N.1.6-5 DOE/OR/20722-22 UC-70A

Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program (FUSRAP) Contract No. DE-AC05-810R20722

RADIOLOGICAL SURVEY REPORT FOR THE DUPONT CHAMBER WORKS PLANT

Deepwater, New Jersey

Bechtel National, Inc. Advanced Technology Division

June 1984



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DOE/OR/20722-22 UC-70A

RADIOLOGICAL SURVEY OF THE E. I. DUPONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY CHAMBERS WORKS PLANT DEEPWATER, NEW JERSEY

June 1984

Prepared for

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY OAK RIDGE OPERATIONS Under Contract DE-AC05-810R20722

By

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Bechtel Job No. 14501

ABSTRACT

During October and November 1983, a radiological survey was conducted in six separate areas of the DuPont Chambers Works Plant in Deepwater, New Jersey. The survey was performed as part of the Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program (FUSRAP), a U.S. Department of Energy effort to identify, clean up, or otherwise control sites where low-level radioactive contamination (exceeding current guidelines) remains from the early years of the nation's atomic energy program.

A 1977 radiological survey conducted by Oak Ridge National Laboratory had established that contamination existed at the site. The 1983 survey was necessary to define locations and boundaries of the contamination. The survey was conducted by the FUSRAP Program Management Contractor, Bechtel National, Inc., and its radiological subcontractor, Eberline Instrument Corporation.

Measurements taken during the 1983 radiological survey indicate that five of the six site areas surveyed are contaminated above current guidelines. In both soil and water samples, the major contaminant was found to be uranium-238. In some areas, contamination was found at depths greater than 3 m (9 ft), and in some cases contamination extended into the water table.

If remedial action were performed at the site, approximately 5300 m^3 (6900 yd^3) of contaminated materials would require removal to decontaminate exterior areas. One building would require surface decontamination [approximately 75 m^3 (100 yd^3) of material] or total demolition [approximately 2300 m^3 (3000 yd^3) of material]. However, in the areas of subsurface contamination, measures currently enforced by DuPont to protect against the site's chemical contaminants are adequate to protect personnel from the low-level radioactive contamination.

iii

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
Abbr	eviations	xi
1.0	Introduction and Summary	1
2.0	Site Description and History	3
	2.1 Location and Description2.2 Site History and Previous Radiological Surveys2.3 Present Site Conditions	3 3 6
3.0	Health and Safety Plan	8
4.0	Survey Procedures	9
	 4.1 Field Survey Procedures 4.1.1 Measurements Taken and Methods Used 4.1.2 Sample Collection and Analyses 4.2 Building 845 Survey Procedures 4.2.1 Measurements Taken and Methods Used 4.2.2 Sample Collection and Analyses 	9 9 10 19 19 20
5.0	Survey Results	23
	5.1 Field Survey Results 5.1.1 Building 845 Area 5.1.2 Central Drainage Ditch 5.1.3 F Corral Parking Area 5.1.4 Building J-26 Area 5.1.5 East Burial Area 5.1.6 Lagoon A 5.1.7 Lagoon B and Lagoon C 5.2 Building 845 Survey Results 5.2.1 First Level 5.2.2 Second Level 5.2.3 Third Level 5.2.4 Fourth Level	23 24 25 26 27 27 28 28 28 28 28 29 31 31 31
6.0	Significance of Findings	47
	6.1 Field Survey 6.1.1 Building 845 Area 6.1.2 Central Drainage Ditch 6.1.3 "F" Corral Parking Area 6.1.4 Building J-26 Area 6.1.5 East Burial Area 6.1.6 Lagoon A	47 47 49 51 51 51
	6.2 Building 845 Survey	53
Refe	rences	63

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure	Title	Page
2-1	Location of the DuPont Chambers Works Plant	4
2-2	Aerial Photograph of the DuPont Chambers Works Plant, Looking East	5
4-1	Boreholes and Sampling Locations in the Vicinity of Building 845	11
4-2	Borehole and Sediment Sample Locations, Central Drainage Ditch and Feeder Ditch	13
4-3	Boreholes and Sampling Locations, F Corral Area	15
4-4	Boreholes and Water Sampling Locations, Building J-26 Area	16
4-5	Borehole and Sampling Locations, East Burial Area	17
4-6	Borehole and Sediment Sampling Locations, Lagoon A	18
4-7	Core Borings and Soil Sample Locations, Building 845 (Ground Floor)	21
6-1	Building 845 Area and Wooden Trough Requiring Remedial Action	48
6-2	F Corral Area Requiring Remedial Action	50
6-3	East Burial Area Requiring Remedial Action	52

vii

LIST OF FIGURES (continued)

Figure	Title	Page
6-4	Building 845, First Floor: Areas of Surface Contamination on Floor, Walls, and Floor/Wall Intersections	54
6-5	Building 845, First Floor Ceiling: Areas of Surface Contamination	55
6-6	Building 845, Second Floor: Areas of Contamination on Floor, Walls, and Floor/Wall Intersections	56
6-7	Building 845, Second Floor Ceiling: Areas of Surface Contamination	57
6-8	Building 845, Third Floor: Areas of Surface Contamination on Floor, Walls, and Floor/Wall Intersections	58
6-9	Building 845, Third Floor Ceiling: Areas of Surface Contamination	59
6-10	Building 845, Fourth Floor, Areas of Surface Contamination on Floor, Walls, and Floor/Wall Intersections	60
6-11	Building 895, Fourth Floor Ceiling: Areas of Surface Contamination	61
6-12	Areas of Contamination Beneath Building 845	62

98.211

LIST OF TABLES

Table	Title	Page
5-1	Background Radiation Levels and Radionuclide Concentrations	33
5-2	Radionuclide Concentrations in the Delaware River	34
5-3	Residual Contamination Guidelines for FUSRAP Sites	35
5-4	DuPont Chambers Works Site: Pre-Remedial Action Summary of Outdoor Measurement Results	36
5-5	DuPont Chambers Works Site: Gamma Spectrometry of Soil Samples	37
5-6	DuPont Chambers Works Site: Gamma Spectrometry of Sediment Samples	42
5-7	DuPont Chambers Works Site: Gamma Spectrometry of Water Samples	43
5-8	DuPont Chambers Works Site: Pre-Remedial Action Summary of Building 845 Measurement Results	45

іx

ABBREVIATIONS

cm	centimeter
cm ²	square centimeter
cpm	counter per minute
dpm/cm ²	disintegrations per minute per
	square centimeter
ft	foot
ha	hectare
1	liter
m	meter
µR/h	microroentgens per hour
mg	milligram
mrad/h	millirads per hour
pCi/g	picocuries per gram
pCi/l	picocuries per liter
yd ³	cubic yards

1.0 INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY

This report describes the procedures, results, and significance of findings for a radiological survey conducted during October and November 1983 at the DuPont Chambers Works Plant in Deepwater, New Jersey. The survey was conducted as part of the Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program (FUSRAP). FUSRAP is a U. S. Department of Energy (DOE) program to identify, clean up, or otherwise control sites where low-level radioactive contamination, at levels above current guidelines, remains from the early years of the nation's atomic energy program. Under contract to DOE, Bechtel National, Inc., (BNI) acts as the Program Management Contractor (PMC) for FUSRAP.

An earlier radiological survey, performed in 1977 by Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL), established that contamination existed at the site and resulted in its designation as a FUSRAP site (Ref. 1). The 1983 radiological survey was necessary to define the locations and boundaries of the contamination identified in the ORNL survey, as a prelude to possible remedial action at the site. BNI and its radiological subcontractor, Eberline Instrument Corporation (EIC), conducted the 1983 survey.

Six separate areas were surveyed throughout the site: Building 845 (interior and exterior); Central Drainage Ditch; F Corral parking area; Building J-26 area; East Burial Area and Lagoon A.

Surface and subsurface measurements in the J-26 area indicate the area is not contaminated above guidelines. All other areas surveyed were contaminated above guidelines. In some areas, subsurface contamination exists at depths greater than 3 m (9 ft). Due to the high water table under the DuPont site, contamination at depths below the water line could not be quantified. The major contaminant on site was found to be uranium-238, both in water and soil samples.

5670A:0237A 06/20/84

Over large areas on-site, there was an indication of migration of uranium-238 in groundwater. Groundwater uranium-238 concentrations ranged from background levels to over 150,000 pCi/l. Contamination in soil was found to exist in stratified layers down to the water table.

External-gamma radiation levels ranged from 11.2 to 22.8 uR/h. These levels are above the normal background level for the DuPont area; however, they are below the DOE guideline of 60 uR/h above background.

The survey also determined the extent of contamination present in Building 845. The building was surveyed for beta-gamma and alpha contamination; elevated dose rates and above-guideline alpha surface contamination were measured on all four levels of the building. First floor corehole loggings indicated areas of contamination beneath the building up to depths of 1.2 m (4 ft).

If remedial action were to be performed at the site, a total of approximately 5300 m^3 (6900 yd³) of contaminated materials would have to be excavated from the site's exterior areas. In addition, surface decontamination of Building 845 would result in approximately 75 m^3 (100 yd³) of material. Total demolition of Building 845 would result in approximately 2300 m^3 (3000 yd³) of material. In areas of subsurface radioactive contamination, measures presently required by DuPont to protect against chemical contaminants are adequate to protect personnel from the low level radioactive contamination.

5670A:0237A 06/20/84

2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION AND HISTORY

2.1 LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

The DuPont Chambers Works Plant is an active chemical plant which presently produces bulk quantities of tetraethyl lead, toluene, benzene, various chloride compounds, and metallic sodium. The Chambers Works covers approximately 283 ha (700 acres) in Pennsville and Carneys Point townships on the southeast shore of the Delaware River, adjacent to the residential community of Deepwater, New Jersey. The site location is illustrated in Figure 2-1.

The following areas were investigated as part of the site radiological survey: Building 845 interior and exterior area, F Corral (demolished Building 708, now a parking area), Building J-26 area, East Burial Area, sections of the Central Drainage Ditch, and Lagoon A. These areas are shown in an aerial photograph of the site presented in Figure 2-2.

2.2 SITE HISTORY AND PREVIOUS RADIOLOGICAL SURVEYS

Operations involving uranium at the Chambers Works began in 1942. DuPont was conducting experiments with uranium hexafluoride under contract to the U. S. Office of Scientific Research and Development when the Manhattan Engineer District (MED) was established. As a part of its work on the MED program, DuPont worked on developing a process for converting uranium oxide to produce uranium tetrafluoride and small quantities of uranium metal. Other research activities were also performed.

All MED activities were transferred to the Atomic Energy Commission (AEC) when that agency was created by Congress in 1946. DuPont continued its research activities for AEC until late 1947.

