C	4965.3	4913.7	4862.1	92.3	143.9	195.5	103.2	2.5	198.0	5054.95		5057.6		6	11-Aug-99		729981	1871688
1118	EXT	C	4967.9	4915.1	4862.3	89.9	142.7	195.5	105.6	2.5	198.0	5055.11		5057.8		6	12-Aug-99		729756	1871695
0258	MW	D	4894.0	4874.0	4854.0	159.0	179.0	199.0	40.0	0.3	199.3	5055.56		5053.0		2	13-Apr-00		732452	1871996
0261	MW	D	4907.0	4887.0	4867.0	160.0	180.0	200.0	40.0	0.3	200.3	5069.69		5067.0		2	01-Apr-00		732565	1871578
0264	MW	D	4899.6	4879.6	4859.6	160.0	180.0	200.0	40.0	0.3	200.3	5062.19		5059.6		2	03-Apr-00		731569	1871746
0266	MW	D	4890.6	4870.6	4850.6	160.0	180.0	200.0	40.0	0.3	200.3	5053.32		5050.6		2	15-Apr-00		730380	1870941
0272	MW	D	4902.8	4892.8	4882.8	159.1	169.1	179.1	20.0	1.5	180.6	5064.24		5061.9		2	28-Aug-04		730112	1872389
0273	MW	D	4909.4	4899.4	4889.4	153.0	163.0	173.0	20.0	1.5	174.5	5064.74		5062.4		2	29-Aug-04		730922	1872397
0275	MW	D	4903.0	4893.0	4883.0	158.2	168.2	178.2	20.0	1.5	179.7	5062.64		5061.2		2	01-Sep-04		732092	1872586
0277	MW	D	4884.0	4879.0	4874.0	95.7	100.7	105.7	10.0	1.5	107.2	4982.35		4979.7		2	12-Aug-04		731290	1870777
0278	MW	D	4862.9	4857.9	4852.9	90.5	95.5	100.5	10.0	1.5	102.0	4956.09		4953.4		2	14-Aug-04		731210	1870104

Table A-1 (continued). Well Completion Information

Well	Type	Horizon	Top Of Screen Elev.	Mid Screen Elev.	Bottom of Screen Elev.	Top of Screen Depth	Mid Screen Depth	Bottom of Screen Depth	Screen Length	Sump Length	Well Depth	Top of Casing Elev.	Ground Elev.	Well Diameter	Boring Started	Decommission Date	State Plane East	State Plane North
0690	MW	D	4893.3	4873.3	4853.3	55.0	75.0	95.0	40.0	0.3	95.3	4950.87	4948.3	2	30-Mar-00		731521	1870140
0692	MW	D	4895.6	4875.6	4855.6	55.0	75.0	95.0	40.0	0.3	95.3	4953.31	4950.6	2	05-Apr-00		731821	1870303
0695	MW	D	4919.3	4899.3	4879.3	55.0	75.0	95.0	40.0	0.3	95.3	4976.83	4974.3	2	06-Apr-00		732566	1870896
0904	MW	D	4873.8	4868.8	4863.8	28.0	33.0	38.0	10.0	2.0	40.0	4904.11	4901.8	2	07-Nov-84		731808	1868036
0915	MW	D	4897.8	4892.8	4887.8	170.0	175.0	180.0	10.0	2.0	182.0	5070.84	5067.8	4	24-Aug-85		732740	1872209
1003	INJ	D	4923.4	4898.4	4873.4	55.5	80.5	105.5	50.0	2.5	108.0	4976.58	4978.9	6	26-Jul-99		732101	1870898
1004	INJ	D	4918.1	4893.1	4868.1	45.5	70.5	95.5	50.0	2.5	98.0	4961.55	4963.6	6	27-Jul-99		731892	1870544
1005	INJ	D	4904.7	4879.7	4854.7	45.5	70.5	95.5	50.0	2.5	98.0	4947.83	4950.2	6	25-Jul-99		731496	1870168
1006	INJ	D	4903.7	4878.7	4853.7	45.7	70.7	95.7	50.0	2.5	98.2	4947.08	4949.5	6	24-Jul-99		731233	1869918
1007	INJ	D	4915.6	4890.5	4865.4	45.8	70.9	96.0	50.2	2.5	98.5	4958.56	4961.4	6	23-Jul-99		730770	1869861
1101	EXT	D	4974.2	4896.5	4818.9	96.1	173.8	251.5	155.4	2.5	254.0	5067.29	5070.4	6	24-Aug-99		732223	1872970
1102	EXT	D	4968.8	4893.8	4818.8	101.5	176.5	251.5	150.0	2.5	254.0	5066.76	5070.3	6	24-Aug-99		732225	1872670
1103	EXT	D	4962.3	4887.3	4812.3	100.0	175.0	250.0	150.0	2.5	252.5	5059.56	5062.3	6	30-Jul-99		731896	1872407
1104	EXT	D	4972.3	4894.8	4817.3	90.0	167.5	245.0	155.0	3.0	248.0	5059.57	5062.3	6	01-Aug-99		731527	1872404
1105	EXT	D	4972.1	4894.6	4817.1	90.0	167.5	245.0	155.0	3.0	248.0	5059.33	5062.1	6	02-Aug-99		731304	1872401
1106	EXT	D	4966.0	4888.7	4811.4	96.5	173.8	251.1	154.6	2.9	254.0	5059.73	5062.5	6	03-Aug-99		731081	1872400
1107	EXT	D	4971.2	4894.0	4816.8	91.1	168.3	245.5	154.4	2.5	248.0	5059.51	5062.3	6	03-Aug-99		730858	1872398
1108	EXT	D	4966.1	4891.1	4816.1	96.3	171.3	246.3	150.0	2.5	248.8	5059.62	5062.4	6	03-Aug-99		730634	1872396
1109	EXT	D	4972.1	4894.7	4817.3	90.3	167.7	245.1	154.8	2.9	248.0	5059.64	5062.4	6	04-Aug-99		730410	1872394
1110	EXT	D	4966.8	4891.8	4816.8	95.5	170.5	245.5	150.0	2.5	248.0	5059.47	5062.3	6	07-Aug-99		730187	1872392
1111	EXT	D	4971.9	4894.7	4817.5	90.7	167.9	245.1	154.4	2.5	247.6	5059.87	5062.6	6	06-Aug-99		729993	1872392
1112	EXT	D	4969.1	4891.6	4814.1	90.5	168.0	245.5	155.0	2.5	248.0	5057.08	5059.6	6	17-Aug-99		730494	1872064
1113	EXT	D	4968.7	4891.2	4813.7	90.5	168.0	245.5	155.0	2.5	248.0	5058.54	5059.2	6	17-Aug-99		730196	1872061
1114	EXT	D	4968.5	4891.0	4813.6	90.6	168.0	245.5	154.9	2.5	248.0	5056.25	5059.1	6	11-Aug-99		729896	1872057
1115	EXT	D	4968.6	4891.2	4813.7	90.5	168.0	245.5	155.0	2.5	248.0	5056.36	5059.2	6	07-Aug-99		729596	1872055
1119	EXT	D	4968.7	4893.7	4818.7	95.3	170.3	245.3	150.0	2.5	247.8	5061.19	5064.0	6	31-Jul-99		731894	1872667
1120	EXT	D	4971.0	4896.0	4821.0	95.5	170.5	245.5	150.0	2.5	248.0	5063.60	5066.5	6	28-Jul-99		731891	1872967
1121	EXT	D	4972.0	4897.0	4822.0	97.5	172.5	247.5	150.0	2.5	250.0	5066.61	5069.5	6	28-Jul-99		731889	1873267
1122	EXT	D	4973.4	4896.3	4819.2	96.9	174.0	251.1	154.2	2.9	254.0	5067.31	5070.3	6	26-Aug-99		732221	1873269
1123	EXT	D	4976.2	4899.2	4822.2	91.0	168.0	245.0	154.0	3.0	248.0	5064.54	5067.2	6	02-Sep-99		732508	1873222
1124	EXT	D	4978.7	4899.9	4821.1	87.9	166.7	245.5	157.6	2.5	248.0	5063.86	5066.6	6	23-Aug-99		732512	1872972
1125	EXT	D	4972.8	4897.8	4822.8	95.5	170.5	245.5	150.0	2.5	248.0	5065.47	5068.3	6	25-Aug-99		732515	1872671
0251	MW	E	4858.9	4808.9	4758.9	200.0	250.0	300.0	100.0	0.3	300.3	5061.25	5058.9	2	28-Apr-00		730215	1871999
0268	MW	E	4864.5	4814.5	4764.5	200.0	250.0	300.0	100.0	0.3	300.3	5067.24	5064.5	2	15-May-00		732301	1872430
0920	MW	E	4866.0	4846.0	4826.0	114.4	134.4	154.4	40.0	2.0	156.4	4982.97	4980.4	4	30-Jul-85		731262	1870737
0948	EXDS	E	4893.9	4803.9	4713.9	221.5	311.5	401.5	180.0	5.0	406.5	5117.80	5115.4	4	17-Oct-95		733915	1875516
0911	MW	F	4795.2	4775.2	4755.2	309.4	329.4	349.4	40.0	2.0	351.4	5106.96	5104.6	4	18-Jul-85		730265	1875920
0913	MW	G	4729.2	4709.2	4689.2	328.7	348.7	368.7	40.0	2.0	370.7	5060.16	5057.9	4	02-Aug-85		729327	1871871
0916	MW	G	4721.7	4716.7	4711.7	345.7	350.7	355.7	10.0	2.0	357.7	5070.00	5067.4	4	22-Aug-85		732811	1872146
0919	MW	G	4707.9	4702.9	4697.9	337.7	342.7	347.7	10.0	2.0	349.7	5048.56	5045.6	4	26-Aug-85		727353	1868654
0902	MW	H	4673.7	4668.7	4663.7	63.0	68.0	73.0	10.0	2.0	75.0	4737.42	4736.7	2	02-Dec-84		730179	1862292

Table A-1 (continued). Well Completion Information

Well	Type	Horizon	Top Of Screen Elev.	Mid Screen Elev.	Bottom of Screen Elev.	Top of Screen Depth	Mid Screen Depth	Bottom of Screen Depth	Screen Length	Sump Length	Well Depth	Top of Casing Elev.	Ground Elev.	Well Diameter	Boring Started	Decommission Date	State Plane East	State Plane North
0252	MW	I	4658.9	4608.9	4558.9	400.0	450.0	500.0	100.0	0.4	500.4	5061.30	5058.9	4	26-Apr-00		730232	1871993
0254	MW	I	4662.7	4612.7	4562.7	400.0	450.0	500.0	100.0	0.4	500.4	5065.38	5062.7	4	03-May-00	13-Aug-05	730951	1872411
0256	MW	I	4664.0	4614.0	4564.0	400.0	450.0	500.0	100.0	0.4	500.4	5066.58	5064.0	4	13-May-00	14-Aug-05	732277	1872437
0921	MW	I	4663.7	4643.7	4623.7	313.2	333.2	353.2	40.0	2.0	355.2	4979.08	4976.9	4	22-Jul-85		731379	1870742
0253	MW	M	4458.8	4408.8	4358.8	600.0	650.0	700.0	100.0	0.4	700.4	5061.11	5058.8	4	18-Apr-00	11-Apr-01	730213	1871974
0255	MW	M	4462.3	4412.3	4362.3	600.0	650.0	700.0	100.0	0.4	700.4	5064.89	5062.3	4	01-May-00	12-Aug-05	730947	1872387
0257	MW	M	4463.4	4413.4	4363.4	600.0	650.0	700.0	100.0	0.4	700.4	5066.40	5063.4	4	11-May-00	11-Aug-05	732278	1872414
0968	EXDS	NA	5000.4	4699.9	4399.4	106.0	406.5	707.0	601.0	0.0	707.0	5107.00	5106.4	10	1-Feb-55		730180	1875689
0970	EXDS	NA	5007.7	4705.2	4402.7	100.0	402.5	705.0	605.0	0.0	705.0	5109.53	5107.7	10	1-Sep-55		730653	1876567
0971	EXDS	NA	4985.3	4693.8	4402.3	117.0	408.5	700.0	583.0	0.0	700.0	5104.00	5102.3	10	1-Nov-55		731590	1878306
0972	EXDS	NA	5039.7	4724.7	4409.7	100.0	415.0	730.0	630.0	0.0	730.0	5141.07	5139.7	10	1-Jun-56		728031	1877986

All dimensions in feet except well diameter in inches

All depths are relative to ground surface

* = Converted to extraction well in August 2005

MW = monitoring well

EXT = Groundwater remediation extraction well

INJ = Groundwater remediation injection well

EXDS = Extraction well domestic supply, completed in Navajo Sandstone. Four wells, previously owned by Rare Metals—0968, 0970, 0971, and 0972 (sampled in 1982 and 1985 only)—are located north of the site, near upgradient monitoring wells 0901, 0910, and 0911. Well 0948 (single sampling in 1995), located about 1500 ft east of the site, is used to supply the Tuba City site treatment facility with domestic non-potable water. Water levels are still measured annually at wells 0948, 0968, and 0970.

** = Approximate

Appendix B

Groundwater Sample Results for Contaminants of Concern: August 2009, February 2010, and the Baseline Period

This page intentionally left blank

Contents

Tables

Table B-1. Baseline, August 2009, and February 2010 Molybdenum Concentrations	B-1
Table B-2. Baseline, August 2009, and February 2010 Nitrate Concentrations (as NO ₃).....	B-4
Table B-3. Baseline, August 2009, and February 2010 Selenium Concentrations.....	B-7
Table B-4. Baseline, August 2009, and February 2010 Sulfate Concentrations	B-10
Table B-5. Baseline, August 2009, and February 2010 Uranium Concentrations.....	B-13

This page intentionally left blank

Table B-1. Baseline, August 2009, and February 2010 Molybdenum Concentrations

Well Number	Horizon	Baseline Molybdenum Concentration (mg/L)	Year Sampled, Baseline	August 2009 Molybdenum Concentration (mg/L)	February 2010 Molybdenum Concentration (mg/L)
0686	A	0.0015 U	2002	0.00096 B	NS
0687	A	0.0113	2002	0.0044	NS
0688	A	0.0015 U	2002	0.0033	NS
0901	A	0.00078	2001	0.00061 B	NS
0906	A	0.0137	2002	0.0015 *	0.0014
0929	A	0.0015 U	2002	0.00036 BU	0.00043 B
0940	A	0.0015 U	2002	NS	NS
0941	A	0.0284	2002	0.0029	0.018
0945	A	0.0015 U	2002	0.00073 B	NS
0946	A			0.0011	NS
0262	B	0.432	2001	1.5	1.3
0263	B	0.192	2001	0.03	0.024
0265	B	0.00046	2001	0.0002 B	0.00025 BU
0267	B	0.0015 U	2002	0.00026 B	0.00051 B
0271	B	0.0015 U	2002	0.00034 B	NS
0281	B			0.00088 B *	0.0012 U *
0282	B			0.00067 B	0.0006 BU *
0286	B			0.00044 B	0.00043 BU
0287	B			0.048	0.081
0288	B			0.0002 BU	0.00025 BU
0290	B			0.00057 B *	0.00053 B
0908	B	0.0015 U	2002	0.00099 B	0.001
0909	B	0.0015 U	2002	0.00025 BU*	0.00023BU *
0910	B			0.00054 BU	NS
0934	B	0.0015 U	2002	0.00026 BU	0.00031 BU
0935	B	0.0015 U	2002	0.00031 BU	0.000099BU
0936	B	0.0015 U	2002	NS (Dry)	NS (Dry)
0938	B	0.001 U	1999	0.08	0.042
0942	B	0.021	2002	0.0065	0.0079
0943	B	0.0015 U	2002	0.00085 B	NS
0947	B	0.0015 U	2002	0.00056 B	NS
1129	B			0.73	NS
1130	B			0.066	NS
1132	B			1.5	NS
1133	B			0.013	NS
0274	C			0.00052 B	0.00076 BU
0276	C			0.00052 B	0.00061 BU
0279	C			0.00053 B	NS
0280	C			0.00055 B	NS
0289	C			0.00043 BU	0.00072 B
0683	C	0.0015 U	2002	0.00059 B	NS
0684	C	0.0015 U	2002	0.00053 B	NS
0685	C	0.0015 U	2002	0.00043 BU	NS
0689	C	0.0015 U	2002	0.00045 B	NS

Table B-1 (continued). Baseline, August 2009, and February 2010 Molybdenum Concentrations

Well Number	Horizon	Baseline Molybdenum Concentration (mg/L)	Year Sampled, Baseline	August 2009 Molybdenum Concentration (mg/L)	February 2010 Molybdenum Concentration (mg/L)
0691	C	0.0015 U	2002	0.00028 B	0.0003 BU
0903	C	0.0015 U	2002	0.00039 BU	NS
0912	C	0.0003 U	2001	0.00025 BU	NS
0914	C	0.00081	2001	0.00095 B	NS
0917	C	0.0013	2001	NS	NS
0930	C	0.0015 U	2002	0.00028 BU	0.00062 B
0932	C	0.0018 U	2002	0.00047 BU	0.00063 B
1008	C	0.0004 U	2000	NS	NS
1116	C	0.0015 U	2002	0.00023 BU	NS
1117	C	0.0015 U	2002	0.00026 B	NS
1118	C	0.0015 U	2002	0.00049 B	NS
0258	D	0.00063	2000	0.00055 B	0.00074 BU
0261	D	0.0026	2001	0.0006 B	NS
0264	D	0.0031	2001	0.0005 B	0.00087 BU
0266	D	0.00058	2001	0.00061 B	0.00082 BU
0272	D			0.00031 BU	0.00041 BU
0273	D			0.028	0.021
0275	D			0.0003 BU	0.00051 BU
0277	D			0.00046 B	NS
0278	D			0.00073 B	NS
0690	D	0.0015 U	2002	0.0004 B	NS
0692	D	0.0015 U	2002	0.00043 B	NS
0695	D	0.0015 U	2002	0.00071 B	NS
0904	D	0.00077	2001	0.00058 BU	NS
0915	D	0.00054	2001	0.00069 B	NS
1003	D	0.0004 U	2000	0.00021 BU	NS
1004	D	0.0004 U	2000	0.00043 BU	NS
1005	D	0.0004 U	2000	NS	NS
1006	D	0.0004 U	2000	0.0004 B	NS
1007	D	0.0004 U	2000	0.00036 B	NS
1101	D	0.0015 U	2002	0.00054 B	NS
1102	D	0.0015 U	2002	0.00033 B	NS
1103	D	0.0015 U	2002	0.0049	NS
1104	D	0.0916	2002	0.046	NS
1105	D	2.96	2002	0.5	NS
1106	D	1.26	2002	0.18	NS
1107	D	0.16	2002	0.027	NS
1108	D	0.0015 U	2002	0.0013	NS
1109	D	0.0015 U	2002	0.00046 B	NS
1110	D	0.0015 U	2002	0.00025 B	NS
1111	D	0.0015 U	2002	0.00033 B	NS
1112	D	0.0015 U	2002	0.00029 BU	NS
1113	D	0.0015 U	2002	0.00026 BU	NS
1114	D	0.0027	2002	0.014	NS
1115	D	0.0015 U	2002	0.00029 BU	NS
1119	D	0.0053	2002	0.0069	NS

Table B-1 (continued). Baseline, August 2009, and February 2010 Molybdenum Concentrations

Well Number	Horizon	Baseline Molybdenum Concentration (mg/L)	Year Sampled, Baseline	August 2009 Molybdenum Concentration (mg/L)	February 2010 Molybdenum Concentration (mg/L)
1120	D	0.0815	2002	0.031	NS
1121	D	0.105	2002	0.012	NS
1122	D	0.0015 U	2002	NS	NS
1123	D	0.0015 U	2002	0.00024 BU	NS
1124	D	0.0015 U	2002	NS	NS
1125	D	0.0015 U	2002	0.00042 BU	NS
0251	E	0.0015 U	2002	0.00041 BU	0.00088 BU
0268	E	0.0015 U	2002	0.00032 BU	0.0011
0920	E	0.0003 U	2001	0.00038 BU	NS
0911	F			0.00025 BU	NS
0913	G	0.0003 U	2001	0.00016 BU	NS
0916	G	0.00096	2001	0.001	NS
0252	I	0.0015 U	2002	0.00034 B	0.00072 BU
0921	I	0.0003 U	2001	0.00022 BU	NS

B = Result between instrument detection limit and contract required detection limit.

U = Analytical result below detection limit.

NS = Not sampled.

Values in **red** exceed the corresponding groundwater remediation target for molybdenum, 0.1 mg/L (see Table 1 of main report). Well numbers with groundwater concentrations greater than the remediation target during this reporting period are also listed in **red**.

* Denotes filtered sample. Samples are generally not filtered (as reflected above), except in cases when turbidity is greater than 10 Nephelometric Turbidity Units (NTUs).

Table B-2. Baseline, August 2009, and February 2010 Nitrate Concentrations (as NO₃)

Well Number	Horizon	Baseline Nitrate Concentration (mg/L)	Year Sampled, Baseline	August 2009 Nitrate Concentration (mg/L)	February 2010 Nitrate Concentration (mg/L)
0686	A	32.2	2002	7.5	NS
0687	A	60.6	2002	9	NS
0688	A	35.1	2002	32	NS
0901	A	13	2001	13	NS
0906	A	1470	2002	1680 *	1730
0929	A	69.5	2002	53	80
0940	A	1800	2002	NS	NS
0941	A	358	2002	1020	1150
0945	A	12.7	2002	21	NS
0946	A			10	NS
0262	B	380	2001	753	797
0263	B	1140	2001	753	1200
0265	B	720	2001	797	797
0267	B	1640	2002	1240	1460
0271	B	15.6	2002	15	NS
0281	B			190 *	190 *
0282	B			17	160 *
0286	B			270	160
0287	B			1020	1200
0288	B			280	250
0290	B			16 *	32
0908	B	651	2002	841	974
0909	B	485	2002	664 *	753 *
0910	B			12	NS
0934	B	2320	2002	1640	1860
0935	B	525	2002	841	1020
0936	B	2950	2002	NS (Dry)	NS (Dry)
0938	B	1450	1999	974	797
0942	B	1360	2002	797	841
0943	B	22.1	2002	16	NS
0947	B	12.5	2002	12	NS
1129	B			443	NS
1130	B			797	NS
1132	B			753	NS
1133	B			170	NS
0274	C			14	15
0276	C			14	15
0279	C			53	NS
0280	C			12	NS
0289	C			230	290
0683	C	14.1	2002	14	NS
0684	C	13.9	2002	15	NS
0685	C	14.3	2002	14	NS
0689	C	14.3	2002	10	NS
0691	C	298	2002	230	290
0903	C	54.8	2002	10N	NS

Table B-2 (continued). Baseline, August 2009, and February 2010 Nitrate Concentrations (as NO₃)

Well Number	Horizon	Baseline Nitrate Concentration (mg/L)	Year Sampled, Baseline	August 2009 Nitrate Concentration (mg/L)	February 2010 Nitrate Concentration (mg/L)
0912	C	403	2001	270	NS
0914	C	13	2001	11	NS
0917	C	15.7	2001	NS	NS
0930	C	50.9	2002	62	58
0932	C	25.3	2002	30	38
1008	C	15.7	2000	NS	NS
1116	C	106	2002	240	NS
1117	C	225	2002	443	NS
1118	C	164	2002	664	NS
0258	D	15	2000	14	15
0261	D	14	2001	14	NS
0264	D	24.3	2001	49	49
0266	D	14	2001	13	14
0272	D			15	16
0273	D			290	230
0275	D			930	1110
0277	D			13	NS
0278	D			12	NS
0690	D	12.5	2002	12	NS
0692	D	12.5	2002	12	NS
0695	D	25.4	2002	20	NS
0904	D	5.13	2001	4.9	NS
0915	D	14.1	2001	13	NS
1003	D	176	2000	230	NS
1004	D	49.1	2000	53	NS
1005	D	14.5	2000	NS	NS
1006	D	14.1	2000	10	NS
1007	D	15.3	2000	15	NS
1101	D	438	2002	330	NS
1102	D	650	2002	487	NS
1103	D	1120	2002	753	NS
1104	D	993	2002	531	NS
1105	D	648	2002	487	NS
1106	D	614	2002	430	NS
1107	D	1060	2002	270	NS
1108	D	1410	2002	664	NS
1109	D	798	2002	410	NS
1110	D	227	2002	420	NS
1111	D	421	2002	576	NS
1112	D	617	2002	170	NS
1113	D	143	2002	120	NS
1114	D	228	2002	330	NS
1115	D	766	2002	380	NS
1119	D	468	2002	753	NS
1120	D	493	2002	210	NS
1121	D	573	2002	62	NS

Table B-2 (continued). Baseline, August 2009, and February 2010 Nitrate Concentrations as (NO₃)

Well Number	Horizon	Baseline Nitrate Concentration (mg/L)	Year Sampled, Baseline	August 2009 Nitrate Concentration (mg/L)	February 2010 Nitrate Concentration (mg/L)
1122	D	954	2002	NS	NS
1123	D	643	2002	140	NS
1124	D	781	2002	NS	NS
1125	D	104	2002	49	NS
0251	E	426	2002	16	20
0268	E	15.4	2002	84	84
0920	E	14.8	2001	13	NS
0911	F			12	NS
0913	G	12.4	2001	12	NS
0916	G	11.6	2001	8.4	NS
0252	I	15.3	2002	9.7	10
0921	I	11	2001	10	NS

NS = Not sampled.

Values in **red** exceed the corresponding groundwater remediation target for nitrate (as NO₃), 44 mg/L (see Table 1 of main report). Well numbers with groundwater concentrations greater than the remediation target during this reporting period are also listed in **red**.

* Denotes filtered sample. Samples are generally not filtered (as reflected above), except in cases when turbidity is greater than 10 NTUs.

Table B-3. Baseline, August 2009, and February 2010 Selenium Concentrations

Well Number	Horizon	Baseline Selenium Concentration (mg/L)	Year Sampled, Baseline	August 2009 Selenium Concentration (mg/L)	February 2010 Selenium Concentration (mg/L)
0686	A	0.0088	2002	0.00046	NS
0687	A	0.0145	2002	0.00054	NS
0688	A	0.0033	2002	0.0089	NS
0901	A	0.0024	2001	0.0025	NS
0906	A	0.0335	2002	0.016 *	0.021
0929	A	0.0028	2002	0.0018	0.0021
0940	A	0.105	2002	NS	NS
0941	A	0.0348	2002	0.082	0.098
0945	A	0.0035	2002	0.0023	NS
0946	A			0.00083	NS
0262	B	0.0621	2001	0.11	0.11
0263	B	0.0632	2001	0.032	0.036
0265	B	0.0071	2001	0.0057	0.0058
0267	B	0.0532	2002	0.043	0.044
0271	B	0.0016	2002	0.0013	NS
0281	B			0.0018 *	0.0021 *
0282	B			0.0013	0.0015 *
0286	B			0.006	0.0035
0287	B			0.096	0.099
0288	B			0.0025	0.0028
0290	B			0.0015 *	0.0018
0908	B	0.0163	2002	0.023	0.022
0909	B	0.0224	2002	0.052 *	0.051 *
0910	B			0.0013	NS
0934	B	0.0116	2002	0.011	0.0099
0935	B	0.0195	2002	0.018	0.018
0936	B	0.0869	2002	NS (Dry)	NS (Dry)
0938	B	0.0432	1999	0.037	0.029
0942	B	0.0348	2002	0.051	0.047
0943	B	0.0021	2002	0.00079	NS
0947	B	0.0019	2002	0.0014	NS
1129	B			0.057	NS
1130	B			0.026	NS
1132	B			0.11	NS
1133	B			0.013	NS
0274	C			0.0013	0.0015
0276	C			0.0015	0.0016
0279	C			0.0021	NS
0280	C			0.0018	NS
0289	C			0.0028	0.0031
0683	C	0.0022	2002	0.0015	NS
0684	C	0.0019	2002	0.0014	NS
0685	C	0.0017	2002	0.0022	NS
0689	C	0.0014	2002	0.0012	NS
0691	C	0.0046	2002	0.003	0.0033
0903	C	0.0023	2002	0.0017	NS

Table B-3 (continued). Baseline, August 2009, and February 2010 Selenium Concentrations

Well Number	Horizon	Baseline Selenium Concentration (mg/L)	Year Sampled, Baseline	August 2009 Selenium Concentration (mg/L)	February 2010 Selenium Concentration (mg/L)
0912	C	0.0137	2001	0.0061	NS
0914	C	0.0016	2001	0.00098	NS
0917	C	0.0017	2001	NS	NS
0930	C	0.002	2002	0.0016	0.0016E
0932	C	0.0019	2002	0.0013	0.0015
1008	C	0.0015	2000	NS	NS
1116	C	0.0018	2002	0.0027	NS
1117	C	0.0028	2002	0.011	NS
1118	C	0.0028	2002	0.017	NS
0258	D	0.0018	2000	0.0014	0.0016
0261	D	0.0021	2001	0.0015	NS
0264	D	0.0018	2001	0.0015	0.0017
0266	D	0.0013	2001	0.00096	0.0012
0272	D			0.001	0.0012
0273	D			0.018	0.014
0275	D			0.02	0.022
0277	D			0.0012	NS
0278	D			0.0011	NS
0690	D	0.0014	2002	0.0012	NS
0692	D	0.0022	2002	0.0015	NS
0695	D	0.0019	2002	0.0017	NS
0904	D	0.0131	2001	0.018	NS
0915	D	0.0019	2001	0.0013	NS
1003	D	0.003	2000	0.0033	NS
1004	D	0.0021	2000	0.0017	NS
1005	D	0.0014	2000	NS	NS
1006	D	0.0013	2000	0.0011	NS
1007	D	0.0013	2000	0.0011	NS
1101	D	0.0188	2002	0.017	NS
1102	D	0.0121	2002	0.018	NS
1103	D	0.0613	2002	0.029	NS
1104	D	0.0344	2002	0.027	NS
1105	D	0.0871	2002	0.034	NS
1106	D	0.0925	2002	0.03	NS
1107	D	0.0903	2002	0.015	NS
1108	D	0.0704	2002	0.033	NS
1109	D	0.0372	2002	0.015	NS
1110	D	0.0081	2002	0.013	NS
1111	D	0.0172	2002	0.013	NS
1112	D	0.0154	2002	0.0038	NS
1113	D	0.0025	2002	0.0019	NS
1114	D	0.0035	2002	0.0087	NS
1115	D	0.0362	2002	0.011	NS
1119	D	0.029	2002	0.031	NS
1120	D	0.0563	2002	0.019	NS
1121	D	0.0455	2002	0.005	NS
1122	D	0.0558	2002	NS	NS

Table B-3 (continued). Baseline, August 2009, and February 2010 Selenium Concentrations

Well Number	Horizon	Baseline Selenium Concentration (mg/L)	Year Sampled, Baseline	August 2009 Selenium Concentration (mg/L)	February 2010 Selenium Concentration (mg/L)
1123	D	0.0449	2002	0.014	NS
1124	D	0.0186	2002	NS	NS
1125	D	0.0025	2002	0.0019	NS
0251	E	0.0035	2002	0.00082	0.0009
0268	E	0.0018	2002	0.0016	0.002
0920	E	0.0014	2001	0.0012	NS
0911	F			0.00095	NS
0913	G	0.00063	2001	0.00082	NS
0916	G	0.001	2001	0.00075	NS
0252	I	0.00092	2002	0.00067	0.00078
0921	I	0.00091	2001	0.00087	NS

E = Estimated value because of interference.
 NS = Not sampled.

Values in **red** exceed the corresponding groundwater remediation target for selenium, 0.01 mg/L (see Table 1 of main report). Well numbers with groundwater concentrations greater than the remediation target during this reporting period are also listed in **red**.

* Denotes filtered sample. Samples are generally not filtered (as reflected above), except in cases when turbidity is greater than 10 NTUs.

Table B-4. Baseline, August 2009, and February 2010 Sulfate Concentrations

Well Number	Horizon	Baseline Sulfate Concentration (mg/L)	Year Sampled, Baseline	August 2009 Sulfate Concentration (mg/L)	February 2010 Sulfate Concentration (mg/L)
0686	A	98.6	2002	24	NS
0687	A	329	2002	25	NS
0688	A	40	2002	160	NS
0901	A	26.2	2001	36	NS
0906	A	1660	2002	1700 *	1900
0929	A	28.1	2002	23	25
0940	A	7550	2002	NS	NS
0941	A	745	2002	1200	1400
0945	A	32.1	2002	24	NS
0946	A			45	NS
0262	B	931	2001	1600	2100
0263	B	1990	2001	2000	3100
0265	B	1520	2001	1300	1300
0267	B	3680	2002	3200	3600
0271	B	16.4	2002	15	NS
0281	B			140 *	170 *
0282	B			65	70 *
0286	B			490	190
0287	B			1200	1500
0288	B			290	340
0290	B			19 *	31
0908	B	2430	2002	2800	3000
0909	B	666	2002	910 *	900 *
0910	B			16	
0934	B	7360	2002	2900	3200
0935	B	2690	2002	2100 N	2600
0936	B	4360	2002	NS	NS
0938	B	2120	1999	1400	1200
0942	B	3030	2002	3200	3400
0943	B	29	2002	53	NS
0947	B	18.7	2002	17	NS
1129	B			800	NS
1130	B			2000 N	NS
1132	B			1300	NS
1133	B			180	NS
0274	C			14	16
0276	C			17	18
0279	C			65	NS
0280	C			21	NS
0289	C			260	360
0683	C	21.6	2002	18	NS
0684	C	18	2002	17	NS
0685	C	26.2	2002	28	NS
0689	C	13.7	2002	16	NS
0691	C	587	2002	410	530
0903	C	76.5	2002	72	NS

Table B-4 (continued). Baseline, August 2009, and February 2010 Sulfate Concentrations

Well Number	Horizon	Baseline Sulfate Concentration (mg/L)	Year Sampled, Baseline	August 2009 Sulfate Concentration (mg/L)	February 2010 Sulfate Concentration (mg/L)
0912	C	846	2001	450	NS
0914	C	15.6	2001	12	NS
0917	C	13.9	2001	NS	NS
0930	C	59.8	2002	57	59
0932	C	30.2	2002	28	31
1008	C	13	2000	NS	NS
1116	C	176	2002	280	NS
1117	C	255	2002	850	NS
1118	C	163	2002	1800	NS
0258	D	17.4	2000	17	19
0261	D	18.2	2001	21	NS
0264	D	37.7	2001	59	68
0266	D	10.9	2001	11	11
0272	D			11	12
0273	D			240	200
0275	D			1900	2400
0277	D			16	NS
0278	D			12	NS
0690	D	13.8	2002	12	NS
0692	D	20.8	2002	15	NS
0695	D	50.4	2002	45	NS
0904	D	96.5	2001	140	NS
0915	D	17.8	2001	17	NS
1003	D	302	2000	490	NS
1004	D	66.2	2000	67	NS
1005	D	12.7	2000	NS	NS
1006	D	12.2	2000	12	NS
1007	D	11.7	2000	12	NS
1101	D	960	2002	1100	NS
1102	D	1320	2002	1100	NS
1103	D	2570	2002	1800	NS
1104	D	1870	2002	1200	NS
1105	D	1590	2002	940	NS
1106	D	1050	2002	870	NS
1107	D	1200	2002	360	NS
1108	D	3400	2002	1700	NS
1109	D	3280	2002	1400	NS
1110	D	512	2002	1100	NS
1111	D	988	2002	1500	NS
1112	D	1140	2002	220	NS
1113	D	136	2002	84	NS
1114	D	328	2002	670	NS
1115	D	1930	2002	760	NS
1119	D	1560	2002	1900	NS
1120	D	2330	2002	1800	NS
1121	D	2590	2002	850	NS

Table B-4 (continued). Baseline, August 2009, and February 2010 Sulfate Concentrations

Well Number	Horizon	Baseline Sulfate Concentration (mg/L)	Year Sampled, Baseline	August 2009 Sulfate Concentration (mg/L)	February 2010 Sulfate Concentration (mg/L)
1122	D	2960	2002	NS	NS
1123	D	1240	2002	1600	NS
1124	D	1170	2002	NS	NS
1125	D	165	2002	71	NS
0251	E	617	2002	13	16
0268	E	17.4	2002	120	140
0920	E	12.7	2001	12	NS
0911	F			9.1	NS
0913	G	8.43	2001	7.6	NS
0916	G	13.5	2001	6.3	NS
0252	I	19.2	2002	6.2	7.1
0921	I	8.52	2001	8.2	NS

N = Spike sample recovery not within control limits.

NS = Not sampled.

Values in **red** exceed the corresponding groundwater remediation target for sulfate, 250 mg/L (see Table 1 of main report). Well numbers with groundwater concentrations greater than the remediation target during this reporting period are also listed in **red**.

* Denotes filtered sample. Samples are generally not filtered (as reflected above), except in cases when turbidity is greater than 10 NTUs.

Table B-5. Baseline, August 2009, and February 2010 Uranium Concentrations

Well Number	Horizon	Baseline Uranium Concentration (mg/L)	Year Sampled, Baseline	August 2009 Uranium Concentration (mg/L)	February 2010 Uranium Concentration (mg/L)
0686	A	0.0021	2002	0.00018E	NS
0687	A	0.0208	2002	0.00024	NS
0688	A	0.002	2002	0.0043	NS
0901	A	0.0026	2001	0.0034	NS
0906	A	0.951	2002	0.91 *	0.79
0929	A	0.0012	2002	0.0016	0.0015
0940	A	0.546	2002	NS	NS
0941	A	0.0886	2002	0.19	0.18
0945	A	0.0031	2002	0.0015	NS
0946	A			0.00014	NS
0262	B	0.379	2001	1.3	1.1
0263	B	0.485	2001	0.17	0.14
0265	B	0.0897	2001	0.071	0.067
0267	B	0.0731	2002	0.07	0.067
0271	B	0.0014	2002	0.0015	NS
0281	B			0.007 *	0.0082 *
0282	B			0.0044	0.004 *
0286	B			0.093	0.025
0287	B			0.19	0.24
0288	B			0.014	0.016
0290	B			0.0014 *	0.0014
0908	B	0.122	2002	0.096	0.089
0909	B	0.0389	2002	0.057 *	0.051 *
0910	B			0.0012	NS
0934	B	0.312	2002	0.19	0.19
0935	B	0.0868	2002	0.11	0.1
0936	B	0.267	2002	NS (Dry)	NS (Dry)
0938	B	0.21	1999	0.51	0.36
0942	B	0.246	2002	0.51	0.5
0943	B	0.0049	2002	0.0086	NS
0947	B	0.0024	2002	0.0012	NS
1129	B			0.71	NS
1130	B			0.22	NS
1132	B			1.6	NS
1133	B			0.078	NS
0274	C			0.0016	0.0016
0276	C			0.0015	0.0017
0279	C			0.0018	NS
0280	C			0.0015	NS
0289	C			0.022	0.024
0683	C	0.0012	2002	0.0013	NS
0684	C	0.0019	2002	0.0017	NS
0685	C	0.0012	2002	0.0015	NS
0689	C	0.0011	2002	0.0013	NS
0691	C	0.0657	2002	0.039	0.047
0903	C	0.0022	2002	0.0022	NS

Table B-5 (continued). Baseline, August 2009, and February 2010 Uranium Concentrations

Well Number	Horizon	Baseline Uranium Concentration (mg/L)	Year Sampled, Baseline	August 2009 Uranium Concentration (mg/L)	February 2010 Uranium Concentration (mg/L)
0912	C	0.0342	2001	0.023	NS
0914	C	0.0013	2001	0.000014 BU	NS
0917	C	0.0013	2001	NS	NS
0930	C	0.0023	2002	0.0029	0.0028
0932	C	0.0016	2002	0.0016	0.0016
1008	C	0.001	2000	NS	NS
1116	C	0.0081	2002	0.017	NS
1117	C	0.0151	2002	0.033	NS
1118	C	0.0098	2002	0.08	NS
0258	D	0.0018	2000	0.0013	0.0013
0261	D	0.0018	2001	0.0013	NS
0264	D	0.0033	2001	0.0032	0.0037
0266	D	0.0019	2001	0.002	0.0022
0272	D			0.0014	0.0015
0273	D			0.068	0.045
0275	D			0.48	0.5
0277	D			0.0026	NS
0278	D			0.0013	NS
0690	D	0.0018	2002	0.0017	NS
0692	D	0.0015	2002	0.0018	NS
0695	D	0.002	2002	0.0022	NS
0904	D	0.0044	2001	0.0061	NS
0915	D	0.0017	2001	0.0000099 BU	NS
1003	D	0.0205	2000	0.037	NS
1004	D	0.0053	2000	0.0072	NS
1005	D	0.0013	2000	NS	NS
1006	D	0.0014	2000	0.0012	NS
1007	D	0.0012	2000	0.0013	NS
1101	D	0.245	2002	0.25	NS
1102	D	0.533	2002	0.32	NS
1103	D	0.355	2002	0.41	NS
1104	D	0.194	2002	0.68	NS
1105	D	2.1	2002	0.95	NS
1106	D	2.1	2002	0.73	NS
1107	D	0.118	2002	0.062	NS
1108	D	0.646	2002	0.44	NS
1109	D	0.565	2002	0.29	NS
1110	D	0.0528	2002	0.2	NS
1111	D	0.161	2002	0.2	NS
1112	D	0.13	2002	0.049	NS
1113	D	0.0149	2002	0.012	NS
1114	D	0.0277	2002	0.082	NS
1115	D	0.41	2002	0.099	NS
1119	D	0.555	2002	0.4	NS
1120	D	1.3	2002	0.17	NS
1121	D	0.857	2002	0.052	NS
1122	D	0.878	2002	NS	NS

Table B-5 (continued). Baseline, August 2009, and February 2010 Uranium Concentrations

Well Number	Horizon	Baseline Uranium Concentration (mg/L)	Year Sampled, Baseline	August 2009 Uranium Concentration (mg/L)	February 2010 Uranium Concentration (mg/L)
1123	D	0.261	2002	0.21	NS
1124	D	0.171	2002	NS	NS
1125	D	0.0176	2002	0.0075	NS
0251	E	0.0481	2002	0.0018 E	0.0021
0268	E	0.0014	2002	0.019	0.02
0920	E	0.0017	2001	0.0013	NS
0911	F			0.0012	NS
0913	G	0.0016	2001	0.0013	NS
0916	G	0.0014	2001	0.000015 BU	NS
0252	I	0.0024	2002	0.0021	0.002
0921	I	0.0047	2001	0.0046	NS

B = Result between instrument detection limit and contract required detection limit.

E = Estimate value because of interference.

U = Analytical result below detection limit.

NS = Not sampled.

Values in **red** exceed the corresponding groundwater remediation target for uranium, 0.044 mg/L (see Table 1 of main report). Well numbers with groundwater concentrations greater than the remediation target during this reporting period are also listed in **red**.

* Denotes filtered sample. Samples are generally not filtered (as reflected above), except in cases when turbidity is greater than 10 NTUs.

This page intentionally left blank

Appendix C

Nitrate, Sulfate, and Uranium Plume Maps

*(See text for an explanation of contouring
methods and well-selection criteria)*

This page intentionally left blank

Contents

Figures

Figure C-1. Nitrate (mg/L as NO ₃) Plume Map: February 2010	C-1
Figure C-2. Sulfate (mg/L) Plume Map: February 2010	C-2
Figure C-3. Uranium (µg/L) Plume Map: February 2010	C-3

This page intentionally left blank

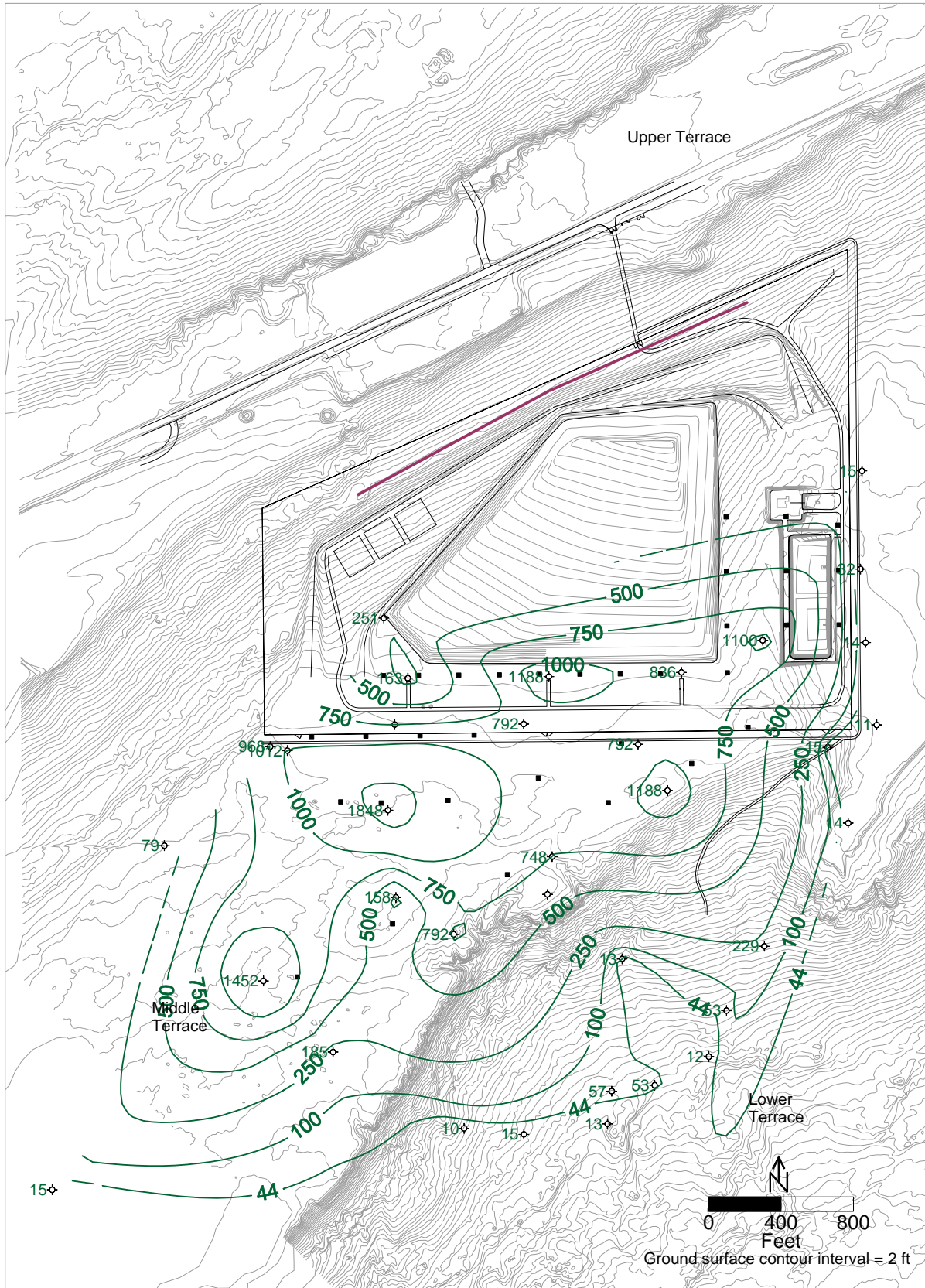


Figure C-1. Nitrate (mg/L as NO₃) Plume Map: February 2010

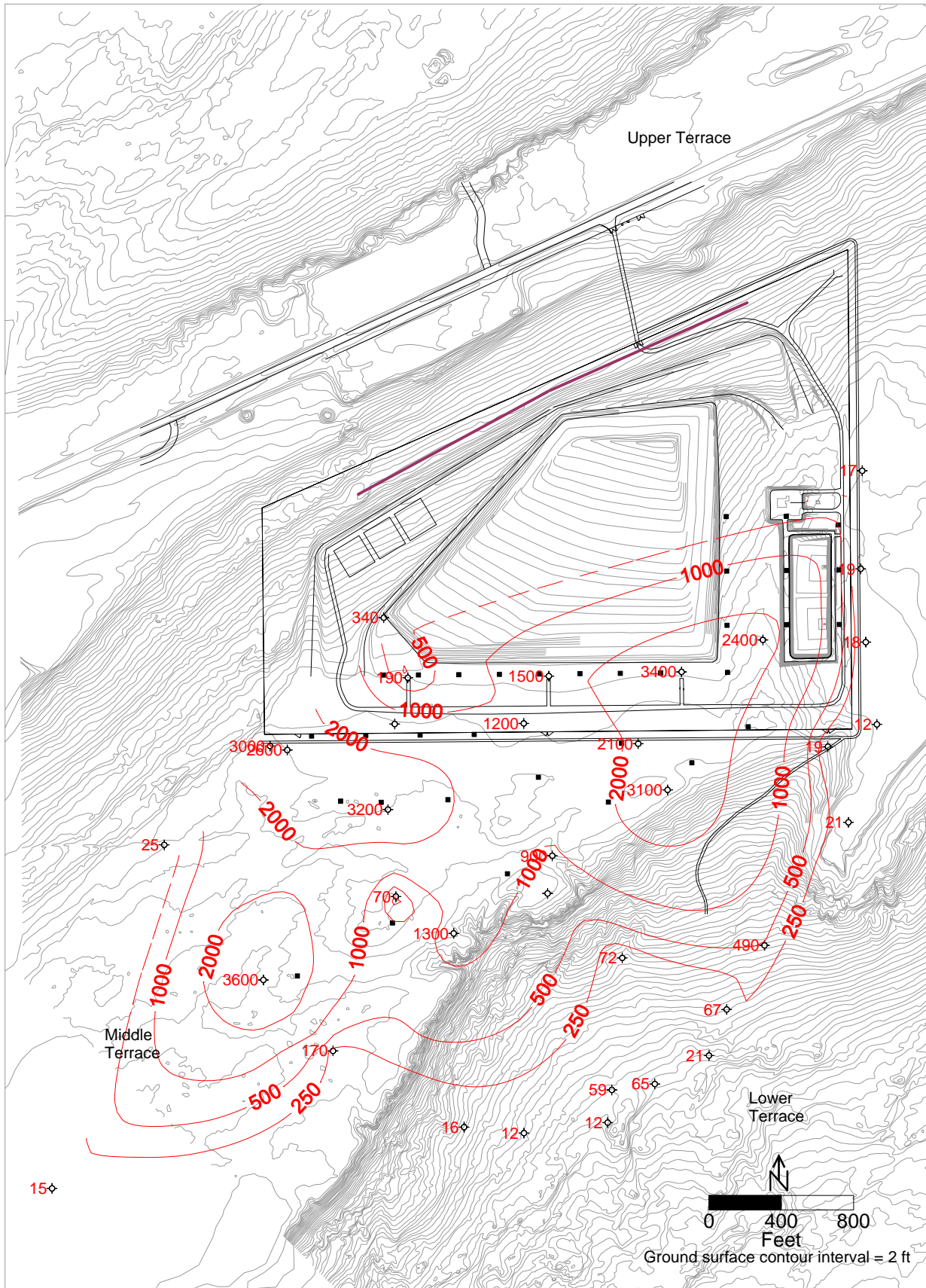


Figure C-2. Sulfate (mg/L) Plume Map: February 2010

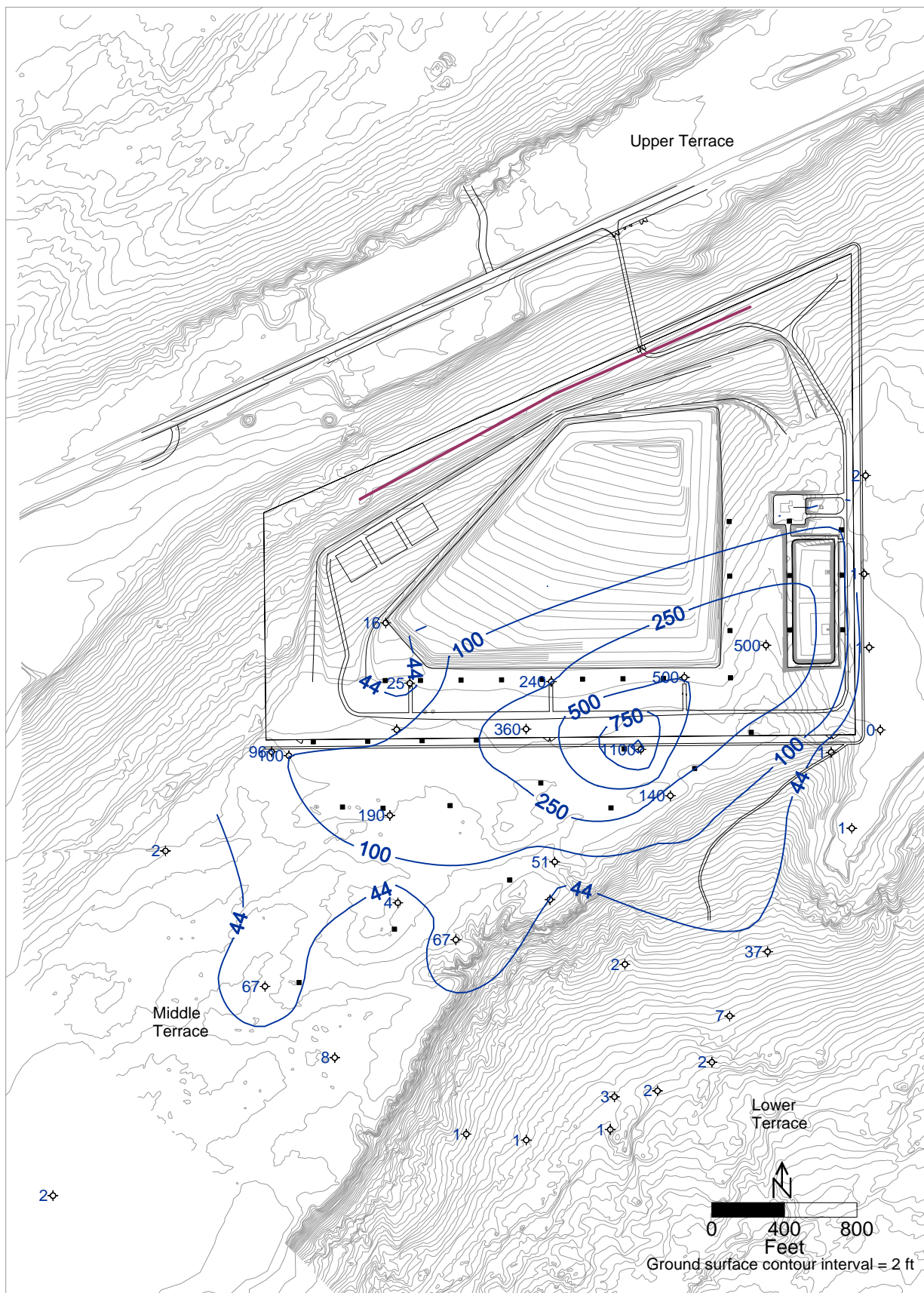


Figure C-3. Uranium ($\mu\text{g/L}$) Plume Map: February 2010

This page intentionally left blank

Appendix D

Monitoring Well Water Level Hydrographs

This page intentionally left blank

Contents

Figures

Figure D-1. Monitoring Wells at Infiltration Trench: 0686-0688, 0943, 0945, 0946.....	D-1
Figure D-2. Horizon A and B Monitoring Wells 286, 934-936, 940.....	D-2
Figure D-3. Horizon A and B Monitoring Wells 262, 287, 906, 938, 941, 942.....	D-3
Figure D-4. Middle Terrace Well Pair 263 and 264.....	D-4
Figure D-5. Middle Terrace Well Pair 265 and 266.....	D-5
Figure D-6. Middle Terrace Well Pair 909 and 932.....	D-6
Figure D-7. Middle Terrace Well Cluster 908, 912, and 913.....	D-7
Figure D-8. Middle Terrace Well Cluster 268, 256, and 257.....	D-8
Figure D-9. Middle Terrace Well Cluster 251, 252, and 1116.....	D-9
Figure D-10. Middle Terrace Well Cluster 254, 255, 273, 287, and 941.....	D-10
Figure D-11. Middle Terrace Well Cluster 914, 915, and 916.....	D-11
Figure D-12. Lower Terrace Well Cluster 277, 903, 920, and 921.....	D-12