In 1948 and 1949, the AEC conducted radiological surveys and decontamination activities at the site. These activities included

5670A:0237A 06/20/84



FIGURE 2-1 LOCATION OF THE DUPONT CHAMBERS WORKS PLANT

sandblasting, vacuuming, and washing building surfaces. Following a radiological survey based on then-existing criteria, AEC released the buildings back to DuPont in 1949.

In March 1977, another radiological survey of the site was conducted by ORNL as part of FUSRAP. The 1977 survey results indicated that elevated concentrations of uranium were present in rubble from the operations building and in some surface and subsurface soil samples. Alpha and beta-gamma contamination levels in some areas of Building 845 were above present Federal guidelines (Ref. 1). The 1977 survey concluded that, under current conditions of site use, this contamination does not cause employees working at the site to receive radiation exposures appreciably different from those due to background radiation. However, under different conditions of use (e.g., actions which involved agitation or abrasion of dry contaminated surfaces), the potential for low-level radiation exposures to employees and the public could result.

Based on the 1977 survey results, the DOE Assistant Secretary for Environment determined that the DuPont site warranted remedial action under FUSRAP. In its role as PMC for FUSRAP, BNI conducted the 1983 survey to more accurately define the boundaries and depth of contamination at the site.

2.3 PRESENT SITE CONDITIONS

Of the three buildings used for MED activities, only Building 845 remains. Building 845 is presently used as a miscellaneous stores warehouse. The other two buildings were demolished during the period from 1945 to 1953.

In 1945, part of Building 708 was demolished and removed from the site. In 1953 the remainder of Building 708 was removed along with several feet of underlying earth. Materials removed in 1953 were disposed of in the area now known as the East Burial Area. A parking facility, F Corral, is now located on the location of Building 708.

5670A:0237A 06/20/84

Following release of the site by the AEC in 1949, Building J-16 was demolished and disposed of in the East Burial Area. A new building, J-26, now stands at this location.

The East Burial Area contains debris and equipment from the demolition of Buildings J-16 and 708. In addition, various chemical wastes have been stored in this area.

The Central Drainage Ditch is in approximately the same location as in the 1940s. The primary purpose of the ditch is to carry residual wastes from chemical operations. In the past, residual wastes from Building 845 were discharged into a wooden trough located east of the building. The trough dumped into the Central Drainage Ditch approximately 150 feet north of Building 845. The Central Drainage Ditch flows toward the northeast adjacent to the northwest corner of Building 845 and drains out into the eastern corner of Lagoon A. The composite from Lagoon A is then pumped into the on-site water treatment facility for chemical processing of the waste.

3.0 HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

The presence of various chemicals used and manufactured at the site posed potential health hazards to employees involved in the sampling and handling of subsurface soil and water samples. These conditions necessitated the use of special measures to protect employees involved with the subsurface investigations and a Health and Safety Plan was designed by BNI.

The primary components of the Health and Safety Plan were: pre-work medical examinations; safety education in handling and sampling precautions; personal protective equipment consisting of gloves, shoe covers, disposable coveralls, eye protection, hard hats, and butyl-rubber air supplied suits; urine sampling; and follow-up medical examinations performed upon completion of the survey. Controls required for chemical protection were reviewed and approved by DuPont. All drilling and soil sampling in the Central Drainage Ditch, Lagoon A, and East Burial Area, under direction from DuPont, was carried out with drillers and support personnel attired in one-piece, air-supplied butyl-rubber suits. In addition, two thirty-minute self-contained breathing apparatus air cylinders were used during the sediment sampling west and northwest of Building 845 along secondary drainage ditches.

During the radiological survey, the FUSRAP BNI Safety Supervisor was present and supervised operations. There were no recorded illnesses or injuries involving any person working on this survey. Medical examinations given at the conclusion of the survey showed no evidence of personnel having been exposed to hazardous chemicals.

5670A:0237A 06/20/84

4.0 SURVEY PROCEDURES

4.1 FIELD SURVEY PROCEDURES

The survey grid system for the site, exclusive of the grid for the interior of Building 845, was established by a civil surveyor during October 1983 and was based on the New Jersey State geological survey. The areas surveyed on a 15-m (50-ft) grid included Lagoon A, East Burial Area, Central Drainage Ditch, F Corral parking lot, areas around Building J-26, and areas around Building 845. The radiological measurements taken and the methods used for taking the measurements are described in the following sections.

4.1.1 Measurements Taken and Methods Used

Within the grid blocks of all field areas, beta-gamma measurements were made on the ground surfaces at 6-m (20-ft) intervals. The measurements were made using a pancake geometry (Geiger-Mueller) probe coupled to a digital ratemeter/scaler [Eberline Instrument Corporation (EIC) models HP-210 and PRS-1, respectively.].

Near-surface gamma measurements were made 30 cm (12 in.) above the ground surface at 6-m (20-ft) intervals within the grid using a 5 cm x 5 cm (2 in. x 2 in.) sodium-iodide (NaI) detector. This detector (EIC model SPA-3) was mounted in a probe assembly surrounded with a conical lead shield to reduce the gamma intensity through the sides, thus producing a downward directional response.

Gamma exposure rates at 1 m (3 ft) above the ground were measured using a pressurized ionization chamber (PIC) with a response to gamma radiation that is proportional to exposure in roentgens. Readings were made at 15-m (50-ft) intervals above all open area surfaces in all gridded areas (gamma exposure rate measurements were not taken in the J-26 area).

Boreholes 15 cm (6 in.) in diameter were drilled in all areas. Drilling was conducted in accordance with safety precautions

5670A:0237A 06/20/84

described in Section 3.0. The locations and number of holes in each area were based on near-surface gamma measurements made in the area and the historical data on the site. A section of 10-cm (4-in.) diameter PVC plastic pipe with a closed bottom was inserted into each hole as a temporary sleeve to allow gamma logging. A 5-cm x 5-cm (2-in. x 2-in.) NaI (T1) gamma scintillation detector (SPA-3 NaI crystal in a modified probe used specifically for borehole logging), coupled with a PRS-1 ratemeter/scaler, was lowered into the pipe to obtain a profile of the depth of contamination. Timed gamma measurements were made at 15-cm (6-in.) vertical intervals. By calibrating these measurements with the results from laboratory analyses of soil samples, borehole loggings provide a reliable estimate of radionuclide concentrations in subsurface soils.

4.1.2 Sample Collection and Analyses

Building 845 (Exterior) Area

In the area surrounding Building 845, in addition to the boreholes drilled for gamma logging, undisturbed (Shelby tube) soil samples, water samples, and sediment samples were taken. The locations of the boreholes and of each type of sample taken are illustrated in Figure 4-1. In some cases, more than one type of sample was taken at the same location.

Based on the gamma logs, four Shelby tube soil samples were taken in areas which had revealed the most significant subsurface deposits of radioactivity. The soil samples extended to 30 cm (1 ft) below the depth of the radionuclide deposits as indicated by the gamma logging. Shelby tubes, 61 cm long and 7.6 cm in diameter (24 in. x 3 in.) were used to collect these soil samples. The soil in the tubes was extruded in 10-cm (4-in.) sections and placed in 500 ml plastic containers, identified, and packaged. The samples were shipped to DOE's Niagara Falls Storage Site (NFSS), where they were dried, pulverized and homogenized before they were analyzed for uranium-238. The samples were analyzed by EIC personnel using the high resolution gamma spectrometry system in the FUSRAP in situ van

5670A:0237A 06/20/84



FIGURE 4-1 BOREHOLES AND SAMPLING LOCATIONS IN THE VICINITY OF BUILDING 845

(Ref. 2). Each sample was analyzed 10 minutes using an intrinsicgermanium detector [30 percent efficiency as compared to a 7.6 x 7.6 cm (3 in. x 3 in.) NaI detector] housed in a lead counting cave lined with cadmium and copper. The detector is coupled to a computer-base pulse height analyzer. Following the initial gamma spectrometry analysis of the soil samples, aliquots of selected samples were taken and sent to the EIC laboratory in Albuquerque, New Mexico for radiochemical analysis. This analysis was performed to measure the concentrations of uranium-234 and uranium-235 in the samples and also to verify the uranium-238 analysis.

Water samples also were collected from all boreholes in the Building 845 area whenever the water table was reached. Watertable depth proved to vary from 1 m to 1.3 m (3 ft to 4 ft). Water samples were collected in one-liter plastic sample bottles, clearly marked, and identified. Chemical contamination of the water samples was evident through both odor and consistency of the liquid. For handling precautions, analytical laboratory personnel were advised of the possibility of chemical contamination. All water samples collected were shipped to the EIC Albuquerque laboratory for analysis for uranium-234, uranium-235, and uranium-238 by radiochemical techniques.

Ten sediment samples were collected at 15-m (50-ft) intervals in the wooden drainage trough east of Building 845. Prior to analysis, all samples were heated to 600°C (1,112°F) to remove organics and eliminate possible chemical exposures during handling. Sediment samples then were analyzed using the same methods used for soil samples.

Central Drainage Ditch

Ten sediment samples were collected from the Central Drainage Ditch between grid location N4700-2485 and N5150-E3220. Sediment sampling locations are shown in Figure 4-2. Sediment samples were collected primarily utilizing foot and traffic bridges and in areas of the ditch that were accessible during drilling operations.

5670A:0237A 06/20/84



FIGURE 4-2 BOREHOLE AND SEDIMENT SAMPLE LOCATIONS, CENTRAL DRAINAGE DITCH AND FEEDER DITCH

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Four sediment samples were collected at 15-m (50-ft) intervals from the "Feeder" Ditch. All sediment samples taken were heated to 600°C (1,112°F) to remove organics and to eliminate possible chemical exposures during handling. Samples were then analyzed for radioactivity by the same methods used for soil samples.

F Corral Parking Area

Two Shelby tube soil samples were collected in the F Corral parking area. Samples were collected and analyzed in the same manner as described earlier. Water samples also were collected from boreholes in the F Corral when applicable. Water was collected and analyzed as described earlier. Sampling locations are shown in Figure 4-3.

Building J-26 Area (Former J-16)

Water samples were collected from boreholes when possible in the Building J-26 area. Boreholes and water sample locations are shown in Figure 4-4.

East Burial Area

In the East Burial Area, two locations were selected for Shelby tube soil samples. These samples were taken in the immediate vicinity of the two boreholes which revealed the most significant subsurface deposits of radioactivity. Water samples also were collected from boreholes when possible. Sampling locations are shown in Figure 4-5.

Lagoon A

Two sediment samples were taken from Lagoon A, and were processed using the same method as used on the sediment samples taken from central drainage ditch. Sampling locations are shown in Figure 4-6. In addition, three sediment samples were obtained from Lagoon B (not shown).

5670A:0237A 06/20/84



FIGURE 4-3 BOREHOLES AND SAMPLING LOCATIONS, F CORRAL AREA



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FIGURE 4-5 BOREHOLE AND SAMPLING LOCATIONS, EAST BURIAL AREA



4.2 BUILDING 845 SURVEY PROCEDURES

The grid system used for Building 845 consisted of a 1.8-m x 1.8-m (6-ft x 6-ft) grid established on the walls, floors and ceilings. Building 845 presently has four floors. During early plant operation this was not the case. The building contained equipment which reached from the ground floor to the upper parts of the building, and upper floors were only partial -- to varying extents. The present upper floors contain original flooring and recently added "new" flooring. For the purposes of this radiological survey, each floor of Building 845 was gridded independently and random measurements were made on the new floor areas to verify that these areas were not contaminated.

4.2.1 Measurements Taken and Methods Used

The surface of each floor of Building 845 was monitored for beta-gamma radiation with a total of five measurements made in each grid segment on the original floor areas and random measurements made on the new floor areas. Measurements were made with a thin window (7 mg/cm²) Geiger-Mueller detector with digital readout (EIC model HP-210/PRS-1). The HP-210 detector was in contact with floor surfaces. Five 30-second counts were obtained and recorded in each grid block. Measurements were made along the floor-wall intersection and along new and old floor joints at 3 foot intervals.

Wall surface measurements were obtained in the same manner as those for floor surfaces. A 1.8-m (6-ft) grid was used from the floor to a height of 1.8-m (6-ft) above the floor. For upper walls the grid was increased to 5 m (16 ft). All horizontal surfaces, such as window sills, etc. also were scanned and radiation levels were recorded. All wall measurements are referenced to the floor grid numbering system.

5670A:0237A 06/20/84

Ceilings were monitored in the same manner as floors and walls. Measurement points were selected on horizontal and vertical surfaces such as beams, pipes, ledges, etc. in each building unit (rooms, halls, etc.). All ceiling measurements were referenced to the floor grid numbering system.

Alpha radiation measurements were made at the same locations as beta-gamma measurements, using a 59 cm² zinc sulfide (ZnS) scintillation detector with digital readout (Eberline models AC-3/PRS-1).

Based on results of the 1977 ORNL survey, and surface beta-gamma measurements conducted during the 1983 building survey, 27 locations were identified for coring through the ground floor concrete slab. Locations are illustrated in Figure 4-7. Typical cores indicated the concrete slab was 10 to 15 cm (4 to 6 in.) thick, with spread foundation footing 15 cm to 45 cm (6 to 18 in.) deep under columns.

A sealed drain trench was located in core boring number 4 (CB-4) and CB-6. The trench extended approximately 11 m (35 ft) south of CB-6 and was an average 45 cm (1.5 ft) deep. In CB-6, a 7.5-cm (3-in.) diameter steel drain pipe was located in the sealed trench at a depth of 22 cm to 30 cm (9 in. to 12 in.). This pipe contained elevated levels of radiological contamination in a dry, yellow, cake-like form.

Augering techniques inside the building varied from methods used in the exterior areas of the plant due to limited overhead clearances. A 15-cm (6-in.) diameter hand auger was used to remove soil in 10 cm (4 in.) increments, allowing sufficient clearance for insertion of the PVC pipe for downhole gamma logging.

4.2.2 <u>Sample Collection and Analysis</u>

Shelby tube soil samples were collected inside building 845 near all core boring locations. These samples were collected and analyzed

5670A:0237A 06/20/84



FIGURE 4-7 CORE BORINGS AND SOIL SAMPLE LOCATIONS, BUILDING 845 (GROUND FLOOR)

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using the same methods described in Section 4.1.2 of this report. Water samples also were taken from the borings when possible and processed as noted in Section 4.1.2.

During this radiological survey, four particulate air samplers (EIC Model RAS-1) were employed. These samplers, one on each floor, ran continuously and sampling filters were exchanged daily. Composite samples for each location were sent to the NFSS, where they were analyzed for gross alpha and beta-gamma.

Two composite dust samples also were collected from the first and fourth floors of Building 845. These samples were analyzed for uranium-238 and radium-226 at the EIC Albuquerque Laboratory.

5.0 SURVEY RESULTS

5.1 FIELD SURVEY RESULTS

All direct field measurements and laboratory results in this report represent gross readings; background measurements and concentrations have not been subtracted.

Background measurements were made in 1977 as part of the ORNL survey. At six locations on the DuPont property, at distances ranging from 300 to 1800 m (1000 to 6000 ft) from the nearest area in which radioactive materials were handled or stored, surface soil samples were taken for determination of radionuclide concentrations. Concentrations of uranium-238 in the background soil samples ranged from 0.3 to 4.0 pCi/g and averaged 1.8 pCi/g.

External gamma measurements at 1 m (3 ft) above the ground were made at the same six points. Background external gamma readings were in the range of 3 to 6 uR/h and averaged 4.5 uR/h (Ref. 1). Background radiation rates and radionuclide concentrations in soil are summarized in Table 5-1, at the end of Section 5.0.

In addition to these background data, a series of additional external gamma exposure rate measurements were made throughout the state of New Jersey. The average statewide measurement was 6.1 uR/h (Ref. 3).

During the 1977 ORNL survey three river water samples which were assumed to represent background concentrations were collected from the Delaware River. The results of these samples are presented in Table 5-2.

Background near-surface gamma measurements for the DuPont site were made during the 1983 BNI survey using an Eberline SPA-3 detector. These measurements showed the site's near-surface gamma reading to be 2,500 cpm.

Current DOE guidelines for radionuclide concentrations in soil, sediment and water are presented in Table 5-3.

- In all field areas, measurements were taken for near-surface gamma, surface beta-gamma, and gamma exposure rates 1 m (3 ft) above the ground (gamma exposure rates were not measured in the J-26 area). Boreholes were drilled and gamma logging was performed, and undisturbed (Shelby tube) soil samples, water samples, and sediment samples were taken in each area as appropriate.
- The results of near-surface gamma, surface beta-gamma, and gamma exposure rates are summarized in the following sections. A summary table, Table 5-4, is presented at the end of Section 5.0. Analysis results for soil, sediment, and water samples also are summarized in the following sections, with specific results reported in Tables 5-5 (soil), 5-6 (sediment), and 5-7 (water) at the end of Section 5.0.

5.1.1 Building 845 Area

Near-surface gamma readings taken in the Building 845 area ranged from 1,770 cpm to 12,246 cpm. Only four surface areas east of Building 845 exhibited readings greater than twice background. All beta-gamma measurements were below the DOE guideline of 0.20 mrad/h dose rate averaged over one square meter.

- Gamma exposure rates in the area ranged from 11.6 to 27.8 uR/h. As noted earlier, the overall site background rate measured by ORNL is 4.5 uR/h. The DOE criteria for continuous exposure to an individual in the general population is 60 uR/h above background.
- Twenty-five boreholes, ranging in depth from 1.4 to 2.8 m (4.5 to 9 ft) were drilled in the area around Building 845. Borehole gamma logging was then performed to indicate general depth and concentrations of contamination. When possible, the borehole gamma loggings were correlated with undisturbed (Shelby tube) soil sample

analysis, relating the gamma detector's cpm response to the specific radionuclide concentration in picocuries per gram (pCi/g).

Due to the high water table encountered under the DuPont site, in many instances soil samples could not be collected. However, four Shelby tube soil samples were taken in the area east of Building 845 (refer to Figure 4-1). Specific analysis results are presented in Table 5-5, which lists the samples by coordinates and depth. The results indicate uranium is the major contaminant, with levels ranging from 0.63 to 7,398.0 pCi/g. The DOE remedial action guideline for uranium is 150 pCi/g.

Ten sediment samples were collected from the drainage trough located east of Building 845. Sampling locations are shown in Figure 4-1. All samples were analyzed for uranium-238, and concentrations ranged from 10.9 to 255.6 pCi/g. Selected samples also were analyzed for uranium-234, uranium-235, thorium-232 and radium-226. Results are given in Table 5-6. All results were below the DOE guidelines for these radionuclides (Ref. 4).

Twenty-one water samples were collected from boreholes in the area around Building 845. These samples were analyzed for total uranium. Results, given in Table 5-7, range from 1.5 to 11,712.0 pCi/1.

5.1.2 Central Drainage Ditch

Near-surface gamma measurements and beta-gamma measurements were made along both sides of the Central Drainage Ditch and the Feeder Ditch. Near-surface gamma readings ranged from 1,806 to 14,532 cpm. Three measurements taken in the southwest portion of the Feeder Ditch had readings greater than twice background. All beta-gamma dose rates were below the DOE guideline.

Gamma exposure rates in the area of the Central Drainage Ditch ranged from 12.8 to 15.4 uR/h. These measurements are elevated above natural background but are below the DOE guideline of 60 uR/h.

5670A:0237A 06/20/84

Eleven boreholes were drilled along the sides of the Central Drainage Ditch (refer to Figure 4-2). Boreholes were gamma logged, and elevated measurements were detected along both sides of the ditch. All measurements were below but near the guideline limit.

Sediment samples were collected from 10 locations in the Central Drainage Ditch and 4 locations in the Feeder Ditch. These samples were analyzed for uranium-234, -235 and -238. Results ranged from 0.90 to 2.10 pCi/g for uranium-238, 0.80 to 1.90 pCi/g for uranium-234, and 0.04 to 0.15 pCi/g for uranium-235. Complete results are given in Table 5-6. All results were below the DOE guidelines.

5.1.3 F Corral Parking Area

Near-surface gamma measurements and beta-gamma measurements were made in the F Corral parking area at 6-m (20-ft) intervals. Near-surface gamma readings ranged from 1,608 to 5,020 cpm. All beta-gamma dose rates were below the DOE guideline. Gamma exposure rates in the F Corral parking area ranged from 11.6 to 13.8 uR/h.

Nineteen boreholes ranging from 0.6 to 2.7 m (2 to 9 ft) in depth were drilled in the F Corral area (refer to Figure 4-3). Based on gamma logs, subsurface contamination is indicated in layers to a depth greater than 2.7 m (9 ft).

Two Shelby tube soil samples were collected from the F Corral, and sample results are given in Table 5-5 by depth and coordinate. Uranium-238 was the major contaminant found in the parking area, with concentrations ranging from 0.90 to 4,247 pCi/g.

Eleven water samples were collected from boreholes located in the F Corral. These samples were analyzed for total uranium. Results, given in Table 5-7, ranged from 1.50 to 105,105 pCi/1.