This page intentionally left blank

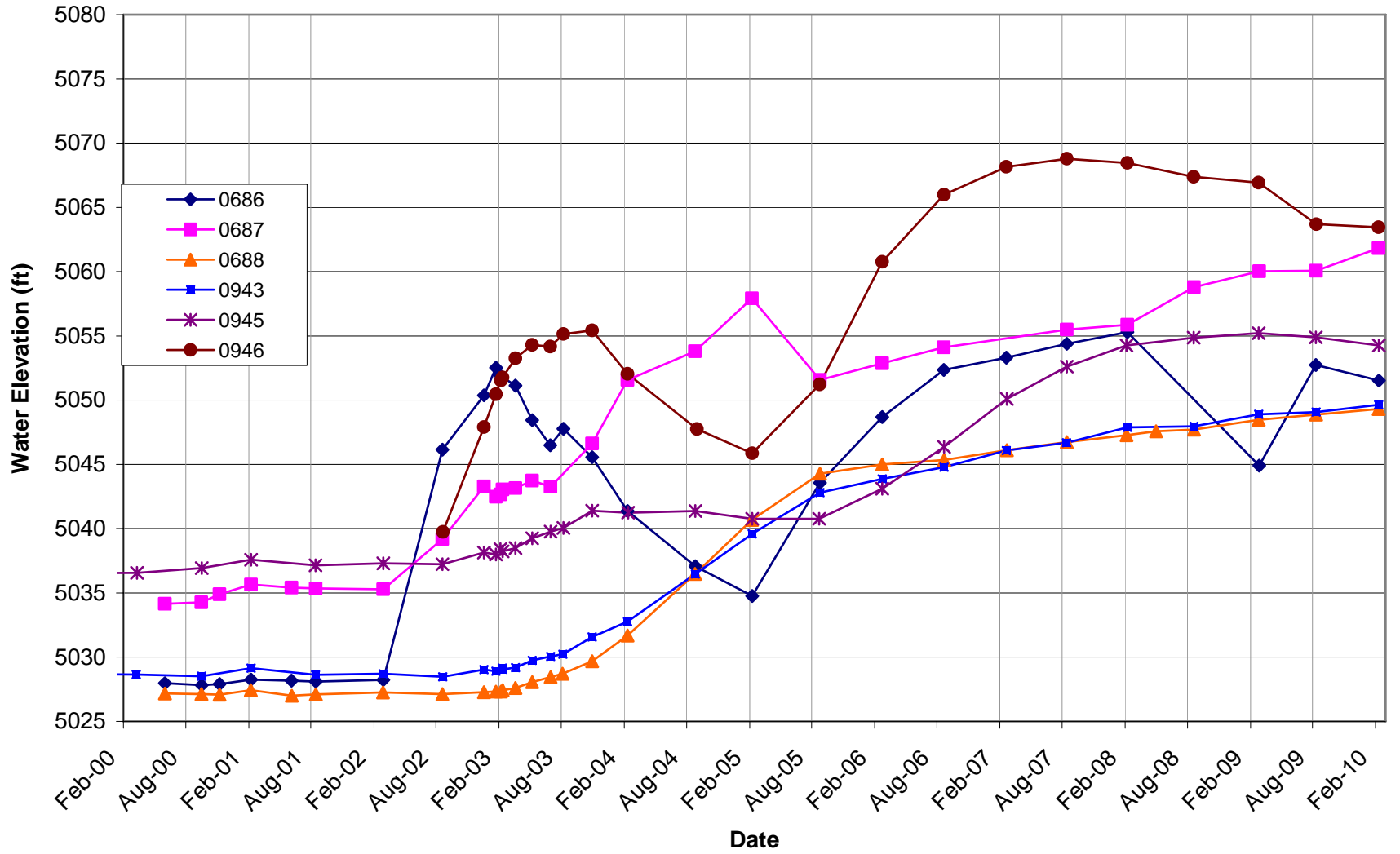


Figure D-1. Monitoring Wells at Infiltration Trench: 0686–0688, 0943, 0945, 0946

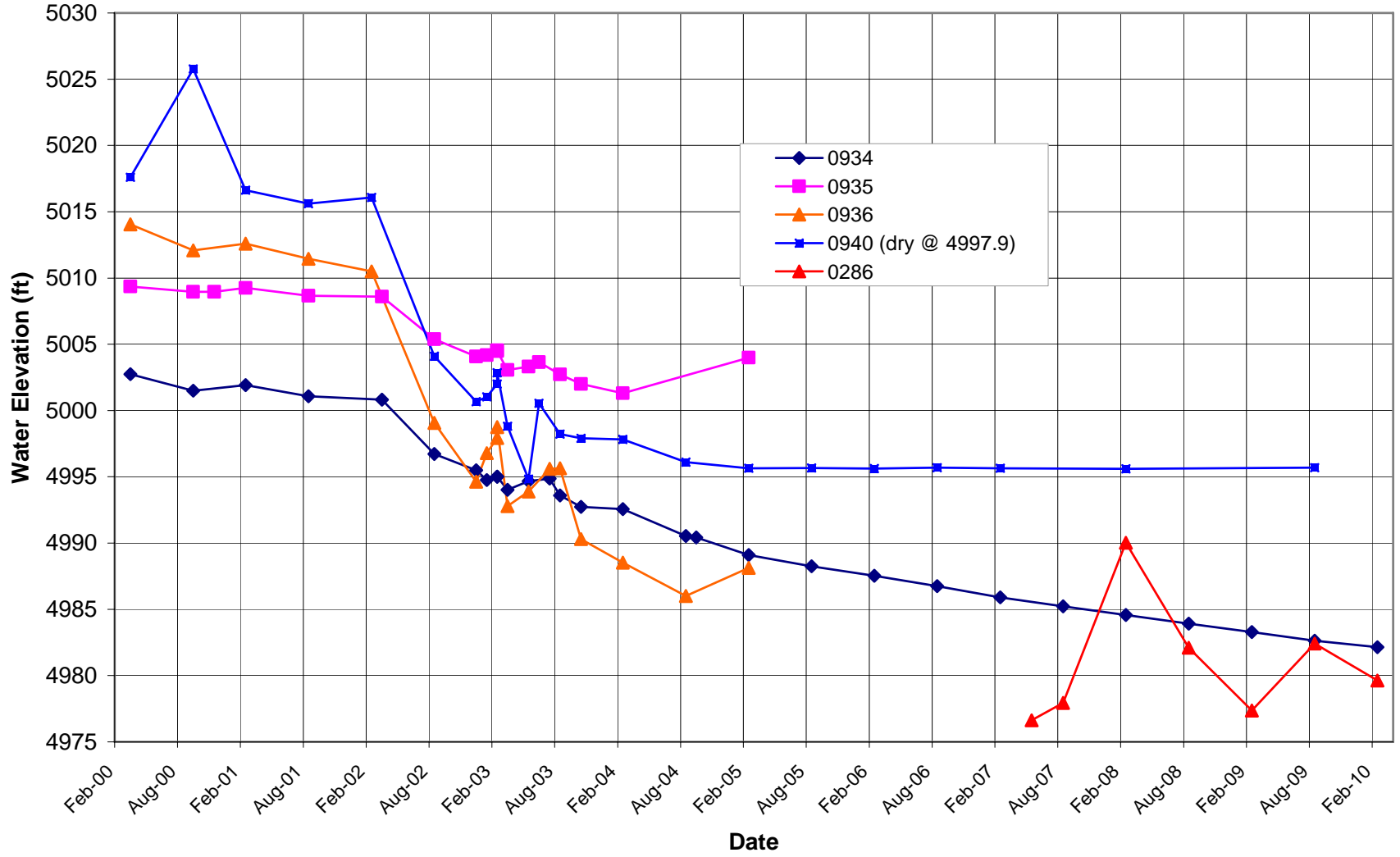


Figure D-2. Horizon A and B Monitoring Wells 286, 934–936, 940

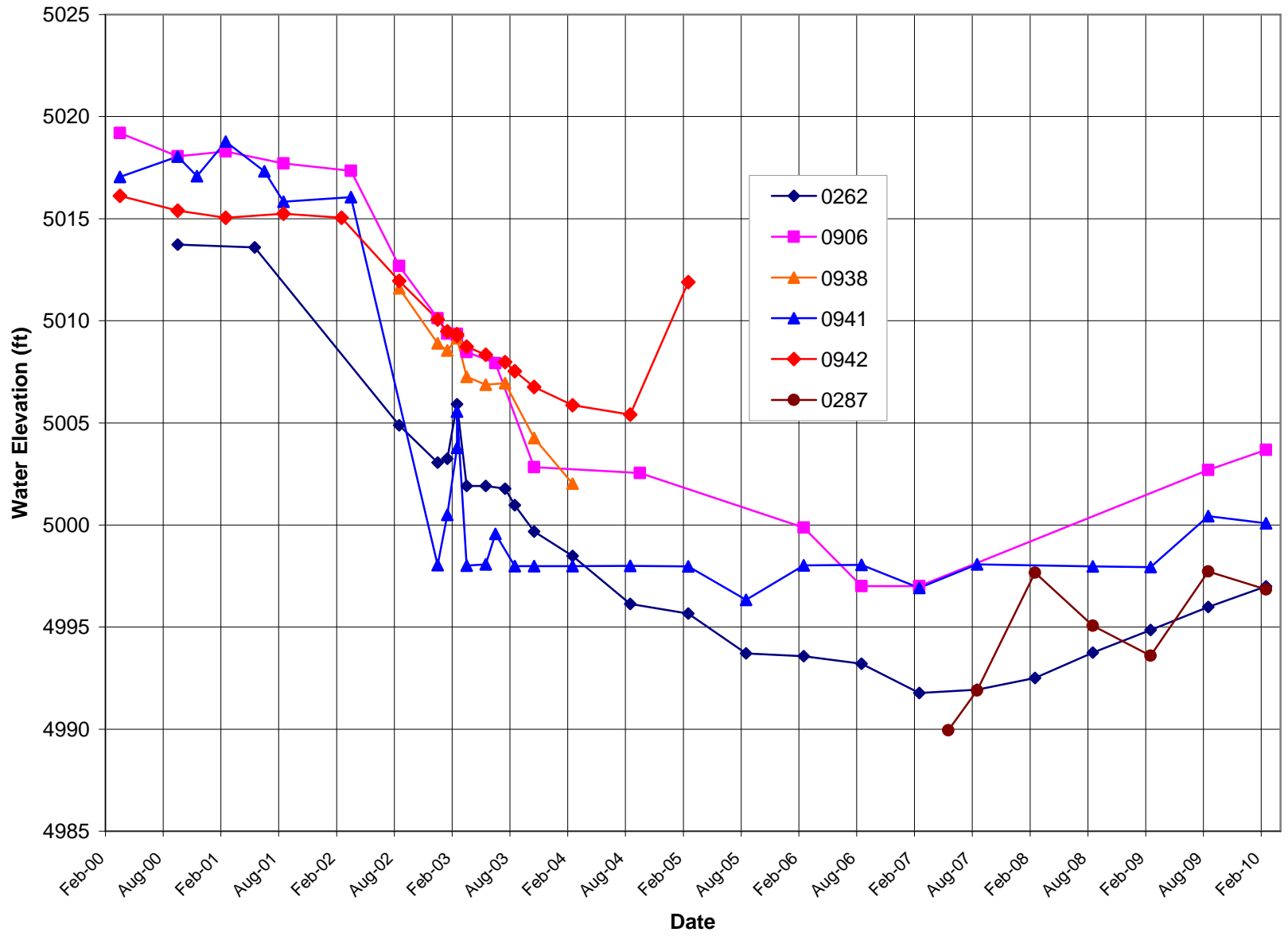


Figure D-3. Horizon A and B Monitoring Wells 262, 287, 906, 938, 941, 942

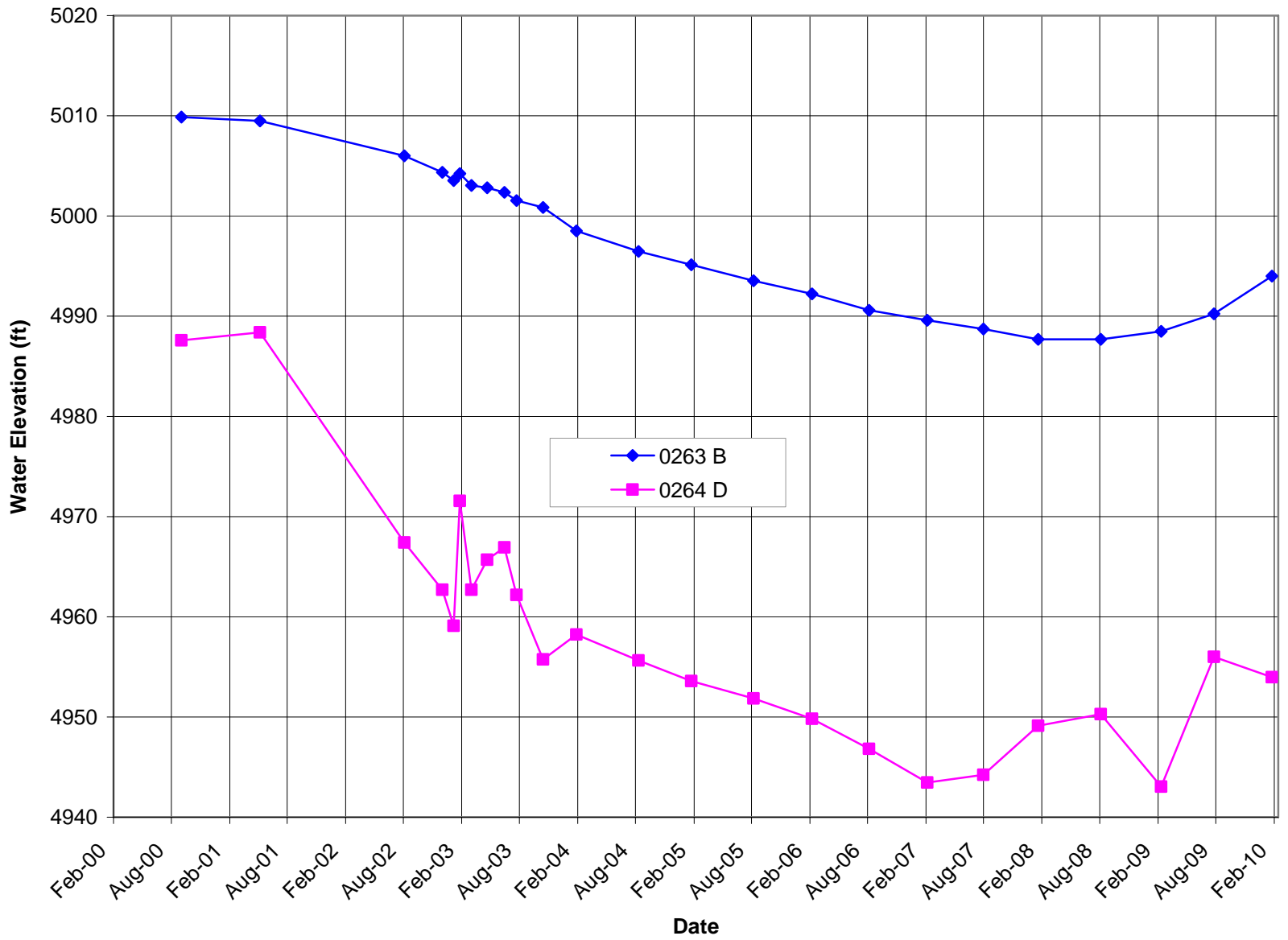


Figure D-4. Middle Terrace Well Pair 263 and 264

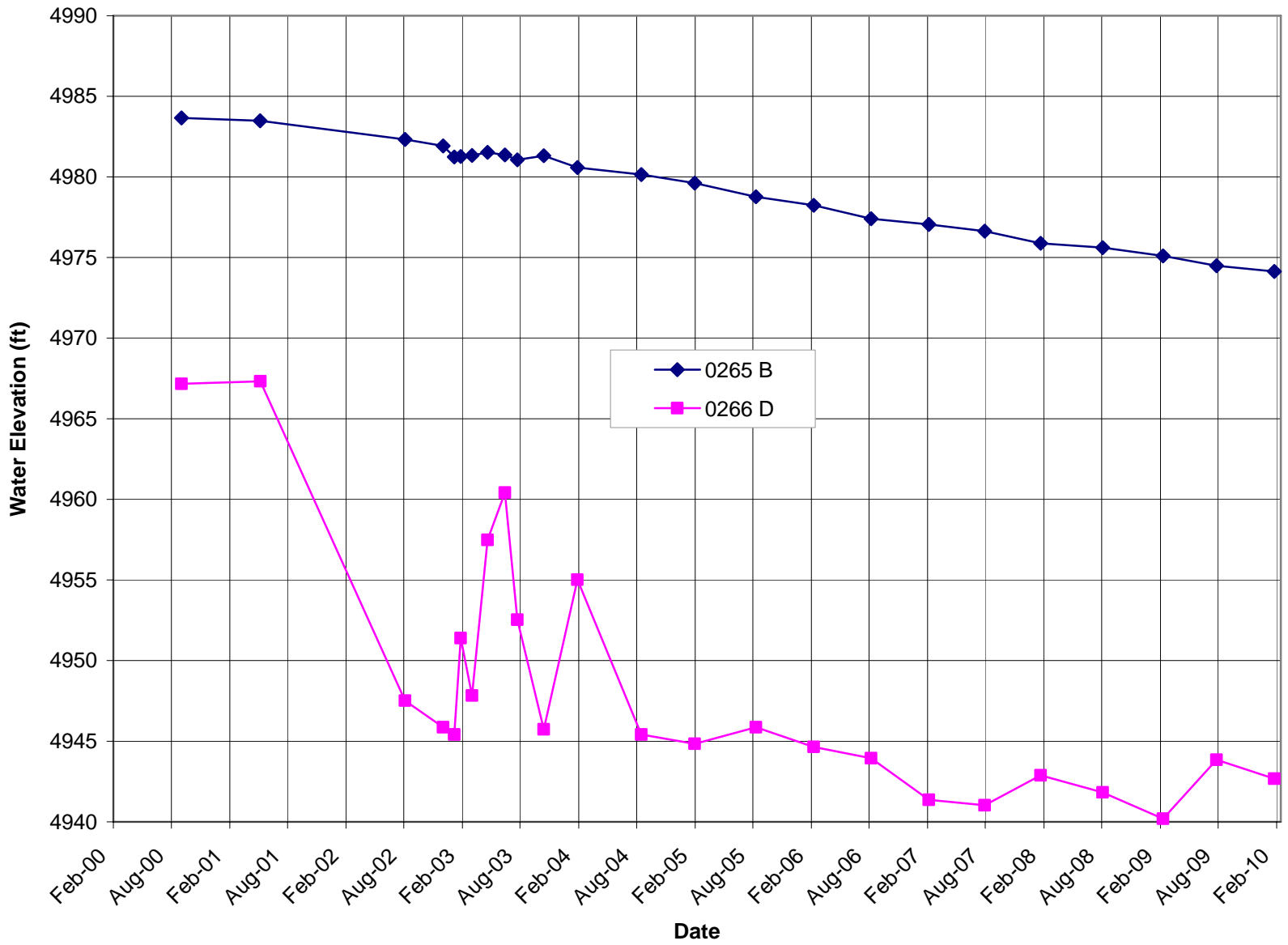


Figure D-5. Middle Terrace Well Pair 265 and 266

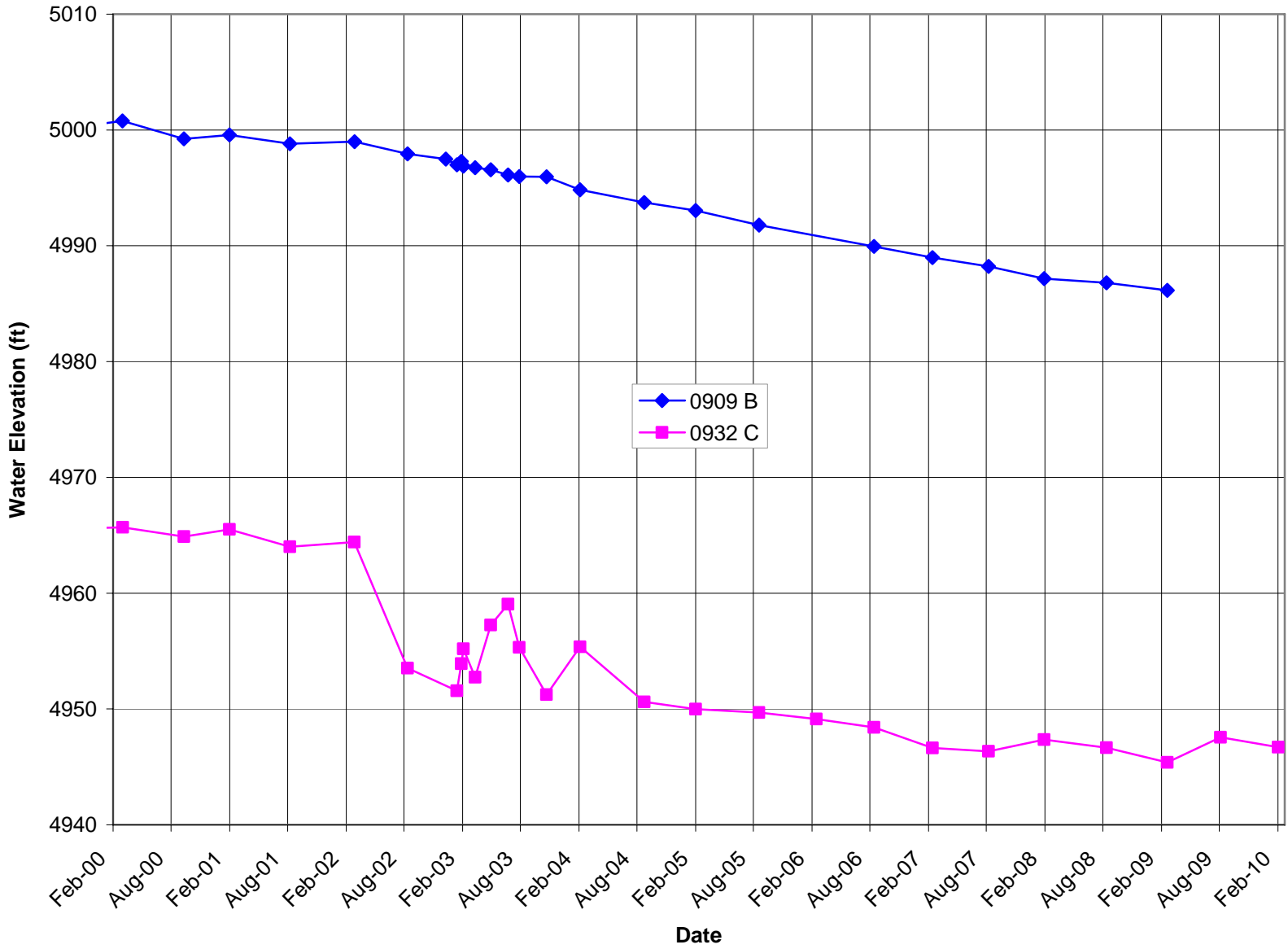


Figure D-6. Middle Terrace Well Pair 909 and 932

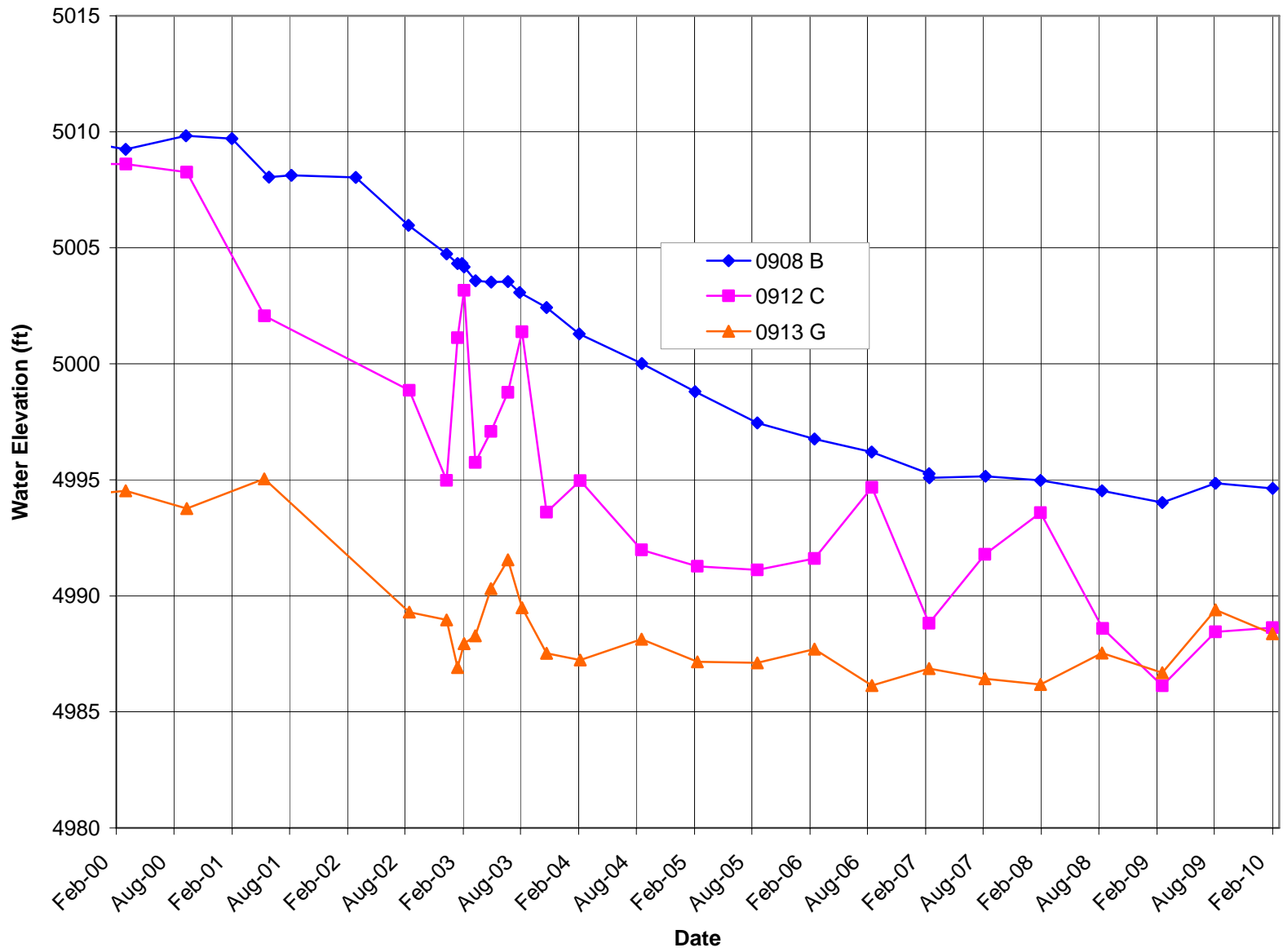


Figure D-7. Middle Terrace Well Cluster 908, 912, and 913

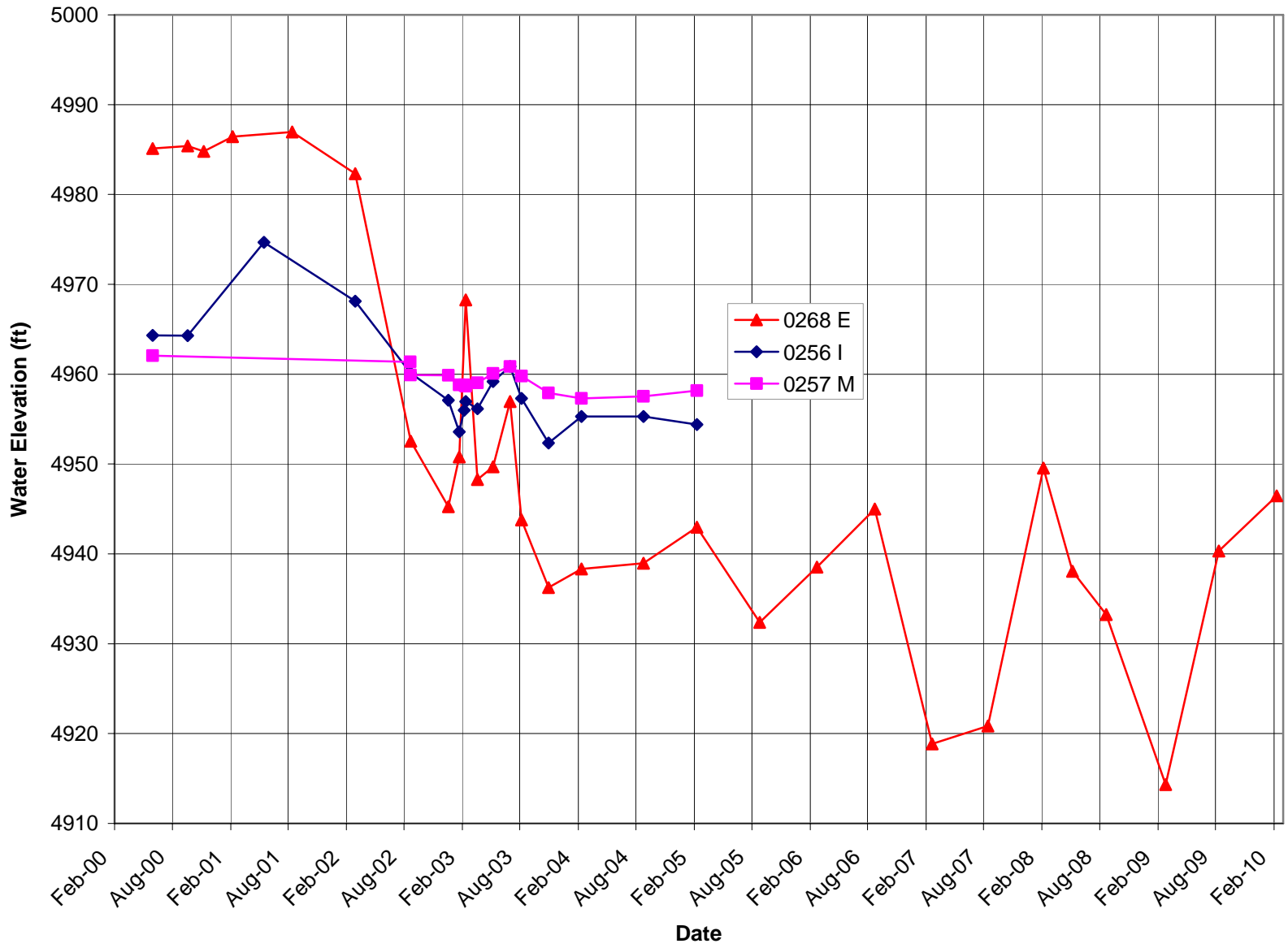


Figure D-8. Middle Terrace Well Cluster 268, 256, and 257

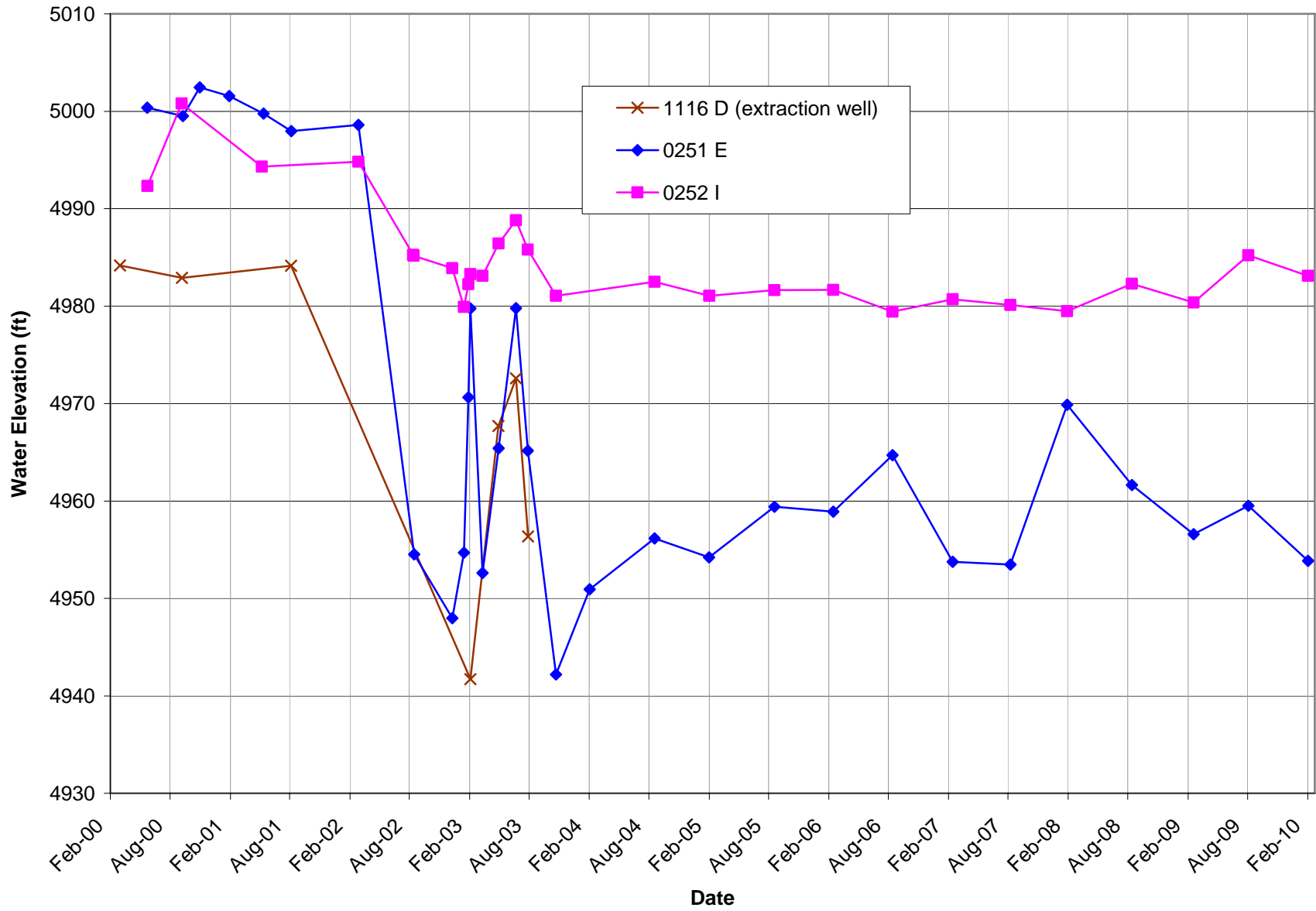


Figure D-9. Middle Terrace Well Cluster 251, 252, and 1116

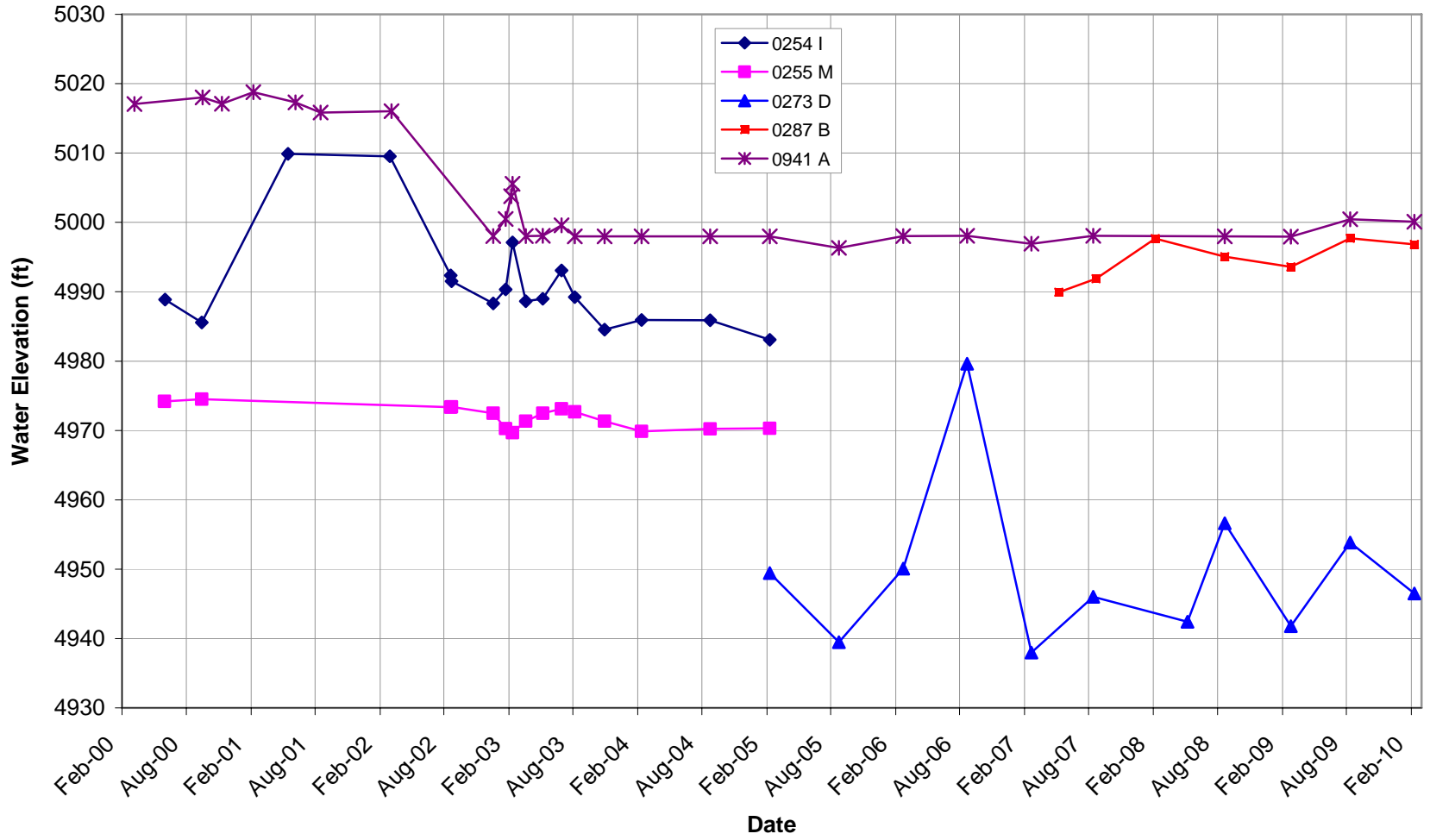


Figure D-10. Middle Terrace Well Cluster 254, 255, 273, 287, and 941

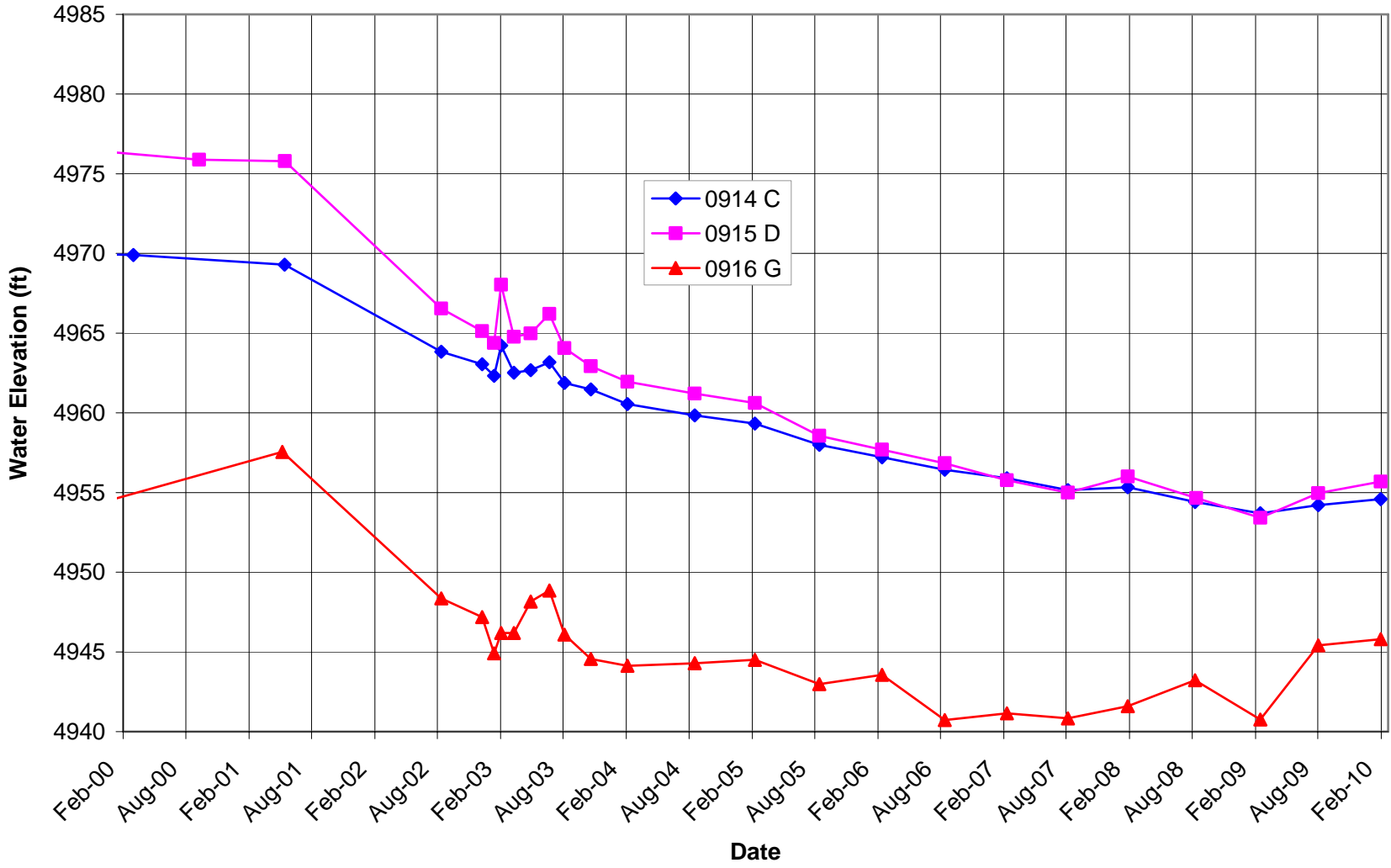


Figure D-11. Middle Terrace Well Cluster 914, 915, and 916

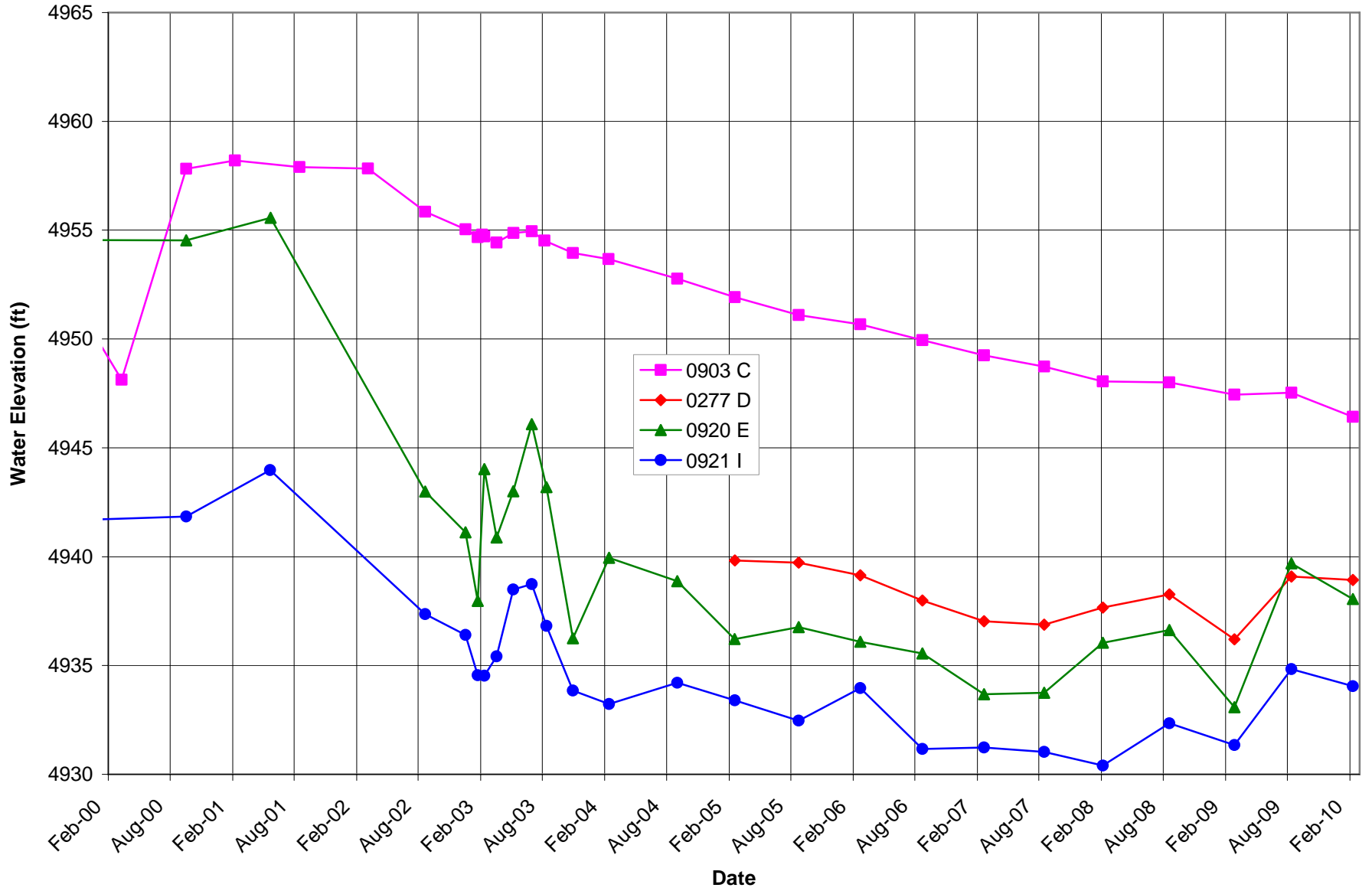


Figure D-12. Lower Terrace Well Cluster 277, 903, 920, and 921

Appendix E

Contaminant Concentration Trends at Monitoring Wells

This page intentionally left blank

Contents

Figures

Figure E-1. Horizons A and B Monitoring Wells, Nitrate as NO ₃ Concentration.....	E-1
Figure E-2. Horizons A and B Monitoring Wells, Sulfate Concentration.....	E-2
Figure E-3. Horizons A and B Monitoring Wells, Uranium Concentration.....	E-3
Figure E-4. Horizons A and B Sentinel Wells, Nitrate as NO ₃ Concentration.....	E-4
Figure E-5. Horizons A and B Sentinel Wells, Sulfate Concentration.....	E-5
Figure E-6. Horizons A and B Sentinel Wells, Uranium Concentration.....	E-6
Figure E-7. Horizons C and D Monitoring Wells, Nitrate as NO ₃ Concentration.....	E-7
Figure E-8. Horizons C and D Monitoring Wells, Sulfate Concentration.....	E-8
Figure E-9. Horizons C and D Monitoring Wells, Uranium Concentration.....	E-9
Figure E-10. Lower Terrace Monitoring Wells, Nitrate as NO ₃ Concentration.....	E-10
Figure E-11. Lower Terrace Monitoring Wells, Sulfate Concentration.....	E-11
Figure E-12. Lower Terrace Monitoring Wells, Uranium Concentration.....	E-12
Figure E-13. Deep Monitoring Wells, Nitrate as NO ₃ Concentration.....	E-13
Figure E-14. Deep Monitoring Wells, Sulfate Concentration.....	E-14
Figure E-15. Deep Monitoring Wells, Uranium Concentration.....	E-15

This page intentionally left blank

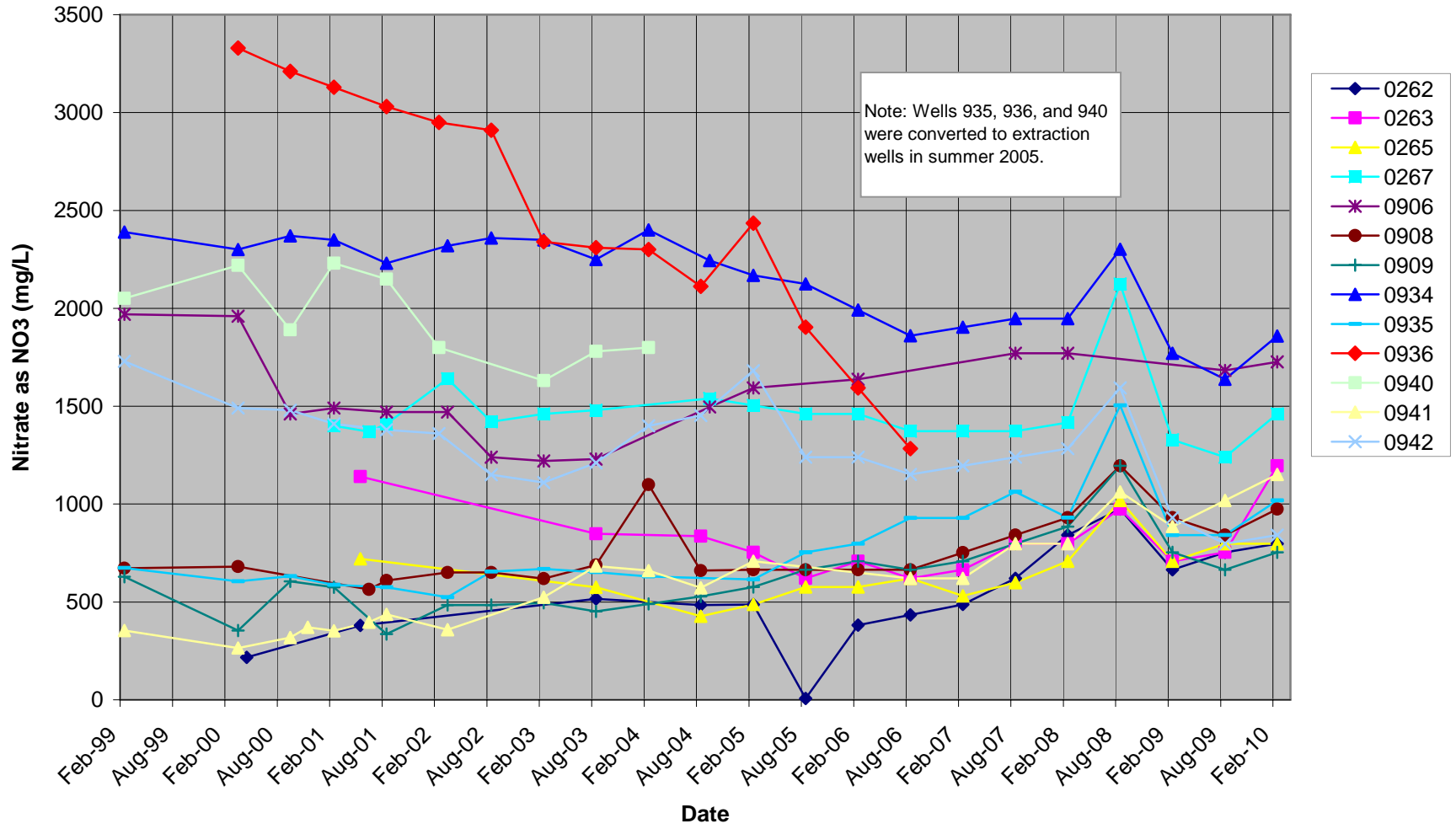


Figure E-1. Horizons A and B Monitoring Wells, Nitrate as NO₃ Concentration

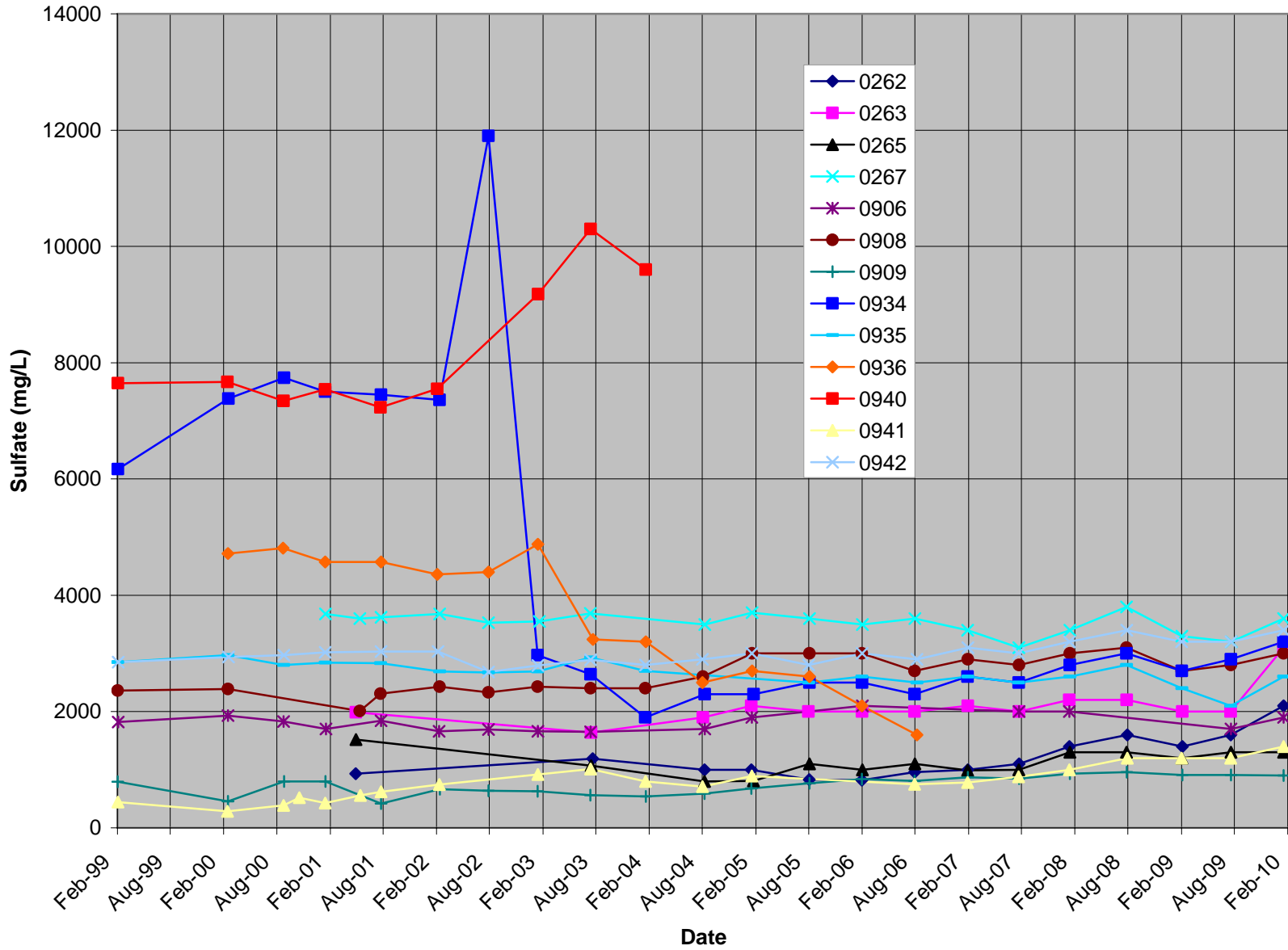


Figure E-2. Horizons A and B Monitoring Wells, Sulfate Concentration

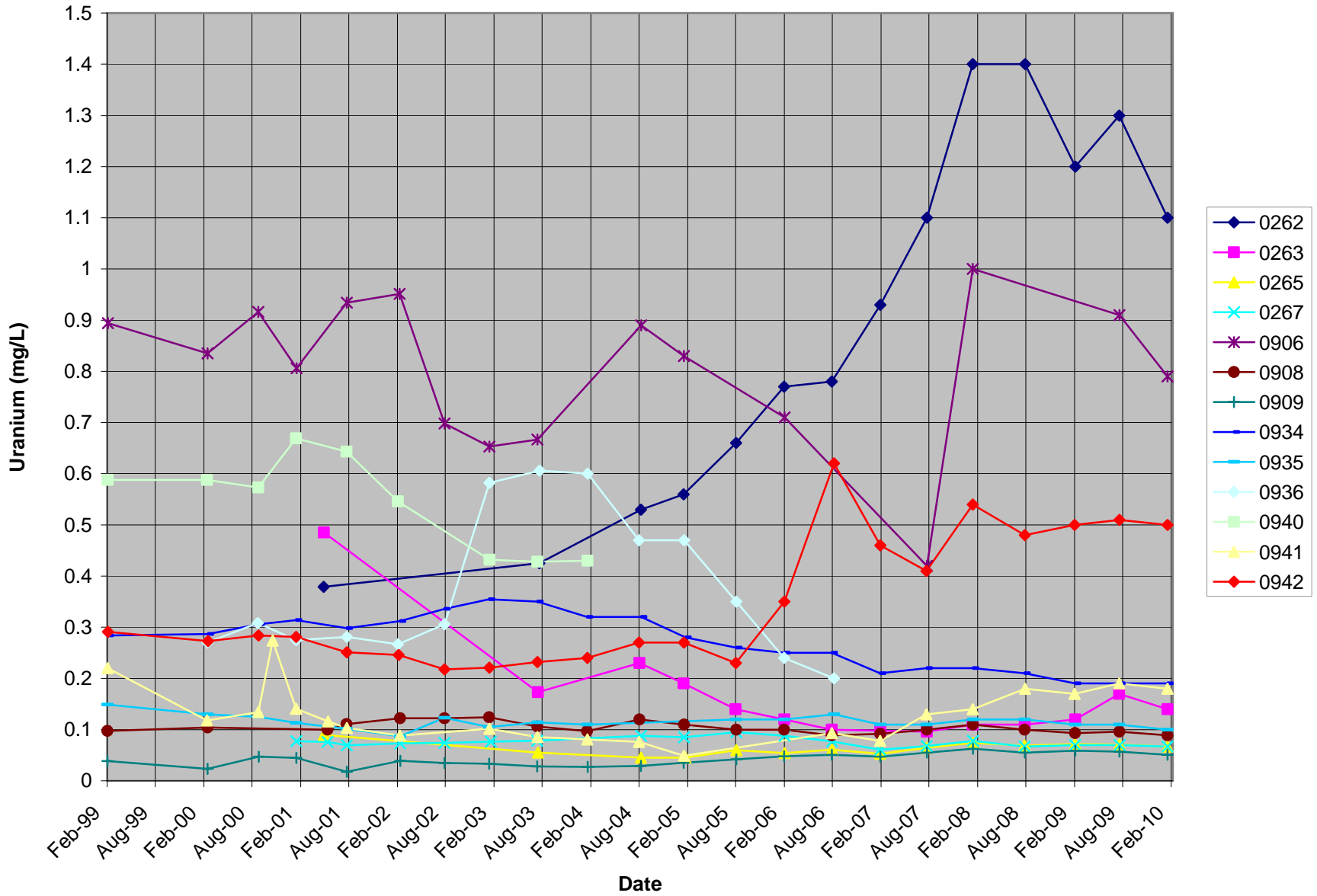


Figure E-3. Horizons A and B Monitoring Wells, Uranium Concentration

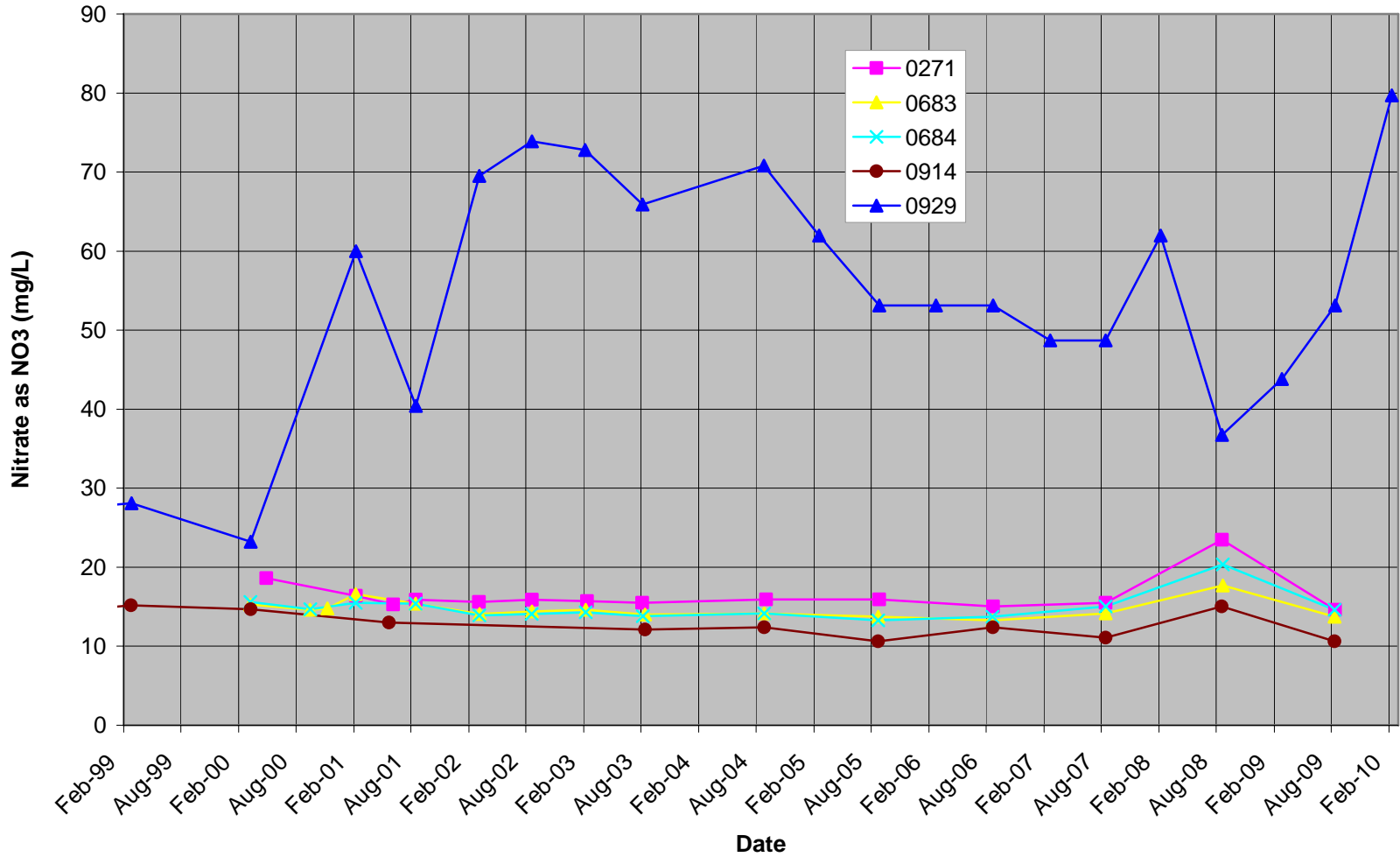


Figure E-4. Horizons A and B Sentinel Wells, Nitrate as NO₃ Concentration

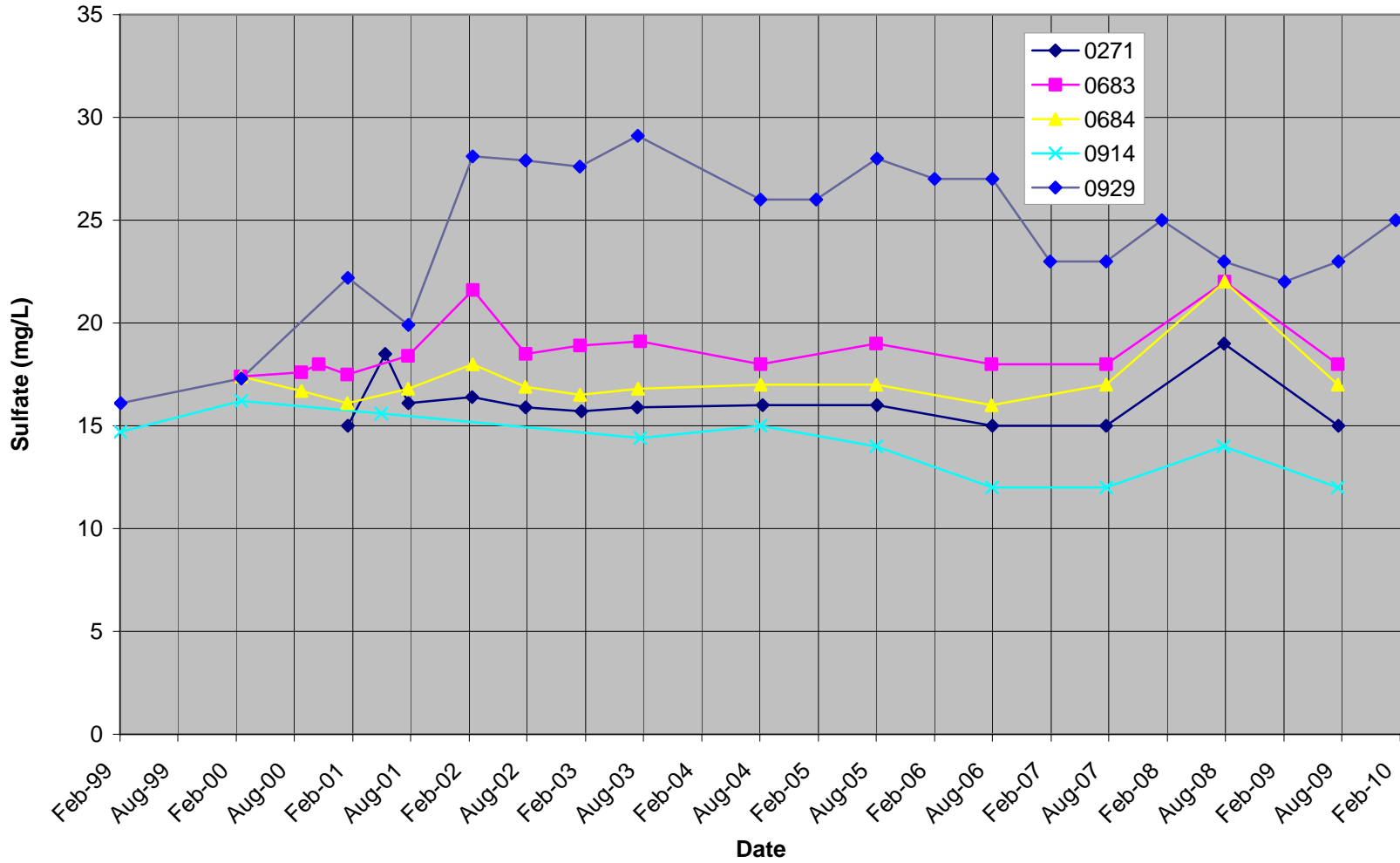


Figure E-5. Horizons A and B Sentinel Wells, Sulfate Concentration

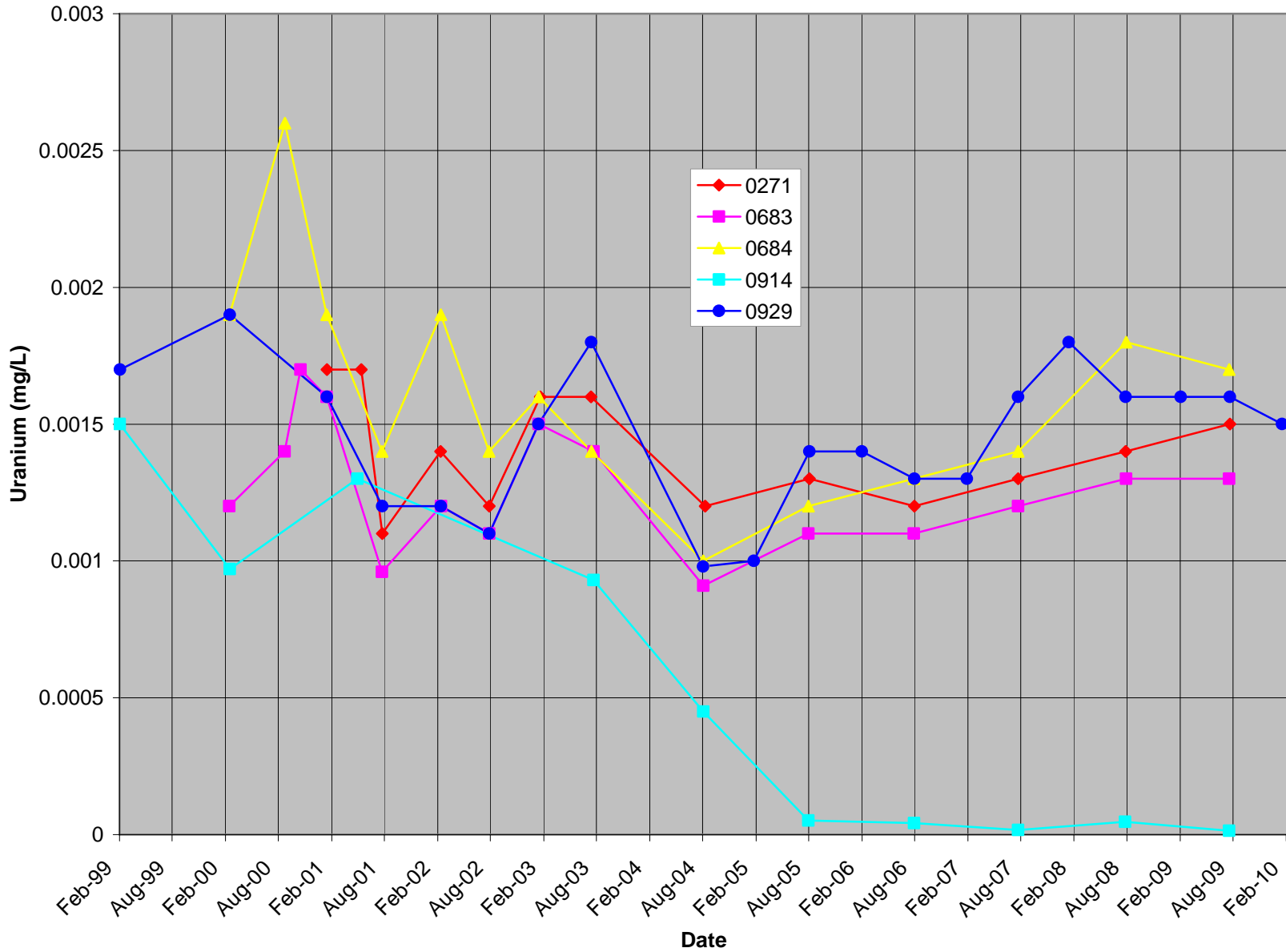


Figure E-6. Horizons A and B Sentinel Wells, Uranium Concentration

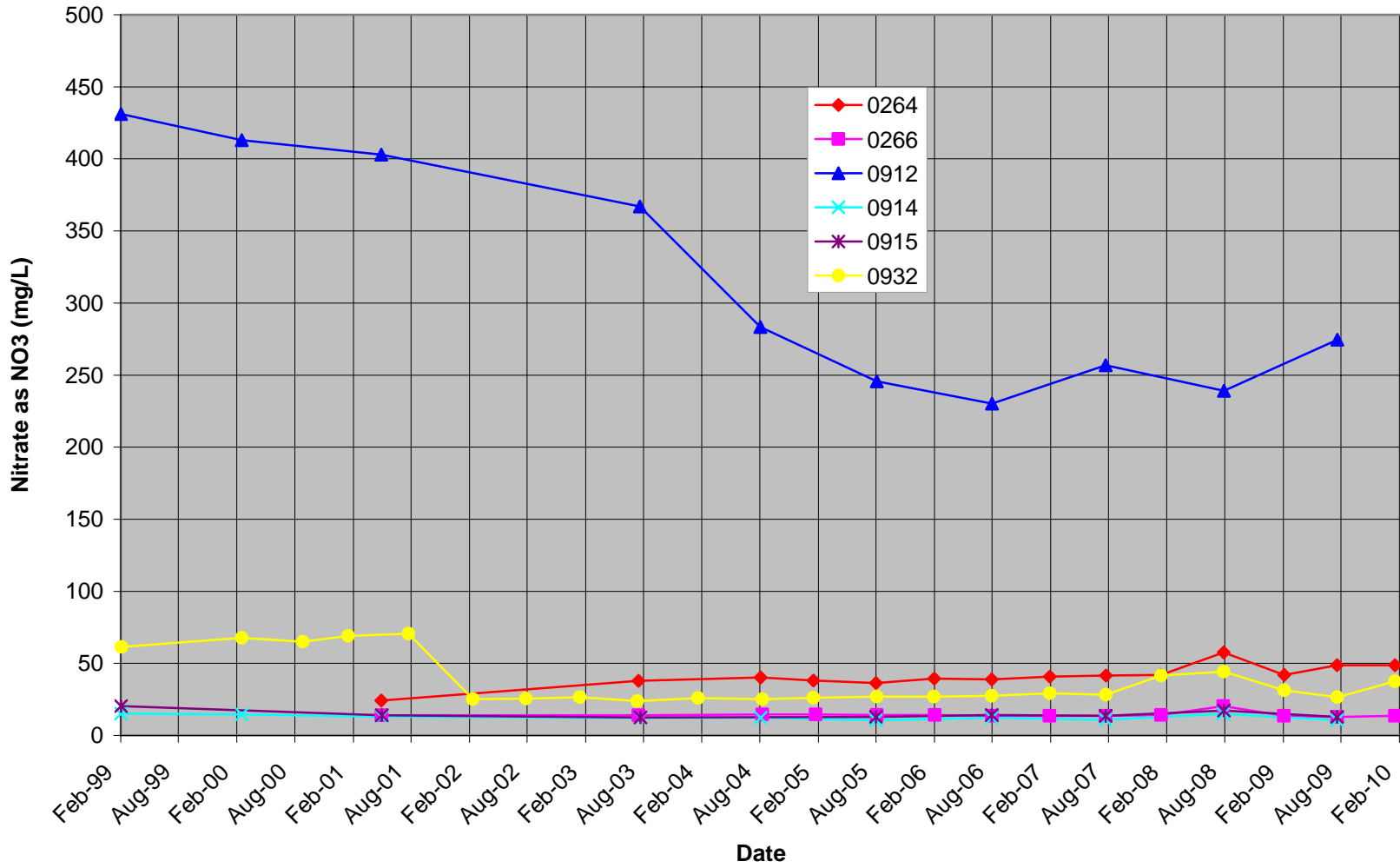


Figure E-7. Horizons C and D Monitoring Wells, Nitrate as NO₃ Concentration

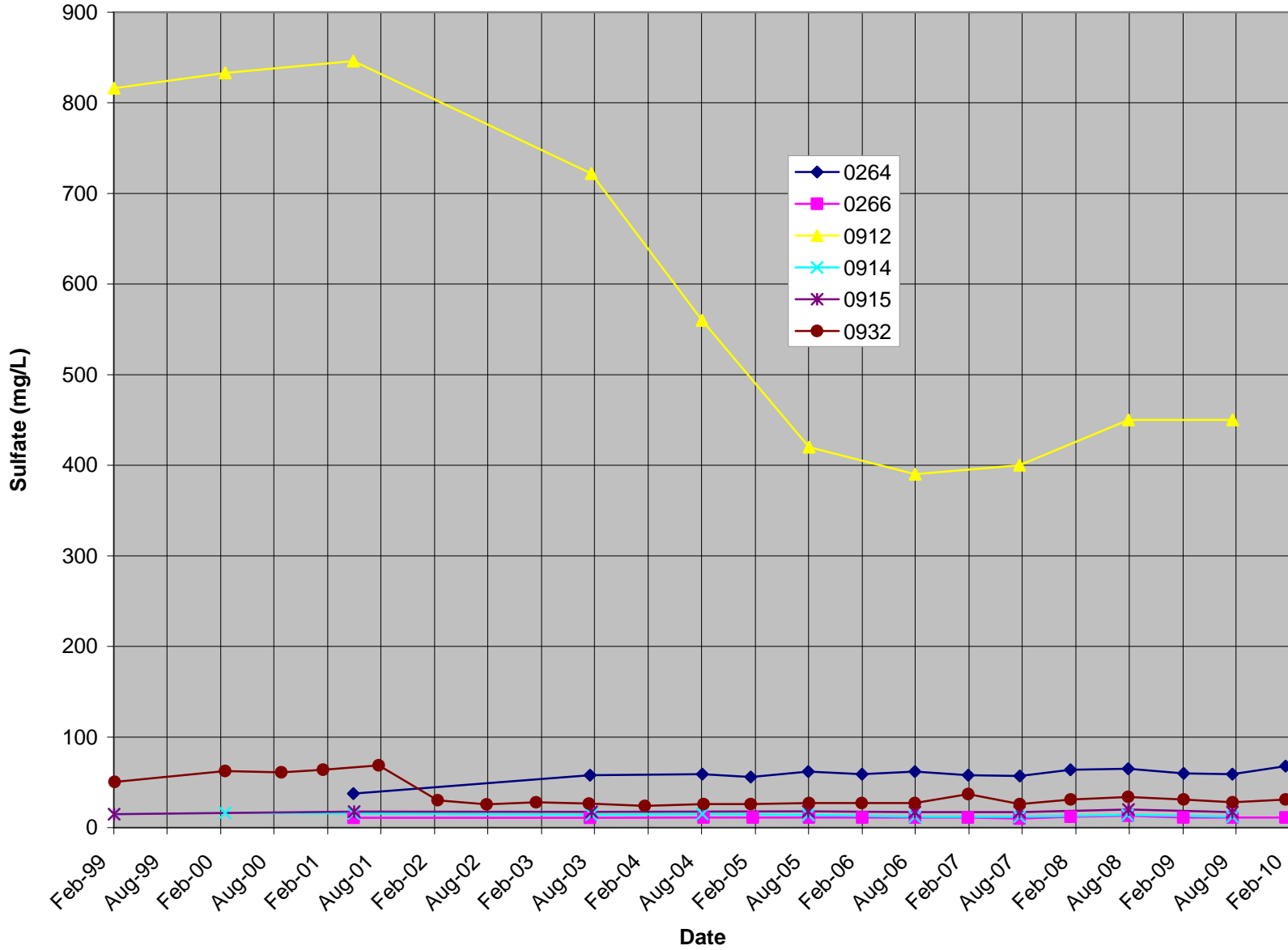


Figure E-8. Horizons C and D Monitoring Wells, Sulfate Concentration

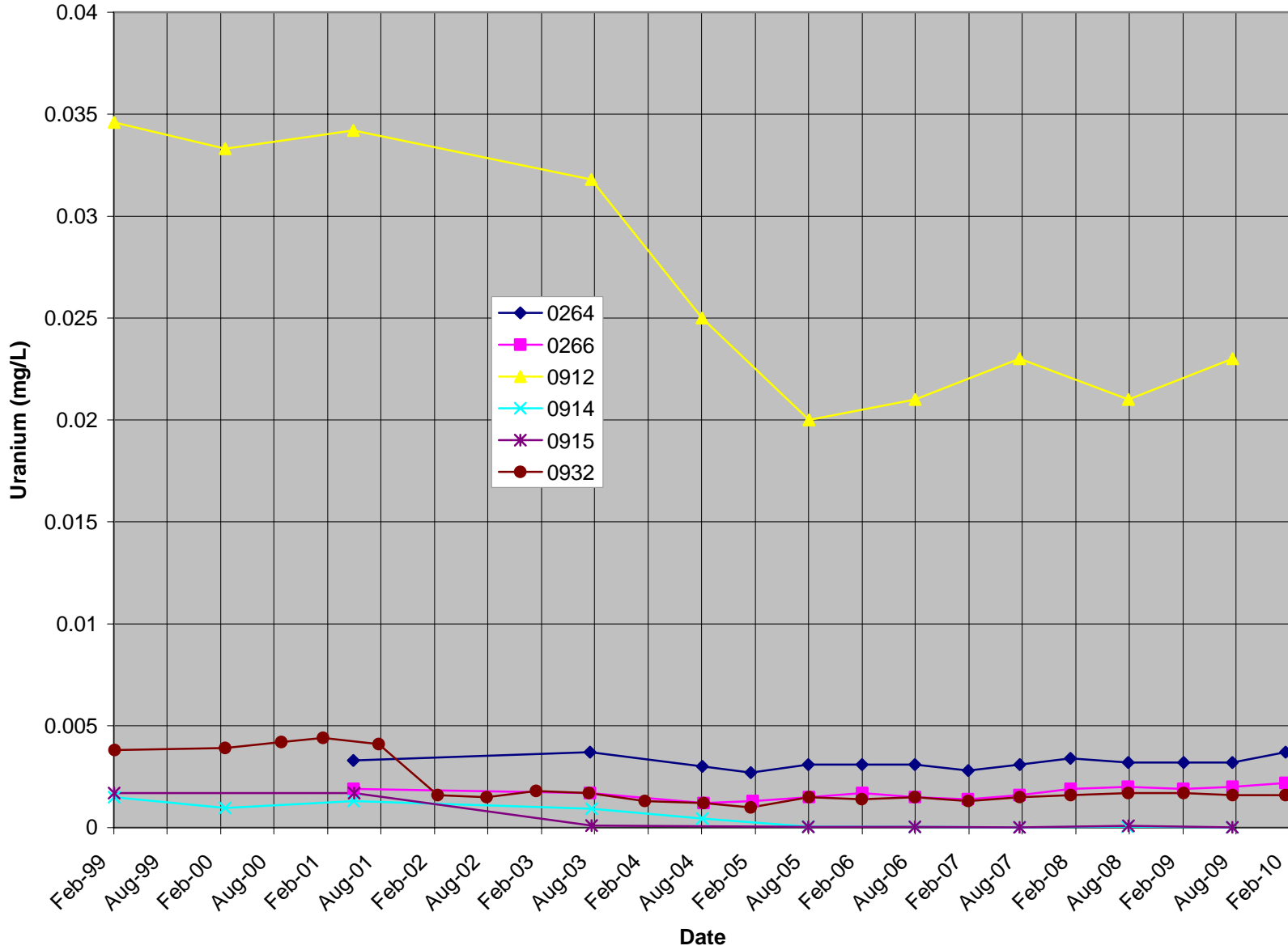