5.1.4 Building J-26 Area

In the Building J-26 area, near-surface gamma measurements ranged from 1,568 to 4,334 cpm. Beta-gamma dose rates were below the DOE guideline.

Six boreholes were drilled in the area around Building J-26 (refer to Figure 4-4), and one water sample was collected. The total uranium concentration of the sample was 13.51 pCi/l. Analysis results are given in Table 5-7.

5.1.5 East Burial Area

Near-surface gamma readings in the East Burial area ranged from 1,212 to 17,878 cpm. Three measurements exceeded normal background levels. All beta-gamma dose rates were below the DOE guideline. Gamma exposure rates in the East Burial area ranged from 12.2 to 15.0 uR/h.

Twenty boreholes were drilled in the East Burial area (refer to Figure 4-5). Gamma loggings indicate contamination exists in layers to depths greater than 2.6 m (8.5 ft). Higher count-rates were observed in the boreholes drilled adjacent to the road.

Two Shelby tube soil samples were collected in the East Burial area, and samples were analyzed for uranium-238, thorium-232, and radium-226. Uranium-238 was the major contaminant found, with concentrations ranging from 297 to 20,810 pCi/g. Both sampling locations also showed concentrations of radium-226 above the DOE guideline, with concentrations ranging from 0.63 to 27.84 pCi/g. All thorium-232 concentrations were below the DOE guideline. Complete results are given in Table 5-5. Due to the high water table, subsurface soil samples could not be collected below 1 m (3 ft).

5670A:0237A 06/20/84

Groundwater samples were collected from two locations at a depth of 36 inches. Water samples were analyzed for total uranium. Both samples had uranium-238 concentrations below the DOE guideline.

5.1.6 Lagoon A

In the Lagoon A area, near-surface gamma measurements ranged from 1,566 to 3,436 cpm. All beta-gamma dose rates were below the DOE guideline. Gamma-ray exposure rates ranged from 11.2 to 15.8 uR/h.

Ten boreholes were drilled in the area (refer to Figure 4-6). Gamma loggings in nine boreholes exhibited readings above criteria limits and elevated readings were taken at depths greater than 2.6 m (8.5 ft).

A surface water sample was collected from Lagoon A. The total uranium concentration in the sample was 4.20 pCi/l. Results are given in Table 5-7.

5.1.7 Lagoon B and Lagoon C

A surface water sample was collected from each lagoon and each sample was analyzed for total uranium. Both showed concentrations below the DOE guideline. Results are given in Table 5-7.

5.2 BUILDING 845 SURVEY RESULTS

All building survey measurements in this report represent gross readings; background measurements have not been subtracted. Beta-gamma dose-rate measurements taken on the DuPont site in buildings that have not been contaminated with radioactive materials were less than 0.03 mrad/h (Ref. 1). DOE guidelines for the release of property for unrestricted use state that beta-gamma dose rates at 1 cm from the surface shall not exceed 0.2 mrad/h (averaged over

5670A:0237A 06/20/84

one square meter) and 1.0 mrad/h maximum in an area not greater than 100 cm^2 (Ref. 4). The guidelines also state contamination levels shall not exceed 1,000 dpm/100 cm² average and 3,000 dpm/100 cm² maximum when natural uranium is known to be the contaminant.

Results of measurements for beta-gamma dose rates and alpha contamination taken in Building 845 are summarized in the following sections. More detailed results are presented in summary form in Table 5-8. Results for soil and water samples are summarized in the following sections, with specific results reported in Tables 5-5 (soil) and 5-7 (water).

While work was being performed inside Building 845, air particulate samples were taken. All results were within the DOE guideline for gross alpha of 0.1 pCi/m^3 (for uncontrolled areas) (Ref. 5).

5.2.1 First Level

A total of five measurements were made for beta-gamma and alpha contamination in each floor grid block. Average and maximum values per grid block are recorded in this report. The floor beta-gamma dose rates per grid block ranged from 0 to 4.54 mrad/h. Alpha measurement averages ranged from 0 to 6,819 dpm/100 cm², with a maximum reading of 26,544 dpm/100 cm².

Floor/wall intersections were surveyed in 1-m (3-ft) increments for beta-gamma and alpha contamination. Beta-gamma dose rate averages ranged from 0 to 6.05 mrad/h, with a maximum reading of 8.88 mrad/h. Alpha measurement averages ranged from 0 to 10,621 dpm/100 cm², with a maximum reading of 18,041 dpm/100².

Beta-gamma dose rates measured on the ceiling ranged from 0 to 4.78 mrad/h. Alpha measurements ranged from 0 to 5,568 dpm/100 cm^2 . Beta-gamma and alpha measurement results are summarized in Table 5-8.

5670A:0237A 06/20/84

Twenty-seven coreholes were drilled through the first floor of Building 845. Locations are shown in Figure 4-7. In several locations, the auger hit the spread footings of the building's foundation. Thus, the corehole depths ranged from 0.5 to 2 m (1.5 to 6.0 ft). Eighteen boreholes indicated elevated gamma readings.

Soil samples were collected at all corehole locations and were analyzed for uranium-238, thorium-232, and radium-226. The major contaminant was uranium-238, with concentrations ranging from 0.70 to 8,334 pCi/g. Thorium-232 and radium-226 concentrations were below the DOE criteria limit. Several samples were selected for uranium-234 and uranium-235 analysis, and concentrations were below guidelines. Results are given in Table 5-5.

One water sample was collected from CB-13 at a depth of 105 cm (42 in.), and the sample was analyzed for total uranium. The analysis results given in Table 5-6 indicate 7508 pCi/l of total uranium.

During building coring operations, two coreholes were drilled into the drainage trench used during MED operations. Two soil samples were collected from the drain and analyzed for uranium-238, thorium-232 and radium-226. All analysis results were below DOE guideline.

The building's elevator shaft could not be surveyed because of flooding conditions in the shaft. During the ORNL survey, the walls of the shaft were surveyed and one sediment sample was taken and analyzed. The sediment sample showed radium-226 concentrations above guideline, while all surface readings were below guidelines (Ref. 1).

Two composite dust samples were collected from first floor beams and horizontal surfaces. Both samples were analyzed by gamma spectrometry for uranium-238, and one sample was analyzed for radium-226. Uranium results ranged from 489 to 1,625 pCi/g. The radium-226 result was below the guideline.

5670A:0237A 06/20/84

5.2.2 Second Level

Beta-gamma and alpha measurements were taken on the old floor area of the second level. The new floor area was spot checked for contamination. Beta-gamma dose rate averages ranged from 0 to 2.85 mrad/h, with a maximum reading of 3.45 mrad/h. Alpha measurement averages ranged from 0 to 264 dpm/100 cm², with a maximum reading of 584 dpm/100 cm².

Beta-gamma and alpha measurements also were made on accessible lower wall areas during the survey. Beta-gamma dose rates ranged from 0.07 to 10.92 mrad/h. Alpha measurements ranged from 0 to 9,068 dpm/100 cm².

Floor-wall intersections and the new floor/old floor intersections also were also surveyed. Beta-gamma dose rate averages ranged from 0 to 2.16 mrad/h, with a maximum reading of 2.77 mrad/h. All alpha measurements were below the guideline.

On the ceiling, beta-gamma dose rates ranged from 0.02 to 4.87 mrad/h. Alpha measurements ranged from 8 to $3,992 \text{ dpm}/100 \text{ cm}^2$.

Results of second level readings are summarized in Table 5-8.

5.2.3 Third Level

Beta-gamma and alpha measurements were taken on the old floor areas of the third level, and new floor areas were spot checked for contamination. Beta-gamma dose-rate averages ranged from 0 to 1.40 mrad/h, with a maximum reading of 2.38 mrad/h. Alpha measurement averages ranged from 0 to 1,017 dpm/100 cm².

On the lower walls, beta-gamma dose rate measurements ranged from 0.08 to 2.84 mrad/h, with a maximum reading of 2.84 mrad/h. Alpha measurements ranged from 42 to 3,076 dpm/100 cm².

5670A:0237A 06/20/84

At floor-wall intersections and new floor/old floor intersections, beta-gamma dose rates ranged from 0.01 to 2.16 mrad/h, with a maximum reading of 2.77 mrad/h. Alpha measurements ranged from 0 to $1,221 \text{ dpm}/100 \text{ cm}^2$, with a maximum reading of $1,516 \text{ dpm}/100 \text{ cm}^2$.

On the third level ceiling, beta-gamma dose rate measurements ranged from 0.02 to 1.49 mrad/h, with a maximum reading of 7.05 mrad/h. Alpha measurement averages ranged from 8 to 1,347 dpm/100 cm².

Beta-gamma and alpha measurement results for the third level are summarized in Table 5-8.

5.2.4 Fourth Level

On the old floor area of the fourth level, beta-gamma dose rate averages ranged from 0 to 1.0 mrad/h, with a maximum reading of 1.76 mrad/h. Alpha measurement averages ranged from 0 to 885 dpm/100 cm², with a maximum reading of 2561 dpm/100 cm².

On all accessible lower wall areas, beta-gamma dose rates ranged from 0.03 to 3.39 mrad/h. Alpha measurements ranged from 0 to 3,487 dpm/100 cm².

On the ceiling, beta-gamma dose rates ranged from 0.05 to 4.34 mrad/h. Alpha measurement averages ranged from 76 to 2,703 dpm/100 cm^2 .

Beta-gamma and alpha measurement results for the fourth level are summarized in Table 5-8.

The fourth level ceiling heaters also were monitored for beta-gamma and alpha contamination. All measurements were below guideline. Two composite dust samples were collected from fourth level beams and horizontal surfaces. These samples were analyzed for total uranium, and results ranged from 1,879 to 2,984 pCi/g.

5670A:0237A 06/20/84

TABLE 5-1 BACKGROUND RADIATION RATES AND RADIONUCLIDE CONCENTRATIONS IN SOIL

•	Gamma Exposure	Rad	ionuclide	Concentrations	(pCi/g)
Location	Rate at 1 m (uR/h)	U-238	Ra-226	Ac-227	Th-232
1	4	1.5	0.8	not found	0.7
2	4	1.9	0.5	0.3	0.6
3	6	4.0	0.6	2.24	0.7
4	6	1.6	0.9	not found	1.0
5	3	0.3	0.2	not found	0.3
6	4	1.8	0.8	not found	0.8
Averages	4.5 uR/h	1.8	0.6	0.4	0.7

Source: ORNL (Ref. 1)

Togetien	Rad	lionuclide Conce	entrations (pCi/	ml)
	U-238	Ra-226	Th-230	Pb-210
W-1	1.5×10^{-3}	9×10^{-6}	1.7×10^{-5}	9×10^{-4}
W-2	1.1×10^{-3}	9×10^{-6}	1.5×10^{-5}	9×10^{-4}
W-3	4.3×10^{-4}	2.3×10^{-5}	3.2×10^{-5}	4.5×10^{-2}

Source: ORNL (Ref. 1)

5670A:0237A 06/20/84

RESIDUAL CONTAMINATION GUIDELINES FOR FUSRAP SITES

Radionuclides in	Criteria
Soil & Sediment ^{1,2}	
U-238 ³	150 pCi/g above background
U-235 ³	140 pCi/g above background
u-234 ³	150 pCi/g above background
Ra-226	5 pCi/g above background when averaged over the first 15 cm of soil below the surface; 15 pCi/g above background when averaged over 15-cm thick soil layers more than 15 cm below the surface and less than 1.5 m below the surface
Th-232	15 pCi/g
Radionuclides in Water	
Total Uranium	600 pCi/l

- 1 Except for radium-226, these criteria represent unrestricted-use concentrations above background, averaged across any 15-cm layer to any depth and over any contiguous 100-m² surface area. The same conditions prevail for radium-226 except for soil layers beneath 1.5 m. The allowable radium-226 concentration may be affected by site-specific conditions and must be evaluated accordingly.
- 2 Localized concentrations in excess of these limits are allowable provided that the average over 100 m^2 is not exceeded.

3 Assumes that no other uranium isotopes are present.

Sources: DOE (Ref. 4 and 5)

5670A:0237A 06/20/84

DUPONT CHAMBERS WORKS SITE: PRE-REMEDIAL ACTION

SUMMARY OF OUTDOOR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Measurement Type ^a	Units	Number of Measurements Made	Range	Normal Background (BKG)	
Building 845 Area					
Near-Surface Gamma	cpm	142	1770-12246	2,500	
Beta-Gamma Dose Rates	mrad/h	142	BKG - 0.08	0.02	
External Gamma Exposure Rates	uR/h	31	11.6 - 27.8	4.5	
Feeder Ditch and Central Drainage Ditch					
Near-Surface Gamma	cpm	73	1806-14532	2,500	
Beta-Gamma Dose Rates	mrad/h	73	BKG-0.13	0.02	
External Gamma Exposure Rates	uR/h	12	12.8 - 15.4	4.5	
F Corral Parking Area					
Near-Surface Gamma	срш	203	1608-5020	2,500	
Beta-Gamma Dose Rates	mrad/h	203	BKG-0.14	0.02	
External Gamma Exposure Rates	uR/h	27	11.6 - 13.8	4.5	
Building J-26 Area					
Near-Surface Gamma	C DM	41	1568-4334	2,500	
Beta-Gamma Dose Rates	mrad/h	41	BKG-0.05	0.02	
East Burial Area					
Near-Surface Gamma	cpm	89	1212-17878	2,500	
Beta-Gamma Dose Rates	mrad/h	89	BKG-0.04	0.02	
External Gamma Exposure Rates	uR/h	15	12.2-15.0	4.5	
Lagoon A					
Near-Surface Gamma	cpm	64	1566-3436	2,500	
Beta-Gamma Dose Rates	mrad/h	64	BKG-0.05	0.02	
External Gamma Exposure Rates	uR/h	4	11.2-15.8	4.5	

a - Near-surface gamma measurements were made with a SPA-3 coupled with a PRS-1. Beta-gamma dose rates were measured with an HP-210 and PRS-1. Gamma exposure rates were measured with a PIC.

5670A:0237A 06/20/84

DUPONT CHAMBERS WORKS SITE: GAMMA SPECTROMETRY OF SOIL SAMPLES

Page | of 5

Sampling		Depth	Radionuclide Concentrations (pCl/g +/- 2 Sigma)				
Loca	ntion	(inches)	Uranium-238	Radium-226	Thorium-232	Uranium-234	Uranium-23
Buildir	ng 845 Ar	ea:					
Grid E	GridN						
2761	4730	6-10	581.20 + 11.80	1.83 + .28	.96 + .55		
2761	4730	10-14	427.60 + 9.68	1.07 + .20	1.51 + .56	*=*	<u> </u>
2761	4730	14-18	164.80 + 5.34	.38 + .13			
2761	4730	18-22	61.92 + 21.60	.33 + .22	.86 + .29		
2761	4 730	22-26	4.92 + 1.47	.28 + .23	.62 + .26		
2761	4745	0-4	7398.00 + 32.70	4.06 + .77			
2761	4745	6-10	720.10 + 9.50	.67 + .20	.66 + .23		
2761	4745	42-45	321.80 + 7.14	.78 + .19	.46 + .26		
2761	4745	46-50	358.40 + 11.14	.69 + .21			
2761	4745	5054	269.50 + 6.88	.36 + .17	.40 + .42		
2761	4745	54-58	94.98 + 5.88	.37 + .29			
2761	4745	58-62	152.40 + 9.25	.86 + .20			—-
2761	4745	62-66	.63 + 1.54	.63 + .14	.94 + .28		
2780	4771	6-10	10.61 + 6.69				
2 780	4771	10-14	25.61 + 5.12				
2780	4771	14-18	159.30 + 10.19	.90 + .29			
2 780	4771	36-40	40.87 + 3.39	.92 + .15	.97 + .49		
2782	4730	2-3	4355.00 + 68.70	5.12 + 2.17			
2782	4 730	37	561.40 + 11.12	1.99 + .27			
2782	4730	7-11	58.06 + 2.93	.82 + .16			
2782	4730	11-15	.80 + .20	.63 + .11	.58 + .22	.70 + .20	.09 + .0B
2782	4730	15-19		.53 + .13	.48 + .17		
2782	4730	19-23		.42 + .14	.23 + .23		
2782	4730	23-27		.46 + .25			
- Corra	l Parkin	Area:					
GridE	Grid N						
2507	4900	13-17	323.70 + 16.36	1.04 + .42			
2507	4900	17-21	1333.00 + 41.20	8.58 + .93			
2507	4900	21-25	1768.00 + 42.40	8.91 + .86			
2507	4900	25-29	863.30 + 26.24	2.66 + .50			
2507	4 900	29-33	3531.00 + 25.90	2.11 + .62			
2507	4900	54-56	1629.00 + 51.30	1.69 + .86			
2507	4900	56 - 60	4378.00 + 25.29	1.16 + .48			
2507	4900	60-64	4247.00 + 61.35	1.03 + .71			
2507	4900	64-68	1734.00 + 44.40	.76 + .56			
2507	4900	68-72	662.30 + 37 91	1.10 + 58			
2507	4 900	72-76	536.20 + 18.65		.79 + 26		
2540	4850	6-10	12.59 + 2.21	.28 + 16	•/ 7 - •20		
2540	4850	10-14	1.40 + .20	····			
	1050	14 10				1 70 1 20	

2987B:0237A 06/14/84

TABLE 5-5

(continued)

Sampling Depth		Radionuclide Concentrations (pCi/g +/- 2 Sigma)					
Loca		(Inches)	Uran1um-238	Radium-226	Thorium-232	Uranium-234	Uranium-23
F Corra	l Parking	g Area:					
GridE	Grid N	-					
2540	4850	18-22	3.90 + 1.01	.15 + .05	****	.80 + .20	.05 + .04
2540	4850	22-26	6.93 + 1.46	.19 + .12	.11 + .12		
2540	4850	26-30	281.20 + 11.70	2.72 + .33	.62 + .18		
2540	4850	36-42	1066.00 + 12.11	6.51 <u>+</u> .51	.84 + .38		
East Bu	nial Area	a:					
Grid E	Grid N						
5518	3018	9-13	11210. + 39.40	27.84 + 2.28°			
5518	3018	13-17	20810. + 54.38	25.98 + 2.37		***	
5518	3018	17-21	673.30 + 9.59	1.27 + .10	.69 + .34		
5518	3018	21-25	185.40 + 4.94	1.04 + .08	1.05 + .24		
5518	3018	25-29	296.90 + 6.59	3,93 + .32			
5518	3018	29-33	375.40 + 8.33	.19 + .02			
5518	3018	34-38	602.10 + 13.30	5.02 + .41	.64 + .53		
5533	3018	6-10	18670. + 16.83	5.13 + .42			
5533	3018	10-14	6029.00 + 30.04	16.02 + 1.31			
5533	3018	14-18	710.20 + 9.75	5.45 + .45			
5533	3018	18-23	577.40 + 11.39	3.73 + .31			
5533	3018	22-26	745.80 + 9.92	1.87 + .15	.48 + .60		
5533	3018	26-30	517.20 + 8.04	.63 + .22			
5533	3018	30-32	530.10 + 11.10	1.24 + .39	•57 <u>+</u> •58		
Buildir	ng 845 (li	nterior)					
Grid No) <u>.</u>						
9		6-9	2092.00 + 3.31	1.44 <u>+</u> .19	1.05 <u>+</u> .40		
9		9-13	21.82 + 2.54	. 80 <u>+</u> .17	1.14 <u>+</u> .30		
11		15-19	3281.00 + 28.45			خت نیند ے	
11		19-24	1342.00 + 13.80	.43 + .28	مسب ک		
11		24-29	130.10 + 3.70	.90 + .29		distant from	
11		33-36	1351.00 + 18.00	1.40 + .46			
11		39-43	18.35 + 2.33	.70 + .14	.73 + .28		
11		43-47	1.35 + 1.49	1.30 + .20	1.28 + .25		
11		47-51		.90 + .45			
11		51-55		1.07 + .18	.97 + .29		
11		55-59	1.14 + .93	.65 <u>+</u> .14			
11		59-63	4.09 + 1.44	.43 + .12	.28 + .31		
40		0-6	149.80 + B.21	1.13 + .20			
40		0-6	86.89 + 5.00	.33 + .16	.6 + .17		
40		12-16	166.40 + 8.10	1.09 + .38	.86 + .45		
40		12-16	36.24 + 1.32	.48 + .08	.62 + .14		
40		16-20	145.60 + 10.47				

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TABLE 5-5

(continued)