Figure E-9. Horizons C and D Monitoring Wells, Uranium Concentration

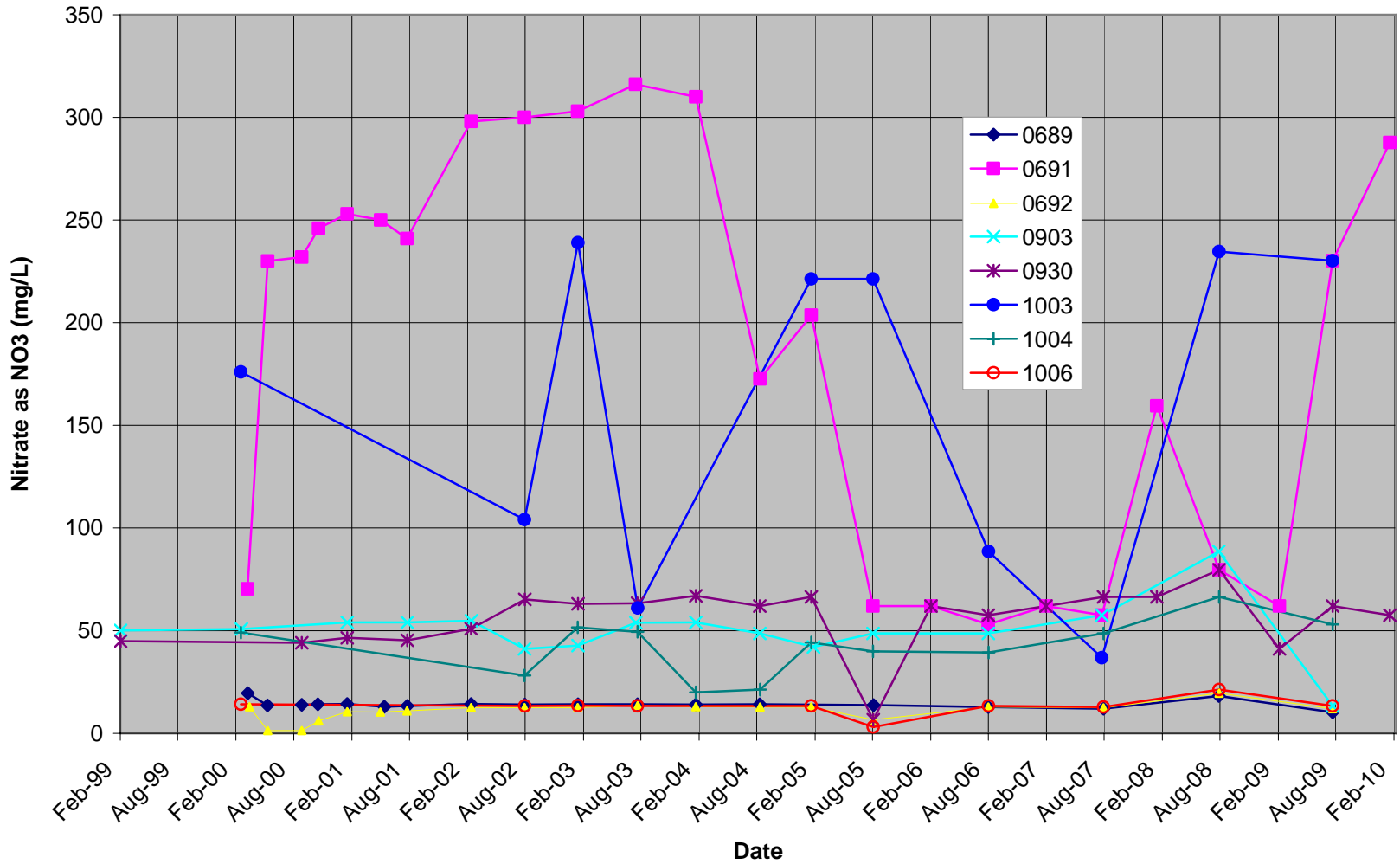


Figure E-10. Lower Terrace Monitoring Wells, Nitrate as NO₃ Concentration

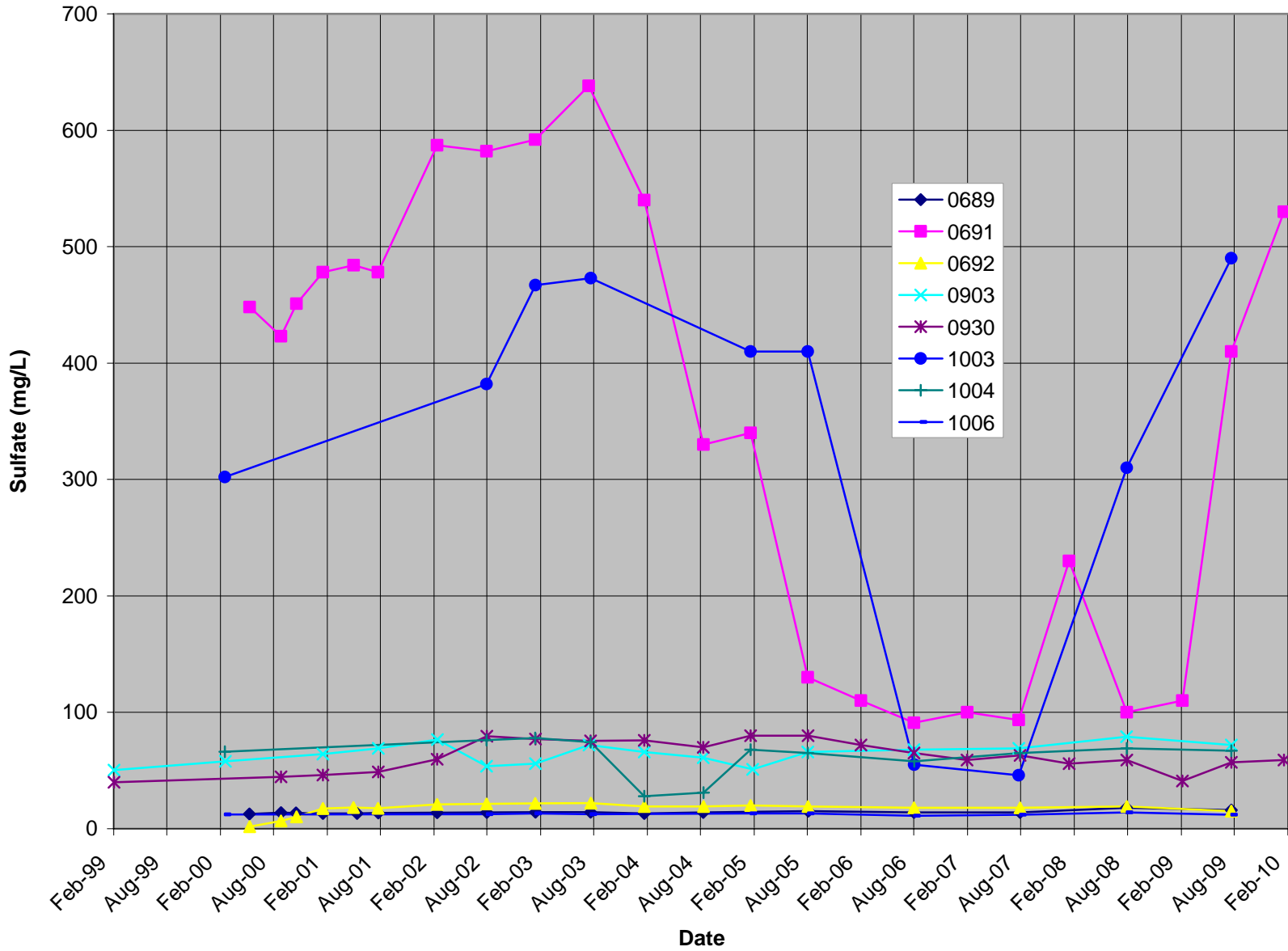


Figure E-11. Lower Terrace Monitoring Wells, Sulfate Concentration

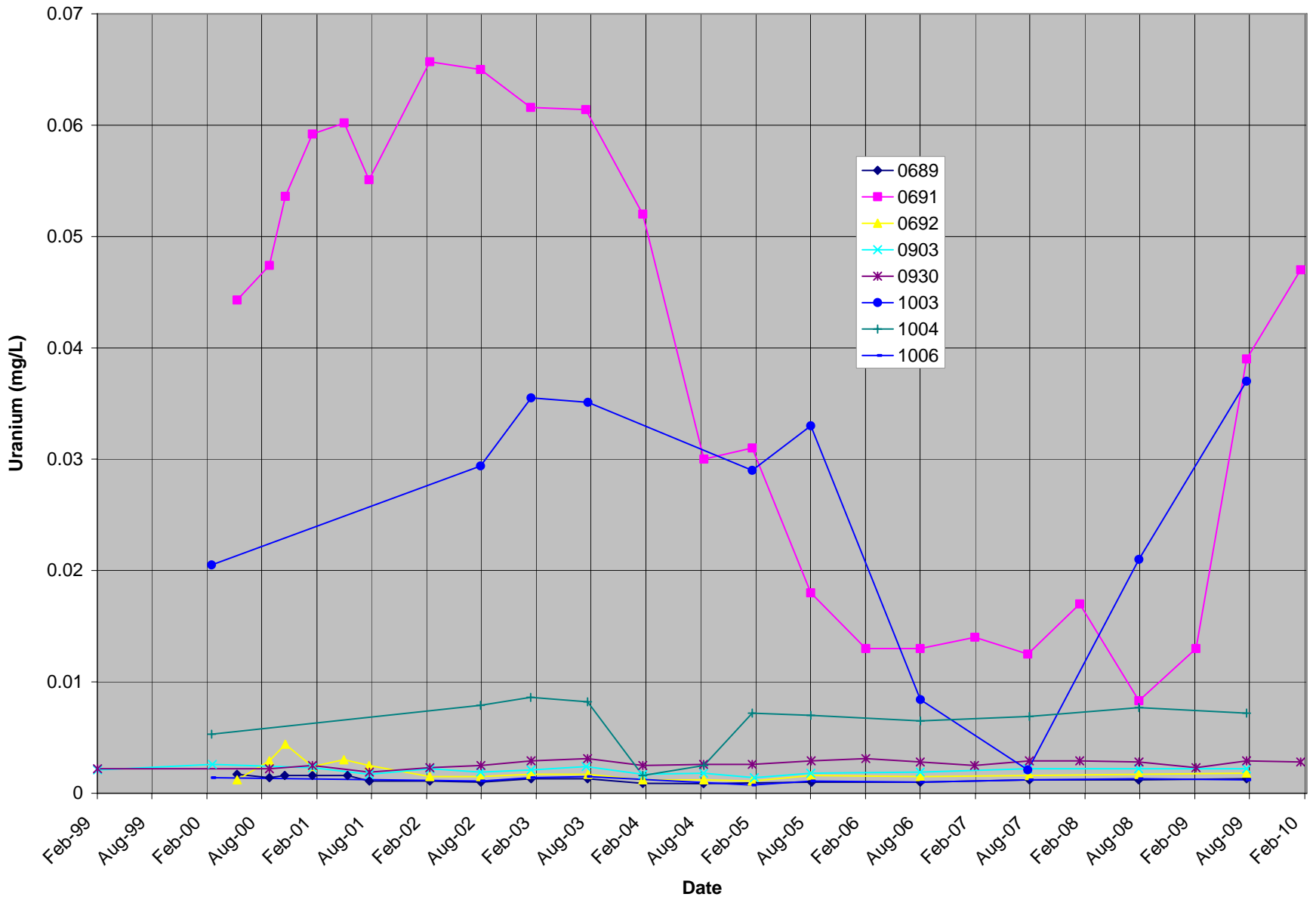


Figure E-12. Lower Terrace Monitoring Wells, Uranium Concentration

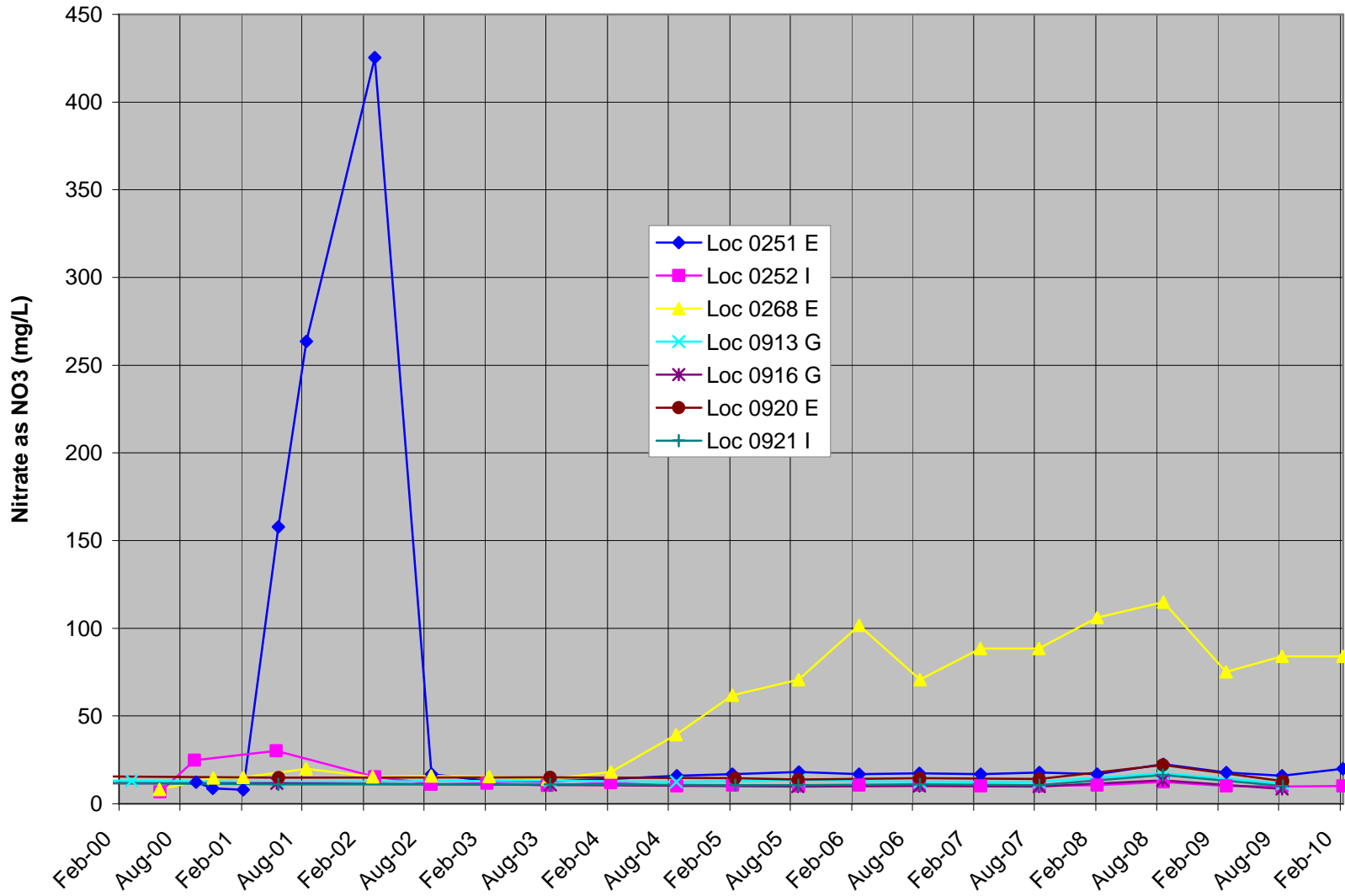


Figure E-13. Deep Monitoring Wells, Nitrate as NO₃ Concentration

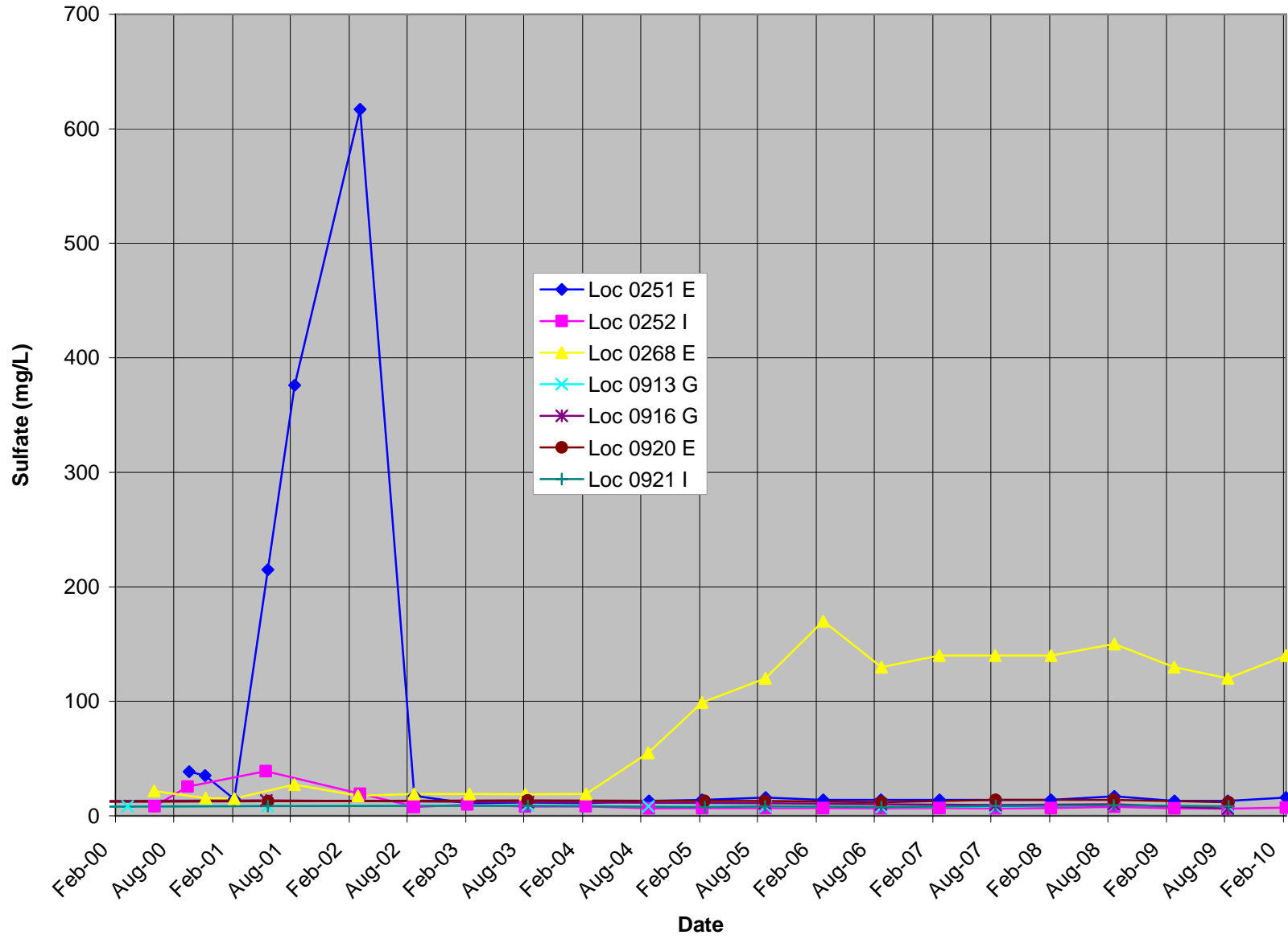


Figure E-14. Deep Monitoring Wells, Sulfate Concentration

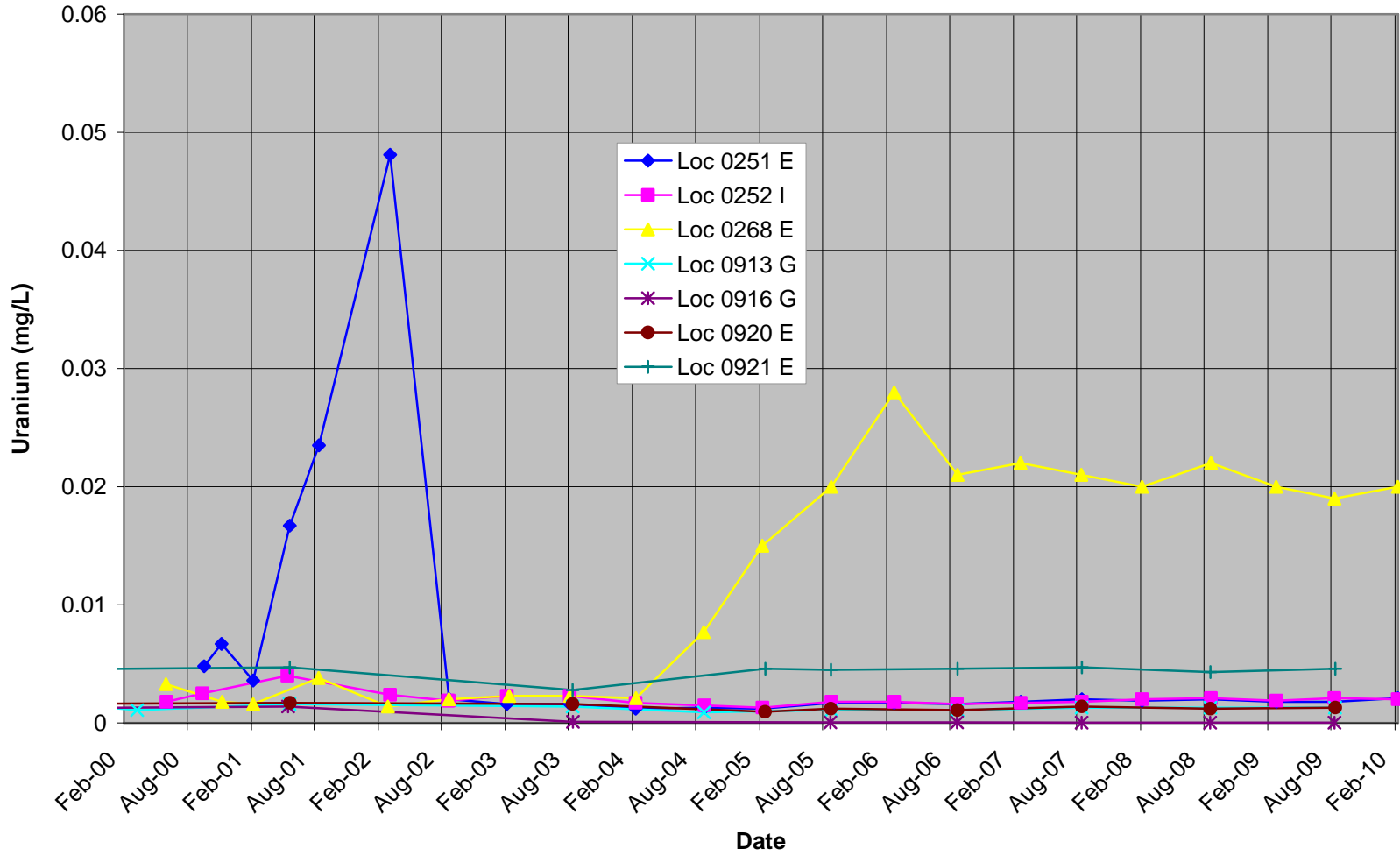


Figure E-15. Deep Monitoring Wells, Uranium Concentration

This page intentionally left blank

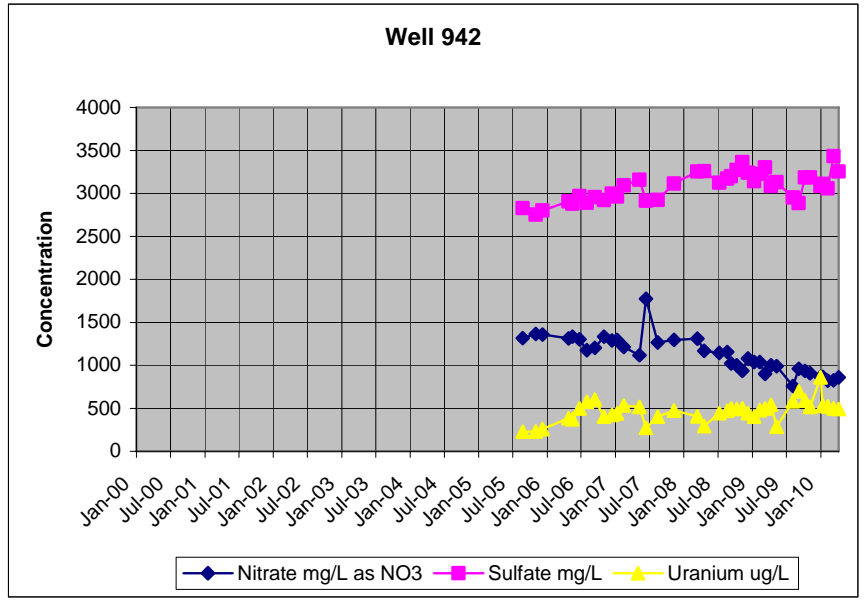
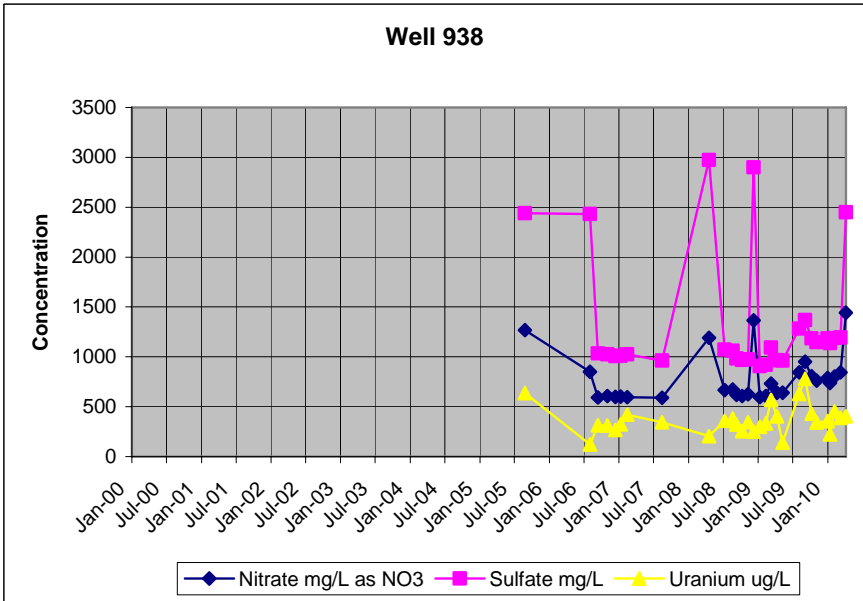
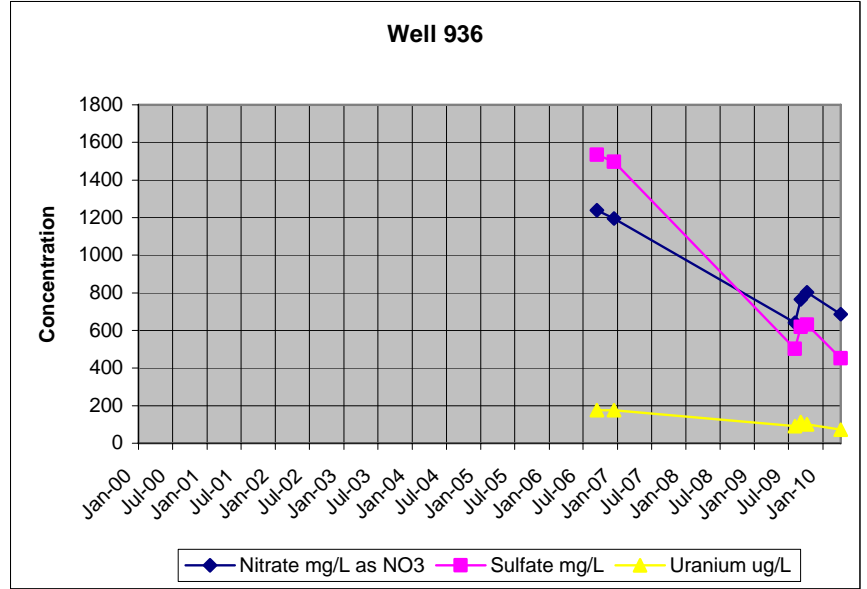
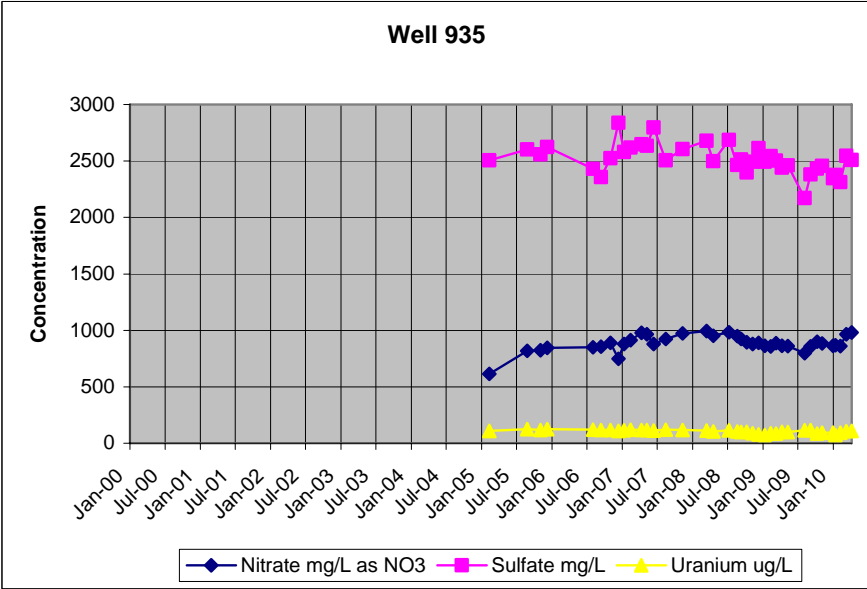
Appendix F

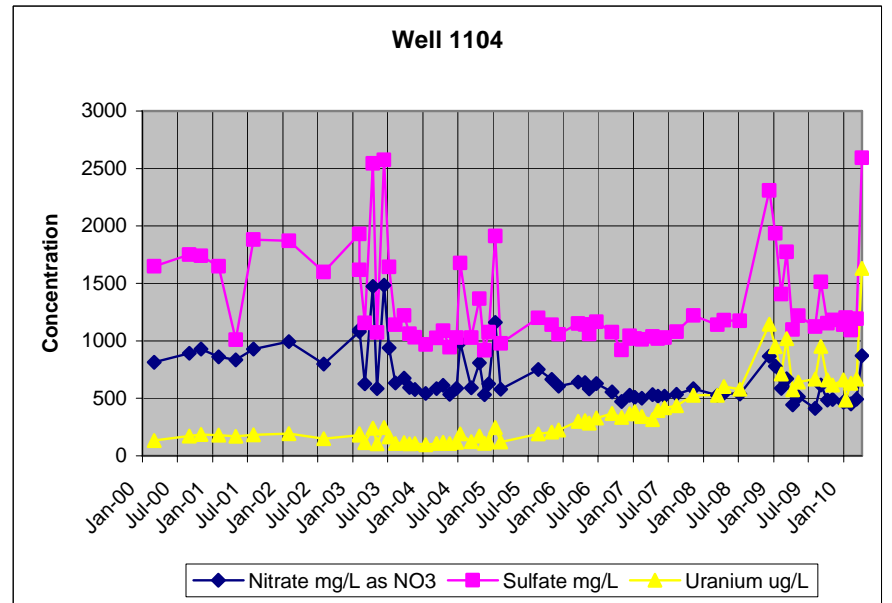
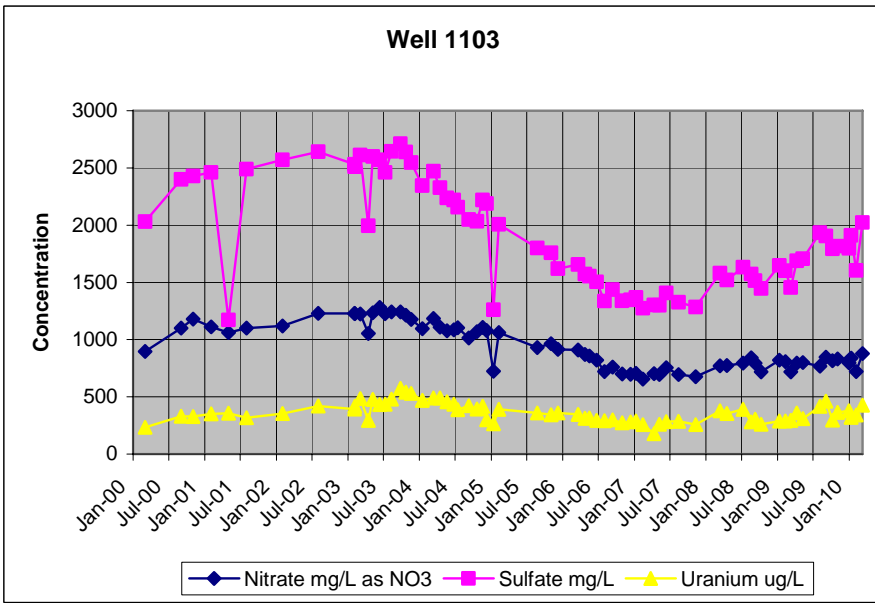
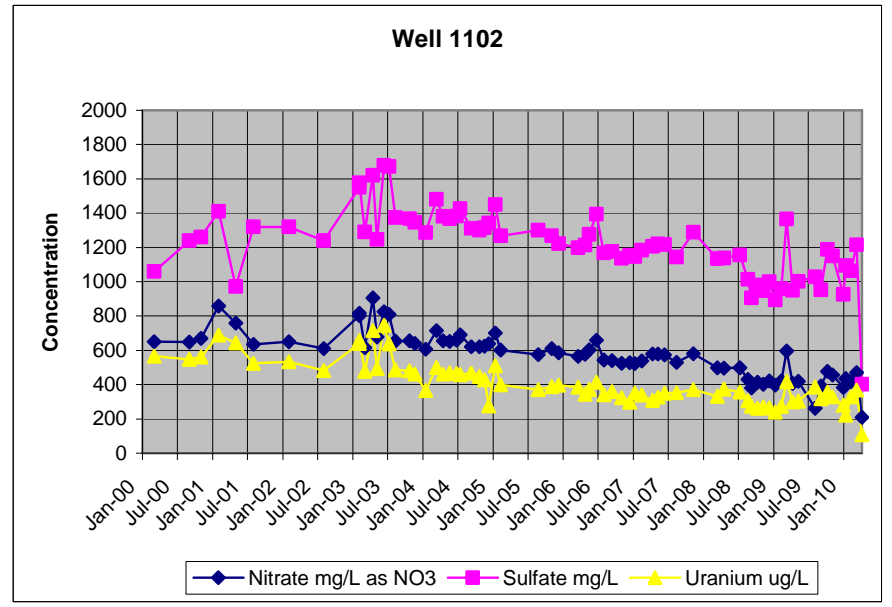