Sampling	Depth	Radionuclide Concentrations (pCi/g +/- 2 Sigma)				
Location	(Inches)	Uranium-238	Radium-226	Thorium-232	Uranlum-234	Uranium-235
Building 845 (1	interior):					
Grid No.						
40	16-20	177.20 + 8.04	.48 <u>+</u> .31	. 18 <u>+</u> .50		
40	20-24	106.20 + 8.36	.57 <u>+</u> .22			
40	20-24	49 . 37 <u>+</u> 4 . 26	.56 <u>+</u> .24	•13 <u>+</u> •45		
40	24-28	29.09 + 3.70	. 85 <u>+</u> . 37			
40	24-28	56.79 <u>+</u> 4.63	. 94 <u>+</u> .28	.23 <u>+</u> .39		
40	28-32	43.66 + 6.30				
40	28-32	18.58 <u>+</u> 5.29			~ ~~	
65	0-3	1256.00 + 42.13				
65	3-7	484.70 + 19.50				
65	7-11	569.90 + 10.30	.35 + .19			
65	11-15	427.80 + 9.74	.22 + .32	.99 + .31		
67	23-27	45.87 + 3.64	.77 + .16	.62 + .25		
67	27-31	790.10 + 10.00	.66 + .44			
71	20-23	39.12 + 3.00	.74 + .13	.42 + .21		
80	21-30	72.63 + 7.24	.84 + .21			
80	30-39	10.09 + 2.87				
106	22-27	9.82 + 7.59				
107	6-10	43.14 + 7.67	1.01 + .25			
107	10-14	37.89 + 2.64	.51 + .20	.91 + .32		
107	4-18	42.07 + 3.13	.90 + .13	.37 + .22		
107	18-22	17.89 + 2.19	.92 + .14	.71 + .16		
123	8-12	2014.00 + 15.80	.78 + .32	1.20 + .41		
123	12-16	166-80 + 5-78	.98 + .18	$1.22 \pm .31$		
123	16-20	71.34 + 4.29	-36 + -16	.75 + .29		
123	20-24	12.52 ± 2.29	1.10 + .20	1.15 + .39		
123	20 24 2 4 -28	1.00 + 20	.99 + 18	10 44 + 25	1 00 + 20	04 ± 0.3
136	7-12	38 16 + 3 63	85 + 17		1.00 1.20	.04 + 0.5
136	12-18	56.41 + 3.92	$1.64 \pm .28$	61 + 28		
136	18-21	3.30 + .30			3 40 + 30	11 + 07
143	6-10	991.20 ± 11.71	1.42 + .21		<u> </u>	
143	10-14	94 34 + 4 39	63 + 15	1 16 + 25		
143	14-18	1.24 + 6.96		1.10 1.25		
143	19-10	153 + 1 06	11 + 23	56 + 20		
143	22-26		$1 10 \pm 15$	$50 \pm .29$		
177	22-20	1.09 + 1.40	1.10 + .19	•24 <u>+</u> •21		
177		2109.00 + 40.20	4.74 <u>7</u> .02			
177	10-14	$10.7.00 \pm 70.74$	4.21 <u>+</u> .90			
177	14-18	6721 00 + 5.62	.85 + .70			
177	10-22	0/21.00 + 51.70				
1//	>>->->/	2085.00 + 10.50	.80 + .55	 AF		÷
1//	2/-41	845.20 + 11.10	1.22 + .24	.53 <u>+</u> cv.		
177	41-45	719.00 + 10.30	1.10 <u>+</u> .24			

TABLE 5-5

(continued)

Sampling	Depth	Radi	onuclide Concen	trations (pCi/g	+/- 2 Sigma)	
Location	(Inches)	Uranlum-238	Radium-226	Thorlum-232	Uranium-234	Uranium-23
Building 845 ()	Interior):					
Grid No.						
177	45-49	7.76 + 3.90	.78 + .17			
177	49-53	35.37 + 3.43	.62 + .22	.93 + .32		
192	0-1	4699.00 + 68.90			~~~	
192	6-10	2517.00 + 18.63	.54 + .38			
192	10-14	1471.00 + 13.25				
192	4-18	151.90 + 5.36	.49 + .12			
192	18-22	197.10 + 5.91	.35 + .14	.34 + .27		
194	6-10	32.62 + 2.38	.32 + .13			
197	6-10	187.90 + 4.78	1.73 + .20			
199	6-10	8334.00 + 122.40				
199	10-14	3938.00 + 31.60	.31 + .77			
199	14-18	2168.00 + 58.40				— -
199	18-22	409.90 + 10.49	.48 + .30			
199	22-26	302.10 + 11.06	.72 + .36			
199	26-30	59.62 + 4.04	.58 + .18	.56 + .30		
221	0-4	230 + 30			2 40 + 30	<u> </u>
221	4-12	$3.40 \pm .30$			$\frac{2.40 + .00}{3.40 + .30}$	
221	4-12	6.89 ± 1.75	67 + 20	71 + 20	<u></u>	
221	12-16	7.00 + 1.69	58 + 13	•/1 + •20		
221	12-16	3 23 + 2 22	55 + 16	77 + 26		
221	12 10	5.23 + 2.22		•/2 + •20		
221	16-20	5.66 ± 1.43	76 + 16			
221	20-24	361 + 303	31 + 14	•41 + •19		
221	20-24	3.01 ± 3.03	$\frac{1}{70} + \frac{1}{17}$			
221	20-24	3.00 ± 1.00	.10 + .15			
202	0-12	208.90 + 19.90				
202	8-12 12 16	29.24 + 3.92	.20 + .18			
202	12-10	23.54 + 2.15	.28 + .15	•33 <u>+</u> •12		
255	30-30	1145.00 + 55.20				
255	30-40	446.60 + 9.70	./4 + .25	•63 <u>+</u> •20		
255	40-44	817.50 + 27.91				
253	44-48	1113.00 + 11.70				
253	48-52	12.83 + 1.72	.55 + .11			
253	52-56		.52 + .13	•32 <u>+</u> •22	-	
253	56-60	2.67 + 1.32	.42 + .12	. 80 <u>+</u> .18		
260	7-10	25.03 <u>+</u> 4.17	•23 <u>+</u> •10			
260	10-14	3.32 + 1.23	•08 <u>+</u> •12			
260	14-18		.41 <u>+</u> .18			
260	18-22		.15 + .12	•43 <u>+</u> • 13		
260	22-26	1.19 <u>+</u> 1.54	.47 + .16	•55 <u>+</u> •30		
260	26-30		•47 <u>+</u> • 17	. 86 <u>+</u> . 27		
277	6-10	•70 <u>+</u> •10	•42 <u>+</u> •15	. 59 <u>+</u> .19	.80 <u>+</u> .10	.03 <u>+</u> .03
277	10-14		.52 <u>+</u> .29			
277	14-18		.26 <u>+</u> .10	. 59 <u>+</u> . 19		
277	18-22		. 49 <u>+</u> .13	. 55 <u>+</u> .15		<u></u>

2987B:0237A

06/14/84

TABLE 5-5

(continued)

Samoling	Depth	Rac	lionuclide Concent	rations (pCl/g	+/- 2 Sigma)	
Location	(inches)	Uranium-238	Radium-226	Thorlum-232	Uranium-234	Uranium-235
Building 845 (Interior):					
Grid No.						
277	22-26		.67 + .13	.82 + .18		
301	7-9	36.10 + 5.30	. 97 + .27	.50 + .67		
309	6-10	17.29 + 2.14	.47 + .14	*=*		
309	10-14	3.16 + .97	. 26 + .08			
309	14-18	10.61 + 4.58	.25 + .20			
312	6-7	305.50 + 1.96	3.30 + 1.96			—-
312	7-11	17.95 + 1.94	.6i + .10	.34 + .26		
316	6-10	44.95 + 6.20	1.01 + .25			
316	10-14	11.50 + 2.05	.60 + .12	.46 + .18		
316	14-18		.69 + .28			
316	18-22	5.82 + 1.17	•86 <u>+</u> •15			
316	22-26	4.64 + 2.07	1.53 + .23	.98 + .36		
316	26-30		.55 + .29			
360	5-9	3.56 + 1.19	.33 + .14	~~~		—-

Sam	pling	Depth	Rad	ionuclide Concen	trations (pCi/g	+/- 2 Sigma)	
Loc	ation	(Inches)	Uranium-238	Radium-226	Thorium-232	Uranium-234	Uranlum-23
Wooden	Trough Ea	ast					
of Bul	Iding 845	:					
Grid E	Grid N						
2710	4980	0-6	42.03 + 9.62	1.03 + .70			
2730	4935	0-6	255.60 + 18.50	2.45 + .65	1.86 + 1.07		
2755	4890	0-6	40.98 + 6.11	1.27 + .34	.47 + .64		
2775	4840	0-6	49.13 + 6.74	.87 + .28			
2775	4848	0-6	10.99 + 4.53				
2795	4795	0-6	127.60 + 11.90	1.67 + .73	2.03 + .12		
2800	4845	0-6	1.90 + .30			210 + 30	09 + 06
2820	4755	0-6	31.99 ± 4.45				
2845	4715	06	16.52 + 6.29				
2760	4690	0-6	21.81 + 6.09	2.58 + .46			
				—			
Centra	l Drainage	Ditch					
and Fee	eder Ditch	:					
Grid E	Grid N						
2 485	4700	06	1.20 + .20			1.40 + .20	.05 + 04
2485	4700	0-6	1.00 + .20			1.20 + .20	.08
2550	4770	0-6	1.70 + .20		*==	1.60 + .20	.07 + .04
2600	4990	0-6	4.10 + 2.85	.50 + .26			
2630	4970	0-6	1.00 + .20			1.20 + .20	.04
2650	495 0	0-6	.90 + .20	.4 + .21	~~ ~	1.80 + .20	.13 + .07
2670	4 940	06	1.50 + .20	anima ang atauta	-	1.80 + .20	. 15 + .07
2700	4990	0-6	1.60 + .20			1.70 + .20	.10 + .06
2740	5060	0-6	1.50 + .20	وبرج جزبه فلته		1.60 + .20	.08 + .04
2805	4820	0-6	1.20 + .20			1.20 + .20	.08 + .05
2840	5130	0-6	1.60 + .20			1.50 + .20	$.07 \pm .04$
2900	5145	0-6	1.70 + .20			1.60 + .20	.06 + .04
2950	5160	0-6	1.00 + .20	ي معنه:		$1.30 \pm .20$.04
3050	5150	0-6	2,10 + .30			$1.90 \pm .30$	10 + .06
3220	5150	0–6	1.90 + .30			1.80 + .30	.08 + .05
						_	-
_agoon	A:						
GridE	Grid N						
850	5800	0-6	.20 + .10			.40 <u>+</u> .10	.03 <u>+</u> .02
1980	56 65	0-6	1.60 + .20			1.70 + .20	.05 + .05
Lagoon	B North:	0-6	1.60 + .30	•58 <u>+</u> •12		1.40 <u>+</u> .20	.09 <u>+</u> .08