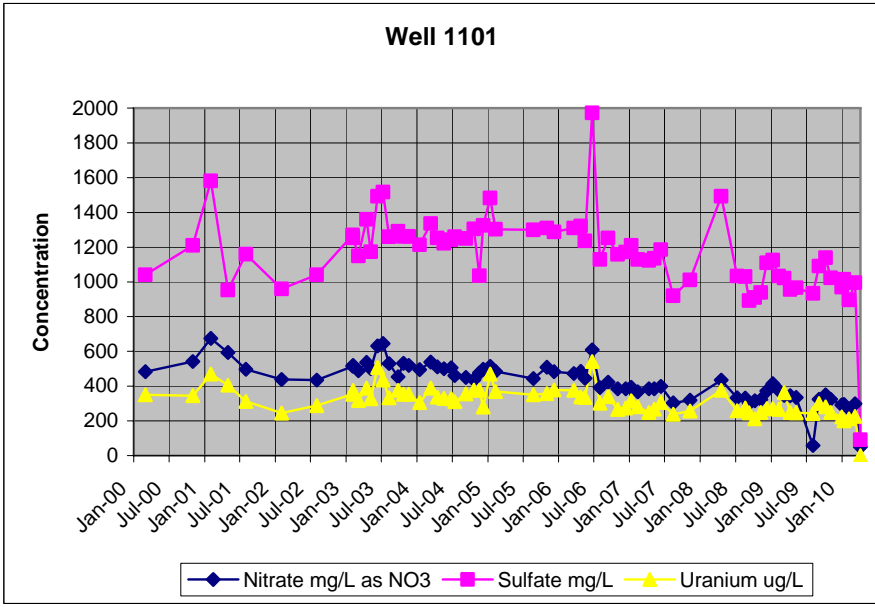
Contaminant Concentration Trends at Extraction Wells

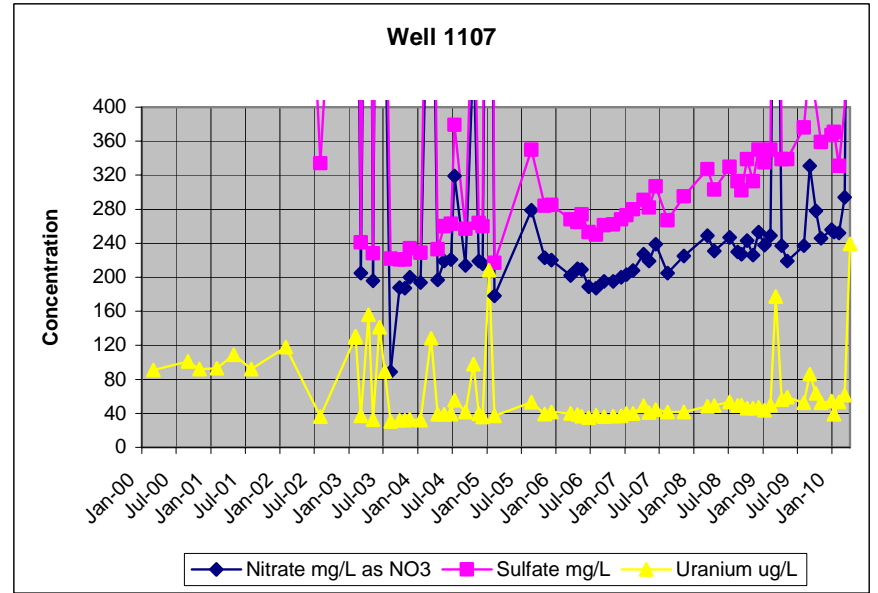
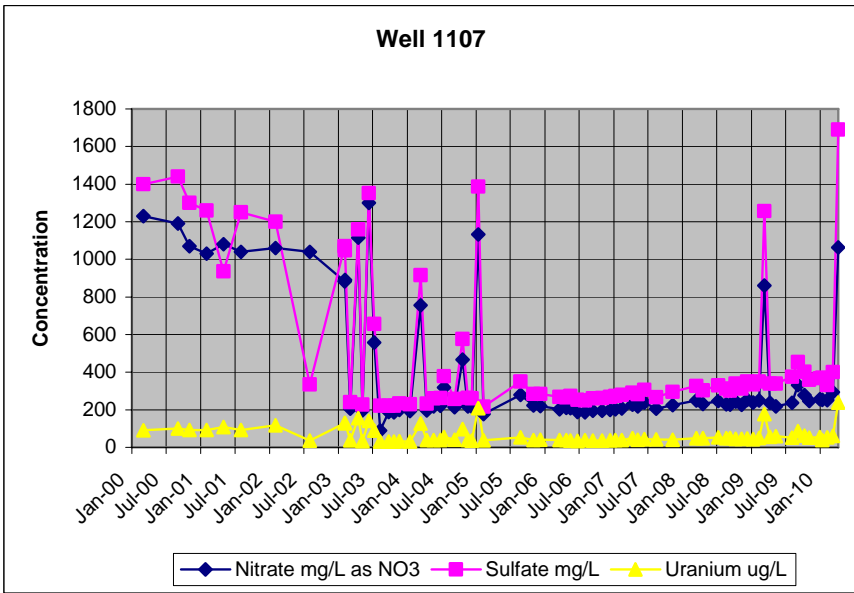
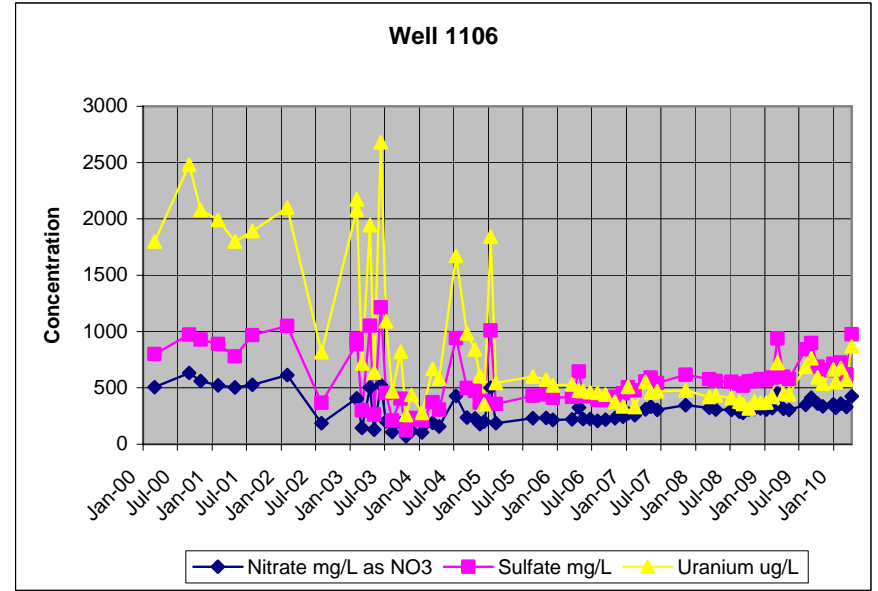
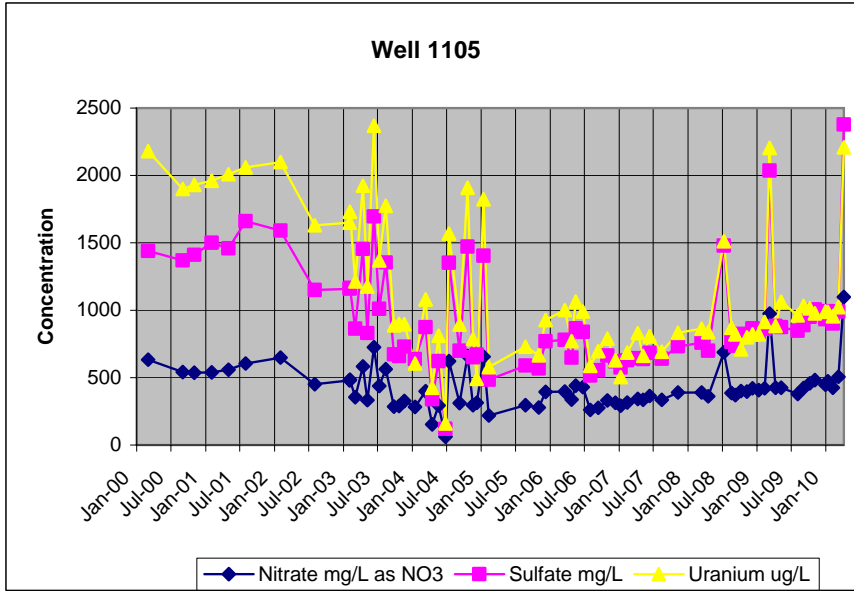
This page intentionally left blank

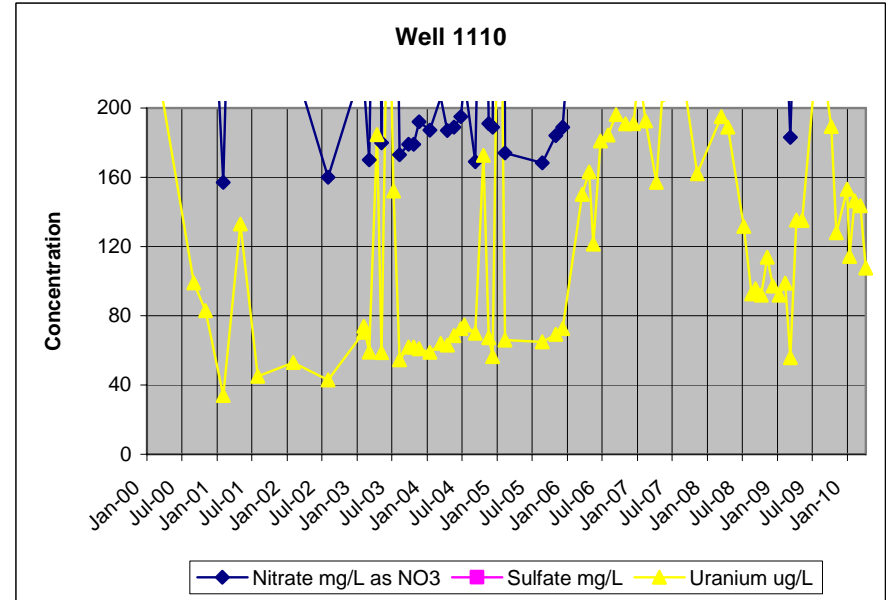
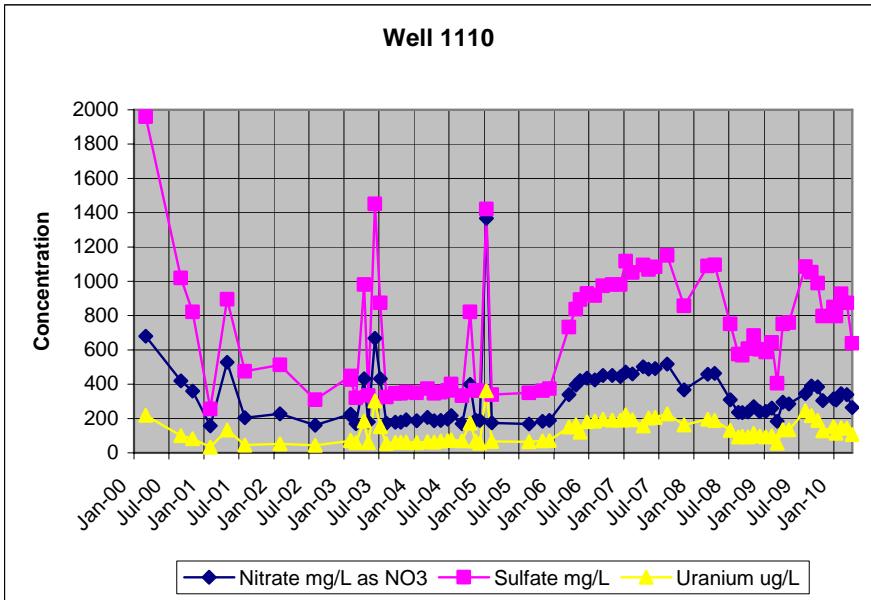
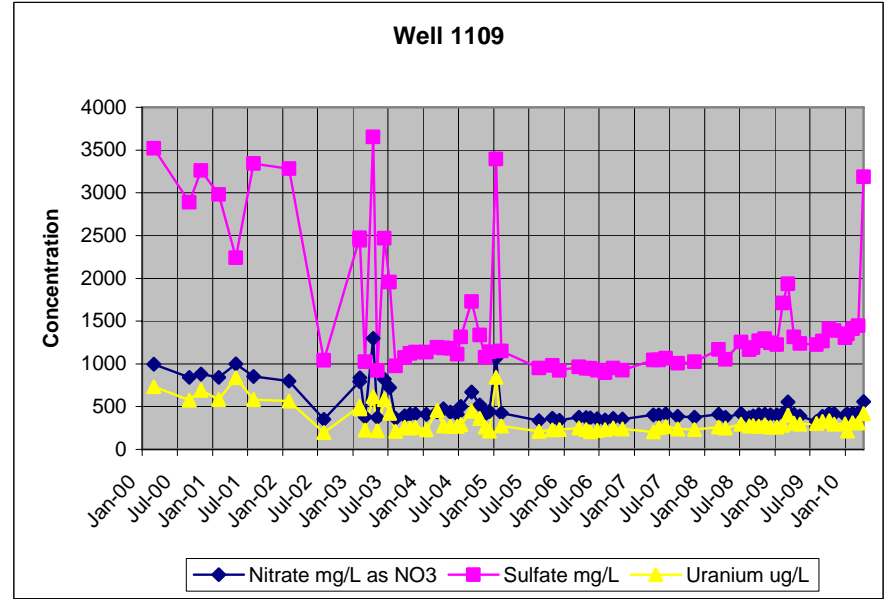
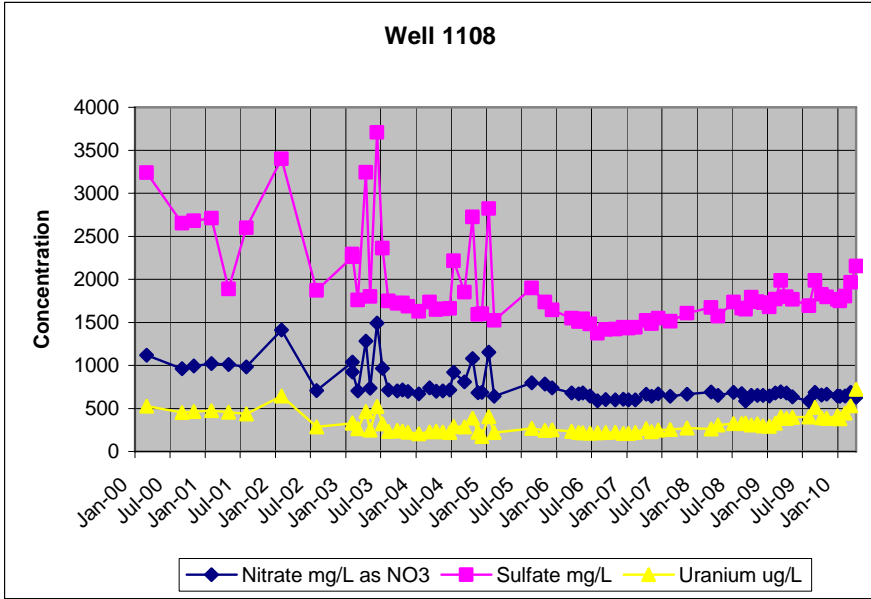
Note: Time-concentration graphs for wells 1107, 1110, 1112, 1115, 1117, 1118, 1123, 1124, 126, 1127, and 1128 are each plotted twice, once at a higher scale on the y axis to show constituents present at higher concentrations, and again at a lower scale to show the trend of a constituent with concentrations too low to be depicted at the higher scale.

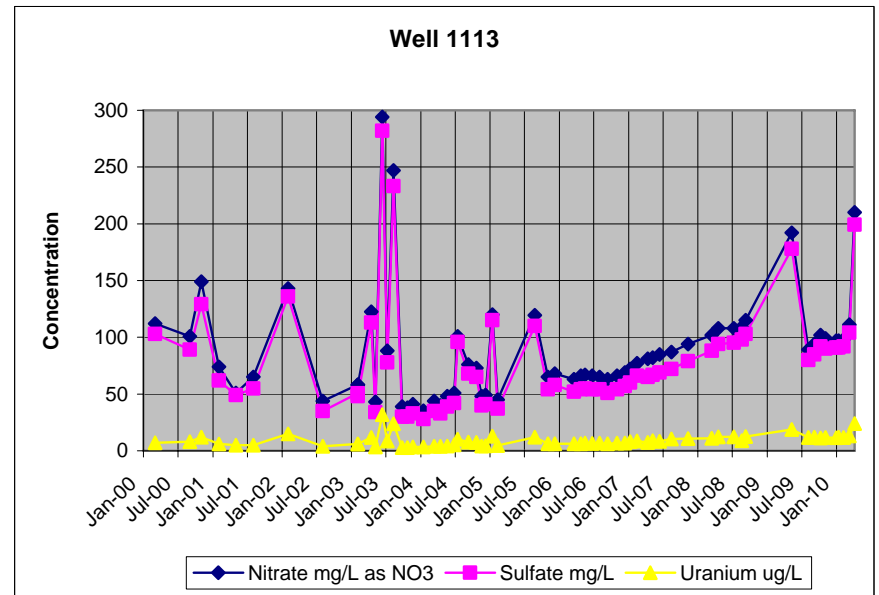
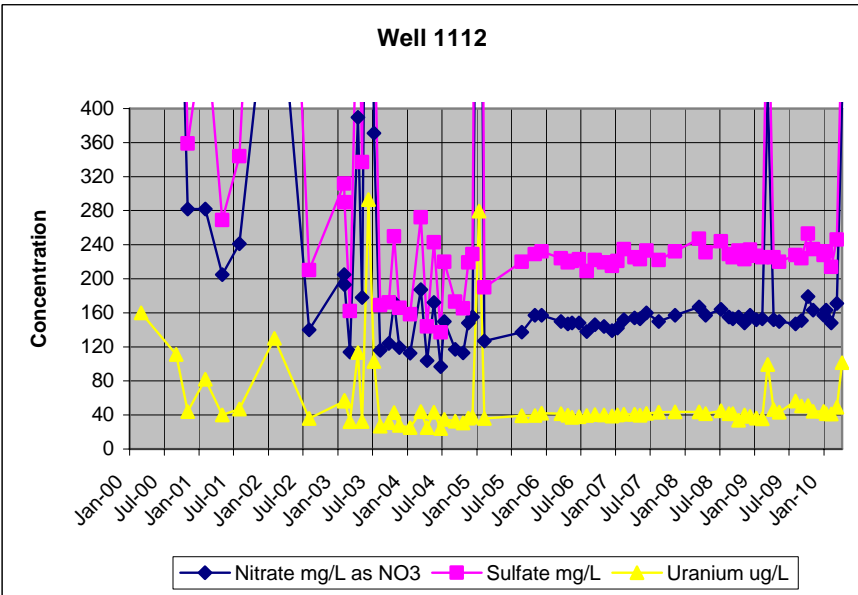
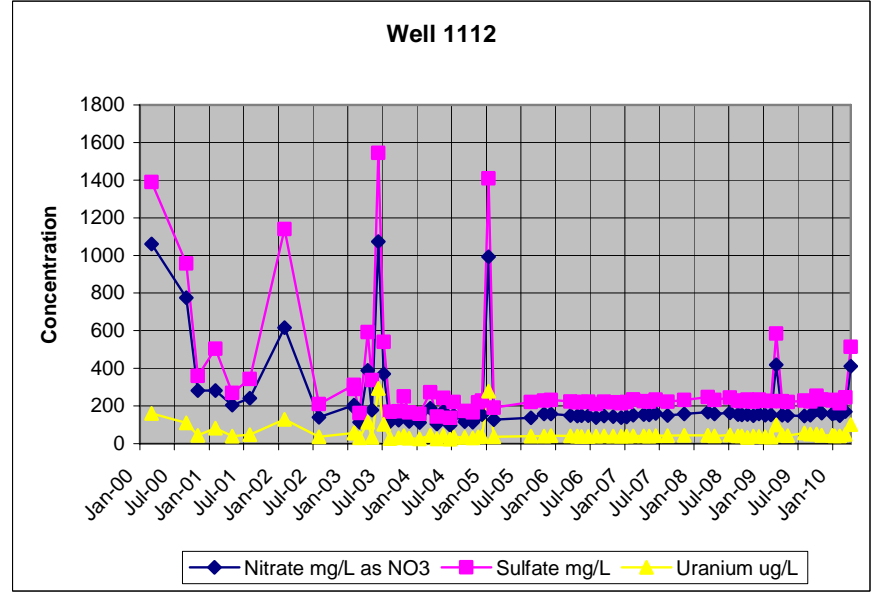
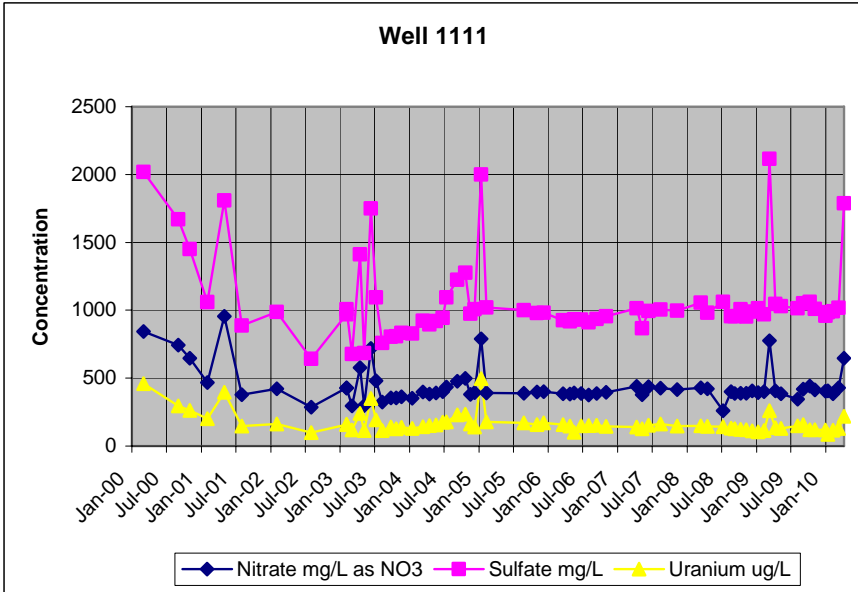
This page intentionally left blank

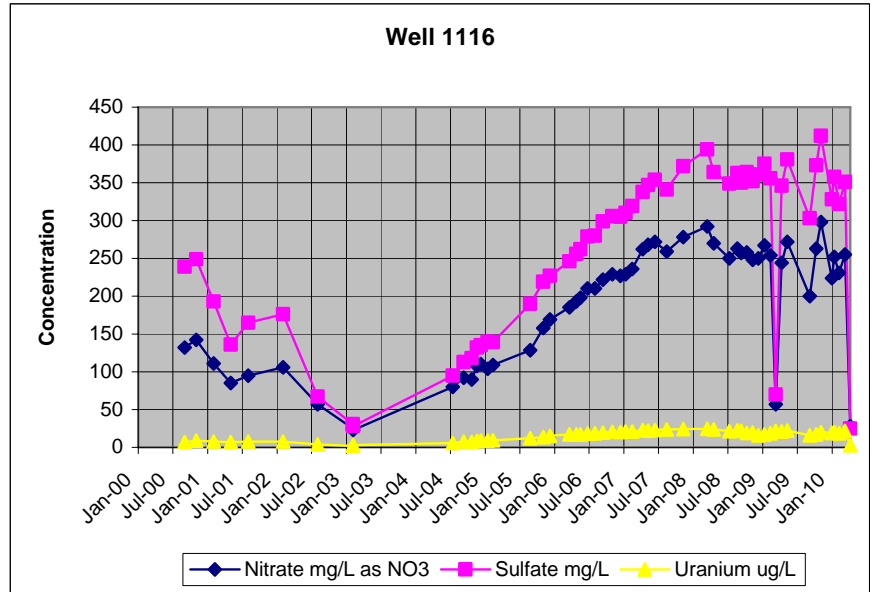
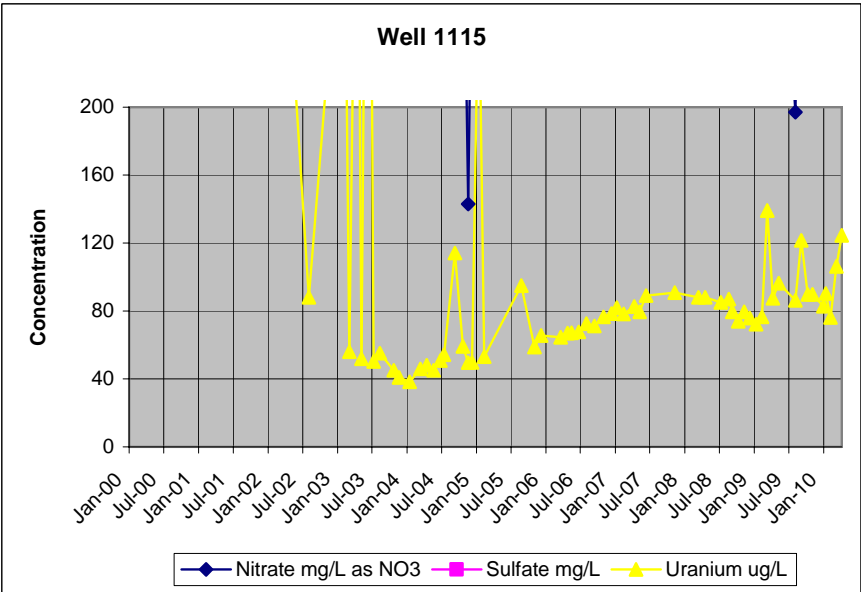
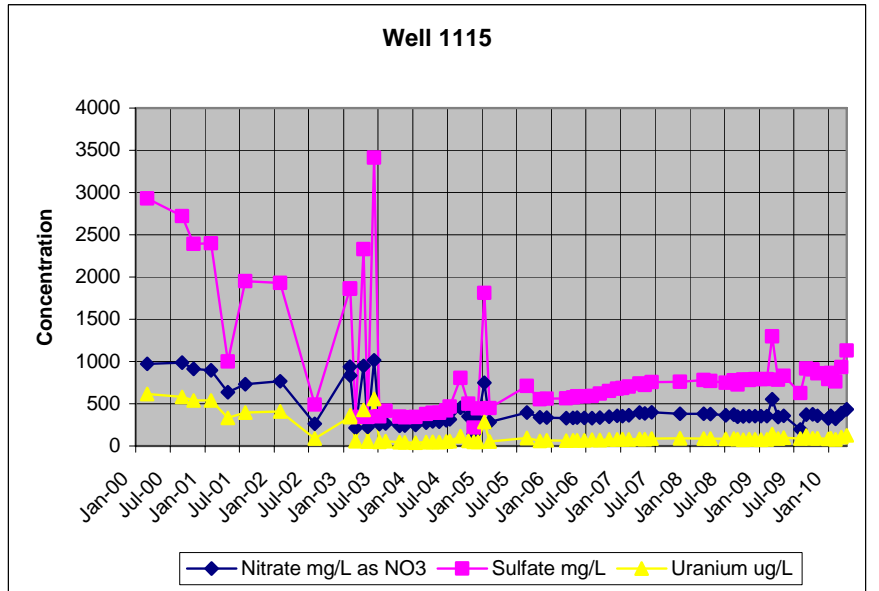
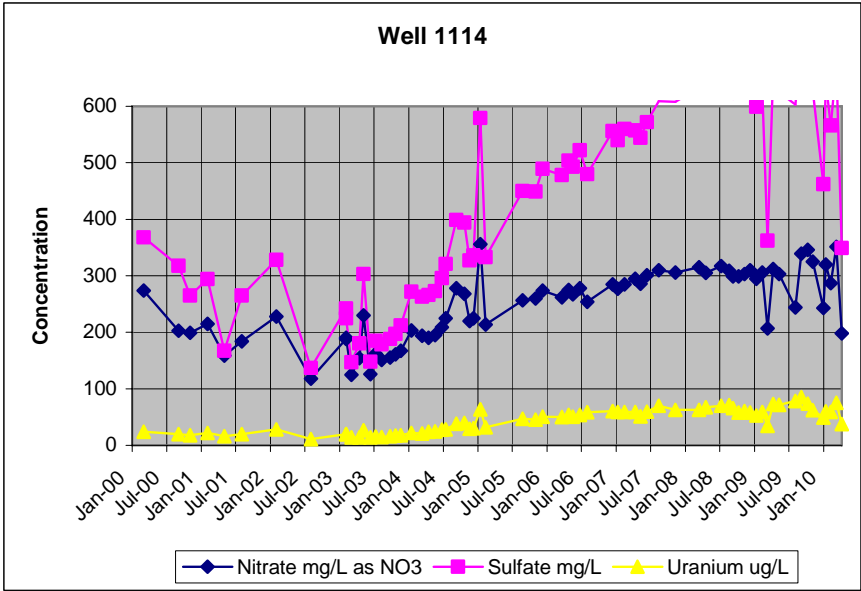


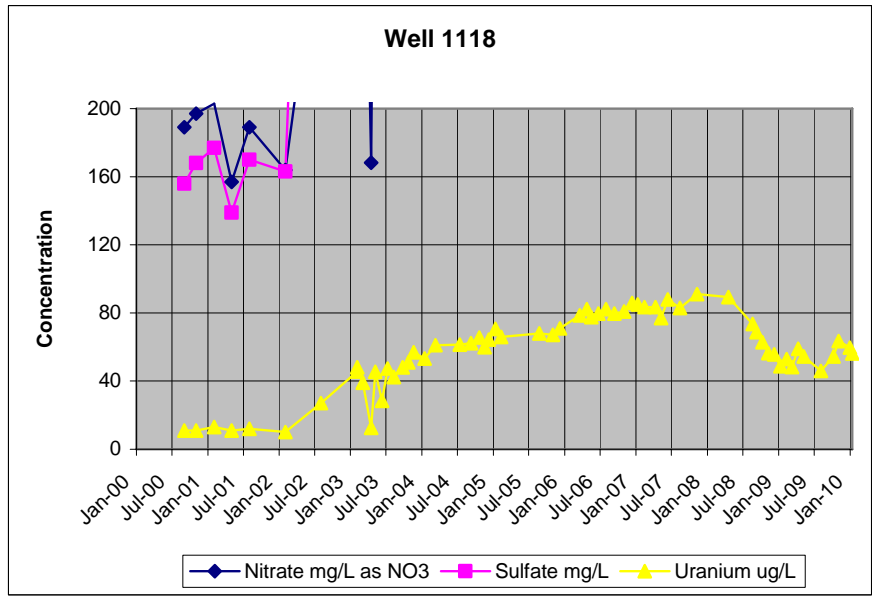
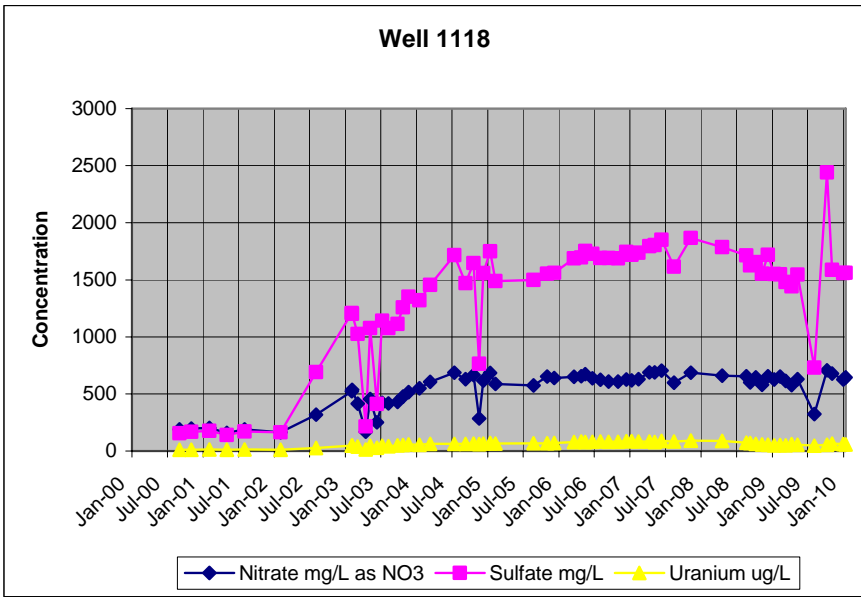
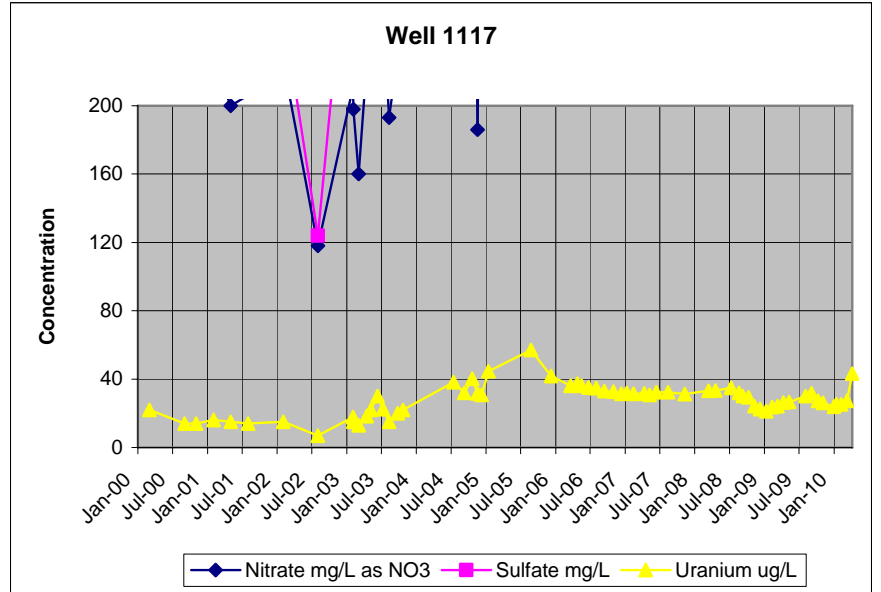
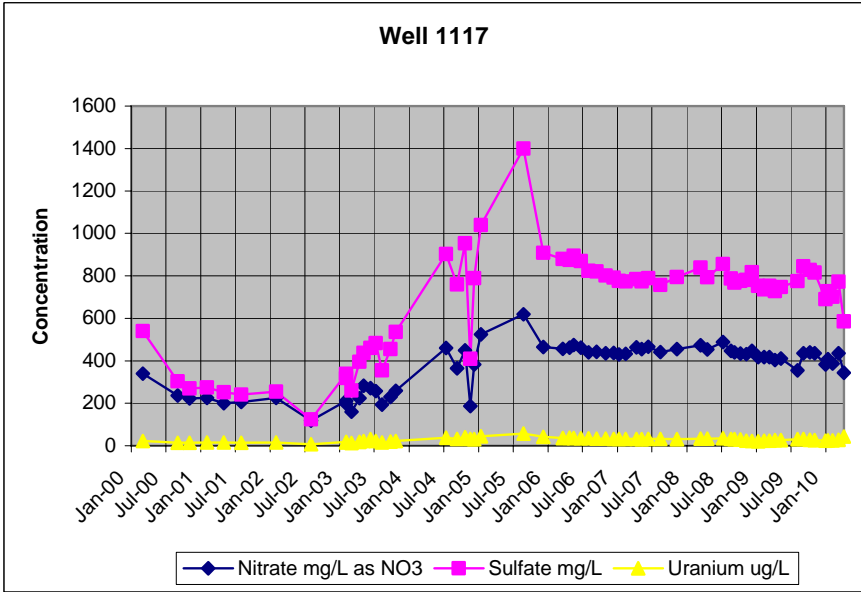


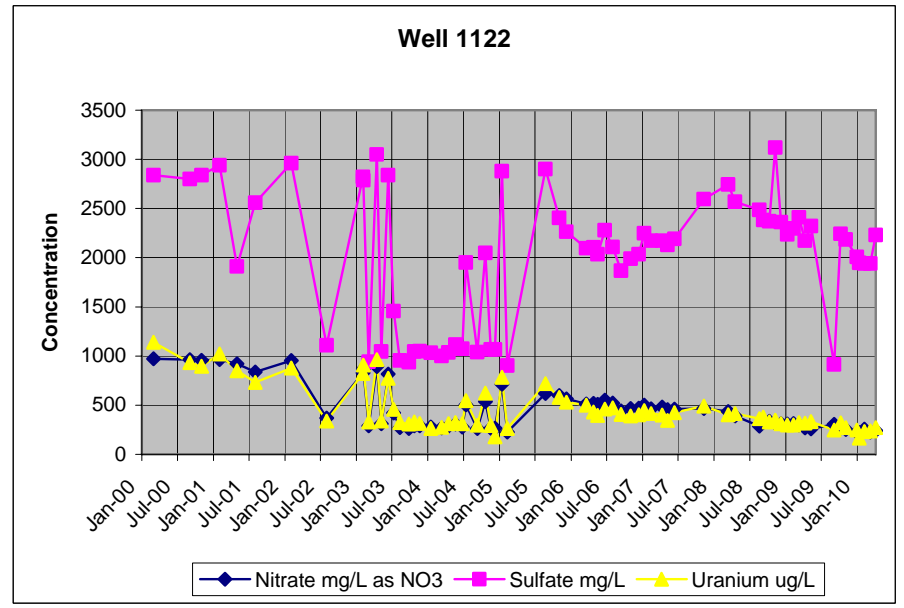
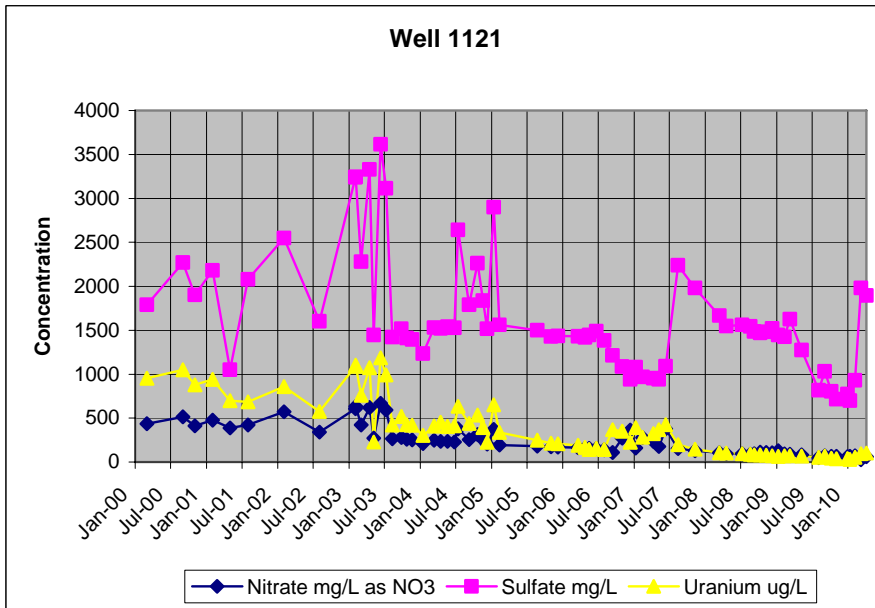
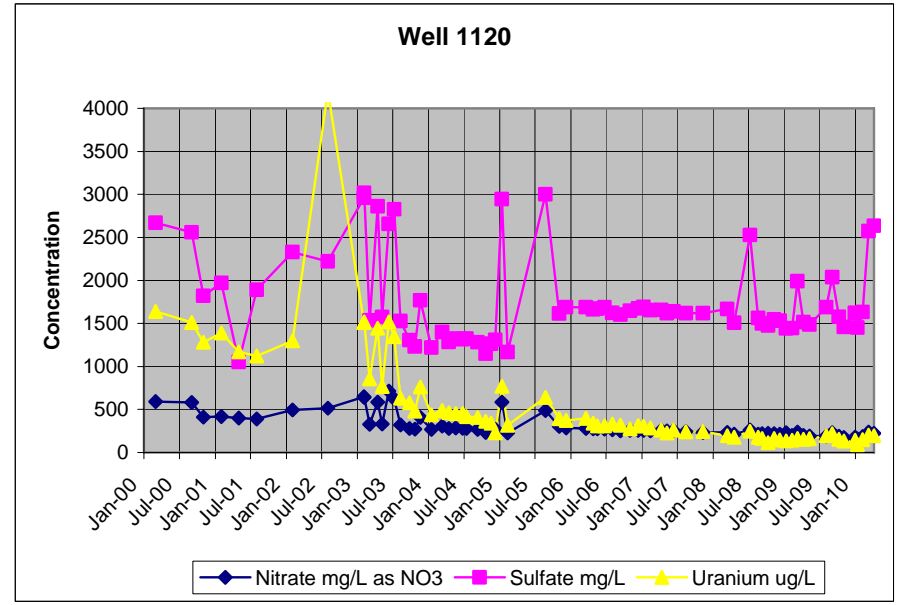
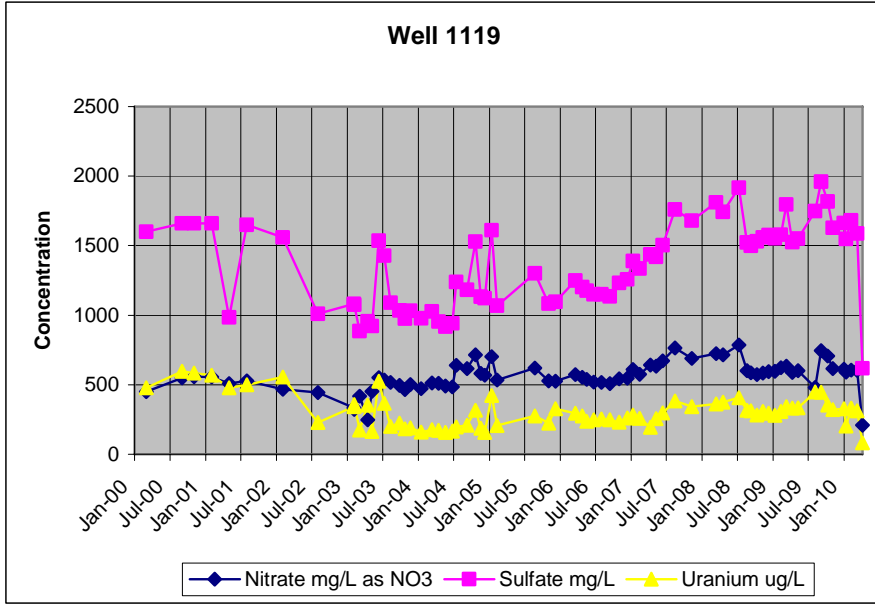


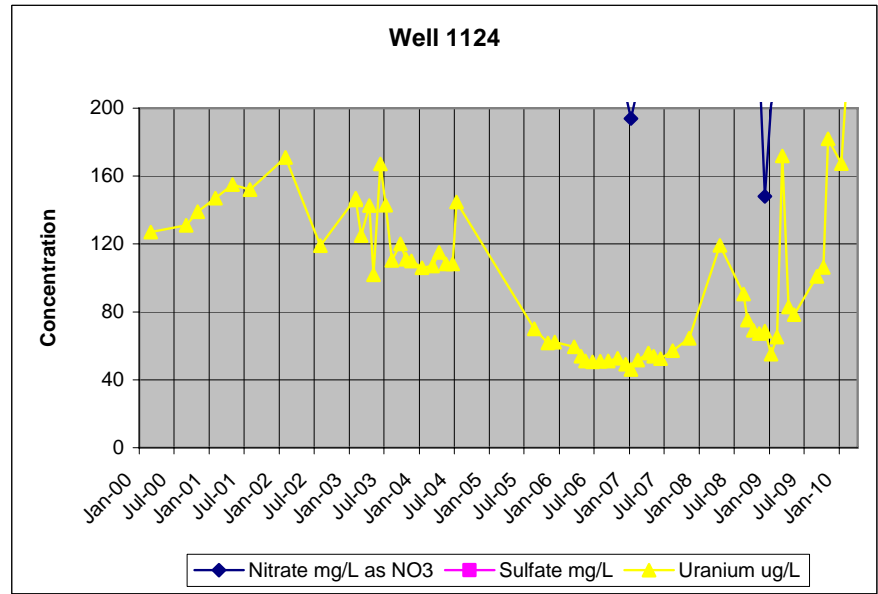
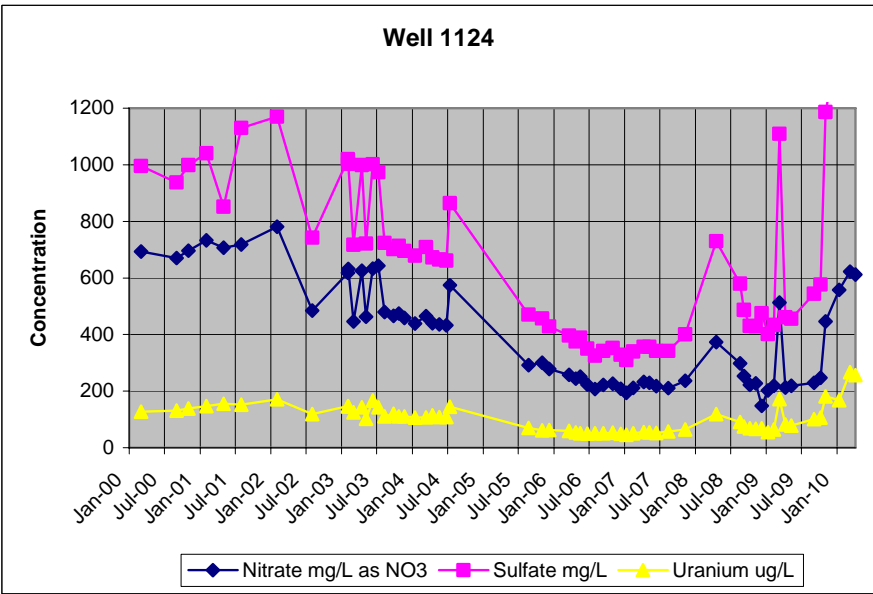
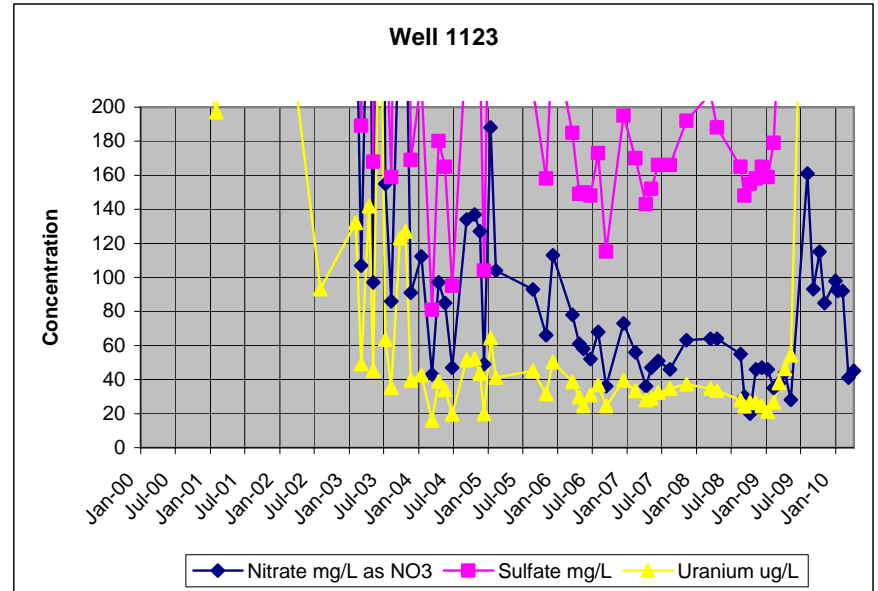
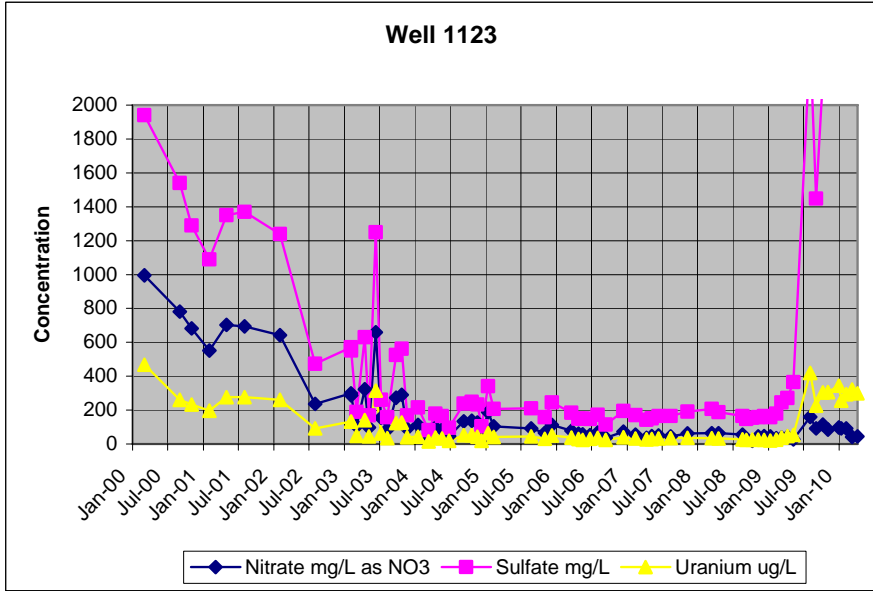


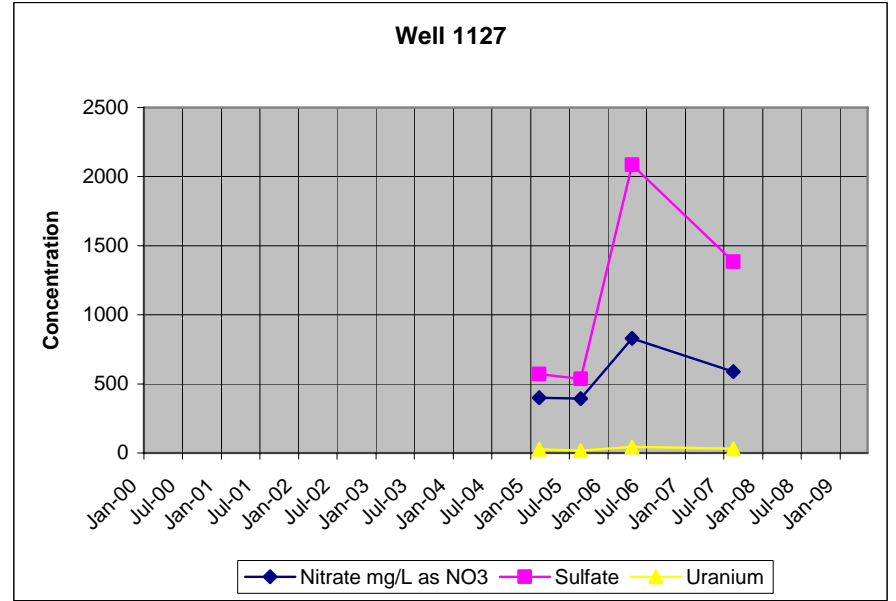
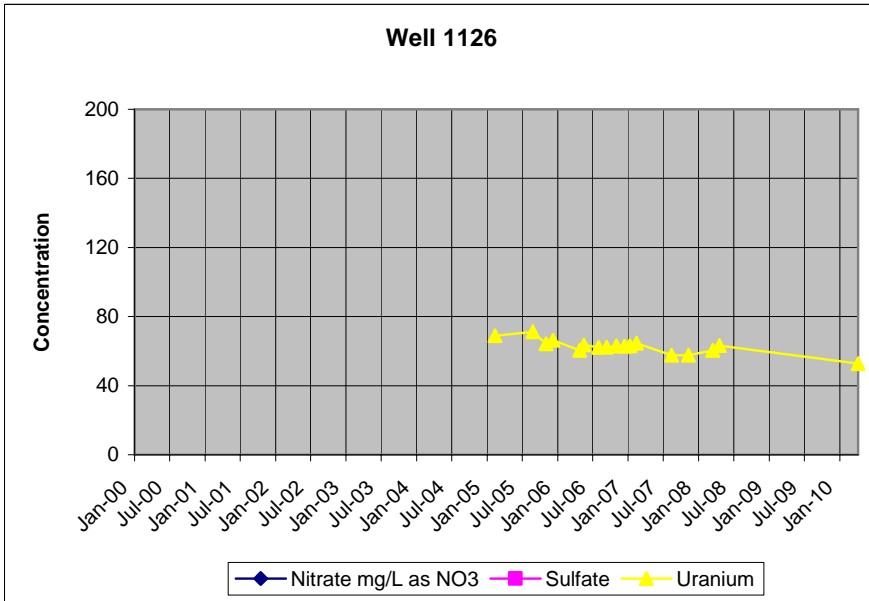
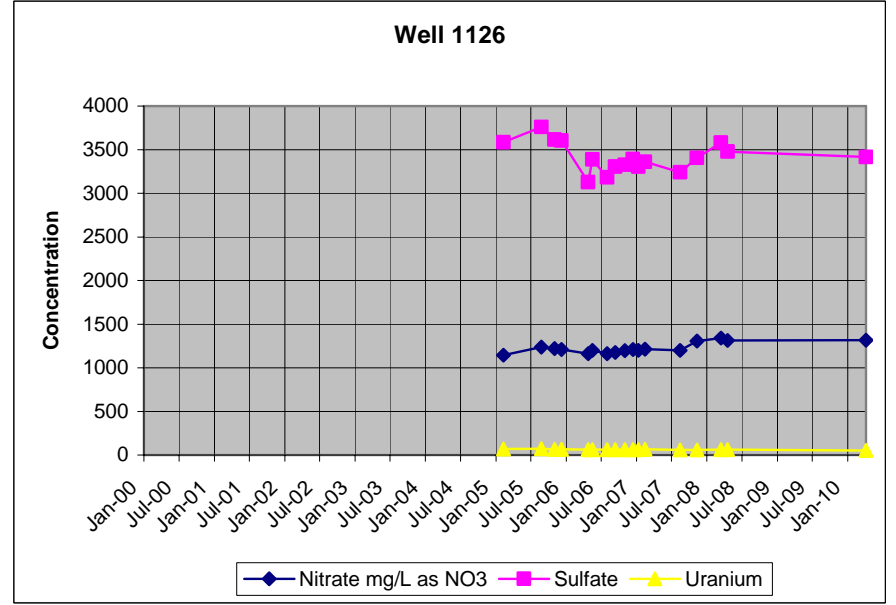
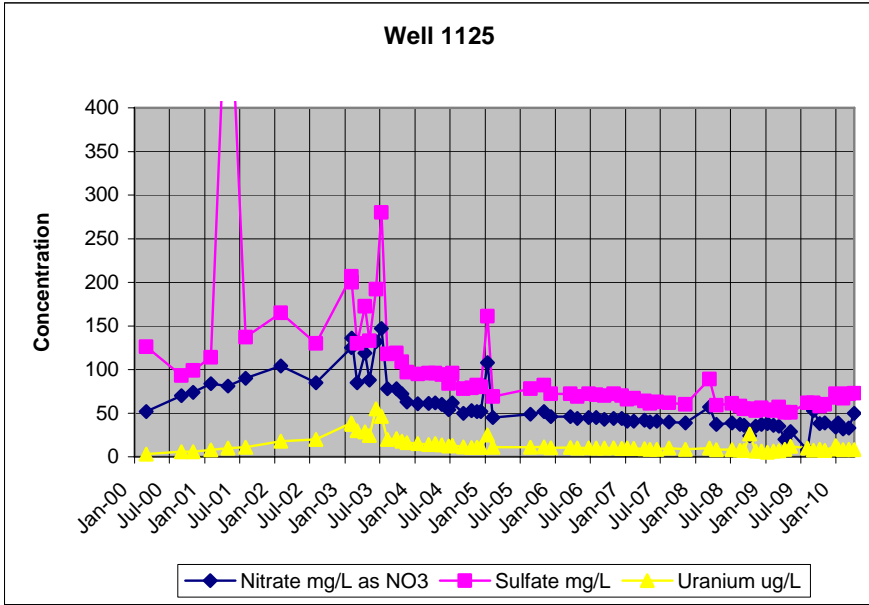