DUPONT CHAMBERS WORKS SITE: GAMMA SPECTROMETRY OF SEDIMENT SAMPLES

2987B:0237A 06/14/84

DUPONT CHAMBERS WORKS SITE:

RESULTS OF RADIOCHEMISTRY ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLES

TABLE	5-7
(contin	ued)

Page 2 of	2		
Samp Loca	ling tion	Depth (inches)	Total Uranium (pCi/l <u>+</u> 2 sigma)
Building (<u>Grid E</u> 1765	J-26 Area: <u>Grid N</u> 2910	30	13.51
East Buria <u>Grid E</u> 5440 5580	al Area: <u>Grid N</u> 3080 3070	36 36	24.02 6.01
Lagoon A:		Surface	4.20
Lagoon B:		Surface	2.70
Lagoon C:		Surface	1.50

DUPONT CHAMBER WORKS SITE: PRE-REMEDIAL ACTION

SUMMARY OF BUILDING 845 MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Page I of 2

Measurement Locations	Measurement Type ^a	Un its ^a	No.of Readings Taken	Grid Block Average Range	Maximum Readin Observed
First Level				***************************************	
Ceiling	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad/h	41	0-4.78	4.78
	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	41	05568	5568
Floor	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mr ad∕h	1850	0-4.54	5.78
	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	1850	0-6819	26544
East Wall	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad/h	120	0-10.34	10.34
	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	120	2-4 169	6229
West Wall	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad/h	175	0-8.69	16.30
	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	175	8-2461	61 10
North Wall	Beta-Garma Dose Rate	mrad/h	105	0.04-3.29	3.65
	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	105	17-483	890
South Wall	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad/h	65	0.08-1.51	1.57
	Direct Alpha Activity	dipm/l00 cm ²	65	29-102	161
Floor/Wall	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad/h	244	0-6.05	8.88
Intersection	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	244	0-10621	18041
Second Level					
Ceiling	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad/h	38	0.02-4.87	4.87
	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	38	8-3992	3992
Floor	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad∕h	580	0-2.85	3,45
	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	580	0-264	584
East Wall	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mar ad/h	20	0.09-10.92	10.92
	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	20	51-9068	906.8
West Wall	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad∕h	- 30	0.05-5.53	5.53
	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	30	0-3712	3712
North Wall	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad/h	60	0.07-0.96	1.19
	Direct Alpha Activity	dipm/100 cm ²	60	14-763	763
South Wall	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad/h	15	0.07-0.54	0.54
	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	15	34-44	85
Floor/Wall	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad∕h	118	0-01-2-16	2.77
Intersection	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	1 18	0-1221	1516

5670A:0237A 06/20/84

TABLE	5-8
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(Continued)

Page 2 of 2

Measurement Locations	Measurement Type ^a	Un its ^a	No. of Readings Taken	Grid Block Average Range	Maximum Reading Observed
Third Level					
Ceiling	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad/h	240	0.02-1.49	7.05
	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	240	8-1347	1347
Floor	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad/h	120	0-1.40	2.38
	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/i00 cm ²	120	0-1017	1281
East Wall	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad∕h	24	0.09-2.84	2.84
	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	24	53-3976	3076
West Wall	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad∕h	180	0.25-2.37	2.37
	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	180	42-1754	1754
North Wall	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad/h	36	0.08-0.61	0.65
	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	36	37-653	653
South Wall	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad∕h	10	0.08-0.08	0.10
	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/l00 cm ²	10	49-6 9	110
Floor/Wall	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad/h	142	0-0.68	0.98
Intersection	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	142	0-1930	2599
Fourth Level					
Celling	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad∕ h	39	0.05-4.34	4.34
	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	39	76 - 2703	2703
Floor	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad∕h	1095	0-1.00	1.76
	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	1095	088 5	2561
East Wall	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad/h	33	0.03-1.26	1.26
	Direct Alpha Activity	dom/i00 cm ²	33	36-2331	23 3 1
West Wall	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad∕h	33	0.08-1.46	1.46
	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	33	0-3318	3318
North Wall	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad/h	20	0.07-0.27	0.27
	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	20	47- 572	572
South Wall	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad/h	9	0.34-3.39	3.39
	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	9	40-3487	3487
Ceiling	Beta-Gamma Dose Rate	mrad/h	6	0.02-0.06	0.06
Heaters	Direct Alpha Activity	dpm/100 cm ²	6	93-195	195

a - For beta-gamma dose rate criteria limit is i.0 mrad/h. For direct alpha activity on surfaces, the criteria limit is 3000 dpm/100 cm².

5670A:0237A

06/20/84

6.0 SIGNIFICANCE OF FINDINGS

The 1983 survey results show that five of the six areas surveyed are contaminated above current guidelines. The interior of Building 845 also is contaminated. These results are explained in greater detail in the following subsections.

6.1 FIELD SURVEY

6.1.1 Building 845 Area

Results from near-surface gamma-radiation measurements were used to determine the extent of surface contamination. An area east of Building 845 was found to have readings greater than twice background, a finding in agreement with the ORNL survey (Ref. 1). The area which exhibited readings above criteria is shown on Figure 6-1.

Results from borehole gamma logs and subsurface soil samples were used to determine the depth of contamination. The major contaminant was found to be uranium-238, and subsurface contamination appears to be in layers to depths greater than 3 m (9 ft). However, the most significant layer of contamination was located in the upper 1 m (3.5 ft) of soil. Gamma loggings in the soil below the depth of 1 m (3.5 ft) are approaching remedial action criteria.

Based on results from sediment samples, the wooden drainage trough located east of building 845, would also require remedial action.

To comply with DOE guidelines, an estimated 765 m^3 (1000 yd³) of material would require removal from the area around Building 845, including the wooden drainage trough, during remedial action.

6.1.2 Central Drainage Ditch

Results from near-surface gamma measurements made in the Central Drainage Ditch area indicated that an area located southwest of the

5670A:0237A 06/20/84

N 4900 N 4700 N 4500 E 2900 -- E 2900 14 - E 2700 E 2700 81dg 844 Q.C Rd Stores Bidg 708 (Removed) - E 2500 E 2500 -Footbridge 1 N 4700 N 4500 N 4900 AREA REQUIRING REMEDIAL ACTION

FIGURE 6-1 BUILDING 845 AREA AND WOODEN DRAINAGE TROUGH REQUIRING REMEDIAL ACTION drainage ditch had readings which were greater than twice background. Borehole gamma loggings in this area indicated areas of elevated readings which approach remedial action criteria limits. The elevated areas appear to be in layers which are at depths from 15 cm (6 in.) to greater than 25 m (8 ft).

Sediment samples taken from the Central Drainage Ditch and the Feeder ditch indicated below-criteria concentrations of uranium-238, -235 and -234.

During remedial action the banks of the Central Drainage Ditch would require "hot spotting" to comply with guidelines. During hot spotting operations, approximately 11 m³ (15 yd³) of material would require removal from the area.

6.1.3 F Corral Parking Area

One near-surface gamma measurement exceeded twice background. All other measurements were within background levels. Borehole gamma loggings indicated contamination at depths greater than 3 m (9 ft), with the most significant layer of contamination located in the upper 1 m (3 ft) of soil. Major readings below this depth approach remedial action guidelines. Soil samples show the contaminant is uranium-238, and the maximum uranium-238 concentration observed in subsurface soil samples was 4247 pCi/g.

Groundwater sample results from the F Corral parking area showed total uranium concentrations above the criteria limit. The maximum concentration observed for uranium-238 was 105105 pCi/l. This sample was collected at a depth of 1 m (3 ft).

The area exhibiting measurements above guidelines is shown in Figure 6-2. During remedial action an estimated 2700 m³ (3500 yd³) would require removal to meet DOE guidelines.



6.1.4 Building J-26 Area

All surface and subsurface measurements made in the Building J-26 area indicate the area is not contaminated. Water samples collected from the J-26 area were below criteria limits.

6.1.5 East Burial Area

Near-surface gamma readings indicate three locations which exceeded twice background levels. All beta-gamma dose rates were below criteria limits.

Borehole gamma logging indicated contaminated layers of soil to depths greater than 2.7 m (8.5 ft). The most significant layer of contamination was located in the upper 1 m (3.5 ft). Elevated areas below this depth approach remedial action criteria. Higher count rates were observed in the boreholes drilled adjacent to the road. Areas which exhibited measurements above criteria are shown on Figure 6-3.

Based on soil sample results, uranium-238 is the major contaminant, and the maximum concentration observed was 20,810 pCi/g^{\prime}. Elevated concentrations of radium-226 were observed in some soil samples (see Table 5-5).

During remedial action, an estimated 2800 m³ (3700 yd³) of material would require removal from the East Burial Area to comply with criteria.

6.1.6 Lagoon A

All surface measurements made in the Lagoon A area were within normal background. Borehole gamma count rates indicated slightly elevated readings below 1.6 m (5.0 ft).

5670A:0237A 06/20/84



FIGURE 6-3 EAST BURIAL AREA REQUIRING REMEDIAL ACTION

6.2 BUILDING 845 SURVEY

As shown in Table 5-8, alpha and beta-gamma contamination levels on some interior surfaces of all four levels of Building 845 were in excess of the surface contamination guidelines for release of property for unrestricted use (Ref. 4). Figures 6-4 through 6-11 show floor, wall, and ceiling areas which indicated surface readings above guidelines.

Building 845 first floor corehole loggings, coupled with Shelby tube soil samples indicated areas of contamination beneath the building up to depths of 1.2 m (4 ft). These areas of contamination are illustrated in Figure 6-12.

Based on these results, an estimated 560 m^3 (760 yd³) of soil would require removal from beneath Building 845 to comply with criteria. In addition, remedial action would include the decontamination of all areas inside Building 845 which exhibited surface measurements above remedial action criteria limits. Surface decontamination of the building would involve removal of 2.5 cm (1 in.) of material from approximately 2050 m² (22,000 ft²) of contaminated surface areas. This would result in approximately 75 m³ (100 yd³) of material which would require removal. Total demolition of Building 845 would result in approximately 2300 m³ (3000 yd³) of material.

5670A:0237A 06/20/84

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	3	13	26	39	52	65	78	91	104	117	127	137	147	157	167	177	187		807	217	27	239	251	261	271	281	291	301	311	321	331	341	351	361	371	
H	2	12	25	38	51	64	77	90	103	116	126	136	144	156	166	176	186	196	206	216	226	238	250	260	270	280	290	300	310	320	330	340	350	360	370	
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CONTAMINATED FLOOR AND INTERIOR SURFACES OF EXTERIOR WALLS

CONTAMINATED SURFACE OF INTERIOR WALL OR PARTITION

CONTAMINATED FLOOR/WALL INTERSECTIONS

FIGURE 6-4 BUILDING 845, FIRST FLOOR: AREAS OF SURFACE CONTAMINATION ON FLOOR, WALLS AND FLOOR/WALL INTERSECTIONS

10	20	33	46	59	12	85	98	m	124	134	and a	154	164	in.	184	194	204	214	224	234	246	204	268	278		296	308		328	338	340	358	368	1 378
9	19	32	45	58	71	84	97	110	123	133	143	153	163	173	183	193	203	213	223	233	245	257	267	277	287	297	307	317	327	337	347	357	367	377
8	18	31	44	57	70	83	96	109	122	132	142	152	162	172	182	192	202	212	222	232	244	256	266	276	286	296	306	316	326	336	346	356	366	376
н ⁷	17	30	x 43	56	69 I	82	95	ювт	121	131	141	151	161	171	181	191	201	211	221	I 231	243	255	265	275	285 I	29	305	3151	325	335	345	355	365	375 _H
6	16	29	42	55	68	81	94	ю7	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	210	220	230	242	254	264	274	284	294	304	314	324	334	344	354	364	374
5	15		41	54		80	93	86	119	129	139	149	159		179	189	199	209	219		241	201	263	273		293	303		323	333		353	363	373
4	14	27	4 0	53	ee 1	79	92	105 I	118	128	138 I	148	158	168 I	176	188	198 I	208	218	I 258	240	252	265	272	585 I	292	302	312 I	322	332	342 I	352	362	1
3	13	26	39	52	65	78	91	104	117	127	137	147	157	167	177	187	197	207	217	227	239	251	261	271	281	291	301	311	321	331	341	351	361	371
2	12	25	38	51	64	77	90	103	116	126	136	146	156		176	186	196	206	216	226	238	250	260	270	280	290	300	310	320	330	310	350	360	370
Ţ	11	24	37	50	63	76	89	102	115	125	139 1	145	155	165 T	175	185	195 I	205	215	225 I	237	240	259	269	20 m	289	299		319	329	339 T	349	359	2

LEGEND



AREAS OF CEILING SURFACE CONTAMINATION

.

FIGURE 6-5 BUILDING 845, FIRST FLOOR CEILING: AREAS OF SURFACE CONTAMINATION

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						OF EX	AMIN/ (TERI	OR W	ALLS	AND	INTE	RIOR	SURFA	ACES																
				-	→ (CONT OR PA	AMIN/ RTITI	ATED : ON	SURFA		F INTE	RIOR	WALL	-																
					z	CONT	AMINA	ATED I	FLOOF		L INTI	ERSEC	TION	S																
				-		OUTLI	NE OF	OLD	FLOO	R ARE	AS																			

FIGURE 6-6 BUILDING 845, SECOND FLOOR: AREAS OF CONTAMINATION ON FLOOR, WALLS, AND FLOOR/WALL INTERSECTIONS



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	19	32	45	58	71	84	97	110	123	133	143	153	163	173	183	193	203	213	223	233	245	257	267	277	287	297	307	317	327	337	347	357	367	377
8	18	31	44	57	70	83	96	109	122	132	142	152	162	172	182	192	202	212	222	232	244	256	266	276	286	296	306	316	326	336	346	356	366	376
H 7	17	30	I 43	56	69 I	82	95	1081	121	131	141	151	161	171	181	191	201	211	221	1 231	243	255	265	275	285 I	295	305	315I	325	335	345	355	365	. ,
6	16	29	42	55	68	81	94	107	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	210	220	230	242	254	264	274	284	294	304	314	324	334	344	354	364	374
5	15	28	41	54		80	93	юе	en	129	139	149	159	180	179	189		209	219	229	241	253	263	273	283	293	303	343	323	333	343	353	363	373
4	14	27	1 40	53	66 I	79	92	105 I	118	128	138 I	148	158	168 I	178	188	198 I	208	218	1 ²²⁸	240	252	262	272		292	302	312 I	322	332	342 I	352	362	973 ,
3	13	26	39	52	65	78	91	104	117	127	137	147	157	167	177	187	197	207	217	227	239	251	261	271	281	291	301	311	321	331	341	351	361	371
	12	25	38	51	64	77	90	103	116	126	136	146	156	100	176	186	196	206	216	226	238	250	260	270	280	290	300	310	320	330	340	350	360	370
I	ł	24	T	50		76	89	itte T	115	125	6	145	155	165 T	175	185		205	215	225	237	249	259	269	20	289	299		319	329	339 T	349	359	

LEGEND



AREAS OF CEILING SURFACE CONTAMINATION

FIGURE 6-7 BUILDING 845, SECOND FLOOR CEILING: AREAS OF SURFACE CONTAMINATION

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	3										•							197								281	291	301	311	321
e Maria	2																	196		<u>8</u> 6						280	290	300	310	320
	1	H	24	37	50	63	76	89	102	115	125	135	145	155	165	175	185	195	205	215	225	237	249	259	269	279	289	299	309	319
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• • OUTLINE OF OLD FLOOR AREAS

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FIGURE 6-8 BUILDING 845, THIRD FLOOR: AREAS OF SURFACE CONTAMINATION ON FLOOR, WALLS, AND FLOOR/WALL INTERSECTIONS



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10	20		46	59	72	85	98		124	134		154	164	k	184	194	1804	214	224	1 234	246		268	278	•	298	306	I 318	328	338	I 348	358	368	I 378
	19	32	45	58	71	84	97	110	123	133	143	153	163	173	183	193	203	213	223	233	245	257	267	277	287	297	307	317	327	337	347	357	367	377
8		31	44	57	70	83	96	109	122	132	142	152	162	172	182	192	202	212	222	232	244	256	266	276	286	296	306	316	326	336	346	356	366	376
<b>H</b> 7	17	30	<b>1</b> 43	56	69 I	82	95	108 I	121	131	141	151	161	171	181	191	201	211	221	1 231	243	255	265	275	285 I	295	305	315 <u>1</u>	325	335	345	355	365	375 H
6	16	29	42	55	68	81	94	107	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	210	220	230	242	254	264	274	284	294	304	314	324	334	344	354	364	374
5	15		41	54	67	80		106	119		139	149	159	169	179	189		209	219	229	241	253	263	273	283	293	303	**	323	333	343	353	363	373
4	14	27	40 I	53	66 I	79	92	105 I	118	128	138 I	H48	158	168 Î	178	166	198 I	208	218	1 ²²⁸	240	**	262	272	*** 1	292	302	312 I	322	332	342 I	352	362	372 H
3	13	26	39	52	65	78	91	104	117	127	137	147	157	167	177	187	197	207	217	-	239	251	261	271	281	291	301	311	321	331	341	351	361	371
2	12	25	38	9	64	77	٠	103	116	•	136	146	156	166	176	186	196	206	216	226	238	250	260	270	280	290	300	310	320	330	340	350	360	370
, ,	61	24	n	50		76	89		115	125		145	155		175	185		205	215	225 X	237		259	269	279	289	299	309 I	319	329	339 I	349	359	369 T

LEGEND



AREAS OF CEILING SURFACE CONTAMINATION

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FIGURE 6-9 BUILDING 845, THIRD FLOOR CEILING: AREAS OF SURFACE CONTAMINATION

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9	Þ	38				-		h	123	133	143	153	163	173	183	193	203	213	223	233	245	257			•				L
8	18			e mit e fan fan me				109		132		152	162	172	182	192	202	212	222	232	244	256							
7	17	*	<b>*</b> *	56			95 • • • • • •		ene interes energies 2015 energies 2015 energies	131	141	151	161	171	181	191	201	211	221	231	243	255							
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5	15			54			93			129		149	159	169	179	189	199						•						
4		87	7-65	53		m	92			128	138	148	158	168	178	188	198								•				
3	13	26	39	52	65	76	91	104		127	137	147	157	167	177	187	197				; •			2 2	• • • • • • •	•			321
2	12	25	38	51	64	77	90	103	116	126	136	146	156	166	176	186	196	l			•		<b> </b>	<b>+</b>			<b></b>		320
				<b>5</b> 0			80		: +						175	195		205	218	225	917	249	250	260		280	299	309	310
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												No. Contraction																	

FIGURE 6-10 BUILDING 845, FOURTH FLOOR: AREAS OF SURFACE CONTAMINATION ON FLOOR, WALLS, AND FLOOR/WALL INTERSECTIONS



<b>T</b> 10	20	33	46	59	72	85	98	111	124	134	1  44	154	164	174	184	194	204	214	224	234	246	258	268	278	268	298	308	1 318	328	338	I 348	358	368	1 378
•	19	u	45	58	•	84	97	10	123	133		153	163	m	183	193		213	223	-	245		267	277	-	297	307	347	327	337	347	357	367	
8	18	31	44	57	70	83	96	109	122	132	142	152	162	172	182	192	202	212	222	232	244	256	266	276	2 <b>8</b> 6	296	306	316	326	336	346	356	366	376
н ⁷	17	30	<b>1</b> 43	56	69 I	82	95	108 I	121	131	141	151	161	171	181	191	201	211	221	1 231	243	255	265	275	285 I	295	305	315 <u>1</u>	325	335	345	355	365	375 _H
6	16	29	42	55	68	81	94	107	120	130	140	150	160	170	1 <b>8</b> 0	190	200	210	220	230	242	254	264	274	284	294	304	314	324	334	344	354	364	374
5	15		41	54	67	80	93	106	119	129	130	149	159		179	189		209	219	<b>229</b>	241	253	263	273	863	293	303	<b>H</b> 3	323	333	343	353	363	373
4	14	27	<b>4</b> 0	53	⁶⁶ I	79	92	105 I	118	128	138 I	148	158	168 I	178	188	198 I	208	218		240	252	262	272	282 I	292	302	312 I	322	332	342 I	352	362	372 H
3	13	26	39	52	65	78	91	104	117	127	137	147	157	167	177	187	197	207	217	227	239	251	261	271	281	291	301	311	321	331	341	351	361	371
2	12	25	*	-51		77	90		116	126		146	156		176	186		206	216	226	238		260	270		290	300		320	330	340	350	360	370
1 T	11	24	37	50	63 T	76	89	102	115	125	135 T	145	155	165 T	175	185	195 T	205	215	225	237	249	259	269	279 T	289	299	309 T	319	329	339 T	349	359	369 T

LEGEND



AREAS OF CEILING SURFACE CONTAMINATION

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FIGURE 6-11 BUILDING 845, FOURTH FLOOR CEILING: AREAS OF SURFACE CONTAMINATION



FIGURE 6-12 AREAS OF CONTAMINATION BENEATH BUILDING 845

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