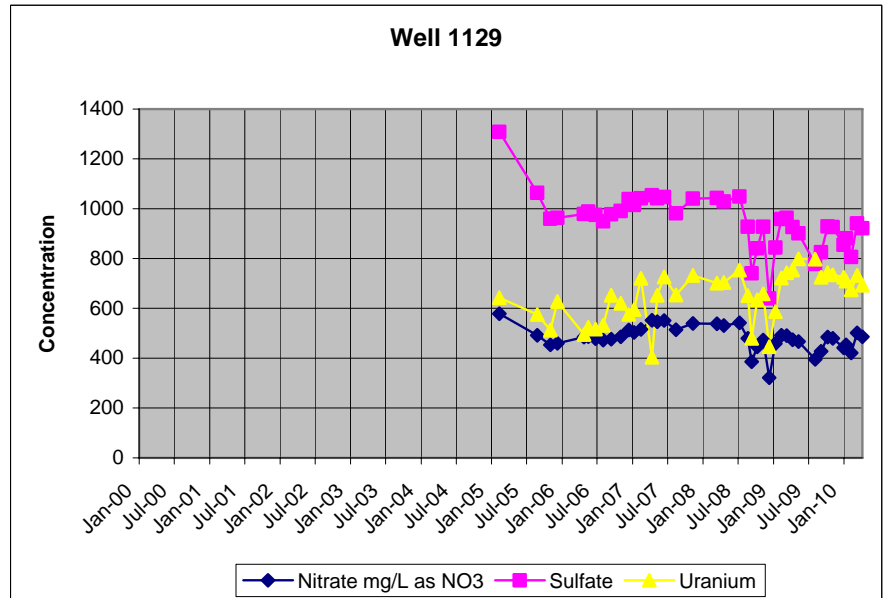
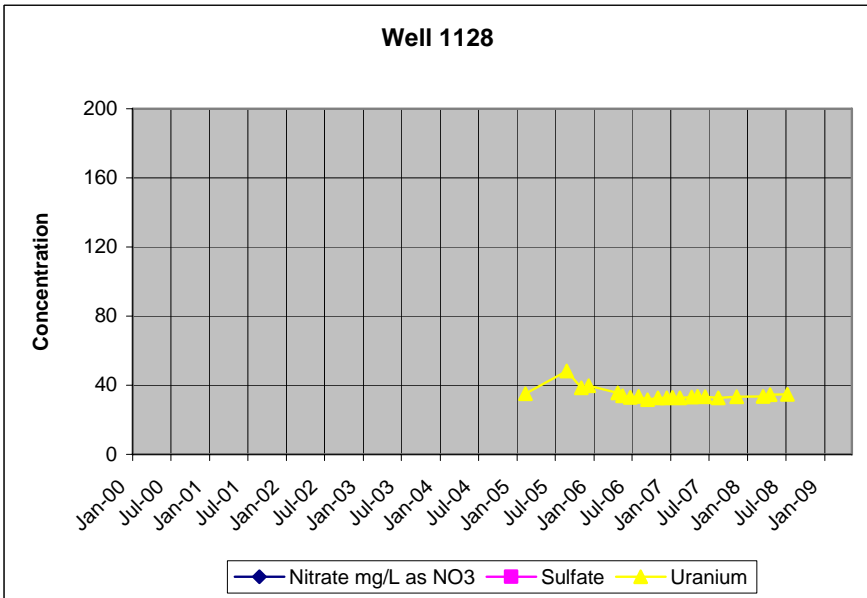
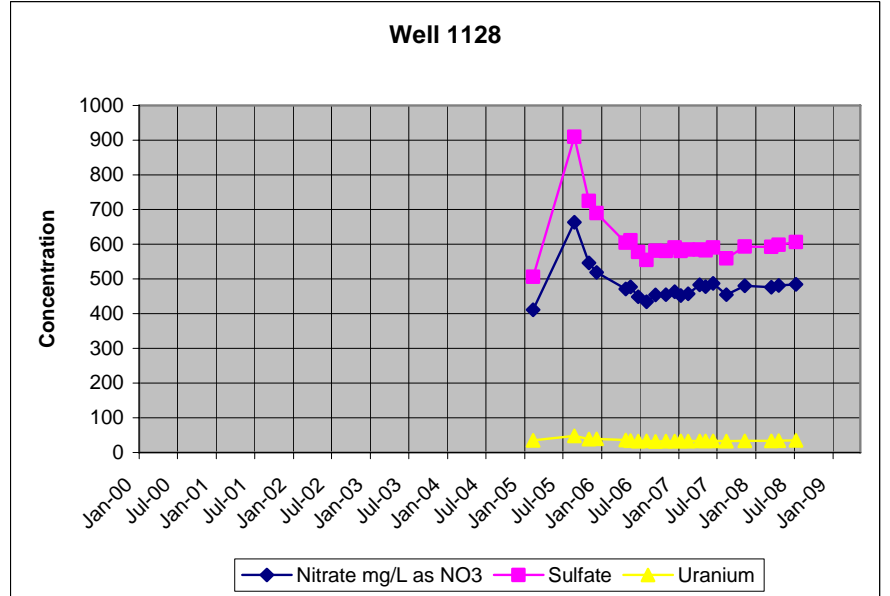
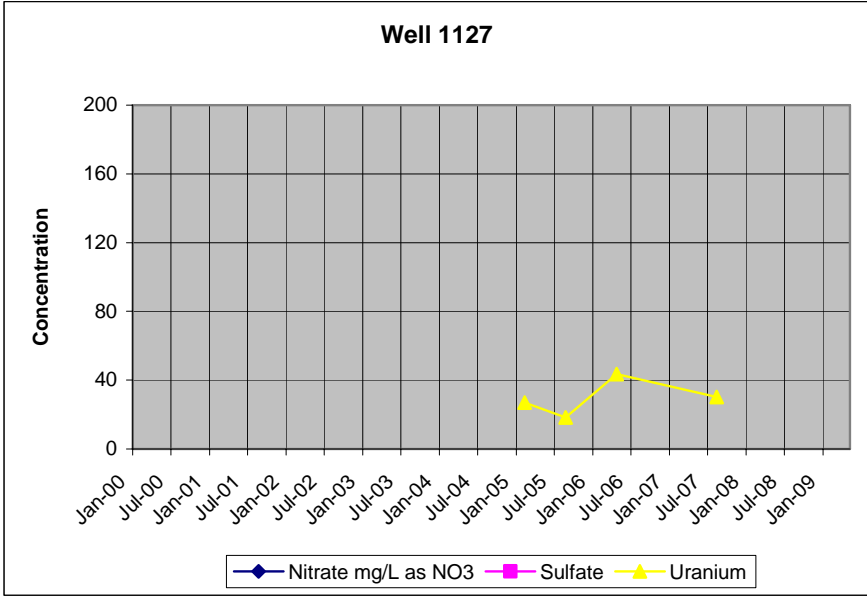


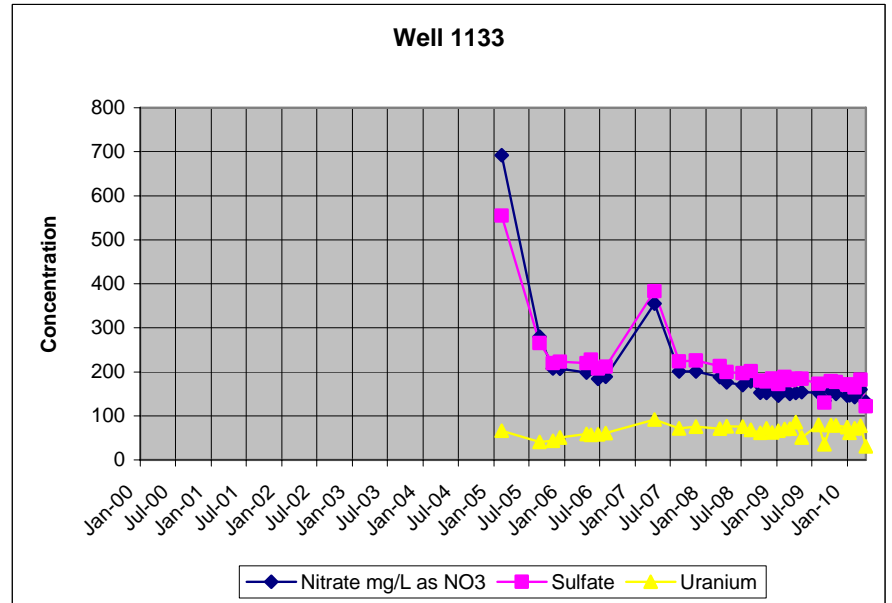
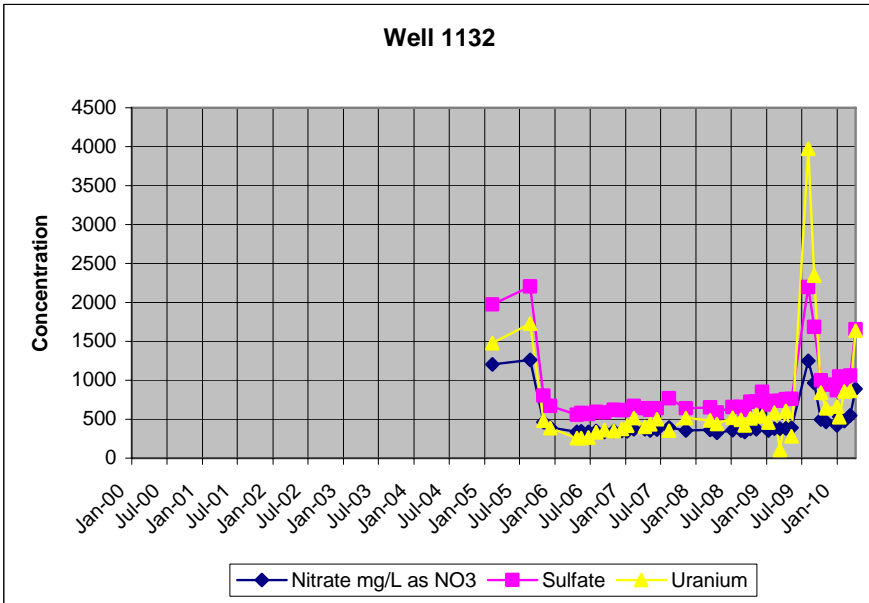
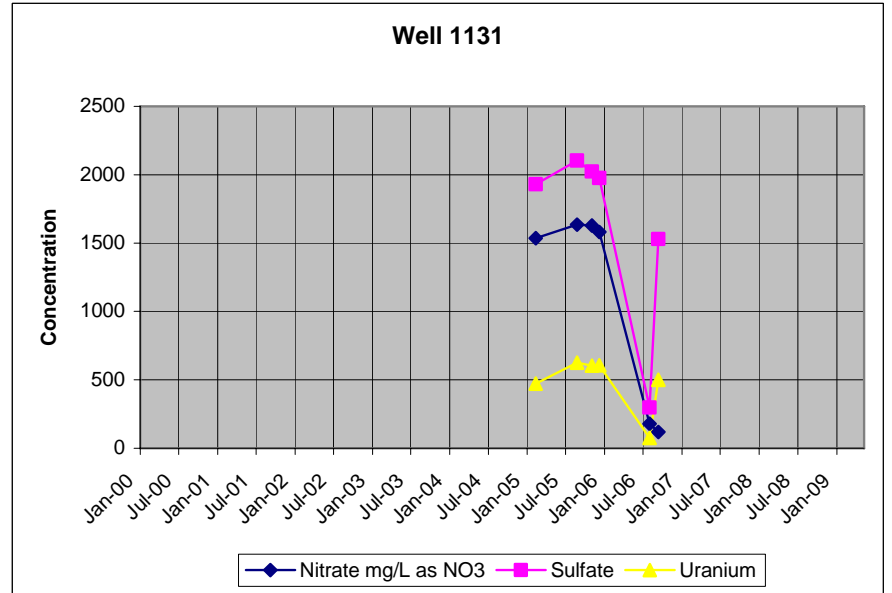
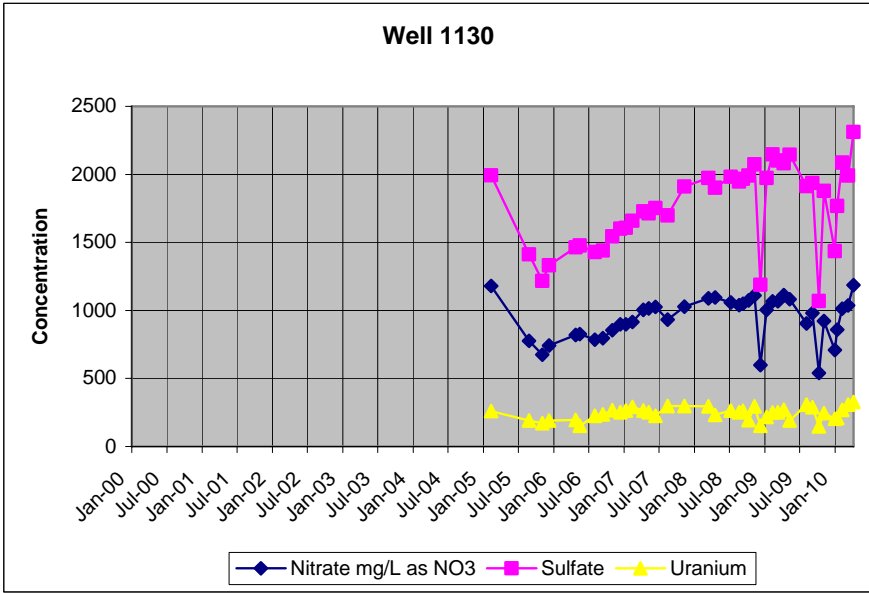












Appendix G
Calculation Sets

This page intentionally left blank

Contents

Calculation 1 Estimated Volume and Mass of Groundwater Contamination for the Baseline Period	G-1
Calculation 2 Estimated Aquifer Restoration Time Based on Mass and Volume Removal Rates	G-5
Calculation 3 Calculate a Bulk Index of Aquifer Restoration for Sulfate	G-9
Calculation 4 Calculate a Bulk Index of Aquifer Restoration for Uranium	G-13

This page intentionally left blank

Calculation 1
Estimated Volume and Mass of
Groundwater Contamination for the Baseline Period

This page intentionally left blank

Calculation Set #1: Estimated Mass and volume of ground water contamination for the baseline period (originally included in July 2005 annual report)										
Tuba City, AZ, Disposal Site										
Objective:	estimate the baseline volume of contaminated groundwater of the Middle Terrace; estimate the baseline mass of dissolved nitrate, sulfate, and uranium in the groundwater									
Method:	1) estimate the area of the plume from baseline contaminant maps separately for Horizons A and B combined and Horizons C and D combined 2) estimate the vertical thickness of contamination for Horizons A and B combined and Horizons C and D combined 3) assume 25% porosity and compute the separate plume volumes for Horizons A and B combined and Horizons C and D combined 4) compute separate concentration averages for sulfate and uranium for Horizons A and B combined and Horizons C and D combined from baseline contaminant maps 5) multiply concentration average by plume volume to determine contaminant mass for Horizons A and B combined and Horizons C and D combined 6) sum the volume and mass estimates									
Calculation:										
1) map area of contaminant plume										
Horizons A and B	plume length (northeast to southwest)	4,000 ft								
	plume width	1,800 ft								
	area	7,200,000 ft ²								
Horizons C and D	plume length (northeast to southwest)	2,500 ft								
	plume width	1,800 ft								
	area	4,500,000 ft ²								
2) thickness of contamination										
Horizons A and B					Horizons C and D					
thickness Horizon A		25 ft			thickness Horizon C		50 ft			
thickness Horizon B		50 ft			thickness Horizon D		25 ft			
A&B combined thickness		75 ft			C&D combined thickness		75 ft			
assumptions										
		*approximately the upper half of Horizon A not saturated during baseline period					*entire thickness of Horizon C contaminated			
		*Horizon B is fully saturated					*Horizon D not contaminated at many locations, assume 50% contaminated thickness			
3) plume volumes										
Horizons A and B	volume of contaminated groundwater	135,000,000 ft ³					135,000,000 ft ³			
		1,012,500,000 gal					1,013,000,000 gal			
		3,832,312,500 L					3,832,000,000 L			
Horizons C and D	volume of contaminated groundwater	28,125,000 ft ³					28,000,000 ft ³			
		210,937,500 gal					211,000,000 gal			
		798,398,438 L					798,000,000 L			
4) baseline concentrations										
Horizons A and B					Horizons C and D					
well	Horizon	U mg/L	sulfate mg/L	nitrate mg/L as NO ₃	well	Horizon	U mg/L	sulfate mg/L	N mg/L as NO ₃	
262	B	0.379	931	380	1101	D	0.245	960	438	
263	B	0.485	1990	1140	1102	D	0.533	1320	650	
265	B	0.090	1520	720	1103	D	0.355	2570	1120	
267	B	0.073	3680	1640	1104	D	0.194	1870	993	
906	A	0.951	1660	1470	1105	D	2.100	1590	648	
908	B	0.122	2430	651	1106	D	2.100	1050	614	
909	B	0.040	666	485	1107	D	0.118	1200	1060	
934	B	0.312	7360	2320	1108	D	0.646	3400	1410	
936	B	0.267	4360	2950	1109	D	0.565	3280	798	
940	A	0.546	7550	1800	1110	D	0.053	512	227	
941	A	0.089	745	358	1111	D	0.161	988	421	
942	B	0.246	3030	1360	1112	D	0.130	1140	617	
944	B	0.950	1590	1010	1113	D	0.053	250	143	
geometric mean mg/L		0.231	2174	1028	1114	D	0.040	328	228	
					1115	D	0.410	1930	766	
					1116	D	0.040	250	106	
					1117	D	0.040	255	225	
					1118	D	0.040	250	164	
					1119	D	0.555	1560	468	
					1120	D	1.3	2330	493	
					1121	D	0.849	2590	535	
					1122	D	0.878	2960	954	
					1123	D	0.261	1240	643	
					1124	D	0.171	1170	781	
					1125	D	0.04	250	104	
					912	C	0.04	846	403	
					geometric mean mg/L		0.214	1020	464	
5) mass calculation										
Horizons A and B	mass uranium	884 kg			6) total volume and masses					
		1,949 lb			total volume contaminated groundwater	163,000,000 ft ³				
	mass sulfate	8,330,201 kg				1,222,500,000 gal				
		18,359,764 lb				4,627,162,500 L				
	mass N as NO ₃	3,940,636 kg			total mass uranium	1,055 kg				
		8,685,162 lb				2,326 lb				
Horizons C and D	mass uranium	171 kg			total mass sulfate	9,144,511 kg				
		377 lb				20,154,502 lb				
	mass sulfate	814,310 kg			total mass nitrate as NO₃	4,310,973 kg				
		1,794,738 lb				9,501,384 lb				
	mass N as NO ₃	370,337 kg								
		816,223 lb								

Figure G-1. Calculation Set, Estimated Mass and Volume of Ground Water Contamination, Tuba City, Arizona, Disposal Site

This page intentionally left blank

Calculation 2
Estimated Aquifer Restoration Time
Based on Mass and Volume Removal Rates

This page intentionally left blank

Calculation Set #2: Estimated aquifer restoration time based on mass and volume removal rates									
Tuba City Site									
Annual Performance Evaluation Report									
Period of Review: April 2009 through March 2010									
Objective:	Estimate aquifer cleanup times								
Method:	Compare mass and volume removed as of April 1, 2010 to estimates of initial contaminant inventory; predict cleanup time calculated removal rates to date.								
Calculation:	Estimate #1: Initial contaminant volume and mass estimates from DOE Baseline Performance Evaluation, May 2003. Estimate #2: Initial contaminant volume and mass estimates recalculated for April 2005 - March 2006 Performance Evaluation Report - see Calculation Set #1								
Estimate #1									
	initial mass lb	cumulative removed lb	% removed		initial vol gal	cumulative removed gal	# pore vols removed	% plume vol removed	
Nitrate	12,400,000	1,135,649	9		3.40E+09	338,423,000	0.100	10	
Sulfate	17,900,000	2,862,526	16		2.70E+09	338,423,000	0.125	13	
Uranium	2,800	720.9	26		3.00E+09	338,423,000	0.113	11	
	mass removal			# yrs		pore volume	1-pore volume	1-pore volume	# yrs
	rate % per yr	cleanup time, yrs	cleanup date	until cleanup		removal rate % / yr	cleanup time, yrs	cleanup date	until cleanup
Nitrate	1.2	85	2087	77		1.3	78	2080	71
Sulfate	2.1	49	2051	41		1.6	62	2064	54
Uranium	3.3	30	2032	22		1.4	69	2071	61
t1=	15-Jun-02								
t2=	01-Apr-10								
t2 - t1=	7.8 yrs								
Estimate #2									
	initial mass lb	cumulative removed lb	% removed		initial vol gal	cumulative removed gal	# pore vols removed	% plume vol removed	
Nitrate	9,500,000	1,135,649	12		1.20E+09	338,423,000	0.282	28	
Sulfate	20,000,000	2,862,526	14		1.20E+09	338,423,000	0.282	28	
Uranium	2,300	720.9	31		1.20E+09	338,423,000	0.282	28	
	mass removal			# yrs		pore volume	1-pore volume	1-pore volume	# yrs
Projection	rate % per yr	cleanup time, yrs	cleanup date	until cleanup		removal rate % / yr	cleanup time, yrs	cleanup date	until cleanup
Nitrate	1.5	65	2067	57		3.6	28	2030	20
Sulfate	1.8	54	2056	47		3.6	28	2030	20
Uranium	4.0	25	2027	17		3.6	28	2030	20
t1=	15-Jun-02								
t2=	1-Apr-10								
t2 - t1=	7.8 yrs								

Figure G-2. Calculation Set 2, Estimated Aquifer Restoration Time Based on Mass and Volume Removal Rates

This page intentionally left blank

Calculation 3

Calculate a Bulk Index of Aquifer Restoration for Sulfate

This page intentionally left blank

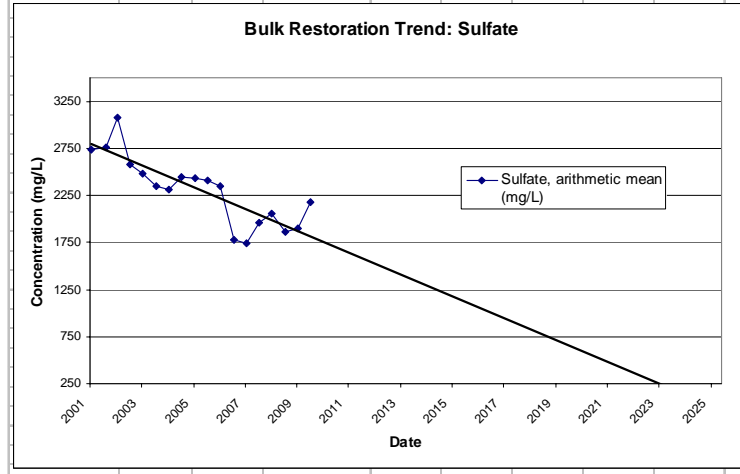
Calculation Set #3: Calculate a bulk index of aquifer restoration for sulfate
Tuba City, AZ, Disposal Site

Objective: Develop a bulk concentration index for measuring restoration progress for sulfate.

Method: 1) Compute an average concentration of a contaminant for a given sampling date/event for a selected group of monitor wells within the contaminant plume.
 2) Plot the computed averages over time.

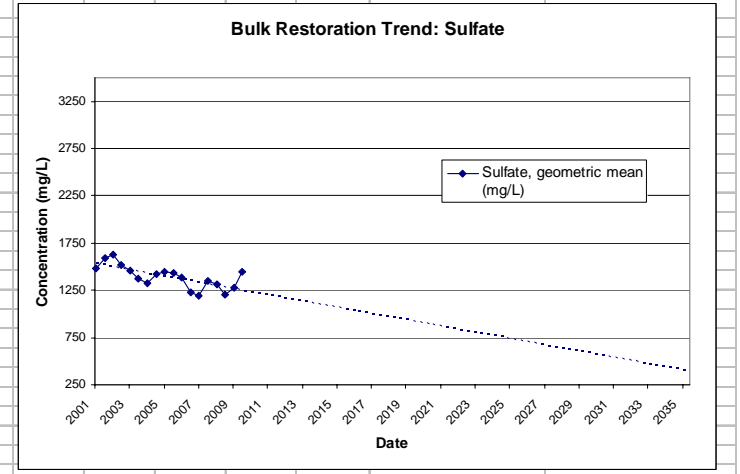
Calculation: The selected monitor wells below have the most comprehensive data set and are located throughout the contaminant plume in Horizons A and B.
 No historical data exist for Horizons C and D within the contaminant plume.
 Note: Where data are absent in the table below, concentrations are carried forward from the previous date as shown in **bold italic**.

Date	Sulfate (mg/L)														arithmetic mean (mg/L)	Sulfate, geometric mean (mg/L)	
	0262	0263	0265	0267	0906	0908	0909	0929	0934	0936	0940	0941	0942				
08/16/2001	931	1990	1520	3620	1840	2310	419	19.9	7450	4570	7230	620	3030	baseline		2735	1482
03/06/2002	931	1990	1520	3680	1660	2430	666	28.1	7360	4360	7550	745	3030	baseline		2765	1594
08/20/2002	931	1990	1520	3530	1690	2330	637	27.9	11900	4400	7550	745	2680			3072	1625
02/06/2003	931	1990	1520	3550	1660	2430	629	27.6	2970	4880	9180	920	2790			2575	1524
08/06/2003	1190	1640	1070	3690	1650	2400	564	29.1	2640	3240	10300	1010	2890			2486	1453
02/12/2004	1190	1640	1070	3690	1650	2400	540	29.1	1900	3200	9600	800	2800			2347	1375
08/31/2004	1000	1900	800	3500	1700	2600	590	26	2300	2500	9600	710	2900			2317	1331
02/10/2005	1000	2100	810	3700	1900	3000	680	26	2300	2700	9600	890	3000			2439	1426
08/31/2005	830	2000	1100	3600	1900	3000	770	28	2500	2600	9600	890	2800			2432	1450
02/22/2006	820	2000	1000	3500	2100	3000	840	27	2400	2100	9600	890	3000			2406	1431
08/31/2006	960	2000	1100	3600	2100	2700	810	27	2300	1600	9600	750	2900			2342	1390
02/22/2007	1000	2100	990	3400	2100	2900	870	23	2600	1600	1701	780	3100			1782	1230
8/16/2007	1100	2000	1000	3100	2000	2800	850	23	2500		1701	880	3000			1746	1194
2/5/2008	1400	2200	1300	3400	2000	3000	930	25	2800		2200	1000	3200			1955	1352
8/20/2008	1600	2200	1300	3800		3100	960	23	3000			1200	3400			2058	1307
02/25/2009	1400	2000	1200	3300		2700	910	22	2700			1200	3200			1863	1200
08/13/2009	1600	2000	1300	3200	1700	2800	910	23	2900			1200	3200			1894	1277
02/09/2010	2100	3100	1300	3600	1900	3000	900	25	3200			1400	3400			2175	1450



t1= Jun-02
 t2= Feb-10
 t2 - t1= 7.6 yr
 t3= Jun-18 extrapolated

projected cleanup time from t1= 16 yr
 projected cleanup time from t2= 8 yr



t1= Jun-02
 t2= Feb-10
 t2 - t1= 7.6 yr
 t3= Jun-30 extrapolated

projected cleanup time from t1= 28 yr
 projected cleanup time from t2= 20 yr

Figure G-3. Calculation Set 3, Calculate a Bulk Index of Aquifer Restoration for Sulfate

This page intentionally left blank

Calculation 4
Calculate a Bulk Index of Aquifer Restoration for Uranium

This page intentionally left blank

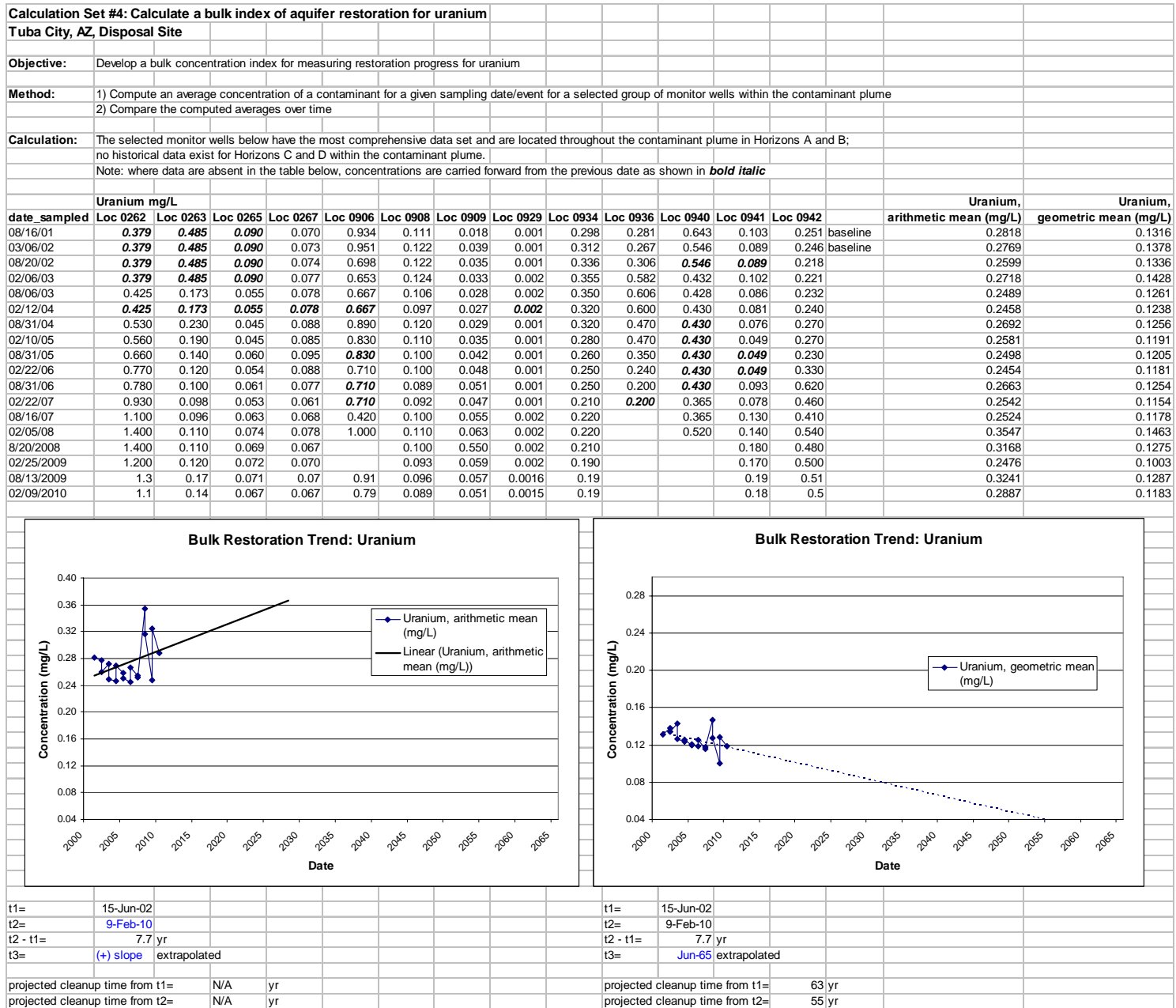


Figure G-4. Calculation Set 4, Calculate a Bulk Index of Aquifer Restoration for Uranium

This page intentionally left blank